

CPI INTERNATIONAL, INC.  
Form 10-Q  
February 12, 2007

**UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE  
COMMISSION**

Washington, DC 20549

**FORM 10-Q**

(Mark One)

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES  
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended December 29, 2006

or

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES  
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission file number: 000-51928

**CPI INTERNATIONAL, INC.**

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Delaware

(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)

75-3142681

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

811 Hansen Way  
Palo Alto, California 94303-1110  
(650) 846-2900

(Address of Principal Executive Offices and Telephone Number,  
Including Area Code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject

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to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of accelerated filer and large accelerated filer in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer  Non-accelerated filer

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

**APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS:**

Indicate the number of shares outstanding for each of the registrant's classes of Common Stock, as of the latest practicable date: 16,261,173 shares of Common Stock, \$.01 par value, at January 31, 2007.

CPI INTERNATIONAL, INC.

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***Cautionary Statements Regarding Forward-Looking Statements***

This document contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, that relate to future events or our future financial performance. In some cases, readers can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as may, will, should, expect, plan, anticipate, believe, estimate, predict, continue, the negative of such terms or other comparable terminology. These statements are only predictions. Actual events or results may differ materially.

Although we believe that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot guarantee future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements. Moreover, neither we nor any other person assumes responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of the forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are subject to known and unknown risks and uncertainties, which could cause actual results to differ materially from the results projected, expected or implied by the forward-looking statements. These risk factors include, without limitation, competition in our end markets; our significant amount of debt; changes or reductions in the U.S. defense budget; U.S. government contracts laws and regulations; changes in technology; the impact of unexpected costs; inability to obtain raw materials and components; and currency fluctuations. All written and oral forward-looking statements made in connection with this report that are attributable to us or persons acting on our behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by the foregoing risk factors and other cautionary statements included herein and in our other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission ( SEC ). We are under no duty to update any of the forward-looking statements after the date of this report to conform such statements to actual results or to changes in our expectations.

The information in this report is not a complete description of our business or the risks and uncertainties associated with an investment in our securities. You should carefully consider the various risks and uncertainties that impact our business and the other information in this report and in our other filings with the SEC before you decide to invest in our securities or to maintain or increase your investment.

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**CPI INTERNATIONAL, INC.**

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**PART I: FINANCIAL INFORMATION****Item 1. Financial Statements****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

(in thousands, except share and per share data - unaudited)

	December 29, 2006	September 29, 2006
<b>Assets</b>		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 32,629	\$ 30,153
Restricted cash	1,951	1,746
Accounts receivable, net	40,744	43,628
Inventories	54,640	54,031
Deferred tax assets	11,884	11,520
Prepaid and other current assets	3,260	3,080
Total current assets	145,108	144,158
Property, plant, and equipment, net	65,120	63,851
Deferred debt issue costs, net	9,285	9,644
Intangible assets, net	74,878	75,489
Goodwill	147,459	147,489
Other long-term assets	976	1,128
Total assets	\$ 442,826	\$ 441,759
<b>Liabilities and stockholders' equity</b>		
Current Liabilities:		
Current portion of long-term debt	\$	\$ 1,714
Accounts payable	15,707	19,101
Accrued expenses	27,936	23,269
Product warranty	5,842	5,958
Income taxes payable	9,105	10,693
Advance payments from customers	6,824	6,310
Total current liabilities	65,414	67,045
Deferred income taxes	29,977	29,933
Long-term debt, less current portion	241,794	245,067
Other long-term liabilities	51	41
Total liabilities	337,236	342,086
Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholders' equity		
Common stock (\$0.01 par value, 90,000,000 shares authorized; 16,086,445 and 16,049,577 shares issued and outstanding)	161	160
Additional paid-in capital	65,765	65,295
Accumulated other comprehensive income	290	679
Retained earnings	39,374	33,539
Total stockholders' equity	105,590	99,673
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 442,826	\$ 441,759

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

**CPI INTERNATIONAL, INC.****and subsidiaries****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED  
STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**

(in thousands, except share and per share data unaudited)

	<b>Quarter Ended December 29, 2006</b>	<b>December 30, 2005</b>
Sales	\$ 83,723	\$ 82,379
Cost of sales	57,142	57,171
Gross profit	26,581	25,208
Operating costs and expenses:		
Research and development	1,891	1,910
Selling and marketing	4,829	5,024
General and administrative	4,404	7,302
Amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets	548	548
Net loss on disposition of fixed assets	18	65
Total operating costs and expenses	11,690	14,849
Operating income	14,891	10,359
Interest expense, net	5,339	6,064
Income before income taxes	9,552	4,295
Income tax expense	3,717	2,080
Net income	\$ 5,835	\$ 2,215
Other comprehensive income, net of tax Net unrealized loss on cash flow hedges	(389 )	(183 )
Comprehensive income	\$ 5,446	\$ 2,032
Earnings per share - Basic	\$ 0.36	\$ 0.17
Earnings per share - Diluted	\$ 0.33	\$ 0.15
Shares used to compute earnings per share - Basic	16,063,221	13,078,954
Shares used to compute earnings per share - Diluted	17,544,363	14,768,082

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

**CPI INTERNATIONAL, INC.****and subsidiaries****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

(in thousands unaudited)

	<b>Quarter Ended December 29, 2006</b>	<b>December 30, 2005</b>
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 10,042	\$ 198
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>		
Expenses relating to sale of San Carlos property		(3 )
Capital expenditures	(2,871 )	(2,945 )
Net cash used in investing activities	(2,871 )	(2,948 )
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>		
Proceeds from issuance of debt		10,000
Repayments of debt	(5,000 )	
Proceeds from issuance of common stock to employees	197	
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	66	
Stockholder distribution payments		(17,000 )
Excess tax benefit on stock option exercises	42	
Net cash used in financing activities	(4,695 )	(7,000 )
<b>Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>2,476</b>	<b>(9,750 )</b>
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	30,153	26,511
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 32,629	\$ 16,761
<b>Supplemental cash flow disclosures</b>		
Cash paid for interest	\$ 961	\$ 1,810
Cash paid for taxes, net of refunds	\$ 5,150	\$ 2,554

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

## CPI INTERNATIONAL, INC.

and subsidiaries

## NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(All tabular dollar amounts in thousands except share and per share amounts)

1. **Organization and Basis of Presentation**

Unless the context otherwise requires, "CPI International" means CPI International, Inc., and "CPI" means Communications & Power Industries, Inc. CPI is a direct subsidiary of CPI International. CPI International is a holding company with no operations of its own. The term "the Company" refers to CPI International and its subsidiaries on a consolidated basis.

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements represent the consolidated results and financial position of CPI International, which is controlled by affiliates of The Cypress Group ("Cypress"). CPI International, through its wholly owned subsidiary, CPI, develops, manufactures, and distributes microwave and power grid Vacuum Electron Devices ("VEDs"), microwave amplifiers, modulators and various other power supply equipment and devices. The Company has two reportable segments, VED and satcom equipment.

The condensed consolidated financial statements include those of the Company and its subsidiaries. Significant intercompany balances, transactions, and stockholdings have been eliminated in consolidation.

The Company's fiscal year is the 52- or 53-week period that ends on the Friday nearest September 30. Fiscal year 2007 comprises the 52-week period ending September 28, 2007 and fiscal year 2006 comprised the 52-week period ended September 29, 2006. All period references are to the Company's fiscal periods unless otherwise indicated. These interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 29, 2006.

On May 3, 2006, the Company completed the initial public offering of its common stock (see Note 4 for further disclosure).

2. **Supplemental Balance Sheet Information**

**Accounts Receivable:** Accounts receivable are stated net of allowances for doubtful accounts of \$0.2 million and \$0.5 million at December 29, 2006 and September 29, 2006, respectively.

