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PRUDENTIAL PLC  
Form 6-K  
June 20, 2006

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 6-K

REPORT OF FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER

Pursuant to Rule 13a-16 or 15d-16 of  
the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the month of June, 2006

PRUDENTIAL PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY

(Translation of registrant's name into English)

LAURENCE POUNTNEY HILL,  
LONDON, EC4R 0HH, ENGLAND  
(Address of principal executive offices)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports  
under cover Form 20-F or Form 40-F.

Form 20-F  Form 40-F

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant by furnishing the information  
contained in this Form is also thereby furnishing the information to the  
Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Yes  No

If "Yes" is marked, indicate below the file number assigned to the registrant  
in connection with Rule 12g3-2(b): 82-

Enclosures: Comparative EEV Basis Results dated 20 June 2006

Embargo: 09.00 Tuesday 20 June 2006

COMPARATIVE EUROPEAN EMBEDDED VALUE BASIS RESULTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS  
ENDED 30 JUNE 2005

Prudential plc publishes today its European Embedded Value (EEV) basis results  
for the six months to 30 June 2005.

Prudential has previously published EEV basis full year results for 2004 and

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2005. Today's announcement completes the disclosure of the comparative EEV basis results to be included with the interim 2006 results to be published on 28 July 2006.

A summary of the EEV basis results are shown below:

|                                                                   | Half year<br>2005<br>GBPm | As previously published   |                           |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
|                                                                   |                           | Full year<br>2005<br>GBPm | Full year<br>2004<br>GBPm |
| New business profits                                              | 416                       | 867                       | 741                       |
| New business margin                                               |                           |                           |                           |
| - As a percentage of annual premium equivalent of insurance sales | 37%                       | 41%                       | 40%                       |
| - As a percentage of present value of new business premiums       | 4.5%                      | 5.2%                      | 5.0%                      |
| Long-term business operating profit before tax                    | 815                       | 1,743                     | 1,328                     |
| Total operating profit before tax                                 | 799                       | 1,712                     | 1,274                     |
| Total shareholders' funds                                         | 9,114                     | 10,301                    | 8,614                     |

- ENDS -

### Enquiries

| Media                   |               | Investors / analysts |               |
|-------------------------|---------------|----------------------|---------------|
| Jon Bunn                | 020 7548 3559 | James Matthews       | 020 7548 3561 |
| William Baldwin-Charles | 020 7548 3719 | Valerie Pariente     | 020 7548 3511 |
| Joanne Doyle            | 020 7548 3708 |                      |               |

### Notes to Editors:

European Embedded Value basis of reporting.

The EEV basis results have been prepared in accordance with the EEV principles issued in May 2004 by the CFO Forum.

The CFO Forum is a high-level discussion group formed and attended by the Chief Financial Officers of major European listed, and some non-listed, insurance companies. Its aim is to discuss issues relating to proposed new accounting regulations for their businesses and how they can create greater transparency for investors. The Forum was created in 2002. For more information go to [www.cfoforum.nl](http://www.cfoforum.nl).

Annual Premium Equivalents

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Annual Premium Equivalents are calculated as the aggregate of regular new business amounts and one-tenth of single new business amounts for insurance products.

\*Prudential plc, a company incorporated and with its principal place of business in the United Kingdom, and its affiliated companies constitute one of the world's leading financial services groups. It provides insurance and financial services directly and through its subsidiaries and affiliates throughout the world. It has been in existence for over 150 years and has GBP234 billion in assets under management, (as at 31 December 2005). Prudential plc is not affiliated in any manner with Prudential Financial, Inc, a company whose principal place of business is in the United States of America.

### Forward-Looking Statements

This statement may contain certain "forward-looking statements" with respect to certain of Prudential's plans and its current goals and expectations relating to its future financial condition, performance, results, strategy and objectives. Statements containing the words "believes", "intends", "expects", "plans", "seeks" and "anticipates", and words of similar meaning, are forward-looking. By their nature, all forward-looking statements involve risk and uncertainty because they relate to future events and circumstances which are beyond Prudential's control including among other things, UK domestic and global economic and business conditions, market related risks such as fluctuations in interest rates and exchange rates, and the performance of financial markets generally; the policies and actions of regulatory authorities, the impact of competition, inflation, and deflation; experience in particular with regard to mortality and morbidity trends, lapse rates and policy renewal rates; the timing, impact and other uncertainties of future acquisitions or combinations within relevant industries; and the impact of changes in capital, solvency or accounting standards, and tax and other legislation and regulations in the jurisdictions in which Prudential and its affiliates operate. This may for example result in changes to assumptions used for determining results of operations or re-estimations of reserves for future policy benefits. As a result, Prudential's actual future financial condition, performance and results may differ materially from the plans, goals, and expectations set forth in Prudential's forward-looking statements. Prudential undertakes no obligation to update the forward-looking statements contained in this statement or any other forward-looking statements it may make.

