INTELLIGENT COMMUNICATION ENTERPRISE CORP Form 10-Q August $23,\,2010$

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

Commission File Number 000-10822

Intelligent Communication Enterprise Corporation (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Pennsylvania

25-1229323

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

13 Spottiswoode Park Road

Singapore

088640

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip Code)

+65 6324-0225

(Registrant's telephone number)

n/a

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

"Yes "No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

L a r g eAccelerated accelerated filerfiler "

o

Non-acceleratedS m a l l e r filer o r e p o r t i n g

company x

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). "Yes xNo

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed all documents and reports required to be filed by Sections 12, 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 subsequent to the distribution of securities under a plan confirmed by a court.

xYes "No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date: As of August 12, 2010, the issuer had one class of common stock, with a par value of \$0.0001, of which 86,375,841 shares were issued and outstanding.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PART I—FINANCIAL INFORMATION	Page
Item 1:	Financial Statements:	
	Unaudited Consolidated Balance Sheets as at June 30, 2010, and December 31, 2009	3
	Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Operations for the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 Unaudited Consolidated Statement of State	4
	Unaudited Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Deficiency and Comprehensive Loss for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2010 Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the	5
	Six Months Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009	6
	Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	8
Item 2:	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	20
Item 3:	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	22
Item 4T:	Controls and Procedures	22
	PART II—OTHER INFORMATION	
Item 6:	Exhibits	23
	Signatures	24

PART I—FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INTELLIGENT COMMUNICATION ENTERPRISE CORPORATION

Consolidated Balance Sheets

June 30, 2010 and I	December 31, 2009				
(unaudited)					
		Jui	ne 30,	Dece	ember 31,
		20	10		2009
Assets					
Current accate:					
Current assets:	Cash	\$	671,951	\$	620,412
	Restricted cash	Ψ	134,266	Ψ	152,392
	Accounts receivable, net		1,835,978		1,782,553
	Receivable from employees		359,420		1,762,333
	Prepaid expenses and deposits		93,075		198,161
	Note receivable		500,000		170,101
	Income taxes receivable		10,197		14,108
	Total current assets		3,604,887		2,767,626
	Total callent assets		3,001,007		2,707,020
Property and equipr	nent, net		590,242		784,702
Intangible assets, ne			6,407,188		2,037,291
,			, ,		, ,
Total assets		\$	10,602,317	\$	5,589,619
Liabilities and Stock	kholders' Equity (Deficit)				
Current liabilities:					
	Accounts payable	\$	2,770,667	\$	2,296,860
	Accrued expenses		1,042,584		1,166,916
	Accrued compensation		99,511		6,996
	Customer deposits and deferred revenue		130,273		459,386
	Amounts due to stockholder		722,735		515,061
	Promissory note		17,352		17,352
	Convertible notes payable, net of				
	discounts		1,912,736		1,787,454
	Total current liabilities		6,695,858		6,250,025
Stockholders' Equit					
Preferred stock					
	\$0.0001 par value, authorized				
	150,000,000				
	issued and outstanding nil shares (2009 -				
C	nil shares)		-		-
Common stock	:				

\$0.0001 par value, authorized 250,000,000,000 shares issued and outstanding 86,375,841 sha	res		
(2009 - 62,381,118 shares)		8,638	6,239
Additional paid in capital		23,708,312	15,353,102
Deficit		(19,716,562)	(15,955,706)
Accumulated other comprehensive gain (loss)		(93,929)	(64,041)
Total stockholders' equity (deficit)		3,906,459	(660,406)
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity (deficit)	\$	10,602,317	\$ 5,589,619

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

INTELLIGENT COMMUNICATION ENTERPRISE CORPORATION

Consolidated Statements of Operations For the three and six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 (unaudited)

		Three months Ended June 30, 2010		Three months Ended June 30, 2009	Six months Ended June 30, 2010	Six months Ended June 30, 2009
Revenue	\$	1,860,367	\$	1,887,054 \$	4,362,540 \$	3,891,581
Cost of revenue		1,690,127		1,360,544	3,747,004	2,816,325
Gross margin		170,240		526,510	615,536	1,075,256
Expenses:						
General and						
administrative		1,051,357		1,108,177	4,298,902	2,318,330
Research and						
development		-		6,034	-	34,018
		1,051,357		1,114,211	4,298,902	2,352,348
Other income and expense:						
Interest expense		(1,112)		(44,114)	(2,491)	(46,541)
Interest expense - re	elated	(1,112)		(11,111)	(2,1)1)	(10,511)
parties		(26,445)		(14,327)	(74,999)	(91,085)
·		(27,557)		(58,441)	(77,490)	(137,626)
Net loss for the period	\$	(908,674)	\$	(646,142) \$	(3,760,856) \$	(1,414,718)
	1 1 4	(0.00)	Φ.	(0.04) #	(0.0)	(0.00)
Loss per share - basic and di	luted \$	(0.02)	\$	(0.01) \$	(0.05) \$	(0.03)
Weighted average number o shares	f					
outstanding		86,244,303		54,832,239	83,123,827	54,723,752

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

INTELLIGENT COMMUNICATION **ENTERPRISE CORPORATION**

Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Deficiency and Comprehensive Loss For the periods ended June 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009 (unaudited)