**Inventories:** The following table provides details of inventories, net of reserves:

	December 29, 2006	September 29, 2006
Raw material and parts	\$ 34,427	\$ 35,160
Work in process	12,418	10,481
Finished goods	7,795	8,390
	\$ 54,640	\$ 54,031

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**Reserve for excess, slow moving and obsolete inventory:** The following table summarizes the activity related to reserves for excess, slow moving and obsolete inventory during the first quarter of fiscal years 2007 and 2006:

	<b>Quarter Ended December 29, 2006</b>	<b>December 30, 2005</b>
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 8,822	\$ 8,655
Inventory provision, charged to cost of sales	307	316
Inventory write-offs	(60 )	(28 )
Balance at end of period	\$ 9,069	\$ 8,943

**Reserve for loss contracts and cost in excess of market inventory:** The following table summarizes the activity related to reserves for loss contracts and cost in excess of market inventory during first quarter of fiscal years 2007 and 2006:

	<b>Quarter Ended December 29, 2006</b>	<b>December 30, 2005</b>
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 1,702	\$ 1,430
Provision for loss contracts and cost in excess of market inventory, charged to cost of sales	32	306
Credit to cost of sales upon revenue recognition	(101 )	(222 )
Balance at end of period	\$ 1,633	\$ 1,514

**Product Warranty:** The following table summarizes the activity related to product warranty during the first quarter of fiscal years 2007 and 2006:

	<b>Quarter Ended December 29, 2006</b>	<b>December 30, 2005</b>
Beginning accrued warranty	\$ 5,958	\$ 6,359
Accruals for product warranty, charged to cost of sales	1,211	1,048
Cost of warranty claims	(1,327 )	(1,217 )
Ending accrued warranty	\$ 5,842	\$ 6,190

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**Intangible Assets:** The following tables present the details of the Company's total acquisition-related intangible assets:

	December 29, 2006			September 29, 2006		
	Cost	Accumulated Amortization	Net	Cost	Accumulated Amortization	Net
VED Core Technology	\$ 30,700	\$ (1,813 )	\$ 28,887	\$ 30,700	\$ (1,659 )	\$ 29,041
VED Application Technology	19,800	(2,328 )	17,472	19,800	(2,130 )	17,670
X-ray Generator and Satcom Application Technology	8,000	(1,574 )	6,426	8,000	(1,441 )	6,559
Customer backlog	17,450	(17,450 )		17,450	(17,450 )	
Land lease	11,810	(769 )	11,041	11,810	(706 )	11,104
Tradenname	5,800		5,800	5,800		5,800
Customer list and programs	5,700	(508 )	5,192	5,700	(451 )	5,249
Noncompete agreement	110	(50 )	60	110	(44 )	66
	\$ 99,370	\$ (24,492 )	\$ 74,878	\$ 99,370	\$ (23,881 )	\$ 75,489

The estimated future amortization expense of purchased intangibles as of December 29, 2006, excluding the Company's unamortized tradenname, is as follows:

Fiscal Year	Amount
2007 (remaining nine months)	1,831
2008	2,441
2009	2,441
2010	2,419
2011	2,419
Thereafter	57,527
	\$ 69,078

**Goodwill:** The following table presents goodwill by reportable segment at December 29, 2006 and September 29, 2006:

	December 29, 2006	September 29, 2006
VED	\$ 133,607	\$ 133,637
Satcom Equipment	13,852	13,852
	\$ 147,459	\$ 147,489

The decrease in goodwill from September 29, 2006 to December 29, 2006 was due to an adjustment for tax benefits realized from the exercise of fully vested stock options that were acquired in a business combination.

3.

## Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt comprises the following:

	December 29, 2006	September 29, 2006
Term loan, expiring 2010	\$ 37,500	\$ 42,500
8% Senior subordinated notes, due 2012	125,000	125,000
Floating rate senior notes, due 2015, net of issue discount of \$706 and \$719	79,294	79,281
	241,794	246,781
Less: Current portion		1,714
Long-term portion	\$ 241,794	\$ 245,067

**Senior Credit Facility and Term Loan of CPI:** In fiscal year 2004, CPI entered into a \$130.0 million credit agreement, which was amended and restated on November 29, 2004, and further amended on February 16, 2005, April 13, 2005, and December 15, 2005 (the Senior Credit Facility). The Senior Credit Facility consists of a \$40.0 million revolving commitment, with a sub-facility of \$15.0 million for letters of credit and \$5.0 million for swingline loans ( Revolver ), which expires on January 23, 2010, and a \$90.0 million term loan ( Term Loan ), which expires on July 23, 2010. As of December 29, 2006, the Company had no outstanding borrowings under the Revolver and \$37.5 million outstanding under the Term Loan, after taking into account a \$5.0 million Term Loan repayment in December 2006 using available operating cash. The \$5.0 million Term Loan repayment included a \$1.7 million ECF (as defined below) payment, and an optional prepayment of \$3.3 million. In December 2005, CPI borrowed \$10.0 million on the Term Loan to pay a dividend to CPI International. CPI International used the proceeds of that dividend to pay a portion of the special cash dividend of \$17.0 million to its stockholders. Upon certain specified conditions, including compliance on a pro forma basis with the covenants in the Senior Credit Facility, CPI may seek commitments for a new class of term loans, not to exceed \$65.0 million. The Senior Credit Facility is guaranteed by CPI International and all of CPI's domestic subsidiaries and is secured by substantially all of their assets.

Any borrowings under the Revolver would currently bear interest at a rate equal to, at CPI's option, LIBOR plus 2.75% per annum, or the Alternate Base Rate ( ABR ) plus 1.75% per annum. Available borrowings under the Revolver are reduced by any amounts secured through letters of credit; at December 29, 2006, the Company had letters of credit commitments for \$3.8 million. The Term Loan borrowings currently bear interest at a rate equal to, at CPI's option, LIBOR plus 2.25% per annum or the ABR plus 1.25% per annum, payable quarterly. The ABR is the greater of (a) the Prime Rate and (b) the Federal Funds Rate plus 0.50%. In addition to customary fronting and administrative fees under the Senior Credit Facility, CPI pays letter of credit participation fees equal to the applicable Revolver LIBOR margin per annum on the average daily amount of the letter of credit exposure, and a commitment fee of 0.50% per annum on the average daily unused amount of revolving commitment. As of December 29, 2006 (1) the Term Loan borrowing consisted of one tranche of \$5.5 million and one tranche of \$32.0 million with interest payable on January 11, 2007 and January 22, 2007, each at 7.6% per annum, and (2) a Revolving commitment of \$3.8 million for letter of credit exposure, with letter of credit participation fees and fronting fees payable quarterly at a combined interest rate of 3.0% per annum.

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3.

Long-Term Debt

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The Senior Credit Facility requires 1.0% of the original Term Loan amount to be repaid annually in quarterly installments of 0.25% beginning June 30, 2004 and continuing for five years, with the remainder due in equal quarterly installments thereafter. CPI is required to prepay its outstanding loans, subject to certain exceptions and limitations, with net cash proceeds received from certain events, including, without limitation (1) all such proceeds received from certain asset sales by CPI International, CPI or any of CPI's subsidiaries, (2) all such proceeds received from issuances of debt (other than certain specified permitted debt) or preferred stock by CPI International, CPI or any of CPI's subsidiaries, (3) all such proceeds paid to CPI International, CPI or any of CPI's subsidiaries from casualty and condemnation events in excess of amounts applied to replace, restore or reinvest in any properties for which proceeds were paid within a specified period and (4) 50% of such proceeds received from issuances of common equity by, or equity contributions to, CPI International.

CPI is also required to make an annual prepayment within 90 days after the end of each fiscal year based on a calculation of Excess Cash Flow, as defined in the Senior Credit Facility (ECF), multiplied by a factor of 25%, 50% or 75% depending on the leverage ratio at the end of the fiscal year, less optional prepayments made during the fiscal year. On December 30, 2004, CPI made an ECF payment of \$3.9 million. The ECF payment was applied pro rata, in accordance with the provisions of the Senior Credit Facility, against the remaining scheduled installments of Term Loan principal due up to, but not including, the September 30, 2009 scheduled principal installment. The Company made an ECF payment of \$1.7 million for the fiscal year ended September 29, 2006 in December 2006 and there is no expected ECF payment due for fiscal year 2007, primarily because of the \$3.3 million optional prepayment that was made in December 2006.

CPI can make optional prepayments on the outstanding loans at any time without premium or penalty, except for customary breakage costs with respect to LIBOR loans. In March 2005, CPI made an optional prepayment of \$5.7 million; in May 2006, CPI made additional optional prepayments of \$47.5 million in the aggregate using proceeds from the initial public offering of CPI International's common stock (the IPO); and in December 2006, CPI made an additional prepayment of \$3.3 million. The optional prepayments were applied pro rata, in accordance with the provisions of the Senior Credit Facility, against the remaining scheduled installments of Term Loan principal due up to June 30, 2009, with the balance applied to scheduled installment amounts on or after September 30, 2009, in direct order of maturity.