### European Embedded Value (EEV) basis supplementary information

#### Interim Results 2005

Operating profit from continuing operations based on longer-term investment returns\*

#### Results analysis by business area

|               | Note | Half Year<br>2005<br>GBPm | Full Year<br>2005<br>GBPm | Full Year<br>2005<br>GBPm |
|---------------|------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| UK operations |      |                           |                           |                           |
| New business  | 5    | 159                       | 243                       | 243                       |

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|                                                                                     |   |       |       |      |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---|-------|-------|------|
| Business in force                                                                   | 6 | (15)  | 183   | 2    |
| Long-term business                                                                  |   | 144   | 426   | 4    |
| M&G                                                                                 |   | 83    | 163   | 1    |
| Egg                                                                                 |   | 13    | 44    |      |
| Total                                                                               |   | 240   | 633   | 6    |
| US operations                                                                       |   |       |       |      |
| New business                                                                        | 5 | 95    | 211   | 1    |
| Business in force                                                                   | 6 | 324   | 530   | 2    |
| Long-term business                                                                  |   | 419   | 741   | 3    |
| Broker-dealer and fund management                                                   |   | 18    | 24    |      |
| Curian                                                                              |   | (6)   | (10)  | (2)  |
| Total                                                                               |   | 431   | 755   | 3    |
| Asian operations                                                                    |   |       |       |      |
| New business                                                                        | 5 | 162   | 413   | 3    |
| Business in force                                                                   | 6 | 90    | 163   | 1    |
| Long-term business                                                                  |   | 252   | 576   | 4    |
| Fund management                                                                     |   | 2     | 12    |      |
| Development expenses                                                                |   | (8)   | (20)  | (1)  |
| Total                                                                               |   | 246   | 568   | 4    |
| Other income and expenditure                                                        |   |       |       |      |
| Investment return and other income                                                  | 7 | 20    | 42    |      |
| Interest payable on core structural borrowings                                      |   | (84)  | (175) | (15) |
| Corporate expenditure:                                                              |   |       |       |      |
| Group Head Office                                                                   |   | (36)  | (70)  | (5)  |
| Asia Regional Head Office                                                           |   | (14)  | (30)  | (2)  |
| Charge for share-based payments for Prudential schemes                              |   | (4)   | (11)  | (    |
| Total                                                                               |   | (118) | (244) | (24) |
| Operating profit from continuing operations based on longer-term investment returns |   | 799   | 1,712 | 1,2  |
| Analysed as profits (losses) from:                                                  |   |       |       |      |
| New business                                                                        | 5 | 416   | 867   | 7    |
| Business in force                                                                   | 6 | 399   | 876   | 5    |
| Long-term business                                                                  |   | 815   | 1,743 | 1,3  |
| Asia development expenses                                                           |   | (8)   | (20)  | (1)  |
| Other operating results                                                             |   | (8)   | (11)  | (3)  |
| Total                                                                               |   | 799   | 1,712 | 1,2  |

\*EEV basis operating profit from continuing operations based on longer-term investment returns excludes goodwill impairment charges, short-term fluctuations in investment returns, the shareholders' share of actuarial and other gains and losses on defined benefit pension schemes, the effect of changes in economic assumptions and changes in the time value of cost of options and guarantees caused by economic factors. The amounts for these items are included in total EEV profit. The directors believe that operating profit, as adjusted for these items, better reflects underlying performance. Profit on ordinary activities and basic earnings per share include these items together with actual investment returns. This basis of presentation has been adopted consistently throughout this supplementary information.