(unaudicu)	Common Number of Shares	Stock Amount	Additional Paid-in Capital	Deficit	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Gain (Loss)	Total Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)
Balance December 31, 2008	338,139	\$ 33 5	\$ 10,826,627	\$(12,249,581)	\$ 25,332	
Net loss	-	-	-	(3,706,125)	-	(3,706,125)
Foreign currency translations	-	-	-	-	(89,373)	(89,373)
Comprehensive loss						(3,795,498)
Adjust for shares issued on 2008						
reverse split	192	-	-	-	-	-
Adjust for shares issued on 2009						
reverse split	20,605	2	(2)	-	-	-
Conversion of equity	1.047.450	105	7.544			417.640
lines of credit	1,047,459	105	7,544	-	-	417,649
Common stock issued for services	498,000	50	212,950			213,000
Common stock	490,000	50	212,930		-	213,000
issued for settlement						
of debt	3,125,060	313	941,571	-	-	941,884
Common stock issued for conversion of convertible						
notes payable	3,093,576	309	408,035	-	-	408,344
Common stock						
issued for acquisition	54 055 210	5 426	2 402 400			2 400 024
of subsidiary Common stock	54,255,318	5,426	2,403,408	-	-	2,408,834
issued for exercise of						
options	2,769	1	31	_	_	32
Options issued to	_,, 02					
related party for services			92,213			92,213
Beneficial	-	-	92,213	-	-	92,213
conversible notes						

convertible notes

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payable	-		-	50,725	-	-	50,725
Balance December							
31, 2009	62,381,118	\$	6,239 \$	15,353,102	\$(15,955,706) \$	(64,041) \$	(660,406)
Net loss	-		-	-	(3,760,856)	-	(3,760,856)
Foreign currency							
translations	-		-	-	-	(29,888)	(29,888)
Comprehensive loss							(3,790,744)
Common stock							
issued for services							
provided							
- during the three							
months ended March							
31, 2010	2,400,000		240	1,139,760	-	-	1,140,000
- during the three							
months ended June	210.000		•	100.000			400000
30, 2010	210,000		21	102,879	-	-	102,900
Common stock							
issued for acquisition	21 204 722		2.120	7,000,460			7 002 600
of subsidiary	21,384,723		2,138	7,090,462	-	-	7,092,600
Beneficial							
conversion feature of							
convertible note				22 100			22 100
payable	-		-	22,109	-	-	22,109
Balance June 30,	06.275.041	ф	0.600 \$	22 700 212	Φ.(10.716.560) Φ	(02.020) A	2.006.450
2010	86,375,841	\$	8,638 \$	23,708,312	\$(19,716,562) \$	(93,929) \$	3,906,459

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

INTELLIGENT COMMUNICATION ENTERPRISE CORPORATION

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows For the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 (unaudited)

Cash provided by (used in):		2010	2009
Operating activities:			
Net loss for the period	\$	(3,760,856)	\$ (1,414,718)
Adjustment to reconcile net loss for the period to			
net cash used in operating activities:			
Depreciation of property and equipme	ent	232,410	269,786
Amortization of intangible assets		1,100,729	484,462
Equity line of credit discount		-	22,942
Commissions paid on equity line of			
credit		-	60,000
Common Stock issued for services		1,242,900	-
Amortization of debt discounts and			
beneficial conversion			
of convertible loans		22,109	46,383
Changes in operating assets and			
liabilities			
net of effects of acquisitions and			
disposals:			
Accounts receivable		18,018	411,415
Prepaid expenses and deposits		116,801	(259,262)
Accounts payable		1,226,066	(696,931)
Accrued expenses		(269,738)	227,691
Customer deposits and revenue in			
advance		(329,113)	91,923
Accrued compensation		92,515	188,286
Income taxes receivable		3,911	232
Net cash used in operating activities		(304,248)	(567,791)
Investing activities:			
Proceeds from disposal of fixed assets, net		12,076	
Cash component upon acquisition, net		22,173	677,250
Decrease (Increase) in restricted cash		18,126	(187,373)
Net cash provided by investing activities		52,375	489,877
Financing activities:			
Proceeds from equity lines of credit, net of commission	ns	-	80,000
Proceeds from advance from directors		-	295,365
Repayment of advances to employees		52,534	_
Proceeds from advance from affiliated company		332,957	_
Net cash provided by financing activities		385,491	375,365
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Increase in cash during the period	201,475	297,451
Foreign exchange effect on cash	(82,079)	(15,054)
Cash at beginning of the period	620,412	14,138
Cash at end of the period	\$ 671,951	\$ 296,535

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

INTELLIGENT COMMUNICATION ENTERPRISE CORPORATION

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (continued) For the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 (unaudited)

Supplementary Information:

		2010	2009
Interest paid	\$	-\$	-
Income taxes paid		-	-
·			
Non-cash transactions:			
Common stock converted	for settlement of		
equity lines of credit		-	67,298
Common stock issued for	acquisition of		
subsidiary		7,092,600	-
Common stock issued for	services	1,242,900	_
Sale of shares of Radius-E	ED Ltd. for note		
receivable		500,000	-

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

Note 1. Description of Business and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Organization

Intelligent Communication Enterprise Corporation (the "Company" or "Intelligent") is in the integrated mobile communications business. The Company operates in three business segments – iCEmms or Mobile Messaging Services, iCEsync or Multimedia Solutions to Mobile Communities, and iCEmat or Mobile Authentication Technologies.

