NORTECH SYSTEMS INC Form 10-Q August 14, 2018 Table of Contents

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D. C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark	One)
(IVIGIE)	One

x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2018

OR

o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

NORTECH SYSTEMS INCORPORATED

Commission file number 0-13257

State of Incorporation: Minnesota

IRS Employer Identification No. 41-1681094

Executive Offices: 7550 Meridian Circle N., Suite # 150, Maple Grove, MN 55369

Telephone number: (952) 345-2244

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulations S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer, smaller reporting company and emerging growth company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large Accelerated Filer O
Non-accelerated Filer O
Emerging growth company O

Accelerated Filer O
Smaller Reporting Company X

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. O

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No x

Number of shares of \$.01 par value common stock outstanding at August 9, 2018 was 2,684,051

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PART

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NORTECH SYSTEMS INCORPORATED AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

(UNAUDITED)

(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT SHARE DATA)

		THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30,			SIX MONT	IDED	
		2018	200,	2017	2018	200,	2017
Net Sales	\$	28,538	\$	30,134 \$	54,985	\$	58,452
Cost of Goods Sold		24,721		26,769	48,140		51,995
Gross Profit		3,817		3,365	6,845		6,457
Operating Expenses		4.025			2.077		2.722
Selling Expenses		1,037		1,327	2,075		2,532
General and Administrative Expenses Gain on Sale of Property and Equipment		2,046		1,944 (1)	4,155		4,065 (355)
Total Operating Expenses		3.083		3,270	6,230		6,242
Total Operating Expenses		3,003		3,270	0,230		0,242
Income From Operations		734		95	615		215
Other Expense							
Loss on Extinguishment of Debt				(175)			(175)
Interest Expense		(209)		(142)	(382)		(281)
Income (Loss) Before Income Taxes		525		(222)	233		(241)
Income Tax Expense (Benefit)		135		(206)	235		(211)
Net Income (Loss)	\$	390	\$	(16) \$	(2)	\$	(30)
Net Income (Loss) Per Common Share - Basic and Diluted	\$	0.14	\$	(0.01) \$	(0.00)	\$	(0.01)
Weighted Average Number of Common Shares Outstanding - Basic and Diluted		2,695,994		2,747,831	2,708,234		2,747,831
Other comprehensive income (loss)		(126)		1	(5.4)		(2)
Foreign currency translation	\$	(126) 264	¢	1 (15) \$	(54)	¢	(3)
Comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	Э	204	\$	(13) \$	(56)	\$	(33)

See Accompanying Condensed Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

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NORTECH SYSTEMS INCORPORATED AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT SHARE DATA)

	JUNE 30, 2018 (Unaudited)	D	ECEMBER 31, 2017(1)
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash	\$ 437	\$	473
Restricted Cash	234		306
Accounts Receivable, less allowances of \$204 and \$209	19,309		17,417
Inventories	13,969		18,527
Contract Assets	6,547		
Prepaid Expenses and Other Current Assets	1,259		1,044
Total Current Assets	41,755		37,767
Property and Equipment, Net	10,110		10,176
Goodwill	2,375		2,375
Other Intangible Assets, Net	1,633		1,739
Other Non Current Assets	28		28
Total Assets	\$ 55,901	\$	52,085
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY			
Current Liabilities			
Current Maturities of Long-Term Debt	\$ 1,014	\$	1,003
Current Portion of Capital Lease Obligation	346		295
Accounts Payable	15,676		11,699
Accrued Payroll and Commissions	3,275		2,900
Other Accrued Liabilities	2,340		2,148
Total Current Liabilities	22,651		18,045
Long-Term Liabilities			
Long Term Line of Credit	7,142		8,503
Long-Term Debt, Net	3,843		4,353
Long-Term Capital Lease Obligation, Net	1,105		1,222
Other Long-Term Liabilities	151		137
Total Long-Term Liabilities	12,241		14,215
Total Liabilities	34,892		32,260
Commitments and Contingencies			
Sharahaldara Equity			
Shareholders Equity Preferred Stock, \$1 par value; 1,000,000 Shares Authorized: 250,000 Shares Issued and			
	250		250
Outstanding Common Stock - \$0.01 par value; 9,000,000 Shares Authorized: 2,686,328 and 2,739,250	250		250
	07		27
Shares Issued and Outstanding, respectively	15.610		15.760
Additional Paid-In Capital	15,619		15,760
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	(155)		(101)
Retained Earnings Total Shareholders Equity	5,268		3,889
Total Shareholders Equity	21,009		19,825

Total Liabilities and Shareholders Equity \$ 55,901 \$ 52,085

(1) The balance sheet at December 31, 2017 has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date

See Accompanying Condensed Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

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NORTECH SYSTEMS INCORPORATED AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(UNAUDITED)

(IN THOUSANDS)

	SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30,			DED
		2018	ĺ	2017
Cash Flows From Operating Activities				
Net Loss	\$	(2)	\$	(30)
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Loss to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities				
Depreciation and Amortization		1,108		1,233
Compensation on Stock-Based Awards and Equity Appreciation Rights		45		10
Loss on Extinguishment of Debt				17
Change in Contingent Consideration				(87)
Change in Accounts Receivable Allowance		(5)		(739)
Change in Inventory Reserves		73		229
Gain on Disposal of Property and Equipment				(355)
Changes in Current Operating Items				
Accounts Receivable		(1,886)		961
Inventories		(594)		(1,169)
Contract Assets		(88)		
Prepaid Expenses and Other Current Assets		(130)		(143)
Accounts Payable		3,722		1,288
Accrued Payroll and Commissions		374		(16)
Other Accrued Liabilities		124		94
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		2,741		1,293
Cash Flows from Investing Activities				
Proceeds from Sale of Property and Equipment				669
Purchase of Intangible Asset		(4)		(100)
Purchases of Property and Equipment		(557)		(359)
Net Cash (Used in) Provided by Investing Activities		(561)		210
Cash Flows from Financing Activities				
Net Change in Line of Credit		(1,361)		(672)
Proceeds from Long-Term Debt				5,123
Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt		(545)		(5,234)
Principal Payments on Capital Leases		(150)		
Loss on Extinguishment of Debt				(158)
Debt Issuance Costs				(268)
Share Repurchases		(186)		,
Net Cash Used in Financing Activities		(2,242)		(1,209)
G G		())		() /
Effect of Exchange Rate Changes on Cash		(46)		(25)
Net Change in Cash		(108)		269
Cash - Beginning of Period		779		268
Cash - Ending of Period	\$	671	\$	537