Summarised consolidated income statement - EEV basis

Interim Results 2005

|      | Half Year | Full Year | Full Year |
|------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
|      | 2005      | 2005      | 2005      |
| Note | GBpm      | GBpm      | GBpm      |

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Operating profit from continuing operations based on longer-term

|                                                                                                |    |       |       |      |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|-------|-------|------|
| investment returns                                                                             |    |       |       |      |
| UK insurance operations                                                                        |    | 144   | 426   | 4    |
| M&G                                                                                            |    | 83    | 163   | 1    |
| Egg                                                                                            |    | 13    | 44    |      |
| UK operations                                                                                  |    | 240   | 633   | 6    |
| US operations                                                                                  |    | 431   | 755   | 3    |
| Asian operations                                                                               |    | 246   | 568   | 4    |
| Other income and expenditure                                                                   |    | (118) | (244) | (24) |
| Operating profit from continuing operations based on longer-term investment returns            |    | 799   | 1,712 | 1,2  |
| Goodwill impairment charge                                                                     |    | (95)  | (120) |      |
| Short-term fluctuations in investment returns                                                  | 8  | 278   | 1,001 | 5    |
| Shareholders' share of actuarial and other gains and losses on defined benefit pension schemes | 9  | (8)   | (47)  | (1)  |
| Effect of changes in economic assumptions and time value of cost of options and guarantees     | 10 | (143) | (302) | (4)  |
| Profit from continuing operations before tax (including actual investment returns)             |    | 831   | 2,244 | 1,7  |
| Tax                                                                                            | 11 | (337) | (653) | (55) |
| Profit from continuing operations for the period after tax before minority interests           |    | 494   | 1,591 | 1,2  |
| Discontinued operations (net of tax)                                                           |    | 1     | 3     | (9)  |
| Profit for the period                                                                          |    | 495   | 1,594 | 1,1  |
| Attributable to:                                                                               |    |       |       |      |
| Equity holders of the Company                                                                  |    | 490   | 1,582 | 1,1  |
| Minority interests                                                                             |    | 5     | 12    | (    |
| Profit for the period                                                                          |    | 495   | 1,594 | 1,1  |

Earnings per share - EEV basis

Interim Results 2005

|                                                                                                                                                 | Note | Half Year<br>2005 | Full Year<br>2005 | Full Year<br>200 |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| Continuing operations                                                                                                                           |      |                   |                   |                  |
| From operating profit, based on longer-term investment returns, after related tax and minority interests of GBP576m (GBP1,339m, GBP916 million) | 12   | 24.4p             | 56.6p             | 43.              |
| Based on profit from continuing operations after minority interests of GBP489m (GBP1,579m, GBP1,205m)                                           | 12   | 20.7p             | 66.8p             | 56.              |
| Discontinued operations                                                                                                                         |      |                   |                   |                  |
| Based on profit (loss) from discontinued operations after minority interests of GBP1m (GBP3m, GBP(67)m)                                         |      | 0.0p              | 0.1p              | (3.1             |
| Total - based on total profit for the period after minority interests of GBP490m (GBP1,582m, GBP1,138m)                                         |      | 20.7p             | 66.9p             | 53.              |
| Average number of shares (millions)                                                                                                             |      | 2,361             | 2,365             | 2,1              |

Dividends per share

Interim Results 2005

|                                                      | Half Year<br>2005 | Full Year<br>2005 | Full Year<br>200 |
|------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| Dividends relating to the reporting period:          |                   |                   |                  |
| Interim dividend                                     | 5.30p             | 5.30p             | 5.19             |
| Final dividend                                       | -                 | 11.02p            | 10.65            |
| Total                                                | 5.30p             | 16.32p            | 15.84            |
| Dividends declared and paid in the reporting period: |                   |                   |                  |
| Current year interim dividend                        | -                 | 5.30p             | 5.19             |
| Final dividend for prior year                        | 10.65p            | 10.65p            | 10.29            |
| Total                                                | 10.65p            | 15.95p            | 15.48            |

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Movement in shareholders' capital and reserves (excluding minority interests) -  
EEV basis