On November 12, 2009, Intelligent acquired all of the stock of Radius-ED Limited ("Radius") through the issuance of 54,255,318 shares of common stock of Intelligent (representing 89% of post-issuance voting stock) and issuance of a convertible promissory note in the amount of \$1,500,000. Prior to the acquisition of Radius, Whitefields Capital Limited held a majority of Intelligent's and Radius's voting stock. Specifically, Whitefields Capital Limited owned 62% of the voting stock of Intelligent and 100% of the voting stock of Radius. In addition, certain members of Whitefields Capital Limited's management and board of directors served on the board of Intelligent. Based on these facts, Intelligent and Radius were deemed under the common control of Whitefields Capital Limited. As the entities were deemed under common control, the acquisition has been recorded using the pooling-of-interest method effective as of January 1, 2009. As such, the comparative financial information for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, reflects the financial statements of the combined companies in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") standards on business combinations for entities under common control.

On January 20, 2010, Intelligent acquired all of the stock of Solesys S.A. through the issuance of 21,384,723 shares of common stock of Intelligent. Intelligent has accounted for this transaction using the acquisition method required by Topic 805, Business Combinations.

Interim Period Financial Statements

The accompanying unaudited interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and with the Securities and Exchange Commission's instructions. Accordingly, they do not include all the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. The results of operations reflect interim adjustments, all of which are of a normal recurring nature and that, in the opinion of management, are necessary for a fair presentation of the results for such interim period. The results reported in these interim consolidated financial statements should not be regarded as necessarily indicative of results that may be expected for the entire year. Certain information and note disclosure normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted pursuant to the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and regulations. These unaudited interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 15, 2010.

Going Concern

The Company's consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States applicable to a going concern that contemplates the realization of assets and liquidation of liabilities in the normal course of business. The Company has incurred losses and has negative working capital as of June 30, 2010. These conditions raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. It is the Company's intention to raise additional equity to finance the further development of markets for its products until positive cash flows can be generated from its operations. However, there can be no assurance that such additional funds will be available to the Company when required or on terms acceptable to the Company. Such limitations could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition, or operations, and these consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustment that could result. Failure to obtain sufficient additional funding would necessitate the Company to reduce or limit its operating activities or even discontinue operations.

Principles of Consolidation

The 2009 consolidated financial statements have been restated to include the accounts of Intelligent Communication Enterprise Corporation and its wholly owned subsidiaries, Mobiclear Ltd., Mobiclear, Inc. (Philippines), Mobiclear Inc. (British Virgin Islands), Radius-ED Limited, Radius-ED Sdn. Bhd., and Radius-ED Inc. For 2010, the consolidated financial statements include Mobiclear Ltd., Mobiclear Inc. (Philippines), Mobiclear Inc. (British Virgin Islands), Radius-ED Sdn. Bhd, and Solesys S.A. Operations of Radius-ED Limited and Radius-ED Inc. have been included up to the time of divestiture. All significant inter-company balances and transactions have been eliminated.

Cash

Cash consists of checking accounts held at financial institutions in the Philippines, Malaysia, Singapore, Switzerland, and the United States. At times cash balances may exceed insured limits. The Company has not experienced any losses related to these balances, and management believes the credit risk to be minimal.

Restricted Cash

Restricted cash consists of a deposit with a financial institution in Singapore and has been lodged as security for a letter of credit issued in favor of a supplier.

Accounts Receivable and Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Accounts receivable result primarily from provision of mobile-messaging services to customers and are recorded at their principal amounts. Receivables are considered past due after 30 days. When necessary, the Company provides an allowance for doubtful accounts that is based on a review of outstanding receivables, historical collection information, and current economic conditions. There is an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$58,102 at June 30, 2010. Receivables are generally unsecured. Account balances are charged off against the allowance when the Company determines it is probable the receivable will not be recovered. The Company does not have off-balance sheet credit exposure related to its customers. At June 30, 2010, two customers accounted for 50% of the net accounts receivable balance.

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Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is defined as the exchange price that will be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal. Valuation techniques used to measure fair value should maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. To measure fair value, the Company uses the following fair value hierarchy based on three levels of inputs, of which the first two are considered to be observable and the third unobservable:

Level 1 – Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 – Inputs other than Level 1 that are observable, either directly or indirectly, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs are supported by little or no market activity and are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment primarily consist of furniture, computer equipment and software, vehicles, and leasehold improvements that are recorded at cost and depreciated or amortized using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows: furniture and vehicles, seven years; computer equipment, five years; computer equipment and software, three years; leasehold improvements, over the lesser of the estimated remaining useful life of the asset or the remaining term of the lease.

Depreciation of property and equipment is based on the estimated useful lives of the assets and is computed using the straight-line method over three years. Repairs and maintenance are charged to expense as incurred. Expenditures that substantially increase the useful lives of existing assets are capitalized.

Intangible Assets

Intangible assets include software development costs, customer lists, and supplier contracts and are amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of three years. As of June 30, 2010, amortization expense was \$1,100,729 and accumulated amortization was \$2,188,790. The Company periodically evaluates whether changes have occurred that would require revision of the remaining estimated useful life. The Company performs periodic reviews of its capitalized intangible assets to determine if the assets have continuing value to the Company.

The Company expenses all costs related to the development of internal-use software as incurred, other than those incurred during the application development stage, after achievement of technological feasibility. Costs incurred in the application development stage are capitalized and amortized over the estimated useful life of the software. Internally developed software costs are amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the software. The Company performs periodic reviews of its capitalized software development costs to determine if the assets have continuing value to the Company. Costs for assets that are determined to be of no continuing value are written off. During the six months ended June 30, 2010, the Company did not capitalize any software costs.