The Senior Credit Facility contains a number of covenants that, among other things, restrict, subject to certain exceptions, the ability of CPI International, CPI and CPI's domestic subsidiaries to: sell assets; engage in mergers and acquisitions; pay dividends and distributions or repurchase their capital stock; incur additional indebtedness or issue equity interests; make investments and loans; create liens or further negative pledges on assets; engage in certain transactions with affiliates; enter into sale and leaseback transactions; amend agreements or make prepayments relating to subordinated indebtedness; and amend or waive provisions of charter documents in a manner materially adverse to the lenders. CPI and CPI's subsidiaries must comply with: a minimum interest coverage ratio; a maximum total leverage ratio; a minimum fixed charge coverage ratio; and a maximum capital expenditures limitation, each calculated on a consolidated basis for CPI and CPI's subsidiaries. CPI International must also comply with a minimum interest coverage ratio, a minimum fixed charge coverage ratio and a maximum leverage ratio, each calculated on a consolidated basis for CPI International and its subsidiaries. As of December 29, 2006, CPI and CPI International were in compliance with all Senior Credit Facility financial covenants.

Subject in certain cases to applicable notice provisions and grace periods, events of default under the Senior Credit Facility include, among other things: failure to make payments when due; breaches of representations and warranties in the documents governing the Senior Credit Facility; non-compliance by CPI International, CPI and/or CPI's subsidiaries with certain covenants; failure by CPI International, CPI and/or CPI's subsidiaries to pay certain other indebtedness or to observe any other covenants or agreements that would allow acceleration of such indebtedness, collectively in excess of \$5.0 million at any time; events of bankruptcy or insolvency of CPI International, CPI and/or CPI's subsidiaries; certain uninsured and unstayed judgments of \$5.0 million or more against CPI International; impairment of the security interests in the collateral or the guarantees under the Senior Credit Facility; and a change in control, as defined in the documents governing the Senior Credit Facility.

**8% Senior subordinated notes of CPI:** In connection with a business combination on January 23, 2004, CPI issued \$125.0 million in aggregate principal amount of its 8% Senior Subordinated Notes (the "8% Notes"). The 8% Notes have no sinking fund requirements.

The 8% Notes bear interest at the rate of 8.0% per year, payable on February 1 and August 1 of each year. The 8% Notes will mature on February 1, 2012. The 8% Notes are unsecured obligations, jointly and severally guaranteed by CPI International and each of CPI's domestic subsidiaries. The payment of all obligations relating to the 8% Notes are subordinated in right of payment to the prior payment in full in cash or cash equivalents of all senior debt (as defined in the indenture governing the 8% Notes) of CPI, including debt under the Senior Credit Facility. Each guarantee of the 8% Notes is and will be subordinated to guarantor senior debt (as defined in the indenture governing the 8% Notes) on the same basis as the 8% Notes are subordinated to CPI's senior debt.

At any time or from time to time on or after February 1, 2008, CPI, at its option, may redeem the 8% Notes, in whole or in part, at the redemption prices (expressed as percentages of principal amount) set forth below, together with accrued and unpaid interest thereon, if any, to the redemption date, if redeemed during the 12-month period beginning on February 1 of the years indicated below:

Year	Optional Redemption Price	
2008	104	%
2009	102	%
2010 and thereafter	100	%

At any time on or prior to February 1, 2008, the 8% Notes may also be redeemed or purchased (by CPI or any other person) in whole but not in part, at CPI's option, upon the occurrence of a change of control (as defined in the indenture governing the 8% Notes) at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 8% Notes, plus a "make-whole" premium (as defined in the indenture governing the 8% Notes) to the redemption price on February 1, 2008, and accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, the date of redemption or purchase. Upon a change of control, CPI may be required to purchase all or any part of the 8% Notes for a cash price equal to 101% of the principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest thereon, if any, to the date of purchase.

The indenture governing the 8% Notes contains a number of covenants that, among other things, restrict, subject to certain exceptions, the ability of CPI and its restricted subsidiaries (as defined in the indenture governing the 8% Notes) to incur additional indebtedness, sell assets, consolidate or merge with or into other companies, pay dividends or repurchase or redeem capital stock or subordinated indebtedness, make certain investments, issue capital stock of their subsidiaries, incur liens and enter into certain types of transactions with their affiliates.

Events of default under the indenture governing the 8% Notes include: failure to make payments on the 8% Notes when due; failure to comply with covenants in the indenture governing the 8% Notes; a default under certain other indebtedness of CPI or any of its restricted subsidiaries that is caused by a failure to make payments on such indebtedness or that results in the acceleration of the maturity of such indebtedness; the existence of certain final judgments or orders against CPI or any of the restricted subsidiaries; and the occurrence of certain insolvency or bankruptcy events.

**Floating rate senior notes of CPI International:** On February 22, 2005, CPI International issued \$80.0 million in principal amount of its Floating Rate Senior Notes ( FR Notes ). The FR Notes were issued at a 1% discount. The proceeds from the issuance of FR Notes were used to make a distribution to stockholders of CPI International of approximately \$75.8 million and to pay fees and expenses of approximately \$3.5 million associated with the issuance of FR Notes. The FR Notes have no sinking fund requirements.

The FR Notes require interest payments at an annual interest rate, reset at the beginning of each semi-annual period, equal to the then six-month LIBOR plus 5.75%, payable semiannually on February 1 and August 1 of each year. The interest rate on the semi-annual interest payment due February 1, 2007 is approximately 11.30% per annum. CPI International may, at its option, elect to pay interest through the issuance of additional FR Notes for any interest payment date on or before February 1, 2010. If CPI International elects to pay interest through the issuance of additional FR Notes, the annual interest rate on the FR Notes will increase by an additional 1% step-up, with the step-up increasing by an additional 1% for each interest payment made through the issuance of additional FR Notes (up to a maximum of 4%). The FR Notes will mature on February 1, 2015.

The FR Notes are general unsecured obligations of CPI International. The FR Notes are not guaranteed by any of CPI International's subsidiaries but are structurally subordinated to all existing and future indebtedness and other liabilities of CPI International's subsidiaries. The FR Notes are senior in right of payment to CPI International's existing and future indebtedness that is expressly subordinated to the FR Notes.

Because CPI International is a holding company with no operations of its own, CPI International relies on distributions from CPI to satisfy its obligations under the FR Notes. The Senior Credit Facility and the indenture governing the 8% Notes restrict CPI's ability to make distributions to CPI International. The Senior Credit Facility prohibits CPI from making distributions to CPI International unless there is no default under the Senior Credit Facility and CPI International and CPI satisfy certain leverage ratios. The indenture governing the 8% Notes prohibits CPI from making distributions to CPI International unless, among other things, there is no default under the indenture and the amount of the proposed dividend plus all previous Restricted Payments (as defined in the indenture governing the 8% Notes) does not exceed a specified amount.

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At any time or from time to time CPI International, at its option, may redeem the Notes in whole or in part at the redemption prices (expressed as percentages of principal amount) set forth below, together with accrued and unpaid interest thereon, if any, to the redemption date, if redeemed during the 12-month period beginning on February 1 of the years indicated below:

Year	Optional Redemption Price	
2007	103	%
2008	102	%
2009	101	%
2010 and thereafter	100	%

Upon a change of control, as defined in the indenture governing the FR Notes, CPI International may be required to purchase all or any part of the outstanding FR Notes for a cash price equal to 101% of the principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest thereon, if any, to the date of purchase.

The indenture governing the FR Notes contains certain covenants that, among other things, limit the ability of CPI International and its restricted subsidiaries (as defined in the indenture governing the FR Notes) to incur additional indebtedness, sell assets, consolidate or merge with or into other companies, pay dividends or repurchase or redeem capital stock or subordinated indebtedness, make certain investments, issue capital stock of their subsidiaries, incur liens and enter into certain types of transactions with their affiliates.