Reconciliation of cash and restricted cash reported within the condensed consolidated balance sheets

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Cash	\$ 437	\$ 191
Restricted Cash	234	346
Total cash and restricted cash reported in the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows	\$ 671	\$ 537
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information:		
Cash Paid During the Period for Interest	\$ 317	\$ 263
Cash Refunded During the Period for Income Taxes	167	23
Supplemental Noncash Investing and Financing Activities:		
Property and Equipment Purchases in Accounts Payable	284	244
Equipment Acquired under Capital Lease	83	

See Accompanying Condensed Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

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CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT SHARE AND PER SHARE DATA) (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements for the interim periods have been prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in the United States of America (GAAP) for interim financial information and pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Accordingly, they do not include all of the financial information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements, although we believe the disclosures are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. It is suggested that these condensed consolidated financial statements be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017. The operating results for the interim periods presented are not necessarily indicative of the results expected for the full year or for any other interim period. In our opinion, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. In preparing these condensed consolidated financial statements, we have made our best estimates and judgments of certain amounts included in the condensed consolidated financial statements, giving due consideration to materiality. Changes in the estimates and assumptions used by us could have a significant impact on our financial results, since actual results could differ from those estimates.

Principles of Consolidation

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Nortech Systems Incorporated and its wholly owned subsidiaries. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

Revenue Recognition

Our revenue is comprised of product, engineering services and repair services. All revenue is recognized when the Company satisfies its performance obligation(s) under the contract by transferring the promised product or service to our customer either when (or as) our customer obtains control of the product or service, with the majority of our revenue being recognized over time including goods produced under contract manufacturing agreements and services revenue. A performance obligation is a promise in a contract to transfer a distinct product or service to a customer. A contract s transaction price is allocated to each distinct performance obligation. The majority of our contracts have a single

performance obligation. Revenue is recorded net of returns, allowances and customer discounts. Our net sales for services were less than 10% of our total sales for all periods presented, and accordingly, are included in net sales in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss). Sales, value add, and other taxes collected from customers and remitted to governmental authorities are accounted for on a net (excluded from revenues) basis. Shipping and handling costs charged to our customers are included in net sales, while the corresponding shipping expenses are included in cost of goods sold.

Effective January 1, 2018, we adopted the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606) (ASU 2014-09), which supersedes the revenue recognition requirements in ASC 605, Revenue Recognition. ASU 2014-09 is based on the principle that revenue is recognized to depict the transfer of goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. It also requires additional disclosure about the nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of revenue, cash flows arising from

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customer contracts, including significant judgments and changes in judgments, and assets recognized from costs incurred to obtain or fulfill a contract. ASU 2014-09 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within that reporting period. The Company adopted the provisions of ASU 2014-09 using the modified retrospective approach with application to contracts that were not completed as of January 1, 2018. The adoption of ASU 2014-09 had a significant impact to the Company s results of operations, cash flow and financial position, and as a result we now recognize the majority of our revenue over time rather than upon shipment resulting in an adjustment to retained earnings of \$1,381 on January 1, 2018. The Company has presented the disclosures required by this new standard, refer to Note 3.

Stock-Based Awards

Following is the status of all stock options as of June 30, 2018:

	Shares	Weighted- Average Exercise Price Per Share		Weighted- Average Remaining Contractual Term (in years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (in thousands)	
Outstanding - January 1, 2018	187,750	\$	3.70			
Granted	134,000		3.77			
Exercised						
Cancelled						
Outstanding - June 30, 2018	321,750	\$	3.56	8.53	\$	18
Exercisable - June 30, 2018	87,750	\$	4.00	6.21	\$	3

The 2005 Plan has not been renewed, and therefore no further grants may be made under the 2005 Plan. In May 2017, the shareholders approved the 2017 Stock Incentive Plan which authorized the issuance of 350,000 shares. There were 114,000 and 134,000 stock options granted during the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, respectively.

Total compensation expense related to stock options for the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 was \$25 and \$9, respectively and \$45 and \$9 for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. As of June 30, 2018, there was \$315 of unrecognized compensation which will vest over the next 3.44 years.

In November 2010, the Board of Directors adopted the Nortech Systems Incorporated Equity Appreciation Rights Plan (2010 Plan). The total number of Equity Appreciation Right Units (Units) that can be issued under the 2010 Plan shall not exceed an aggregate of 1,000,000 Units as amended and restated on March 11, 2015. The 2010 Plan provides that Units issued shall fully vest three years from the base date as defined in the agreement unless terminated earlier. Units give the holder a right to receive a cash payment equal to the appreciation in book value per share of common stock from the base date, as defined, to the redemption date. Unit redemption payments under the 2010 Plan shall be paid in cash within 90 days after we determine the book value of the Units as of the calendar year immediately preceding the redemption date. The Units are adjusted to market value for each reporting period.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, no additional Units were granted. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, a total of 100,000 Units were granted.

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Total compensation expense (income) related to the vested outstanding Units based on the estimated appreciation over their remaining terms was \$0 and (\$7) for the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively and \$0 and \$1 for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

As of both June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, no amounts were accrued under this plan.

Net Income (Loss) per Common Share

For both the three months and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 all stock options are deemed to be antidilutive and, therefore, were not included in the computation of loss per common share amount.

Share Repurchase Program

As of June 30, 2018, we have a \$250 share repurchase program which was authorized by our Board of Directors in August 2017. Under this repurchase program, we repurchased 18,495 and 52,922 shares in the open market transactions totaling \$61 and \$186 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, respectively. As of June 30, 2018, we had \$27 remaining under this authorization. The par value of repurchased shares is deducted from common stock and the excess repurchase price over par value is deducted from additional paid-in capital.

Segment Reporting Information

All of our operations fall under the contract manufacturing segment within the electronic manufacturing Services industry. We strategically direct production between our various manufacturing facilities based on a number of considerations to best meet our customers—requirements. We share resources for sales, marketing, engineering, supply chain, information services, human resources, payroll, and all corporate accounting functions. Consolidated financial information is available that is evaluated regularly by the chief operating decision maker in assessing performance and allocating resources.