Impairment of Other Long-Lived Assets

The Company evaluates the recoverability of its property and equipment and other long-lived assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate impairment may have occurred. An impairment loss is recognized when the net book value of such assets exceeds the estimated future undiscounted cash flows attributed to the assets or the business to which the assets relate. Impairment losses, if any, are measured as the amount by which the carrying value exceeds the fair value of the assets. For the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, no potential impairment losses related to the Company's long-lived assets were identified.

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue when it is realized or realizable and earned. The Company considers revenue, which includes charges on a transactional basis and support fees, realized or realizable and earned when the following criteria are met: persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, delivery has occurred or services have been rendered, price is fixed and determinable, and collectability is reasonably assured. The Company establishes persuasive evidence of a sales arrangement for each type of revenue transaction based on a signed contract with the aggregator or end user. Radius provides operators with the "SMS Gateway," which is the infrastructure acting as the intermediary between the mobile operators' short-message service, or SMS, centers and the content providers' mobile content applications. Customers are the mobile operators' fixed and mobile subscribers who utilize the content, which is the data ranging from entertainment to information to which customers can access and receive SMS. Revenue is recognized based on the number of mobile terminating ("MT") or transmitted messages from the SMS center and/or SMS Gateway to the cellular handset.

Advertising Expenses

It is the Company's policy to expense advertising costs as incurred. No advertising costs were incurred during the three and six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009.

Research and Development Expenses

Research and development expenses include all direct costs, primarily salaries for Company personnel and outside consultants, related to the development of new products, significant enhancements to existing products, and the portion of costs of development of internal use software required to be expensed. Research and development costs are charged to operations as incurred with the exception of those software development costs that may qualify for capitalization.

Income Taxes

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are determined based on temporary differences between financial reporting and tax bases of assets and liabilities, operating loss, and tax credit carryforwards, and are measured using the enacted income tax rates and laws that will be in effect when the differences are expected to be recovered or settled. Realization of certain deferred income tax assets is dependent upon generating sufficient taxable income in the appropriate jurisdiction. The Company records a valuation allowance to reduce deferred income tax assets to amounts that are more likely than not to be realized. The initial recording and any subsequent changes to valuation allowances are based on a number of factors (positive and negative evidence). The Company considers its actual historical results to have a stronger weight than other more subjective indicators when considering whether to establish or reduce a valuation allowance.

The Company continually evaluates its uncertain income tax positions and may record a liability for any unrecognized tax benefits resulting from uncertain income tax positions taken or expected to be taken in an income tax return. Estimated interest and penalties are recorded as a component of interest expense and other expense, respectively.

Because tax laws are complex and subject to different interpretations, significant judgment is required. As a result, the Company makes certain estimates and assumptions in: (1) calculating its income tax expense, deferred tax assets, and deferred tax liabilities; (2) determining any valuation allowance recorded against deferred tax assets; and (3) evaluating the amount of unrecognized tax benefits, as well as the interest and penalties related to such uncertain tax positions. The Company's estimates and assumptions may differ significantly from tax benefits ultimately realized.

Net Loss per Share

Basic net loss per share is calculated by dividing the net loss attributable to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding in the period. Diluted loss per share takes into consideration common shares outstanding (computed under basic loss per share) and potentially dilutive securities. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, outstanding stock options and warrants are antidilutive because of net losses, and as such, their effect has not been included in the calculation of diluted net loss per share. Common shares issuable are considered outstanding as of the original approval date for purposes of earnings per share computations.

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

Other comprehensive income (loss), as defined, includes net income, foreign currency translation adjustment, and all changes in equity (net assets) during a period from non-owner sources. To date, the Company has not had any significant transactions that are required to be reported in other comprehensive income (loss), except for foreign currency translation adjustments.

Foreign Operations and Currency Translation

The functional currency of the Company's foreign subsidiaries is the local currency. Assets and liabilities of foreign subsidiaries, other than those denominated in U.S. dollars, are translated into U.S. dollars at the rate of exchange at the balance sheet date. Revenues and expenses are translated at the average rate of exchange throughout the year. Gains or losses from these translations are reported as a separate component of other comprehensive income (loss) until all or a part of the investment in the subsidiaries is sold or liquidated. The translation adjustments do not recognize the effect of income tax because the Company expects to reinvest the amounts indefinitely in operations.

Transaction gains and losses that arise from exchange-rate fluctuations on transactions denominated in a currency other than the local functional currency are included in general and administrative expenses.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the fiscal year. The Company makes estimates for, among other items, useful lives for depreciation and amortization, determination of future cash flows associated with impairment testing for long-lived assets, determination of the fair value of stock options and warrants, valuation allowance for deferred tax assets, allowances for doubtful accounts, and potential income tax assessments and other contingencies. The Company bases its estimates on historical experience, current conditions, and other assumptions that it believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results could differ from those estimates and assumptions.

Financial Instruments

The Company has the following financial instruments: cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable, accrued expenses and wages, and convertible promissory notes. The carrying value of these financial instruments approximates their fair value due to their liquidity or their short-term nature.

Share-Based Compensation

The Company accounts for stock-based awards at fair value on date of grant and recognition of compensation over the service period for awards expected to vest. The fair value of stock options is determined using the Black-Scholes valuation model, which is consistent with the Company's valuation techniques previously utilized for options in footnote disclosures.

Note 2. Business Combination

Acquisition of Solesys S.A.