Events of default under the indenture governing the FR Notes include: failure to make payments on the FR Notes when due; failure to comply with covenants in the indenture governing the FR Notes; a default under certain other indebtedness of CPI International or any of its restricted subsidiaries that is caused by a failure to make payments on such indebtedness or that results in the acceleration of the maturity of such indebtedness; the existence of certain final judgments or orders against CPI International or any of the restricted subsidiaries; and the occurrence of certain insolvency or bankruptcy events.

**Debt Maturities:** As of December 29, 2006, maturities on long-term debt were as follows:

Fiscal Year	Term Loan	Floating Rate Senior Notes	8% Senior Subordinated Notes	Total
2007	\$	\$	\$	\$
2008				
2009				
2010	37,500			37,500
2011				
Thereafter		80,000	125,000	205,000
	\$ 37,500	\$ 80,000	\$ 125,000	\$ 242,500

## 4. Stockholders Equity

**Common and Preferred Stock:** On April 7, 2006, the Company amended and restated its certificate of incorporation to provide for 90,000,000 authorized shares of Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share, and 10,000,000 authorized shares of Preferred Stock, par value \$0.01 per share. The holder of each share of Common Stock has the right to one vote. The board of directors has the authority to issue the undesignated Preferred Stock in one or more series and to fix the rights, preferences, privileges and restrictions thereof. As of December 29, 2006 and September 29, 2006, there were no shares of Preferred Stock outstanding.

On April 7, 2006, in connection with the amendment and restatement of its certificate of incorporation, the Company also effected a 3.059-to-1 stock split of its outstanding shares of common stock as of such date. All share and per share amounts in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes have been retroactively restated to reflect this stock split.

On May 3, 2006, the Company completed the IPO of its common stock. The Company sold 2,941,200 shares of common stock and the selling stockholders sold 4,117,670 shares, at an initial public offering price to the public of \$18.00 per share, resulting in proceeds to the Company of approximately \$47.3 million, net of IPO transaction costs of approximately \$5.6 million. The Company used the net proceeds to repay \$47.3 million of the Term Loan under the Senior Credit Facility.

## 5. Share-based Compensation Plans

The Company has four stock plans: the 2006 Equity and Performance Incentive Plan (the 2006 Plan ), the 2006 Employee Stock Purchase Plan (the 2006 ESPP ), the 2004 Stock Incentive Plan (the 2004 Plan ) and the 2000 Stock Option Plan (the 2000 Plan ).

**2006 Plan:** The 2006 Plan provides for an aggregate of up to 1,400,000 shares of CPI International's common stock to be available for awards, plus the number of shares subject to awards granted under the 2004 Plan and the 2000 Plan that are forfeited, expire or are cancelled after the effective date of the 2006 Plan. All of the Company's employees (including officers), directors, and consultants are eligible for awards under the 2006 Plan. The 2006 Plan is administered by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors ( Compensation Committee ) and awards may consist of options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, other stock unit awards, performance awards, dividend equivalents or any combination of the foregoing. The exercise price for stock options generally cannot be less than 100% of the fair market value of the shares on the date of grant.

**2006 ESPP:** The 2006 ESPP permits eligible employees to purchase common stock at a discounted price. An aggregate of 760,000 shares of common stock is reserved for issuance under this plan. The stock purchase plan is administered by the Compensation Committee of the board of directors. Employees participating in the plan may purchase stock for their accounts according to a price formula set by the Compensation Committee, as administrator, before the applicable offering period, which cannot exceed 24 months. The price per share will equal a fixed percentage (which may not be lower than 85%) of the fair market value of a share of common stock on the last day of the purchase period in the offering, or the lower of (1) a fixed percentage (not to be less than 85%) of the fair market value of a share of common stock on the date of commencement of participation in the offering and (2) a fixed percentage (not to be less than 85%) of the fair market value of a share of common stock on the date of purchase. The initial 2006 ESPP offering period began on July 1, 2006; the participants' purchase price for CPI

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International, Inc. common stock will be 85% of the closing market price on the last trading day of each quarter. Under the 2006 ESPP, the Company issued 13,387 and 14,954 shares at a discounted purchase price of \$12.75 and \$11.19 per share in January 2007 and October 2006, respectively.

**2004 Plan:** No further options are available for issuance under the 2004 Plan. The Company issued both time and performance stock option awards under the 2004 Plan. All stock option grants under the 2004 Plan were issued at exercise prices equal to or greater than the estimated market price of the Company's common stock at option grant date.

**2000 Plan:** No further options are available for issuance under the 2000 Plan. In accordance with the terms of the stock option agreements, the unvested stock options outstanding under the 2000 Plan became fully vested in February 2004 in connection with a business combination. The 2000 Plan option holders were offered the opportunity to either roll over their stock options from the predecessor company into options to purchase common stock of CPI International or exercise their stock options. Management elected to roll over options to purchase 912,613 shares of common stock at prices ranging from \$0.20 to \$0.74 per share.

**Stock Options:** A summary of the Company's stock option activity as of December 29, 2006, and changes during the fiscal quarter then ended is presented below:

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted- Average Remaining Contractual Term (Years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding at September 29, 2006	3,163,057	\$ 4.51		
Granted	285,000	14.22		
Exercised	(21,914 )	3.03		
Forfeited or expired				
Outstanding at December 29, 2006	3,426,143	\$ 5.33	7.25	\$ 34,009
Vested and expected to vest	3,380,178	\$ 5.21	7.22	\$ 33,922
Exercisable at December 29, 2006	2,323,919	\$ 2.85	6.67	\$ 28,230

The grant date fair value of awards granted during the first quarter of fiscal year 2007 was estimated as of the date of grant using the Black-Scholes options pricing model, assuming no expected dividends and the following assumptions:

Expected term (in years)	6.25
Expected volatility	49.33 %
Risk-free rate	4.56 %
Grant date fair value	\$ 7.66

Since the Company's common stock has not been publicly traded for a sufficient time period, the expected volatility is based on expected volatilities of similar companies that have a longer history of

being publicly traded. The expected life of options granted is based on the simplified method for plain vanilla options in accordance with Securities and Exchange Commission Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 107. The risk-free rates are based on the U.S. Treasury yield in effect at the time of the grant.

The total intrinsic value of options exercised was \$0.2 million during first quarter of fiscal year 2007. There were no options granted or exercised during the first quarter of fiscal year 2006.

Outstanding and exercisable options presented by exercise price as of December 29, 2006 are as follows:

Exercise Price	Options Outstanding		Weighted-Average Remaining Contractual Life (Years)	Options Exercisable	
	Number of Options	Outstanding		Number of Options	Weighted-Average Remaining Contractual Life (Years)
\$ 0.20	695,126	6.20	695,126	6.20	
\$ 0.74	194,292	3.68	194,292	3.68	
\$ 1.08	8,079	7.10	8,079	7.10	
\$ 4.32	1,864,578	7.25	1,352,824	7.27	
\$ 6.61	54,480	7.75	54,480	7.75	
\$ 6.98	30,588	8.20	19,118	8.20	
\$ 14.22	285,000	9.94			
\$ 18.00	294,000	9.33			
	3,426,143	7.25	2,323,919	6.67	

As of December 29, 2006, there was approximately \$4.5 million of total unrecognized compensation costs related to nonvested stock options, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average vesting period of 2.7 years.

**Restricted Stock Awards:** There were 9,999 shares of restricted stock outstanding as of December 29, 2006 and September 29, 2006. The restricted stock awards vest over periods of one to three years and have a 10 year contractual life.

A summary of the status of the Company's nonvested restricted stock awards as of December 29, 2006, and changes during the fiscal quarter then ended is presented below:

	Number of Shares	Weighted- Average Grant- Date Fair Value
Nonvested at September 29, 2006	9,999	\$ 18.00
Granted		
Vested		
Forfeited		
Nonvested at December 29, 2006	9,999	\$ 18.00

As of December 29, 2006, there was \$0.1 million of total unrecognized compensation costs related to nonvested restricted stock awards, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average vesting period of 1.2 years.