Restricted Cash

Cash and cash equivalents classified as restricted cash on our condensed consolidated balance sheets are restricted as to withdrawal or use under the terms of certain contractual agreements. The June 30, 2018 balance included lockbox deposits that are temporarily restricted due to timing at the period end. The lockbox deposits are applied against our line of credit the next business day. As of June 30, 2018, we had no outstanding letters of credit.

Accounts Receivable and Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Credit is extended based upon an evaluation of the customer s financial condition and, while collateral is not required, the Company periodically receives surety bonds that guarantee payment. Credit terms are consistent with industry standards and practices. The amounts of trade accounts receivable have been reduced by an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$204 at June 30, 2018 and \$209 at December 31, 2017.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out method) or net realizable value. Costs include material, labor, and overhead required in the warehousing and production of our products. Inventory reserves are maintained for the estimated value of the inventories that may have a lower value than stated or quantities in excess of future production needs.

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Inventories are as follows (in thousands):

	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
Raw Materials	\$ 14,397	\$ 13,870
Work in Process	307	3,112
Finished Goods	182	2,389
Reserves	(917)	(844)
Total	\$ 13,969	\$ 18,527

The primary decrease in work in process and finished goods inventory as of June 30, 2018 as compared to December 31, 2017 primarily relates to the adoption of ASU 2014-09 and the recognition of revenue over time rather than upon shipment of inventory. Refer to Note 3 for further information.

Other Intangible Assets

Other intangible assets at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 are as follows (in thousands):

			J	une 30, 2018	
	Years	Gross Carrying Amount		Accumulated Amortization	Net Book Value
Customer Relationships	9 \$	1,302	\$	434	\$ 868
Trade Names	3	100		44	56
Intellectual Property	20	814		122	692
Patents	7	17			17
Totals	\$	2,233	\$	600	\$ 1,633

	December 31, 2017						
		Gross					
		Carrying		Accumulated		Net Book	
	Years	Amount	A	Amortization		Value	
Customer Relationships	9 \$	1,302	\$	361	\$	941	
Intellectual Property	3	100		28		72	
Trade Names	20	814		102		712	
Patents	7	14				14	
Totals	\$	2,230	\$	491	\$	1,739	

Amortization expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 was \$55 and \$109, respectively. Amortization expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 was \$56 and \$106, respectively. Estimated future annual amortization expense (not including projects in process) related to these assets is approximately as follows (in thousands):

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Year	Ame	ount
Remainder of 2018	\$	110
2019		219
2020		191
2021		185
2022		185
Thereafter		726
Total	\$	1,616

Impairment of Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

In accordance with ASC 350, *Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets*, goodwill is not amortized but is required to be reviewed for impairment at least annually or when events or circumstances indicate that carrying value may exceed fair value. We test impairment annually as of October 1st. No events were identified during the six months ended June 30, 2018 that would require us to test for impairment. In testing goodwill for impairment we perform a quantitative impairment test, including computing the fair value of the reporting unit and comparing that value to its carrying value. If the fair value is less than its carrying value, then the goodwill is determined to be impaired. In the event that goodwill is impaired, an impairment charge to earnings would become necessary.

Impairment Analysis

We evaluate long-lived assets, primarily property and equipment and intangible assets, as well as the related depreciation periods, whenever current events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset or asset group may not be recoverable. Recoverability for assets to be held and used is based on our projection of the undiscounted future operating cash flows of the underlying assets. To the extent such projections indicate that future undiscounted cash flows are not sufficient to recover the carrying amounts of related assets, a charge might be required to reduce the carrying amount to equal estimated fair value. No impairment expense was recorded during the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Recently Issued Accounting Standards

During February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, Leases. ASU 2016-02 was issued to increase transparency and comparability among organizations by recognizing all lease transactions (with terms in excess of 12 months) on the balance sheet as a lease liability and a right-of-use asset (as defined). ASU 2016-02 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods within those fiscal years, with earlier application permitted. Upon adoption, the lessee will apply the new standard on a modified retrospective basis to all periods presented. We are currently assessing the effect that ASU 2016-02 will have on our consolidated financial statements.

In March 2018, we adopted FASB ASU 2018-05, *Income Taxes (Topic 740): Amendments to SEC Paragraphs Pursuant to SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 118*, which updates the income tax accounting in U.S. GAAP to reflect the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) interpretive guidance released on December 22, 2017, when the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the Tax Act) was signed into law. Additional information regarding the adoption of this standard is contained in Note 5, *Income Taxes*.

NOTE 2. CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK AND MAJOR CUSTOMERS

Financial instruments that potentially subject us to concentrations of credit risk consist principally of cash and accounts receivable. With regard to cash, we maintain our excess cash balances in checking accounts at primarily two financial institutions, one in the United States and one in China. The account in the United States may at times exceed federally insured limits. Of the \$671 in cash at June 30, 2018, approximately \$436 was held at banks located in China. We grant credit to customers in the normal course of business and do not require collateral on our accounts receivable.

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Our largest customer has two divisions that together accounted for 10% or more of our net sales during the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017. One division accounted for approximately 21% and 20% of net sales for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, respectively, and approximately 25% for both the three and six months ended June 30, 2017. The other division accounted for approximately 1% and 1% of net sales for the three months and six ended June 30, 2018, respectively, and approximately 1% and 2% of net sales for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, respectively. Together they accounted for approximately 22% and 21% of net sales for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, respectively, and approximately 27% of both the three and six months ended June 30, 2017. Accounts receivable from the customer at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 represented approximately 19% and 16% of our total accounts receivable, respectively.

Export sales represented approximately 21% and 17% of net sales for the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Export sales represented 20% and 16% of net sales for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

NOTE 3. REVENUE

Revenue recognition

Our revenue is comprised of product, engineering services and repair services. All revenue is recognized when the Company satisfies its performance obligation(s) under the contract by transferring the promised product or service to our customer either when (or as) our customer obtains control of the product or service, with the majority of our revenue being recognized over time including goods produced under contract manufacturing agreements and services revenue. A performance obligation is a promise in a contract to transfer a distinct product or service to a customer. A contract s transaction price is allocated to each distinct performance obligation. The majority of our contracts have a single performance obligation, as the promise to transfer products or services is not separately identifiable from other promises in the contract and, therefore, not distinct.