On January 20, 2010, Intelligent acquired all of the stock of Solesys S.A. ("Solesys") through the issuance of 28,944,723 shares of common stock of the Company with a fair value of \$9.6 million. Subsequently share consideration has been reduced to 21,384,723 shares of common stock of the Company with the fair value of \$7,092,600. The fair value of intangible assets has been reduced by \$2,602,155 from that previously reported. There has been no material effect on operations as a result of this adjustment. The acquisition of Solesys broadens the Company's technology solutions.

Intelligent has accounted for this transaction using the acquisition method required by Topic 805, Business Combinations. The financial information for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010, reflects the financial statement of the combined results, effective from January 1, 2010.

A summary of the assets and liabilities acquired, based on management's assessment of their respective fair value as of the date of acquisition as adjusted, is as follows:

Assets	
Cash \$	28,617
Accounts receivable	83,158
Due from related	
parties	411,954
Property and	
equipment	39,017
Intangible assets, as	
adjusted	7,115,918
Total assets, as	
adjusted	7,678,664
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and	
accrued expenses	586,064
Total liabilities	586,064
Net assets acquired, as\$	
adjusted	7,092,600

Unaudited pro forma results of the Company for the six months ended June 30, 2009, as if the acquisition occurred on January 1, 2009, after giving effect to certain acquisition accounting adjustments, are stated below. These pro forma results are not necessarily indicative of what the Company's operating results would have been had the acquisition actually taken place at the beginning of the period:

	Intelligent		
	Communication		
	Enterprise Actual		
	1/1/2009 to	Solesys 1/1/2009	
	6/30/2009	to 6/30/2009	Pro Forma
Revenue	\$3,891,581	\$ 155,676	\$ 4,047,257
Net income (loss) for the period	(1,414,718)	(1,110,028)	(2,524,746)
Loss per share – basic and diluted	\$(0.03)		\$(0.02)

Note 3. Note Receivable

During the six months ended June 30, 2010, the Company undertook an internal reorganization of its operations and restructuring of certain tangible and intangible assets. Following this internal reorganization, effective June 11, 2010, the Company sold 100% of the shares of Radius-ED Limited and Radius-ED Inc. to a third party in exchange for a note receivable of \$500,000. Assets remaining in the entities sold consisted of a processing license and a portion of the Company's customer list and supplier relationships. Liabilities remaining in the entities sold consisted of accounts payable and accrued expenses of \$1,097,149. This sale did not result in a material gain or loss.

The consolidated statement of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010, includes the results of Radius-ED Ltd. and Radius-ED Inc.

Note 4. Property and Equipment, net

Property and equipment consist of the following:

	June 30,	December
	2010	31, 2009
Furniture, computer equipment, and	\$	
software	2,656,523	\$ 2,509,238
Leasehold improvements	46,041	48,736
Vehicle	23,590	54,094
	2,726,154	2,612,068
Less accumulated depreciation	(2,135,912)	(1,827,366)
Property and equipment, net	\$ 590,242	\$ 784,702

Depreciation expense for the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, was \$232,410 and \$269,535, respectively.

Note 5. Intangible Assets

Intangible assets consist primarily of intellectual property, customer and reseller relationships, and supplier contracts, which are amortized over the estimated useful life, generally on a straight-line basis, with the exception of customer relationships, which are generally amortized over the greater of straight-line or the related asset's pattern of economic benefit:

	June 30,	December
	2010	31, 2009
Customer and reseller relationships\$	682,236 \$	1,271,113
Supplier contracts	1,108,884	1,779,558
Intellectual property	6,804,858	
	8,595,978	3,050,671
Less accumulated amortization	(2,188,790)	(1,013,380)
Intangible assets, net \$	6,407,188 \$	2,037,291

Amortization expense for the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, was \$1,100,729 and \$484,462, respectively.

Note 6. Convertible Notes Payable

During the year ended December 31, 2009, the Company entered into agreements whereby \$287,454 of amounts owing to an affiliated company controlled by a director of the Company were converted into three convertible promissory notes with interest of 6% per annum payable quarterly in arrears. Each of the promissory notes is due 12 months after the advance of funds with a conversion price equal to 85% of the average closing market price of the Company's stock for the 10 trading days immediately preceding the conversion date. The relative value of the beneficial conversion feature of these convertible notes payable was \$50,725 and has been expensed during the year ended December 31, 2009. The amounts and due dates of the individual convertible promissory notes are:

• \$63,925 due September 30, 2010

- \$121,343 due October 31, 2010
- \$102,186 due November 31, 2010

During the six months ended June 30, 2010, the Company entered into an agreement whereby \$125,282 was converted into a convertible promissory note with interest of 6% per annum, payable quarterly, in arrears. The promissory note is due 12 months after the advance of funds with a conversion price equal to 85% of the average closing market price of the Company's stock for the 10 trading days immediately preceding the conversion date. The relative value of the beneficial conversion feature of the convertible note payable was \$22,109 and has been expensed during the six months ended June 30, 2010. This convertible promissory note is due December 31, 2010.

The Company issued a convertible promissory note in the amount of \$1,500,000 as part of the consideration for the acquisition of the common shares of Radius. Interest of 6% per annum is payable quarterly in arrears, and the note is convertible into common shares of the Company with a conversion price equal to the average closing market price of the Company's stock for the 10 trading days immediately preceding the conversion date. The convertible promissory note is payable as follows:

- February 10, 2010 \$250,000
 - May 15, 2010 \$250,000
- September 15, 2010 \$500,000
- December 10, 2010 \$500,000

The payments due February 10 and May 15, 2010, are currently unpaid.