**Share-Based Compensation Cost:** There was no unrecognized compensation cost relating to stock options outstanding at the beginning of fiscal year 2006 and no stock options were granted during the first quarter of fiscal year 2006. Therefore, there was no share-based compensation cost in the first quarter of fiscal year 2006. Total share-based compensation cost for the Company's stock plans in first quarter of fiscal year 2007 comprise the following:

	Quarter Ended December 29, 2006
Share-based compensation cost recognized in the income statement by caption:	
Cost of sales	\$ 39
Research and development	10
Selling and marketing	19
General and administrative	137
	\$ 205
Share-based compensation cost capitalized in inventory	\$ 44
Share-based compensation cost remaining in inventory at end of period	\$ 29
Share-based compensation expense by type of award:	
Stock options	\$ 175
Restricted stock	30
	\$ 205

## 6. Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company uses forward exchange contracts to hedge the foreign currency exposure associated with forecasted manufacturing costs in Canada. As of December 29, 2006, CPI had outstanding forward contract commitments to purchase Canadian dollars for an aggregate U.S. notional amount of \$17.3 million; the last forward contract expires on September 24, 2007. At December 29, 2006 and

September 29, 2006, the fair value of foreign currency forward contracts was a liability of \$0.5 million and an asset of \$0.1 million, respectively, and the unrealized (loss) gain was approximately \$(0.3) million and \$8 thousand, net of related tax expense, respectively.

The Company's foreign currency forward contracts are designated as a cash flow hedge and are considered highly effective, as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 133, Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities. The unrealized gains and losses from foreign exchange forward contracts are included in Accumulated other comprehensive income in the condensed consolidated balance sheets, and the Company anticipates recognizing the entire unrealized loss in operating earnings within the next twelve months. Changes in the fair value of foreign currency forward contracts due to changes in time value are excluded from the assessment of effectiveness, and are recognized in General and Administrative in the condensed consolidated statements of operations when the hedged item affects earnings. The time value was not material for first quarter of fiscal years 2007 and 2006. If the transaction being hedged fails to occur, or if a portion of any derivative is ineffective, the Company promptly recognizes the gain or loss on the associated financial instrument in the condensed consolidated statements of operations. No ineffective amounts were recognized due to anticipated transactions failing to occur in the first quarter of fiscal years 2007 and 2006. Realized gains and losses from foreign currency forward contracts are recognized in cost of sales and general and administrative in the condensed consolidated statements of operations. Net income in the first quarter of fiscal year 2007 includes a recognized loss from foreign currency forward contracts of \$0.1 million. Net income in the first quarter of fiscal year 2006 includes a recognized gain from foreign currency forward contracts of \$0.4 million.

In April 2005, the Company expanded its use of derivatives to hedge the interest rate exposure associated with the FR Notes. On April 15, 2005, the Company entered into an \$80 million interest rate swap contract (the Swap) to receive variable rate 6-month LIBOR interest and pay 4.15% fixed rate interest, which when combined with the 5.75% margin, results in a fixed rate of 9.9% on the FR Notes through January 31, 2008. The Swap interest payments are made semi-annually, beginning with the first payment on February 1, 2006. The Swap matures on January 31, 2008. In fiscal year 2005, the Company deposited \$1.0 million as collateral for the Swap; the amount of collateral fluctuates based on the fair value of the Swap. In fiscal year 2006, the Company received a \$0.5 million refund of the Swap collateral. The Swap collateral remaining is reported as Other long-term assets in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets. The unrealized gains and losses from the Swap are included in Accumulated other comprehensive income in the condensed consolidated balance sheets. The ineffective portion of the Swap was not significant and the interest rate swap gain or loss are included in the assessment of hedge effectiveness. At December 29, 2006 and September 29, 2006, the fair value of the Swap was an asset of \$1.0 million and \$1.1 million, respectively, and the unrealized gain, net of related tax expense, was approximately \$0.6 million and \$0.7 million, respectively.

## 7. **Income Taxes**

The Company's effective tax rate was approximately 39% for the first quarter of fiscal year 2007 and 48% for the first quarter of fiscal year 2006. The effective tax rate for the first quarter of fiscal year 2006 included a \$0.3 million charge attributable to the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2005; consisting of \$0.5 million to correct the overstatement of tax benefits recorded in the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2005 for stock-based compensation expense that is not deductible for income tax purposes in a foreign tax jurisdiction, offset by reversal of a \$0.2 million tax contingency reserve that was no longer required.

Without the correction to the overstatement of tax benefits, the Company's effective tax rate for the first quarter of fiscal year 2006 would have been approximately 41%.

## 8. Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is computed using the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share is computed using the weighted-average number of common and dilutive potential common equivalent shares outstanding during the period. Potential common equivalent shares consist of common stock issuable upon exercise of stock options using the treasury stock method.

The following table is a reconciliation of the shares used to calculate basic and diluted earnings per share:

		Quarter Ended December 29, 2006	December 30, 2005
Weighted average common shares outstanding	Basic	16,063,221	13,078,954
Effect of dilutive stock options		1,481,142	1,689,128
Weighted average common shares outstanding	Diluted	17,544,363	14,768,082

As further discussed in Note 4, on April 7, 2006, in connection with the amendment and restatement of its certificate of incorporation, the Company effected a 3.059-to-1 split of its outstanding shares of common stock as of such date. All share and per share amounts have been retroactively restated to reflect this stock split.

## 9. Segments, Geographic and Customer Information

The Company's reportable segments are VED and satcom equipment. The VED segment develops, manufactures and distributes high power/high frequency microwave and radio frequency signal components. The satcom equipment segment manufactures and supplies high power amplifiers and networks for satellite communication uplink and industrial applications. Segment information reported below is consistent with the manner in which it is reviewed and evaluated by the Company's chief operating decision maker, its Chief Executive Officer, and is based on the nature of the Company's operations and products offered to customers.

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Summarized financial information concerning the Company's reportable segments is shown in the following tables:

	<b>Quarter Ended December 29, 2006</b>	<b>December 30, 2005</b>
<b>Sales from external customers</b>		
VEDs	\$ 66,975	\$ 63,196
Satcom equipment	16,748	19,183
	\$ 83,723	\$ 82,379
<b>Intersegment product transfers</b>		
VEDs	\$ 5,123	\$ 6,208
Satcom equipment		
	\$ 5,123	\$ 6,208
<b>EBITDA</b>		
VEDs	\$ 17,584	\$ 16,065
Satcom equipment	1,497	2,891
Other	(1,996 )	(6,441 )
	\$ 17,085	\$ 12,515

Amounts not reported as VED or satcom equipment are reported as other. Other consists primarily of corporate operating expenses and certain other expenses that are managed by the corporate organization, such as business combination-related expenses, share-based compensation expense, and certain non-recurring or unusual expenses. The first quarter of fiscal year 2006 included non-recurring expenses for a special bonus of \$3.25 million and expenses of \$1.8 million related to the relocation of the Company's Eimac operations from its former San Carlos, California facility to its nearby Palo Alto, California and Mountain View, California facilities. The special bonus was paid to employees and directors (other than directors who are employees or affiliates of Cypress) to reward them for the increase in Company value. Relocation expenses included move expenses and unfavorable overhead absorption and manufacturing variances for the Eimac operations.

EBITDA represents earnings before provision for income taxes, net interest expense and depreciation and amortization. For the reasons listed below, the Company believes that GAAP-based financial information for leveraged businesses such as the Company's business should be supplemented by EBITDA so that investors better understand the Company's financial performance in connection with their analysis of the Company's business:

- EBITDA is a component of the measures used by the Company's board of directors and management team to evaluate the Company's operating performance;
- the Senior Credit Facility contains covenants that require the Company to maintain certain interest expense coverage and leverage ratios that contain EBITDA as a component, and the Company's management team uses EBITDA to monitor compliance with such covenants;
- EBITDA is a component of the measures used by the Company's management team to make day-to-day operating decisions;

- EBITDA facilitates comparisons between the Company's operating results and those of competitors with different capital structures and therefore is a component of the measures used by the Company's management to facilitate internal comparisons to competitors' results and the Company's industry in general; and
- the payment of management bonuses is contingent upon, among other things, the satisfaction by the Company of certain targets that contain EBITDA as a component.

Other companies may define EBITDA differently and, as a result, our measure of EBITDA may not be directly comparable to EBITDA of other companies. Although the Company uses EBITDA as a financial measure to assess the performance of its business, the use of EBITDA is limited because it does not include certain material costs, such as interest and taxes, necessary to operate the Company's business. When analyzing the Company's performance, EBITDA should be considered in addition to, and not as a substitute for, net income, cash flows from operating activities or other statements of operations or statements of cash flows data prepared in accordance with GAAP.