Revenue is measured as the amount of consideration we expect to receive in exchange for transferring products or providing services. As such, revenue is recorded net of returns, allowances and customer discounts. Sales, value add, and other taxes collected from customers and remitted to governmental authorities are accounted for on a net (excluded from revenues) basis. Shipping and handling costs are included in cost of goods sold.

The majority of our revenue is derived from the transfer of goods produced under contract manufacturing agreements which have no alternative use and we have an enforceable right to payment for our performance completed to date. Our performance obligations within our contract manufacturing agreements are generally satisfied over time as the goods are produced based on customer specifications and we have an enforceable right to payment for the goods produced. If these requirements are not met, the revenue is recognized at a point in time, generally upon shipment. Revenue under contract manufacturing agreements that was recognized over time accounted for approximately 91% of our revenue for both the three and six months ended June 30, 2018. Revenues under these agreements are generally recognized over time using an input measure based upon the proportion of actual costs incurred.

Accounting for contract manufacturing agreements involves the use of various techniques to estimate total revenue and costs. We estimate profit on these agreements as the difference between total estimated revenue and expected costs to complete the performance obligation within the terms of the agreement and recognize the respective profit as the goods are produced. The estimates to determine the profit earned on the

performance obligation are based on anticipated selling prices and historical cost of goods sold and represent our best judgement at the time. Changes in judgements on these above estimates could impact the timing and amount of revenue recognized with a resulting impact on the timing and amount of associated profit.

On occasion our customers provide materials to be used in the manufacturing process and the fair value of the materials is included in revenue as noncash consideration at the point in time when the manufacturing process

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commences along with the same corresponding amount recorded as cost of goods sold. The inclusion of noncash consideration has no impact on overall profitability.

Contract Assets

Contract assets, recorded as such in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet, consist of unbilled amounts related to revenue recognized over time. Significant changes in the contract assets balance during the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 was as follows (in thousands):

Six Months Ended June 30, 2018	
Outstanding at January 1, 2018	\$ 6,459
Increase (decrease) attributed to:	
Transferred to receivables from contract assets recognized	(5,648)
Product transferred over time	5,736
Outstanding at June 30, 2018	\$ 6,547

We expect substantially all of the remaining performance obligations for the contract assets recorded as of June 30, 2018, to be transferred to receivables within 90 days, with any remaining amounts to be transferred within 180 days. We bill our customers upon shipment with payment terms of up to 120 days.

The following tables summarize our net sales by market for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 (in thousands):

	Trans	ıct/ Service ferred Over Time	P Tran	nree Months En Product Insferred at In Time	N	30, 2018 oncash sideration	al Net Sales y Market
Aerospace and Defense	\$	4,001	\$	72	\$	196	\$ 4,269
Medical		11,934		87		544	12,565
Industrial		10,023		1,206		475	11,704
Total net sales	\$	25,958	\$	1,365	\$	1,215	\$ 28,538

		Six Months Ended June 30, 2018										
	Trans	ıct/ Service ferred Over Time	Trar	Product Insferred at In Time		oncash sideration	Total Net Sales by Market					
Aerospace and Defense	\$	8,717	\$	120	\$	393	\$	9,230				
Medical		21,201		569		945		22,715				
Industrial		20,089		2,049		902		23,040				
Total net sales	\$	50,007	\$	2,738	\$	2,240	\$	54,985				

Impact of New Revenue Guidance on Financial Statement Line Items

The following table compares the reported condensed consolidated statement of operations and comprehensive loss, balance sheet and cash flows, as of and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, to the pro-forma amounts had the previous guidance been in effect (in thousands):

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	Three Months Ended June 30, 2018 Pro forma as if the previous accounting guidance was in					Six Mo Jun	of 18 of forma as if the evious accounting guidance was in	
Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations	AS	Reported		effect	А	s Reported		effect
Net Sales	\$	28,538	\$	26,928	\$	54,985	\$	52,658
Cost of Goods Sold Gross Profit		24,721 3,817		23,106 3,822		48,140 6,845		45,836 6,822
Income from Operations		734		739		615		592
Income Before Income Taxes		525		530		233		210
Income Tax Expense		135		135		235		235
Net Income (Loss)	\$	390	\$	395	\$	(2)	\$	(25)
Net Income (Loss) Per Common Share - Basic and Diluted	\$	0.14	\$	0.15	\$		\$	(0.01)

As of June 30, 2018

Pro forma as if the previous accounting guidance was in

	As	Reported	 effect
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet		_	
Assets			
Inventories	\$	13,969	\$ 19,111
Contract Assets	\$	6,547	\$
Shareholders Equity			
Retained Earnings	\$	5.268	\$ 3,864

Six Months Ended June 30, 2018

Pro forma as if the previous accounting guidance was in

	As Reported			effect
Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows				
Net Loss	\$	(2)	\$	(25)
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Loss to Net Cash Provided				
by Operating Activities				
Change in Current Operating Items				
Inventories		(594)		658
Contract Asset		(88)		
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	2,741	\$	2,741

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NOTE 4. FINANCING ARRANGEMENTS

We have a credit agreement with Bank of America which was entered into on June 15, 2017 and amended effective December 29, 2017 and provides for a line of credit arrangement of \$16,000 that expires on June 15, 2022. The credit arrangement also has a \$5,000 real estate term note outstanding with a maturity date of June 15, 2022. The Bank of America credit agreement replaced our previous credit agreement with Wells Fargo Bank which terminated on June 20, 2017 and resulted in a loss on the extinguishment of debt of \$175 primarily related to legal and terminations fees.

Under the Bank of America credit agreement, both the line of credit and real estate term notes are subject to variations in the LIBOR rate. Our line of credit bears interest at a weighted-average interest rate of 4.5% as of June 30, 2018. We had borrowings on our line of credit of \$7,142 and \$8,503 outstanding as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. There are no subjective acceleration clauses under the credit agreement that would accelerate the maturity of our outstanding borrowings.