Interim Results 2005

|                                                                                                |        | Half Year<br>2005 | Full Year<br>2005 | Full Year<br>2005 |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
|                                                                                                | Note   | GBPm              | GBPm              | GBPm              |
| Profit for the period attributable to equity holders of the Company                            |        | 490               | 1,582             | 1,114             |
| Items taken directly to equity:                                                                |        |                   |                   |                   |
| Cumulative effect of IAS 32, IAS 39 and IFRS 4, net of applicable taxes, at 1 January 2005     |        | (25)              | (25)              |                   |
| Unrealised valuation movement on securities classified as available-for-sale at 1 January 2005 |        | 4                 | (1)               |                   |
| Movement on cash flow hedges                                                                   |        | (7)               | (4)               |                   |
| Exchange movements                                                                             |        | 219               | 377               | (23)              |
| Related tax                                                                                    |        | 30                | 65                | (1)               |
| Proceeds from Rights Issue, net of expenses                                                    |        | -                 | -                 | 1,000             |
| Other new share capital subscribed                                                             |        | 40                | 55                | 1,000             |
| Dividends                                                                                      |        | (253)             | (380)             | (32)              |
| Reserve movements in respect of share-based payments                                           |        | 6                 | 15                |                   |
| Treasury shares:                                                                               |        |                   |                   |                   |
| Movement in own shares in respect of share-based payment plans                                 |        | 1                 | 0                 | (1)               |
| Movement on Prudential plc shares purchased by unit trusts consolidated under IFRS             |        | (5)               | 3                 |                   |
| Net increase in shareholders' capital and reserves                                             | 14     | 500               | 1,687             | 1,714             |
| Shareholders' capital and reserves, at beginning of period (excluding minority interests)      |        | 8,614             | 8,614             | 6,814             |
| Shareholders' capital and reserves at end of period (excluding minority interests)             | 13, 14 | 9,114             | 10,301            | 8,614             |
| Comprising:                                                                                    |        |                   |                   |                   |
| UK operations:                                                                                 |        |                   |                   |                   |
| Long-term business                                                                             |        | 4,598             | 5,132             | 4,214             |
| M&G:                                                                                           |        |                   |                   |                   |
| Net assets                                                                                     |        | 272               | 245               | 214               |
| Acquired goodwill                                                                              |        | 1,153             | 1,153             | 1,114             |
| Egg                                                                                            |        | 266               | 303               | 214               |
| US operations                                                                                  |        | 3,092             | 3,418             | 2,514             |
| Asian operations:                                                                              |        |                   |                   |                   |
| Net assets                                                                                     |        | 1,692             | 2,070             | 1,614             |
| Acquired goodwill                                                                              |        | 197               | 172               | 214               |
| Other operations:                                                                              |        |                   |                   |                   |
| Holding company net borrowings                                                                 |        | (1,443)           | (1,724)           | (1,29)            |
| Other net liabilities                                                                          |        | (713)             | (468)             | (53)              |
|                                                                                                | 13, 14 | 9,114             | 10,301            | 8,614             |
| Net asset value per share                                                                      |        |                   |                   |                   |
| Based on EEV basis shareholders' capital and reserves of GBP9,114m (GBP10,301m, GBP8,614m)     |        | 382p              | 432p              | 362p              |
| Number of shares at end of reporting period (millions)                                         |        | 2,384             | 2,387             | 2,387             |

Summarised consolidated balance sheet - EEV basis

30 June 2005

|  |      | Half Year<br>2005 | Full Year<br>2005 | Full Year<br>2005 |
|--|------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
|  | Note | GBPm              | GBPm              | GBPm              |

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|                                                                                                          |    |           |           |         |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|-----------|-----------|---------|
| Total assets less liabilities, excluding insurance funds                                                 |    | 160,379   | 174,258   | 148,6   |
| Less insurance funds:*                                                                                   |    |           |           |         |
| Policyholder liabilities (net of reinsurers' share) and unallocated surplus of with-profits funds        |    | (155,400) | (169,064) | (144,19 |
| Less shareholders' accrued interest in the long-term business                                            |    | 4,135     | 5,107     | 4,1     |
|                                                                                                          |    | (151,265) | (163,957) | (140,06 |
| Total net assets                                                                                         | 14 | 9,114     | 10,301    | 8,6     |
| Share capital                                                                                            |    | 119       | 119       | 1       |
| Share premium                                                                                            |    | 1,561     | 1,564     | 1,5     |
| Statutory basis shareholders' reserves (following adoption of IFRS)                                      |    | 3,299     | 3,511     | 2,8     |
| Additional EEV basis retained profit                                                                     |    | 4,135     | 5,107     | 4,1     |
| Shareholders' capital and reserves (excluding minority interests)                                        | 14 | 9,114     | 10,301    | 8,6     |
| *Including liabilities in respect of insurance products classified as investment contracts under IFRS 4. |    |           |           |         |

### Notes on the EEV basis supplementary information

#### 1. Purpose and basis of preparation

The preliminary EEV interim financial information for the six month period ended 30 June 2005 has been prepared to provide the comparative financial information expected to be included in the Group's EEV interim report for the six month period ending 30 June 2006.