Note 7. Related-Party Transactions

During the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, the Company incurred consulting fees of \$nil and \$180,574, respectively, with a director of the Company.

During the six months ended June 30, 2010, an affiliated company advanced net funds and services in the amount of \$332,957, which is included in amounts due to stockholder. During the six months ended June 30, 2010, a previous balance owing of \$125,282 was converted into a promissory note payable.

During the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, the Company incurred consulting fees and related expenses to a company controlled by a former director of \$nil and \$50,400, respectively.

During the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, the Company acquired services from two affiliated companies controlled by a former director and former officer of the Company in the amount of \$nil and \$52,255, respectively.

During the six months ended June 30, 2009, the Company acquired services from a former officer of the Company in the amount of \$7,599.

During the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, the Company acquired services from a company controlled by a former officer of the Company in the amount of \$nil and \$618.

During the six months ended June 30, 2009, a former director of the Company advanced \$26,260.

Note 8. Share Capital

Preferred Stock

The Company's authorized capital includes 150 million shares of preferred stock of \$0.0001 par value. The designation of rights including voting powers, preferences, and restrictions shall be determined by the Board of Directors before the issuance of any shares.

No shares of preferred stock are issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2010, and December 31, 2009.

Common Stock

The Company is authorized to issue 250 billion shares of common stock, par value of \$0.0001.

On January 14, 2010, the Board of Directors approved the forward-split of the issued and outstanding common stock on the basis of three new shares for each share, effective upon the approval of the regulatory authorities. The Company's common stock was forward-split effective as of February 5, 2010.

On September 18, 2009, the Board of Directors approved the consolidation of the issued and outstanding common stock on the basis of one new share for each 600 shares, effective upon approval of the regulatory authorities. The Company's common stock was consolidated effective as of October 20, 2009.

The application of the stock consolidation and forward-split has been shown retroactively in these consolidated financial statements.

During the six months ended June 30, 2010, the Company:

- issued 2,400,000 shares of common stock for services received with a fair value of \$1,140,000;
- issued 21,384,723 shares of common stock, as adjusted, for the acquisition of all the outstanding shares of Solesys S.A. with a fair value of \$7,092,600; and
 - issued 210,000 shares of common stock for services received with a fair value of \$102,900.

Stock Purchase Warrants

At June 30, 2010, the Company had reserved 7,784 shares of the Company's common stock for the following outstanding warrants:

Number of	Exercise Price	Expiry
01	Price	
Warrants		
44	\$ 500.00	2011
40	575.00	2011
200	4,000.00	2012
2,500	0.22	2013
2,500	0.125	2013
2,500	0.125	2013

Pursuant to financing agreement entered into in February 2008, the Company is obligated to issue warrants, as commission fees, entitling the holder to purchase 2,640 shares of common stock. There were no warrants issued or exercised during the six months ended June 30, 2010.

Note 9. Stock-Based Compensation

Although the Company does not have a formal stock option plan, it issues stock options to directors, employees, advisors, and consultants. Stock options generally have a three- to five-year contractual term, vest over a two- to three-year period, and forfeit 90 days after termination of employment.

A summary of the Company's stock options as of June 30, 2010, is as follows:

		Weighted
	Number of	Average
	Options	Exercise Price
Outstanding at December 31, 2007	675	\$ 0.031
Options issued:		
to a director on May 3, 2008, fair value of \$33,047	804	0.001
to an employee on August 15, 2008, fair value of		
\$14,180	1,365	0.020
to employees on August 15, 2008, fair value of \$1,872	180	0.001
to an employee on December 8, 2008, fair value of \$205	120	10.000
Outstanding at December 31, 2008	3,144	
to an employee on May 1, 2009, fair value \$96	120	0.002
options forfeited	(180)	6.66
options exercised	(2,772)	0.001
to employees on November 12, 2009, fair value of		
\$92,117	681,750	0.293
Outstanding at December 31, 2009 and June 30, 2010	682,062	\$ 0.293

The following table summarizes stock options outstanding at June 30, 2010:

	Number	Average	Number	Intrinsic
	Outstanding	Remaining	Exercisable	Value
	at	Contractual	at	at
	June 30,	Life	June 30,	June 30,
Exercise Price	2010	(Years)	2010	2010
\$0.056	312	1.83	312	\$ 168
0.293	681,750	4.33	326,250	176,175

During the six months ended June 30, 2010, no options were exercised or forfeited.

At June 30, 2010, 354,812 options were not exercisable.

At June 30, 2010, 682,062 shares of common stock were reserved.

The fair value of each option granted is estimated at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. The assumptions used in calculating the fair value of the options granted in 2009 were: risk-free interest rate of 5.0%, a 2.5 year expected life, a dividend yield of 0.0%, and a stock price volatility factor of 226% to 260%.

Compensation expense included in the statement of operations related to the fair value of options issued during the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, is \$nil and \$nil, respectively.

Note 10. Commitments and Contingencies

Pursuant to a financing agreement entered into in February 2008, the Company is obligated to issue warrants, exercisable for five years from date of issue, for a number of shares of common stock equal to 10% of the number of shares issued under the equity line. As at June 30, 2010, the Company is obligated to issue warrants to purchase 2,640 shares of common stock.

Pursuant to an agreement entered into in August 2008, the Company is obligated to issue shares of common stock equivalent to 1% of the issued and outstanding shares of the Company at each of March 1, 2009, June 1, 2009, and September 1, 2009.