The following table reconciles net income to EBITDA:

	<b>Quarter Ended December 29, 2006</b>	<b>December 30, 2005</b>
Net income	\$ 5,835	\$ 2,215
Depreciation and amortization	2,194	2,156
Interest expense, net	5,339	6,064
Income tax expense	3,717	2,080
EBITDA	\$ 17,085	\$ 12,515

Geographic sales by customer location were as follows for external customers:

	<b>Quarter Ended December 29, 2006</b>	<b>December 30, 2005</b>
United States	\$ 49,504	\$ 51,000
All foreign countries	34,219	31,379
Total sales	\$ 83,723	\$ 82,379

Net property, plant and equipment by geographic area was as follows:

	December 29, 2006			September 29, 2006		
	Cost	Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization	Net Property, Plant and Equipment	Cost	Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization	Net Property, Plant and Equipment
United States	\$ 65,345	\$ (12,614 )	\$ 52,731	\$ 64,527	\$ (11,221 )	\$ 53,306
Canada	13,935	(1,603 )	12,332	11,915	(1,440 )	10,475
Other	173	(116 )	57	177	(107 )	70
Total	\$ 79,453	\$ (14,333 )	\$ 65,120	\$ 76,619	\$ (12,768 )	\$ 63,851

The United States Government is the only customer that accounted for 10% or more of the Company's consolidated sales in the first quarter of fiscal years 2007 and 2006. Direct sales to the United States Government were \$14.9 million and \$12.7 million for first quarter of fiscal years 2007 and 2006, respectively. Accounts receivable from this customer represented 14% of consolidated accounts receivable as of December 29, 2006 and September 29, 2006.

There were no individual foreign countries with sales greater than 10% of total sales for the periods presented.

## 10. Sale of San Carlos Assets

In February 2003, the Company entered into an agreement to sell the land and close its facilities located in San Carlos, California to consolidate the San Carlos operations into the Company's existing facility in nearby Palo Alto, California. In September 2006, the sale was completed. The aggregate sales proceeds were \$24.8 million, of which \$11.3 million was received in September 2006 and \$13.5 million was received as advance payments in fiscal 2004. The Company had total selling costs of \$1.3 million related to the sale of the San Carlos property. The aggregate sales proceeds of \$24.8 million less the related selling costs of \$1.3 million, offset by the land and building's net book value of approximately \$23.5 million, resulted in no gain or loss on sale.

## 11. Special Cash Dividend

In December 2005, the Board of Directors declared and paid a special cash dividend to stockholders of \$17.0 million. This dividend was paid using (a) the \$10.0 million in net proceeds obtained from the additional borrowing under the Senior Credit Facility in connection with the December 2005 amendment thereto, and (b) available cash.

## 12. Recently Released Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2006, the Emerging Issues Task Force reached a consensus, ratified by the Financial Accounting Standards Board ( FASB ) in June 2006, on Issue No. 06-3, How Taxes Collected from Customers and Remitted to Governmental Authorities Should Be Presented in the Income Statement (i.e., Gross versus Net Presentation). The primary focus of this Issue is to require the disclosure of the accounting policy for any tax assessed by a government authority that is directly imposed on a revenue producing transaction (i.e., gross or net basis) for each period for which an income statement is presented if those amounts are significant. The Company is required to adopt the provisions of Issue No. 06-3 beginning in its second quarter of fiscal 2007 and its adoption is not expected to have a material impact on its financial condition or results of operations.

In June 2006, the FASB issued Interpretation 48, *Accounting for Income Tax Uncertainties* (FIN 48). FIN 48 defines the threshold for recognizing the benefits of tax return positions in the financial statements as *more-likely-than-not* to be sustained by the taxing authority. The recently issued literature also provides guidance on the derecognition, measurement and classification of income tax uncertainties, along with any related interest and penalties. FIN 48 also includes guidance concerning accounting for income tax uncertainties in interim periods and increases the level of disclosures associated with any recorded income tax uncertainties. FIN 48 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006. Any differences between the amounts recognized in the statements of financial position prior to the adoption of FIN 48 and the amounts reported after adoption will be accounted for as a cumulative-effect adjustment recorded to the beginning balance of retained earnings. The Company is currently in the process of determining the impact, if any, of adopting the provisions of FIN 48 on its financial position, results of operations and liquidity.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements*, which defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value under other accounting pronouncements that permit or require fair value measurements, changes the methods used to measure fair value and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. In particular, disclosures are required to provide information on the extent to which fair value is used to measure assets and liabilities; the inputs used to develop measurements; and the effect of certain of the measurements on earnings (or changes in net assets). SFAS No. 157 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007 and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption, as of the beginning of an entity's fiscal year, is also permitted, provided interim financial statements have not yet been issued. The Company is currently evaluating the potential impact, if any, that the adoption of SFAS No. 157 will have on its condensed consolidated financial statements.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 158, *Employers' Accounting for Defined Benefit Pension and Other Postretirement Plans* an amendment of FASB Statements No. 87, 88, 106, and 132(R), which requires an employer to recognize the overfunded or underfunded status of a defined benefit plan as an asset or liability in its condensed consolidated balance sheet. Under SFAS No. 158, actuarial gains and losses and prior service costs or credits that have not yet been recognized through earnings as net periodic benefit cost will be recognized in other comprehensive income, net of tax, until they are amortized as a component of net periodic benefit cost. SFAS No. 158 is effective as of the end of the fiscal year ending after December 15, 2006 and shall not be applied retrospectively. The Company is currently evaluating the impact, if any, that the adoption of SFAS No. 158 will have on its condensed consolidated financial statements.

In September 2006, the Securities and Exchange Commission issued Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 108, *Considering the Effects of Prior Year Misstatements when Quantifying Misstatements in Current Year Financial Statements* (SAB No. 108). SAB No. 108 provides guidance on how prior year misstatements should be considered when quantifying misstatements in the current year financial statements. SAB No. 108 requires registrants to quantify misstatements using both a balance sheet and an income statement approach and evaluate whether either approach results in quantifying a misstatement that, when all relevant quantitative and qualitative factors are considered, is material. SAB No. 108 does not change the guidance in SAB No. 99, *Materiality*, when evaluating the materiality of misstatements. SAB No. 108 is effective for fiscal years ending after November 15, 2006. Upon initial application, SAB No. 108 permits a one-time cumulative effect adjustment to beginning retained earnings. The Company

believes at this time that the adoption of SAB No. 108 will not have a material impact on its condensed consolidated financial statements.

### 13. **Supplemental Guarantors Condensed Consolidating Financial Information (Unaudited)**

On January 23, 2004, CPI issued \$125.0 million of 8% Notes that are guaranteed by CPI International and all of CPI's domestic subsidiaries. Separate financial statements of the guarantors are not presented because (i) the guarantors are wholly-owned and have fully and unconditionally guaranteed the 8% Notes on a joint and several basis, and (ii) the Company's management has determined that such separate financial statements are not material to investors. Instead, presented below are the consolidating financial statements of: (a) the parent or CPI International, (b) the issuer, CPI, (c) the guarantor subsidiaries (all of the domestic subsidiaries), (d) the non-guarantor subsidiaries, (e) the consolidating elimination entries, and (f) the consolidated totals. The accompanying consolidating financial information should be read in connection with the condensed consolidated financial statements of CPI International.

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for based on the equity method. The principal elimination entries eliminate investments in subsidiaries, intercompany balances, intercompany transactions and intercompany sales.