The EEV basis results have been prepared in accordance with the EEV principles issued by the CFO Forum of European Insurance Companies in May 2004. Where appropriate the EEV basis results include the effects of adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

The EEV results for the Group include the results for the covered business on the EEV basis. These results are then combined with the IFRS basis results of the Group's other operations.

With two exceptions, covered business comprises the Group's long-term business operations. The definition of long-term business operations is consistent with previous practice and comprises those contracts falling under the definition of long-term insurance business for regulatory purposes together with, for US operations, contracts that are in substance the same as guaranteed investment contracts (GICs) but do not fall within the technical definition. Under the EEV principles, the results for covered business incorporate the projected margins of attaching internal fund management.

The exceptions are for the closed Scottish Amicable Insurance Fund (SAIF) and in respect of the Group's defined benefit pension schemes. SAIF is closed to new business and the assets and liabilities of the fund are wholly attributable to the policyholders of the fund. As regards the Group's defined benefit pension schemes, the deficits attaching to the Prudential Staff Pension Scheme (PSPS) and Scottish Amicable scheme are excluded. These deficits are partially attributable to the Prudential Assurance Company (PAC) with-profits fund and shareholder-backed long-term business. Further details are explained in note 2f.

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The directors are responsible for the preparation of the supplementary information in accordance with the EEV Principles.

Previously, the Group has reported supplementary information on the achieved profits basis for its interim and full year financial reporting. The adoption of the EEV basis reporting in place of achieved profits basis reporting reflects developments through the CFO Forum to achieve a better level of consistency and an improved embedded value methodology, and is applied by the major European insurance companies in their financial reporting.

### 2. Methodology

#### a) Embedded value

##### Overview

The embedded value is the present value of the shareholders' interest in the earnings distributable from assets allocated to covered business after sufficient allowance has been made for the aggregate risks in that business. The shareholders' interest in the Group's long-term business comprises:

- Present value of future shareholder cash flows from in-force covered business (value of in-force business), less a deduction for the cost of locked-in (encumbered) capital;
- locked-in (encumbered) capital; and
- shareholders' net worth in excess of encumbered capital.

The value of future new business is excluded from the embedded value.

Notwithstanding the basis of presentation of results (as explained in notes 4 and 6) no smoothing of market or account balance values, unrealised gains or investment return is applied in determining the embedded value or the profit before tax.

##### Value of in-force business

The embedded value results are prepared incorporating best estimate assumptions about all relevant factors including levels of future investment return, expenses, surrender levels and mortality. These assumptions are used to project future cash flows. The present value of the future cash flows is then calculated using a discount rate which reflects both the time value of money and the risks associated with the cash flows that are not otherwise allowed for.

The total profit that emerges over the lifetime of an individual contract as calculated using the embedded value basis is the same as that calculated under the IFRS basis and, prior to IFRS adoption, the MSB under UK Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). However, since the embedded value basis reflects discounted future cash flows under this methodology the profit emergence is advanced, thus more closely aligning the timing of the recognition of profits with the efforts and risks of current management actions, particularly with regard to business sold during the reporting period.



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### Cost of capital

A charge is deducted from the embedded value for the cost of capital supporting the Group's long-term business. This capital is referred to as encumbered capital. The cost is the difference between the nominal value of the capital and the discounted present value of the projected releases of this capital allowing for investment earnings (net of tax) on the capital.

The result for the period is impacted by the movement in this cost from period to period which comprises a charge against new business profit and a release in respect of the reduction in capital requirements for business in force as this runs off.

Where the capital is held within a with-profits long-term fund, the value placed on surplus assets in the fund is already discounted to reflect its release over time and no further adjustment is necessary in respect of solvency capital. However, where business is funded directly by shareholders, the capital requires adjustment to reflect the cost of that capital to shareholders.