Lease Commitments

The Company incurred total rent expense of \$38,236 and \$86,657, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010, and \$30,452 and \$57,283 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, respectively. Future lease commitments are as follows:

2010 \$44,878 2011 \$46,678

Note 11. Segment Information

The Company views its operations in three lines of business – (1) corporate and iCEmms or Mobile Messaging Services; (2) iCEsync or Multimedia Solutions to Mobile Communities; and (3) iCEmat or Mobile Authentication Technologies. The Company's summary financial information by segment for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, as taken from the internal management reports, is as follows:

Revenue	Three Months Ended June 30, 2010	Three Months Ended June 30, 2009	Six Months Ended June 30, 2010	Six Months Ended June 30, 2009
Corporate and iCEmat	\$ -	\$	\$ -	\$ -
•	·			
iCEmms	1,860,367	1,887,054	4,285,152	3,891,581
iCEsync			77,388	-
	\$ 1,860,367	\$ 1,887,054	\$ 4,362,540	\$ 3,891,581
Loss				
Corporate and iCEmat	(36,620)	(275,618)	\$ (1,014,856)	\$ (658,923)
iCEmms	(499,463)	(370,524)	(1,567,063)	(755,795)
iCEsync	(372,591)		(1,208,485)	-
	\$ (908,674)	\$ (646,142)	\$ (3,760,856)	\$ (1,414,718)
Assets				
Corporate and iCEmat			\$ 503,817	\$ 50,082
iCEmms			3,865,165	5,243,924
iCEsync			6,233,335	-
			\$ 10,602,317	\$ 5,294,006

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, and our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009, including the financial statements and notes thereto.

Forward-Looking Information May Prove Inaccurate

This report contains statements about the future, sometimes referred to as "forward-looking" statements. Forward-looking statements are typically identified by the use of the words "believe," "may," "could," "should," "expect," "anticipate," "estimate," "project," "propose," "plan," "intend," and similar words and expressions. Statement describe our future strategic plans, goals, or objectives are also forward-looking statements.

Readers of this report are cautioned that any forward-looking statements, including those regarding our management's current beliefs, expectations, anticipations, estimations, projections, proposals, plans, or intentions, are not guarantees of future performance or results of events and involve risks and uncertainties. The forward-looking information is based on present circumstances and on our predictions respecting events that have not occurred, that may not occur, or that may occur with different consequences from those now assumed or anticipated. Actual events or results may differ materially from those discussed in the forward-looking statements as a result of various factors. The forward-looking statements included in this report are made only as of the date of this report. We are not obligated to update such forward-looking statements to reflect subsequent events or circumstances.

Introduction

Management believes the most significant feature of our financial condition is that during the three and six months ended June 30, 2010, we acquired all of the outstanding shares of Solesys S.A. We also completed an internal restructuring and disposed of the Radius-ED Limited and Radius-ED Inc. subsidiaries, which were no longer part of our core business.

In addition, on February 5, 2010, we effected a forward share-split of three shares for each share of our outstanding common stock.

Results of Operations

Comparison of the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2010, with the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2009

Our gross revenue for the three and six-month period ended June 30, 2010, was \$1,860,367 and \$4,362,540, as compared to \$1,887,054 and \$3,891,581 for the respective three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2009. This is a decrease of 1.4% for the three months ended June 30, 2010, and an increase of 12.1% for the six-month period. This reflects an overall slight increase in our Radius division. Our internal reorganization resulted in a short-term reduction in our gross profit percentage to 9.2% and 14.1% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010, as compared to 27.95 and 27.6% for comparable periods ended June 30, 2009.

Our operating expenses for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010, were \$1,051,357 and \$4,298,902, as compared to \$1,114,211 and \$2,352,348 for the comparable periods ended June 30, 2009, a decrease of 5.6% for the three months ended June 30, 2010, as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2009, and an increase of 82.7% for the respective six-month periods. This reflects certain one-time consulting costs of \$1,140,000 and amortization of intangible assets related to the Solesys acquisition in the amount of \$1,136,646.

Overall, we sustained a net loss of \$908,674 and \$3,760,856 for the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2010, as compared to a net loss of \$646,142 and \$1,414,718 in the corresponding periods of the preceding year.

We had 29 full-time employees and one part-time employee as of June 30, 2010.

Segment Information

We view our operations in three lines of business – (1) corporate and iCEmms or Mobile Messaging Services; (2) iCEsync or Multimedia Solutions to Mobile Communities; and (3) iCEmat or Mobile Authentication Technologies. Our results of operation by segment for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, as taken from the internal management reports, are as follows:

Three Months Ended June 30, 2010	Three Months Ended June 30, 2009	Six Months Ended June 30, 2010	Six Months Ended June 30, 2009
\$ -	\$	\$ -	\$ -
1,860,367	1,887,054	4,285,152	3,891,581
		77,388	-
\$ 1,860,367	\$ 1,887,054	\$ 4,362,540	\$ 3,891,581
\$ 36,620)	\$ (275,618)	\$ (1,014,856)	\$ (658,923)
(499,463)	(370,524)	(1,567,063)	(755,795)
(372,591)		(1,208,485)	_
\$ (908,674)	\$ (646,142)	\$ (3,760,856)	\$ (1,414,718)
	\$ - 1,860,367 \$ 1,860,367 \$ 36,620) (499,463) (372,591)	Ended June 30, 2009 \$ - \$ 1,860,367	Ended June 30, 2010 \$ - \$ \$ 1,860,367

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of June 30, 2010, our current assets were \$3,604,887, as compared to \$2,767,626 at December 31, 2009. As of June 30, 2010, our current liabilities were \$6,695,858, as compared to \$6,250,025 at December 31, 2009. Operating activities used net cash of \$304,248 for the six months ended June 30, 2010, as compared to using net cash of \$567,791 for the six months ended June 30, 2009.