The line of credit and real estate term notes with Bank of America contain certain covenants which, among other things, require us to adhere to regular reporting requirements, abide by annual shareholder dividend limitations, maintain certain financial performance, and limit the amount of annual capital expenditures. The availability under our line is subject to borrowing base requirements, and advances are at the discretion of the lender. The line of credit is secured by substantially all of our assets.

The Bank of America credit agreement as amended provides for, among other things, a fixed charge coverage ratio of not less than (i) 1.0 to 1.0 for each period of four fiscal quarters, commencing with the period of four fiscal quarters ending December 31, 2018. In addition, the agreement requires that the Company comply with certain minimum levels of cumulative EBITDA for measurement periods during fiscal 2018, including cumulative EBITDA of \$1,970 for the twelve months ending December 31, 2018.

The availability under the line is subject to borrowing base requirements, and advances are at the discretion of the lender. At June 30, 2018, we had unused availability under our line of credit of \$6,315, supported by our borrowing base. The line is secured by substantially all of our assets.

As part of the July 1, 2015 Devicix acquisition we entered into two unsecured subordinated promissory notes payable to the seller in the principal amounts of \$1,000 and \$1,300. The \$1,000 promissory note has a four-year term, bearing interest at 4% per annum, requiring monthly principal and interest payments of \$23 and is subject to offsets if certain revenue levels are not met. The \$1,300 promissory note has a four-year term and bears interest at 4% per annum, requiring monthly principal and interest payments of \$29 and is not subject to offset.

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Long-term debt at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 consisted of the following (in thousands):

		June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
Real estate term notes bearing interest at one-month LIBOR + 2.25% (4.3% as of June 30,			
2018) maturing June 15, 2022 with monthly payments of approximately \$41 plus interest secured by substantially all assets.	\$	4,502	\$ 4,751
secured by substantiany an assets.	φ	4,302	φ 4,/31
Devicix Acquistion Note 1 payable to DeLange Holdings bears interest rate of 4.0% per			
annum, maturing July 1, 2019		265	394
Devicix Acquistion Note 2 payable to DeLange Holdings bears interest rate of 4.0% per			
annum, maturing July 1, 2019		345	512
		5,112	5,657
D' A D ' N A D H		(42)	(62)
Discount on Devicix Notes Payable		(43)	(63)
Debt issuance Costs		(212)	(238)
Total long-term debt		4,857	5,356
Current maturities of long-term debt		(1,014)	(1,003)
Long-term debt - net of current maturities	\$	3,843	\$ 4,353

The Company has lease financing facilities for property and equipment. The obligations are collateralized by the property underlying lease. Total cost of the leased equipment was \$1,607 at June 30, 2018 and \$1,524 at December 31, 2017.

Current maturities of capital leases were \$346 at June 30, 2018 and \$295 at December 31, 2017.

Interest expense related to the leased assets was \$26 and \$0 for the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively and \$52 and \$0 for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Depreciation expense related to the leased assets was \$41 and \$0 for the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively and \$81 and \$0 for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Approximate future minimum lease payments under non-cancelable capital leases subsequent to June 30, 2018 are as follows (in thousands):

Year	Amount
Remainder of 2018	\$ 180
2019	337
2020	356
2021	376
2022	218
Thereafter	1
Total noncancelable future lease commitments	\$ 1,468
Less: interest	173
Present value of obligations under capital leases	\$ 1,641

The above table includes the future minimum lease payments related to a portion of a lease that has not been received as of June 30, 2018 for \$17 which is expected to be received during 2018.

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NOTE 5. INCOME TAXES

On a quarterly basis, we estimate what our effective tax rate will be for the full fiscal year and record a quarterly income tax provision based on the anticipated rate. As the year progresses, we refine our estimate based on the facts and circumstances, including discrete events, by each tax jurisdiction. Our effective tax rate for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 was 26% and 101%, respectively. Our effective tax rate for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 was (93%) and (87%), respectively. Our effective tax rate for the year ended December 31, 2018 is expected to be 65% compared to (18%) for the year ended December 31, 2017. The increase is due mainly to the effects of the tax reform changes that were enacted on December 22, 2017, and the increase in the effective tax rate expected in China.

There was no unrecognized tax benefit as of June 30, 2018 and the \$52 of unrecognized tax benefits as of December 31, 2017, included amounts which, if ultimately recognized, will reduce our annual effective tax rate. The amount has been netted against the applicable deferred tax asset as any adjustment would reduce the recorded asset.

NOTE 6. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

We have various operating leases for production and office equipment, office space, and buildings under non-cancelable lease agreements expiring on various dates through 2028.

Rent expense for the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 amounted to approximately \$319 and \$332 respectively and \$654 and \$649 for the six months ended June 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Approximate future minimum lease payments under non-cancelable leases subsequent to June 30, 2018 are as follows (in thousands):

Years Ending		
December 31,	A	Amount
2018		434
2019		882
2020		713
2021		566
2022		591
Thereafter		3,640
Total	\$	6,826

NOTE 7. PLANT CLOSURE

On January 31, 2017 the Company closed its manufacturing operations in Augusta, Wisconsin. On March 31, 2017, the Company closed on the sale of the Augusta building and building improvements for \$715. The Augusta building and building improvements had a net book value of \$314, recognizing a gain on the sale, net of related expenses, of \$354, and applied the net proceeds of \$668 towards the outstanding real estate term note.

NOTE 8. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During 2016, the Company entered into a consulting arrangement with a company co-owned by Matt Mahmood, who became the Chief Operating Officer of the Company on May 20, 2017. For the three months

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ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, expenses were incurred in the amounts of \$17, and \$30 respectively and \$29 and \$75 for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

On February 22, 2018, the Company entered into a Consulting Agreement with Crosscourt Group, LLC, a limited liability company owned and managed by William Murray, formerly an independent director of the Company. Mr. Murray resigned from this position in May 2018. The term of the Consulting Agreement is three months. Under the Consulting Agreement, services performed are limited to a maximum daily fee of \$2. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, expenses were incurred in the amount of \$32 and \$68, respectively.