### Financial options and guarantees

#### Nature of options and guarantees in Prudential's long-term business

#### UK insurance operations

The only significant financial options and guarantees in the UK insurance operations arise in the with-profits sub-fund and SAIF. With-profits products provide returns to policyholders through bonuses that are smoothed. There are two types of bonuses: annual and final. Annual bonuses are declared once a year, and once credited, are guaranteed in accordance with the terms of the particular product. Unlike annual bonuses, final bonuses are guaranteed only until the next bonus declaration.

Beyond the generic features described above, and the provisions held in respect of guaranteed annuities, there are very few explicit options or guarantees of the with-profits sub-fund such as minimum investment returns, surrender values, or annuity at retirement and any granted have generally been at very low levels.

#### Jackson National Life

The principal options and guarantees valued under EEV for Jackson National Life (JNL) are associated with the fixed annuity and variable annuity lines of business.

Fixed annuities provide that at JNL's discretion it may reset the interest rate credited to policyholders' accounts, subject to a guaranteed minimum. The guaranteed minimum return varies from 1.5 per cent to 5.5 per cent (full year 2005 and 2004: 1.5 per cent to 5.5 per cent), depending on the particular product, jurisdiction where issued, and date of issue. At 30 June and 31 December 2005, 73 per cent (2004: 73 per cent) of the fund relates to policies with guarantees of 3 per cent or less. The average guarantee rate for the half and full year 2005 is 3.3 per cent (2004: 3.3 per cent).

Fixed annuities also present a risk that policyholders will exercise their option to surrender their contracts in periods of rapidly rising interest rates, possibly requiring JNL to liquidate assets at an inopportune time.

Variable annuity contracts may contain guarantees of certain minimum payments in the event of death, withdrawal or annuitisation. These guarantees may be related to (a) the amount of total deposits made to the contract adjusted for any partial withdrawals, (b) the total deposits made to the contract adjusted for any partial withdrawals, plus a minimum annual return, or (c) the highest

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contract value on a specified anniversary date adjusted for any withdrawals following the contract anniversary.

These guarantees generally protect the policyholder's value in the event of poor equity market performance.

JNL also issues fixed index annuities that enable policyholders to obtain a portion of an equity-linked return while providing a guaranteed minimum return. The guaranteed minimum returns would be of a similar nature as those described above for fixed annuities. In the case of the potential equity participation, JNL hedges this risk by purchasing futures and options on the relevant index.

### Asian operations

Subject to local market circumstances and regulatory requirements, the guarantee features described above in respect of UK business broadly apply to similar types of participating contracts written in the PAC Hong Kong branch, Singapore and Malaysia. Participating products have both guaranteed and non-guaranteed elements.

Non-participating long-term products are the only ones where the insurer is contractually obliged to provide guarantees on all benefits. The most significant book of non-participating business in the Group's Asian operations is Taiwan's whole of life contracts. For these contracts there are floor levels of policyholder benefits that accrue at rates set at inception which are set by reference to minimum returns established by local regulation at the time of inception. These rates do not vary subsequently with market conditions. Under these contracts the cost of premiums are also fixed at inception based on a number of assumptions at that time, including long-term interest rates, mortality assumptions and expenses. The guaranteed maturity and surrender values reflect the pricing basis.

### Time value

The value of financial options and guarantees comprises two parts. One is given by a deterministic valuation on best estimate assumptions (the intrinsic value). The other part arises from the variability of economic outcomes in the future (the time value).

Where appropriate, a full stochastic valuation has been undertaken to determine the value of the in-force business including the cost of capital. A deterministic valuation of the in-force business is also derived using consistent assumptions and the time value of the financial options and guarantees is derived as the difference between the two.

The economic assumptions used for the stochastic calculations are consistent with those used for the deterministic calculations. Assumptions specific to the stochastic calculations such as equity volatility and credit losses reflect local market conditions and are based on a combination of actual market data, historic market data and an assessment of long-term economic conditions. Common principles have been adopted across the Group for the stochastic asset models, for example, separate modelling of individual asset classes but with allowance for correlation between the various asset classes. Details of the key characteristics of each model are given in note 3.

### b) Level of encumbered capital

In adopting the EEV principles, Prudential has based encumbered capital on its internal targets for economic capital subject to it being at least the local statutory minimum requirements. Economic capital is assessed using internal models, but when applying EEV Prudential does not take credit for the significant diversification benefits that exist within the Group. For

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with-profits business written in a segregated life fund, as is the case in the UK and Asia, the capital available in the fund is sufficient to meet the encumbered capital requirements.