No cash was spent on investing activities during the six months ended June 30, 2010 or 2009.

Net cash of \$385,491 was provided by financing activities during the six months ended June 30, 2010, consisting of net advances from an affiliated company of \$332,957 and repayment of advances to employees of \$52,534. These are compared to net cash provided by financing activities of \$375,365 during the comparable six-month period ended June 30, 2009, which consisted of net proceeds from equity lines of credit of \$80,000 and an advance from directors of \$295,365.

Our current balances of cash will not meet our working capital and capital expenditure needs for the whole of the current year. Because we are not currently generating sufficient cash to fund our operations, we will need to rely on external financing to meet future capital and operating requirements. Any projections of future cash needs and cash flows are subject to substantial uncertainty. Our capital requirements depend upon several factors, including the rate of market acceptance, our ability to get to production and generate revenues, our level of expenditures for production, marketing, and sales, purchases of equipment, and other factors. We can make no assurance that financing will be available in amounts or on terms acceptable to us, if at all. Further, if we issue equity securities, stockholders may experience additional dilution or the new equity securities may have rights, preferences, or privileges senior to those of existing holders of common stock, and debt financing, if available, may involve restrictive covenants that could restrict our operations or finances. If we cannot raise funds, when needed, on acceptable terms, we may not be able to continue our operations, grow market share, take advantage of future opportunities, or respond to competitive pressures or unanticipated requirements, all of which could negatively impact our business, operating results, and financial condition.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Not applicable.

ITEM 4T. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit to the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified by the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms, and that information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive and principal financial officers (whom we refer to in this periodic report as our Certifying Officers), as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Our management has evaluated, with the participation of our Certifying Officers, the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act) as of June 30, 2010, pursuant to Rule 13a-15(b) under the Securities Exchange Act. Based upon that evaluation, our Certifying Officers concluded that, as of June 30, 2010, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

In our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009, we reported that we did not maintain effective control over financial reporting. The weaknesses identified during the year ended December 31, 2009, have continued during the three-month period ended June 30, 2010, and are as follows:

(i) Lack of independent directors for our board and audit committee. We currently have two independent directors on our board, which is comprised of four directors. Although there is no requirement that we have any independent directors, we intend to have a majority of independent directors as soon as we are reasonably able to do so.

- (ii) Insufficient segregation of duties in our finance and accounting functions due to limited personnel. During the three-month period ended June 30, 2010, we had one person on staff that performed nearly all aspects of our financial reporting process, including access to the underlying accounting records and systems, the ability to post and record journal entries, and responsibility for the preparation of the financial statements. This creates certain incompatible duties and a lack of review over the financial reporting process that would likely result in a failure to detect errors in spreadsheets, calculations, or assumptions used to compile the financial statements and related disclosures as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. These control deficiencies could result in a material misstatement to our interim or annual consolidated financial statements that would not be prevented or detected.
- (iii) Insufficient corporate governance policies. Although we have a code of ethics that provides broad guidelines for corporate governance, our corporate governance activities and processes are not always formally documented. Specifically, decisions made by the board to be carried out by management should be documented and communicated on a timely basis to reduce the likelihood of any misunderstandings regarding key decisions affecting our operations and management.
- (iv) Accounting for technical matters. Our current accounting personnel perform adequately in the basic accounting and recordkeeping function. However, our operations and business practices include complex technical accounting issues that are outside the routine basic functions. The complex areas include issuance of convertible debt (with attached warrants), beneficial conversion features issued with equity lines of credit, and accounting for software development costs. These technical accounting issues are complex and require significant expertise to ensure that the accounting and reporting are accurate and in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. This is especially important for periodic interim reporting that is not subject to audit.

PART II—OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

The following exhibits are filed as a part of this report:

Exhibit Number*	Title of Document	Location
Item 2	Plan of Acquisition, Reorganization, Arrangement, Liquidation, or Succession	
2.03	Sale and Purchase Agreement between	Incorporated by reference
	Intelligent Communication Enterprise	from the current report on
	Corporation and Power Centre Holdings	Form 8-K filed June 17, 2010
	Limited dated June 11, 2010	
Item 10	Material Contracts	
10.25	Employment Agreement between Intelligent	Incorporated by reference
	Communication Enterprise Corporation and	from the current report on
	Sarocha Hatthasakul dated May 25, 2010	Form 8-K filed June 1, 2010

Exhibit Number*	Title of Document		Location
Item 31 31.01	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certifications Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14	Attached	
31.02	Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14	Attached	
Item 32 32.01	Section 1350 Certifications Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (Chief Executive Officer)	Attached	
32.02	Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (Chief Financial Officer)	Attached	

^{*}All exhibits are numbered with the number preceding the decimal indicating the applicable SEC reference number in Item 601 and the number following the decimal indicating the sequence of the particular document. Omitted numbers in the sequence refer to documents previously filed as exhibits.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

	Registrant	
	Intelligent Communication	on Enterprise Corporation
Date: August 23, 2010	By:	/s/ Luther L. Jao Luther L. Jao, President and Chief Executive Officer
Date: August 23, 2010	By:	/s/ Sarocha Hatthasakul Sarocha Hatthasakul Chief Financial Officer