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Overview

We are a Maple Grove, Minnesota based full-service electronics manufacturing services (EMS) contract manufacturer of wire and cable assemblies, printed circuit board assemblies, higher-level assemblies and box builds for a wide range of industries. We provide value added engineering services and technical support including design, testing, prototyping and supply chain management to customers mainly in the aerospace and defense, medical, and industrial equipment markets. We maintain facilities in Bemidji, Blue Earth, Eden Prairie, Mankato, Merrifield, and Milaca, Minnesota; Monterrey, Mexico; and Suzhou, China. All of our facilities are certified to one or more of the ISO/AS standards, including 9001, AS9100 and 13485, with most having additional certifications based on the needs of the customers they serve.

Results of Operations

The following table presents statements of operations data as percentages of total net sales for the periods indicated:

	Three Months June 30		Six Months I June 30	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Net Sales	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Cost of Goods Sold	86.6	88.8	87.6	89.0
Gross Profit	13.4	11.2	12.4	11.0
Selling Expenses	3.6	4.4	3.8	4.3
General and Administrative Expenses	7.2	6.5	7.6	7.0
Gain on Sale of Property and Equipment	0.0	0.0	0.0	(0.6)
Income from Operations	2.6	0.3	1.0	0.3
·				
Other Expenses	(0.7)	(1.0)	(0.7)	(0.8)
Income (Loss) Before Income Taxes	1.9	(0.7)	0.3	(0.5)
				· · ·
Income Tax Expense (Benefit)	0.5	(0.7)	0.4	(0.4)
Net Income (Loss)	1.4%	0.0%	(0.1)%	(0.1)%

Net Sales

Net sales were \$28.5 million in the second quarter of 2018, as compared to \$30.1 million in the second quarter of the prior year, a decrease of \$1.6 million or 5.3%. Our 2018 amounts include \$1.6 million of additional sales related to the change in the revenue recognition policy. Net sales results were varied by markets, the medical market decreased by \$1.8 million or 12.7% with medical component products accounting for 21% of the decrease and medical devices the remaining 79%. The industrial market decreased by \$0.1 million or 1.2% of sales in the second quarter of 2018 as compared to the same quarter of 2017. Net sales from the aerospace and defense markets increased by \$0.4 million or 9.8% in the second quarter of 2018 as compared to the second quarter of 2017.

Net sales were \$55.0 million in the six months ended 2018, as compared to \$58.5 million in the prior year, a decrease of \$3.5 million or 5.9%. Our 2018 amounts include \$2.3 million of additional sales related to the change in the revenue recognition policy. Net sales results were varied by markets, the medical market decreased by \$5.5 million or 19.6% with medical component products accounting for 42% of the decrease and medical devices the remaining 58%. The industrial market increased by \$0.1 million or 0.4% of sales for the six

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months ended 2018 as compared to the same period of 2017. Net sales from the aerospace and defense markets increased by \$2.0 million or 27.5% for the six months ended 2018 as compared to the same period of 2017.

Net sales by our major EMS industry markets for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 were as follows (in thousands):

	Th	ree Months Ended	i			
	2018	2018 2017		2018	2017	%
	\$	\$	Change	\$	\$	Change
Aerospace and Defense	4,269	3,887	9.8	9,230	7,238	27.5
Medical	12,565	14,397	(12.7)	22,715	28,255	(19.6)
Industrial	11,704	11,850	(1.2)	23,040	22,959	0.4
Total Net Sales	28,538	30,134	(5.3)	54,985	58,452	(5.9)

Net sales by our major EMS industry markets for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, to the pro-forma amounts for the same period had the previous guidance been in effect (in thousands):

	As	T Reported 2018	Pro the ac gui	onths Ended forma as if e previous ecounting dance was in effect	% Change	As	s Reported 2018	Pro th a gu	onths Ended o forma as if he previous ccounting idance was in effect	% Change
Aerospace and Defense	\$	4,269	\$	4,189	1.9	\$	9,230	\$	8,868	4.1
Medical		12,565		11,523	9.0		22,715		21,631	5.0
Industrial		11,704		11,216	4.4		23,040		22,159	4.0
Total Net Sales	\$	28,538	\$	26,928	6.0	\$	54,985	\$	52,658	4.4

Net sales by timing of transfer of goods and services for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 is as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2018 Product/ Service Product							
	Transferred Over Time		Transferred at Point in Time		Noncash Consideration		Total Net Sales by Market	
Aerospace and Defense	\$	4,001	\$	72	\$	196	\$	4,269
Medical		11,934		87		544		12,565
Industrial		10,023		1,206		475		11,704
Total net sales	\$	25,958	\$	1,365	\$	1,215	\$	28,538

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	Six Months Ended June 30, 2018							
	Product/ Service Transferred Over Time		Product Transferred at Point in Time		Noncash Consideration		Total Net Sales by Market	
Aerospace and Defense	\$	8,717	\$	120	\$	393	\$	9,230
Medical		21,201		569		945		22,715
Industrial		20,089		2,049		902		23,040
Total net sales	\$	50,007	\$	2,738	\$	2,240	\$	54,985

Backlog

Our 90-day shipment backlog as of June 30, 2018 was \$24 million, a 8.9% increase from the beginning of the quarter and a 9% increase as compared to the prior year. Backlog for our medical customers has increased 12.8% from the beginning of the quarter and remained flat compared to the prior year. The aerospace and defense backlog increased 6.7% from the beginning of the quarter and increased 30.9% from the prior year. Our industrial customers backlog increased 5.4% from the beginning of the quarter and increased 9.5% from the prior year. Our backlog consists of firm purchase orders we expect to ship in the next 90 days, with any remaining amounts to be transferred within 180 days.

90-day shipment backlog by our major EMS industry markets are as follows (in thousands):

		Shipment Backlog as of the Quarter Ended							
	•	June 30, 2018	March 31, 2018		June 30, 2017				
Aerospace and Defense	\$	5,568	\$	5,220	\$	4,252			
Medical		10,776		9,556		10,762			
Industrial		7,552		7,166		6,900			
Total Backlog	\$	23,896	\$	21,942	\$	21,914			

Our 90-day backlog varies due to order size, manufacturing delays, contract terms and conditions and timing from customer delivery schedules and releases. These variables cause inconsistencies in comparing the backlog from one period to the next.