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**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEET**  
**As of December 29, 2006**

	Parent (CPI Int 1)	Issuer (CPI)	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Consolidating Eliminations	Consolidated Total
<b>Assets</b>						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 276	\$ 29,528	\$ 930	\$ 1,895	\$	\$ 32,629
Restricted cash			1,174	777		1,951
Accounts receivable, net		19,883	7,983	12,878		40,744
Inventories		36,692	2,424	16,828	(1,304)	54,640
Deferred tax assets		11,100	3	781		11,884
Intercompany receivable		26,193	977	446	(27,616)	
Prepaid and other current assets	907	1,422	182	749		3,260
Total current assets	1,183	124,818	13,673	34,354	(28,920)	145,108
Property, plant and equipment, net		49,843	2,904	12,373		65,120
Deferred debt issue costs, net	3,068	6,217				9,285
Intangible assets, net		59,504	6,652	8,722		74,878
Goodwill		93,348	5,848	48,263		147,459
Other long-term assets	569	407				976
Intercompany notes receivable		1,035			(1,035)	
Investment in subsidiaries	212,913	57,567			(270,480)	
Total assets	\$ 217,733	\$ 392,739	\$ 29,077	\$ 103,712	\$ (300,435)	\$ 442,826
<b>Liabilities and stockholders equity</b>						
Accounts payable	\$ 201	\$ 6,877	\$ 424	\$ 8,205	\$	\$ 15,707
Accrued expenses	3,278	17,232	921	6,505		27,936
Product warranty		3,489	204	2,149		5,842
Income taxes payable		3,089	310	5,706		9,105
Advance payments from customers		3,923	1,686	1,215		6,824
Intercompany payable	27,616				(27,616)	
Total current liabilities	31,095	34,610	3,545	23,780	(27,616)	65,414
Deferred income taxes	371	23,742		5,864		29,977
Intercompany notes payable				1,035	(1,035)	
Long-term debt, less current portion	79,294	162,500				241,794
Other long-term liabilities		51				51
Total liabilities	110,760	220,903	3,545	30,679	(28,651)	337,236
Common stock	161					161
Parent investment		121,692	22,228	57,572	(201,492)	
Additional paid-in capital	65,765					65,765
Accumulated other comprehensive income	290	(315)		(19)	334	290
Retained earnings	40,757	50,459	3,304	15,480	(70,626)	39,374
Net stockholders equity	106,973	171,836	25,532	73,033	(271,784)	105,590
Total liabilities and stockholders equity	\$ 217,733	\$ 392,739	\$ 29,077	\$ 103,712	\$ (300,435)	\$ 442,826

**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEET**  
**As of September 29, 2006**

	Parent (CPI Int l)	Issuer (CPI)	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Consolidating Eliminations	Consolidated Total
<b>Assets</b>						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 139	\$ 28,299	\$ 290	\$ 1,425	\$	\$ 30,153
Restricted cash			941	805		1,746
Accounts receivable, net		22,642	7,132	13,854		43,628
Inventories		34,659	2,215	18,540	(1,383)	54,031
Deferred tax assets		10,703	3	814		11,520
Intercompany receivable		27,988	2,748		(30,736)	
Prepaid and other current assets	887	1,238	165	790		3,080
Total current assets	1,026	125,529	13,494	36,228	(32,119)	144,158
Property, plant and equipment, net		50,344	2,982	10,525		63,851
Deferred debt issue costs, net	3,123	6,521				9,644
Intangible assets, net		59,901	6,715	8,873		75,489
Goodwill		93,378	5,848	48,263		147,489
Other long-term assets	731	397				1,128
Intercompany notes receivable		1,035			(1,035)	
Investment in subsidiaries	204,778	55,247			(260,025)	
Total assets	\$ 209,658	\$ 392,352	\$ 29,039	\$ 103,889	\$ (293,179)	\$ 441,759
<b>Liabilities and stockholders equity</b>						
Current portion of long-term debt	\$	\$ 1,714	\$	\$	\$	\$ 1,714
Accounts payable	199	9,667	490	8,745		19,101
Accrued expenses	1,298	16,130	921	4,920		23,269
Product warranty		3,506	204	2,248		5,958
Income taxes payable		4,778	204	5,711		10,693
Advance payments from customers		3,451	909	1,950		6,310
Intercompany payable	27,744			2,992	(30,736)	
Total current liabilities	29,241	39,246	2,728	26,566	(30,736)	67,045
Deferred income taxes	447	23,578		5,908		29,933
Intercompany notes payable				1,035	(1,035)	
Long-term debt, less current portion	79,281	165,786				245,067
Other long-term liabilities		41				41
Total liabilities	108,969	228,651	2,728	33,509	(31,771)	342,086
Common stock	160					160
Parent investment		120,705	22,228	57,536	(200,469)	
Additional paid-in capital	65,295					65,295
Accumulated other comprehensive income	679	8		(23)	15	679
Retained earnings	34,555	42,988	4,083	12,867	(60,954)	33,539
Net stockholders equity	100,689	163,701	26,311	70,380	(261,408)	99,673
Total liabilities and stockholders equity	\$ 209,658	\$ 392,352	\$ 29,039	\$ 103,889	\$ (293,179)	\$ 441,759

**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS**  
**For the Quarter Ended December 29, 2006**

	Parent (CPI Int 1)	Issuer (CPI)	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Consolidating Eliminations	Consolidated Total
Sales	\$	\$ 51,365	\$ 14,580	\$ 34,543	\$ (16,765 )	\$ 83,723
Cost of sales		35,495	12,065	26,426	(16,844 )	57,142
Gross profit		15,870	2,515	8,117	79	26,581
Operating costs and expenses:						
Research and development		643		1,248		1,891
Selling and marketing		1,969	829	2,031		4,829
General and administrative		3,691	207	506		4,404
Amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets		334	63	151		548
Net loss on disposition of assets				18		18
Total operating costs and expenses		6,637	1,099	3,954		11,690
Operating income		9,233	1,416	4,163	79	14,891
Interest expense (income), net	2,048	3,291	(6 )	6		5,339
(Loss) income before income tax expense and equity in income of subsidiaries	(2,048 )	5,942	1,422	4,157	79	9,552
Income tax (benefit) expense	(779 )	2,571	381	1,544		3,717
Equity in income of subsidiaries	7,104	3,733			(10,837 )	
Net income	\$ 5,835	\$ 7,104	\$ 1,041	\$ 2,613	\$ (10,758 )	\$ 5,835

**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS**  
**For the Quarter Ended December 30, 2005**

	Parent (CPI Int 1)	Issuer (CPI)	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Consolidating Eliminations	Consolidated Total
Sales	\$	\$ 52,004	\$ 12,942	\$ 34,808	\$ (17,375 )	\$ 82,379
Cost of sales		38,289	10,702	25,469	(17,289 )	57,171
Gross profit		13,715	2,240	9,339	(86 )	25,208
Operating costs and expenses:						
Research and development		844		1,066		1,910
Selling and marketing		2,165	869	1,990		5,024
General and administrative		4,786	299	2,217		7,302
Amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets		334	63	151		548
Net loss on disposition of assets		29		36		65
Total operating costs and expenses		8,158	1,231	5,460		14,849
Operating income		5,557	1,009	3,879	(86 )	10,359
Interest expense (income), net	2,048	4,007	(5 )	14		6,064
(Loss) income before income tax expense and equity in income of subsidiaries	(2,048 )	1,550	1,014	3,865	(86 )	4,295
Income tax (benefit) expense	(819 )	1,240	306	1,353		2,080
Equity in income of subsidiaries	3,444	3,220			(6,664 )	
Net income	\$ 2,215	\$ 3,530	\$ 708	\$ 2,512	\$ (6,750 )	\$ 2,215

**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**  
**For the Quarter Ended December 29, 2006**

	Parent (CPI Int l)	Issuer (CPI)	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Consolidating Eliminations	Consolidated Total
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>						
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	\$ (126 )	\$ 7,006	\$ 642	\$ 2,520	\$	\$ 10,042
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>						
Capital expenditures		(819 )	(2 )	(2,050 )		(2,871 )
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities		(819 )	(2 )	(2,050 )		(2,871 )
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>						
Repayments of debt		(5,000 )				(5,000 )
Proceeds from issuance of common stock to employees	197					197
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	66					66
Excess tax benefit on stock option exercises		42				42
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	263	(4,958 )				(4,695 )
<b>Net increase in cash and cash equivalents</b>	137	1,229	640	470		2,476
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	139	28,299	290	1,425		30,153
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 276	\$ 29,528	\$ 930	\$ 1,895	\$	\$ 32,629

**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**  
**For the Quarter Ended December 30, 2005**

	Parent (CPI Int l)	Issuer (CPI)	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Consolidating Eliminations	Consolidated Total
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>						
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	\$ (31 )	\$ (4,181 )	\$ 217	\$ 4,193	\$	\$ 198
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>						
Expenses relating to sale of San Carlos property		(3 )				(3 )
Capital expenditures		(2,780 )	(25 )	(140 )		(2,945 )
Net cash used in investing activities		(2,783 )	(25 )	(140 )		(2,948 )
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>						
Proceeds from issuance of debt		10,000				10,000
Stockholder distribution payments	(17,000 )					(17,000 )
Intercompany dividends	17,000	(17,000 )				
Net cash used in financing activities		(7,000 )				(7,000 )
<b>Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents</b>	(31 )	(13,964 )	192	4,053		(9,750 )
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	33	25,528	323	627		26,511
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 2	\$ 11,564	\$ 515	\$ 4,680	\$	\$ 16,761



## Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

*Our fiscal years are the 52- or 53-week periods that end on the Friday nearest September 30. Fiscal year 2007 comprises the 52-week period ending September 28, 2007 and fiscal year 2006 comprised the 52-week period ended September 29, 2006. The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements, and the notes thereto, of CPI International, Inc.*

### Overview

CPI International, Inc., headquartered in Palo Alto, California, is the parent company of Communications & Power Industries, Inc., a leading provider of microwave, radio frequency, power and control solutions for critical defense, communications, medical, scientific and other applications. Communications & Power Industries, Inc. develops, manufactures and distributes products used to generate, amplify and transmit high-power/high-frequency microwave and radio frequency signals and/or provide power and control for various applications. End-use applications of these systems include the transmission of radar signals for navigation and location; transmission of deception signals for electronic countermeasures; transmission and amplification of voice, data and video signals for broadcasting, Internet and other types of communications; providing power and control for medical diagnostic imaging; and generating microwave energy for radiation therapy in the treatment of cancer and for various industrial and scientific applications.

Unless the context otherwise requires, CPI International means CPI International, Inc., and CPI means Communications & Power Industries, Inc. CPI is a direct subsidiary of CPI International. CPI International is a holding company with no operations of its own. The terms we, us, our and the Company refer to CPI International and its direct and indirect subsidiaries on a consolidated basis.

### Eimac Relocation

We began the relocation of our Eimac operations ( Eimac ) from our former San Carlos, California facility to our nearby Palo Alto, California and Mountain View, California facilities during fiscal year 2005. On June 1, 2006, we made organizational changes and consolidated the operating activities of Eimac into our Microwave Power Products division, which also operates in our Palo Alto facility. The integration of Eimac into our Palo Alto operations was substantially complete by December 2006.

As part of this relocation, Eimac experienced planned manufacturing disruptions stemming from the decommissioning of our production equipment in San Carlos and the required reconfiguration, installation and testing of that equipment prior to production readiness in Palo Alto. During fiscal year 2005, in anticipation of these planned disruptions, customers accelerated the placement of orders with Eimac. This order acceleration in fiscal year 2005, and the subsequent acceleration of product shipments, caused a reduction of customers' demand requirements from Eimac during the first half of fiscal year 2006, particularly in our medical, communications and industrial markets.

**The Eimac relocation negatively impacted Eimac orders and sales for the first quarter of fiscal year 2006 as compared to the first quarter of fiscal year 2007. By the first quarter of fiscal year 2007, orders and sales rates for Eimac had recovered to near their historical levels. During the first quarter of fiscal year 2006, we incurred move related expenses and Eimac experienced unfavorable overhead absorption and manufacturing variances due to the reduction in sales volume and relocation disruptions.**

### Orders

We sell our products into six end markets: radar, electronic warfare, medical, communications, industrial and scientific.

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Our customer sales contracts are recorded as orders when we accept written customer purchase orders or contracts. Customer purchase orders with an undefined delivery schedule, or blanket purchase orders, are not reported as orders until the delivery date is determined. Our government sales contracts are not reported as orders until we have been notified that the contract has been funded. Total orders for a fiscal period represent the total dollar amount of customer orders recorded by us during the fiscal period, reduced by the dollar amount of any order cancellations or terminations during the fiscal period.

Our orders by market for the first quarter of fiscal years 2007 and 2006 are summarized as follows (dollars in millions):

	Quarter Ended December 29, 2006		December 30, 2005		Increase (Decrease)	
	Amount	% of Orders	Amount	% of Orders	Amount	Percent
Radar	\$ 40.1	48 %	\$ 36.4	42 %	\$ 3.7	10 %
Electronic Warfare	2.5	3	4.7	5	(2.2 )	(47 )
Medical	10.9	13	10.5	12	0.4	4
Communications	24.3	29	28.8	33	(4.5 )	(16 )
Industrial	4.3	5	4.7	6	(0.4 )	(9 )
Scientific	2.2	2	1.3	2	0.9	69
Total	\$ 84.3	100 %	\$ 86.4	100 %	\$ (2.1 )	(2 )%

Explanations for the order increase or decrease by market for the first quarter of fiscal year 2007 compared to the first quarter of fiscal year 2006 are as follows:

- **Radar and Electronic Warfare:** The majority of our sales in the radar and electronic warfare markets are for products for domestic and international defense and government end uses. Orders in these markets are characterized by many smaller orders in the \$0.5 million to \$3.0 million range by product or program. On a combined basis, orders for these two markets increased from an aggregate of \$41.1 million in the first quarter of fiscal year 2006 to an aggregate of \$42.6 million in first quarter fiscal year 2007. This approximate 4% overall increase in orders for these markets on a combined basis is consistent with our expectations of overall low-to-mid-single digit percentage average long-term annual growth in these markets taken on a combined basis.
- **Medical:** The increase in medical orders from the first quarter of fiscal year 2006 to the first quarter of fiscal year 2007 was due to continued increases in orders for our x-ray generators both from U.S. and international customers due to growth in the overall market and our share of this market. The first quarter of fiscal year 2006 included a quarterly order from Varian Medical Systems, Inc. for x-ray generators, whereas in the first quarter of fiscal year 2007, we did not book a similar order from this customer, as the customer had placed its annual order in the prior quarter.
- **Communications:** The decrease in communications orders was primarily attributable to the cyclical nature of orders in this market. In the first quarter of fiscal year 2006, we received orders for amplifiers used in military communications, direct-to-home broadcast applications and mobile or temporary uplink satellite applications. Orders in the first quarter of fiscal year 2007 decreased by \$4.5 million due to the timing of these orders, as orders for these products did not repeat in the first quarter of fiscal 2007. Customers in the direct-to-home broadcast

market historically place large orders for satcom amplifiers when they are expanding their broadcast facilities and then reduce their orders as those products are deployed. We expect that orders for direct-to-home products will return to higher levels within the next year. The overall order decrease in the communications market was partially offset by order increases for certain newer satellite communications products that are gaining market acceptance.

- **Industrial:** Orders in the industrial market, one of our smallest markets, are cyclical and generally reflect the performance of the overall economy. The decrease in industrial orders was attributable to the timing of orders for amplifiers used in industrial test systems for military and commercial customers.
- **Scientific:** Orders in the scientific market, our smallest market, are historically one-time projects and can fluctuate significantly from period to period. The increase in scientific orders was primarily the result of several smaller orders for fusion and other scientific programs.

Incoming order levels fluctuate significantly on a quarterly or annual basis, and a particular quarter's or year's order rate may not be indicative of future order levels. In addition, our sales are highly dependent upon manufacturing scheduling and performance and, accordingly, it is not possible to accurately predict when orders will be recognized as sales.

### Results of Operations

We derive our revenue primarily from the sale of microwave and radio frequency products, including high-power microwave amplifiers, satellite communications amplifiers, medical x-ray imaging subsystems, and other related products. Our products generally have selling prices ranging from \$2,000 to \$100,000, with certain limited products priced up to \$1,000,000.

Cost of goods sold generally includes costs for raw materials, manufacturing costs, including allocation of overhead and other indirect costs, charges for reserves for excess and obsolete inventory, warranty claims and losses on fixed price contracts. Operating expenses generally consist of research and development, selling and marketing and general and administrative expenses.

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The following table sets forth our historical results of operations for each of the periods indicated (dollars in millions):

	Quarter Ended December 29, 2006		%	December 30, 2005		%	Increase (Decrease)		%
	Amount	% of Sales		Amount	% of Sales		Amount	% of Sales	
Sales	\$ 83.7	100.0	%	\$ 82.4	100.0	%	\$ 1.3		
Cost of sales (a)	57.1	68.2		57.2	69.4		(0.1)	)	(1.2)
Gross profit	26.6	31.8		25.2	30.6		1.4		1.2
Research and development	1.9	2.3		1.9	2.3				(0.0)
Selling and marketing (a)	4.8	5.7		5.0	6.1		(0.2)	)	