Gross Profit

Gross profit as a percent of net sales for the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, was 13.4% and 11.2%, respectively. The improvement in gross profit in the second quarter of 2018 was driven by customer and product mix, operational efficiencies and cost improvements as we adjusted to current revenue levels. In addition, we recognized revenue of \$1.2 million related to the noncash consideration recorded at zero margin as a result of implementing revenue recognition.

Gross profit as a percentage of sales for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 was 12.4% and 11.0% respectively. The year to date improvement in gross profit was driven by customer and product mix, operational efficiencies and cost improvements as we adjusted to current revenue levels. In addition, we recognized revenue of \$2.2 million related to the noncash consideration recorded at zero margin as a result of

implementing revenue recognition.

Selling Expense

Selling expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 was \$1 million or 3.6% of sales and \$1.3 million or 4.4% of sales, respectively. Selling expense for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 was

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\$2.1 million or 3.8% of sales and \$2.5 million or 4.3% of sales, respectively. The decrease in both the three and six month periods is due to timing of events and volume dependent expenses.

General and Administrative Expense

General and administrative expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, were \$2.0 million or 7.2% of sales and \$1.9 million or 6.5% of sales, respectively. General and administrative expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, were \$4.2 million or 7.6% of sales and \$4.1 million or 7.0% of sales, respectively. The year over year comparison is consistent due to our adjustment of spending based on customer demands.

Gain from Sale of Property and Equipment

There was no sales of property and equipment recorded for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018. Net gain from sale of property and equipment for the six months ended June 30, 2017 was \$0.4 million from the sale of the Augusta building and building improvements (see Note 7).

Income from Operations

Second quarter 2018 income from operations was \$0.7 million compared to income of \$0.1 million for the second quarter in 2017. The increase in income from operations for the period was due to the gross profit improvement and operational efficiencies and spending control.

Income from operations for the first six months in 2018 was \$0.6 million as compared to \$0.2 million for the same comparable period in 2017. The increase in income from operations for the period was due to the gross profit improvement and cost containment activities.

Income Taxes

On a quarterly basis, we estimate what our effective tax rate will be for the full fiscal year and record a quarterly income tax provision based on the anticipated rate. As the year progresses, we refine our estimate based on the facts and circumstances, including discrete events, by each tax jurisdiction. Our effective tax rate for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 was 26% and 101%, respectively. Our effective tax rate for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 was (93%) and (87%), respectively. Our effective tax rate for the year ended December 31, 2018 is expected to be 65% compared to (18%) for the year ended December 31, 2017. The increase is due mainly to the effects of the tax reform changes that were enacted on December 22, 2017, and the increase in the effective tax rate expected in China.

Net Income (Loss)

Net income for the three months ended June 30, 2018 was \$0.4 million or \$0.14 per basic and diluted common share, compared to a net loss for the three months June 30, 2017 of \$16,000 or (\$0.01) per basic and diluted common share. Net loss for the six months ended June 30, 2018 was (\$2,000) or (\$0.00) loss per basic and diluted common share compared to net loss for the six months ended June 30, 2017 of (\$30,000) or (\$0.01) loss per basic and diluted common share. The net loss for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 was due to approximately \$0.2 million for debt extinguishment costs. Excluding this item, we would have had net income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 of approximately \$0.2 million and \$0.1 million, respectively.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Net cash provided by operating activities for the six months ended June 30, 2018 was \$2.7 million. The noncash addback of depreciation and amortization, along with an increase in accounts payable, has positively impacted cash flows, offset by an increase in accounts receivable.

Net cash used in investing activities of \$0.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2018, was the result of property and equipment purchases to support the business.

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We have satisfied our liquidity needs over the past several years with cash flows generated from operations and a bank operating line of credit. We have a credit agreement with Bank of America (BofA) which was entered into on June 15, 2017 and amended on December 29, 2017 and provides for a line of credit arrangement of \$16.0 million that expires on June 15, 2022. The credit arrangement also has a \$5.0 million real estate term note outstanding with a maturity date of June 15, 2022.

Both the line of credit and real estate term notes are subject to fluctuations in the LIBOR rates. The line of credit and real estate term notes with BofA contain certain covenants which, among other things, require us to adhere to regular reporting requirements, abide by annual shareholder dividend limitations, maintain certain financial performance, and limit the amount of annual capital expenditures. The availability under our line is subject to borrowing base requirements, and advances are at the discretion of the lender. The line of credit is secured by substantially all of our assets.

On June 30, 2018, we had outstanding advances of \$7.1 million under the line of credit and unused availability of \$6.3 million supported by our borrowing base compared to December 31, 2017 outstanding advances of \$8.5 million and unused availability of \$4.2 million. We believe our financing arrangements and cash flows to be provided by operations will be sufficient to satisfy our future working capital needs. Our working capital was \$19.1 million and \$19.7 million as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

The Bank of America credit agreement as amended provides for, among other things, a fixed charge coverage ratio of not less than (i) 1.0 to 1.0 for each period of four fiscal quarters, commencing with the period of four fiscal quarters ending December 31, 2018. In addition, the agreement requires that the Company comply with certain minimum levels of cumulative EBITDA for measurement periods during fiscal 2018, including cumulative EBITDA of \$2.0 million for the twelve months ending December 31, 2018.

Cash conversion cycle:

	Three Mon	ths Ended	Six Months Ended		
	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	
Days in trade accounts receivable	57	54	58	52	
Days in inventory	50	74	44	76	
Days in accounts payable	(47)	(53)	(46)	(52)	
Cash conversion cycle	60	75	56	76	
Cash conversion cycle without adoption of ASU 2014-09	83	75	69	76	

We calculate days in accounts receivable as accounts receivable for the respective quarter divided by annualized sales for the respective quarter by day. We calculate days in inventory and accounts payable as each balance sheet line item for the respective quarter divided by annualized cost of sales for the respective quarter by day. We calculate cash conversion cycle as the sum of days in receivable and inventory less days in accounts payable. Items which may cause the cash conversion cycle in a particular period to differ include, but are not limited to, changes in business mix, timing of cash collections and cash payments, changes in payment terms and the timing of revenue recognition and inventory purchases within the period. Days in inventory for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2018 decreased as compared to the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 primarily related to the adoption of ASU 2014-09 and the recognition of revenue over time rather than upon shipment of inventory. The increase in days in accounts receivable related to increased payment terms requested by our customers and a decrease in days in accounts payable, as a result of the timing of payments.

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Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We have not engaged in any off-balance sheet activities as defined in Item 303(a)(4) of Regulation S-K.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Our significant accounting policies and estimates are summarized in Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017. There has been significant changes to our critical accounting policies since December 31, 2017, related to the implementation of the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606) (ASU 2014-09), refer to Note 1 and Note 3. The adoption of the new revenue standard had a significant impact on our results of operations, cash flows, and financial position. Some of our accounting policies require us to exercise significant judgment in selecting the appropriate assumptions for calculating financial estimates. Such judgments are subject to an inherent degree of uncertainty. These judgments are based on our historical experience, known trends in our industry, terms of existing contracts and other information from outside sources, as appropriate. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Forward-Looking Statements

Those statements in the foregoing report that are not historical facts are forward-looking statements made pursuant to the safe-harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such statements generally will be accompanied by words such as anticipate, believe, estimate, expect, forecast, intend, possible, potential, predict, project, or other similar words that convey the uncertainty of future evoutcomes. Although we believe these forward-looking statements are reasonable, they are based upon a number of assumptions concerning future conditions, any or all of which may ultimately prove to be inaccurate. Forward-looking statements involve a number of risks and uncertainties. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements include, without limitation:

- Volatility in the marketplace which may affect market supply and demand for our products or currency exchange rates;
- Increased competition from within the EMS industry or the decision of OEMs to cease or limit outsourcing;
- Changes in the reliability and efficiency of operating facilities or those of third parties;
- Risks related to availability of labor;
- Increase in certain raw material costs such as copper and oil;
- Commodity and energy cost instability;
- Risks related to FDA noncompliance;

- Loss of a major customer;
- Increased or unanticipated costs related to compliance with securities and environmental regulation;
- General economic, financial and business conditions that could affect our financial condition and results of operations; and
- Disruption of global or local information management systems due to natural disaster or cyber-security incident.

The factors identified above are believed to be important factors (but not necessarily all of the important factors) that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in any forward-looking statement made by us. Discussion of these factors is also incorporated in Part I, Item 1A, Risk Factors, and should be considered an integral part of Part II, Item 7, Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations. Unpredictable or unknown factors not discussed herein could also have material adverse effects on forward-looking statements. All forward-looking statements included in this Form 10-Q are expressly qualified in their entirety by the forgoing cautionary statements. We undertake no

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obligations to update publicly any forward-looking statement (or its associated cautionary language) whether as a result of new information or future events.

Please refer to forward-looking statements and risks as previously disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Not applicable.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

In accordance with Rule 13a-15(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the Exchange Act), as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, our management evaluated, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and Rule 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act). These controls and procedures are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the Company s Exchange Act reports is (1) recorded, processed, summarized and reported in a timely manner, and (2) accumulated and communicated to management, including the Company s Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Based upon their evaluation of these disclosure controls and procedures as of the date of the evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Beginning January 1, 2018, we implemented the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606) (ASU 2014-09). The adoption of the new revenue standard had a significant impact on our results of operations, cash flows, and financial position, requiring us to implement changes to our controls related to revenue (see Note 1). These included the development of new policies based on the five-step model provided in the new revenue standard, enhanced contract review requirements, and other ongoing monitoring activities. These controls were designed to provide assurance at a reasonable level of the fair presentation of our condensed consolidated financial statements and related disclosures. There was no other change in our internal control over financial reporting during our most recently completed fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

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ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are subject to various legal proceedings and claims that arise in the ordinary course of business.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

We are affected by the risks specific to us as well as factors that affect all businesses operating in a global market. The significant factors known to us that could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition or operating results or could cause our actual results to differ materially from our expectations are described in our annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended under the heading Part I Item 1A.Risk Factors. Other than as noted below, there have been no material changes in the risk factors from those disclosed in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017.

We may experience difficulties implementing our new global enterprise resource planning system.

We are engaged in an implementation of a new global enterprise resource planning system (ERP). The ERP is designed to efficiently maintain our books and records and provide information important to the operation of our business to our management team. The ERP implementation has and will continue to require significant investment of human and financial resources. In implementing the ERP, we may experience significant delays, increased costs and other difficulties. Any significant disruption or deficiency in the design and implementation of the ERP could adversely affect our ability to process orders, ship product, send invoices and track payments, fulfill contractual obligations or otherwise operate our business. While we have invested significant resources in planning, project management and training, additional and significant implementation issues may arise. In addition, our efforts to adjust and centralize various business processes and functions within our organization in connection with our ERP implementation may disrupt our operations and negatively impact our business, results of operations and financial condition.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

The table below sets forth information regarding the repurchases we made of our common stock during the periods indicated.

Total Number of Shares Purchased Average Price Paid Per Share Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plan Maximum Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plan

April 1 - April 30, 2018		\$		\$ 89,684
May 1 - May 31, 2018	17,832	\$ 3.28	17,832	\$ 29,452
June 1 - June 30, 2018	663	\$ 3.19	663	\$ 27,271
Total	18,495	\$ 3.28	18,495	\$ 27,271

As of June 30, 2018 we had a \$250,000 share repurchase program with \$27,271 remaining under this program.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS ON SENIOR SECURITIES					
None.					
ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES					
Not appli	cable.				
ITEM 5.	OTHER INFORMATION				
None.					
ITEM 6.	EXHIBITS				
Exhibits					
31.1*	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and Rule 15d-14(a), promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.				
31.2*	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and Rule 15d-14(a), promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.				
32*	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.				
101*	Financial statements from the quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2018, formatted in XBRL: (i) Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, (ii) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss, (iii) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, and (iv) the Condensed Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.				

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^{*}Filed herewith

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Signatures		
Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.	e Act of 1934, the registrant ha	as duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the
Nortec	ch Systems Incorporated and S	dubsidiaries
Date: August 14, 2018	by	/s/ Richard G. Wasielewski
	Richard G. Wasielewski Chief Executive Officer a Nortech Systems Incorpo	
Date: August 14, 2018	by	/s/ Constance M. Beck
	Constance M. Beck Vice President and Chief Nortech Systems Incorpo	
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