- UK: economic capital requirements for annuity business are fully met by Pillar I requirements being 4 per cent of mathematical reserves (as used for achieved profits reporting), which are also sufficient to meet Pillar II requirements;

- US: level of capital that has previously been locked in for achieved profits reporting, namely 235 per cent of the risk-based capital required by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners at the Company Action Level (CAL), is sufficient to meet the economic capital requirement;

- Asia: economic capital target is substantially higher than local statutory requirements in total. Economic capital requirements vary by territory, but in aggregate, the encumbered capital is equivalent to the amount required under the Financial Conglomerates Directive (FCD).

The table below summarises the levels of encumbered capital as a percentage of the relevant statutory requirement:

|                                   | Capital as a percentage of relevant statutory requirement |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| UK business (excluding annuities) | 100% of EU minimum                                        |
| UK annuity business               | 100% of EU minimum                                        |
| Jackson National Life             | 235% of CAL                                               |
| Asian operations                  | 100% of FCD                                               |

### c) Risk discount rates

#### Overview

Under the CFO Forum Principles, discount rates used to determine the present value of future cash flows are set equal to risk-free rates plus a risk margin. The risk margin should reflect any risk associated with the emergence of distributable earnings that is not allowed for elsewhere in the valuation. Prudential has selected a granular approach to better reflect changes in risk inherent in each product group. The risk discount rate so derived does not reflect a market beta but instead reflects the risk of volatility associated with the cash flows in the embedded value model.

Since financial options and guarantees are explicitly valued under the EEV methodology, discount rates under EEV are set excluding the effect of these product features.

For Prudential's UK annuity business, which is well matched, the predominant risks are credit risk and longevity risk. For this line of business the achieved profits methodology for embedded values has been carried over and the risk discount rate has been derived by comparison to a market consistent valuation.

#### Allowance for risk

The risk allowance in the risk discount rate is determined as follows:

#### Market risk

Under Capital Asset Pricing Methodology (CAPM) the discount rate is determined as:

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Discount rate = risk-free rate + (beta x equity risk premium)

Under CAPM, the beta of a portfolio or product measures its relative market risk.

The risk discount rates reflect the market risk inherent in each product group and hence the volatility of product cash flows. They are determined by considering how the profits from each product are impacted by changes in expected returns on various asset classes, and by converting this into a relative rate of return it is possible to derive a product specific beta.

CAPM does not include any allowance for non-market risks since these are assumed to be fully diversifiable. For EEV purposes, however, a risk margin is added for non-diversifiable non-market risks and to cover Group level risks.

Product-level betas are calculated at least annually. They are combined with the most recent product mix to produce appropriate betas and risk discount rates for each major product grouping.

### Diversifiable non-market risks

No allowance is required for non-market risks where these are assumed to be fully diversifiable. The majority of non-market risks are considered to be diversifiable.

### Non-diversifiable, non-market risks

Finance theory cannot be used to determine the appropriate component of beta for non-diversifiable non-market risks since there is no observable risk premium associated with it that is akin to the equity risk premium. Recognising this, a pragmatic approach has been used.

A constant margin of 50 basis points has been added to the risk margin derived for market risk to cover the non-diversifiable non-market risks associated with the business.

### d) Management actions

In deriving the time value of financial options and guarantees, management actions in response to emerging investment and fund solvency conditions have been modelled. Management actions encompass, but are not confined to, the following areas:

- Investment allocation decisions;
- levels of reversionary bonuses and credited rates; and
- total claim values.

Bonus rates are projected from current levels and varied in accordance with assumed management actions applying in the emerging investment and fund solvency conditions.

In all instances the modelled actions are in accordance with approved local practice and therefore reflect the options actually available to management. For the PAC with-profits sub-fund, the actions assumed are consistent with those set out in the Principles and Practices of Financial Management.

### e) With-profits business and the treatment of the estate

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For the PAC with-profits sub-fund, the shareholders' interest in the estate is derived by increasing terminal bonus rates so as to exhaust the estate over the lifetime of the in-force with-profits business. In those few extreme scenarios where the total assets of the life fund are insufficient to meet policyholder claims in full, the excess cost is fully attributed to shareholders.

### f) Pension costs

The Group operates three defined benefit schemes in the UK. The principal scheme is the Prudential Staff Pension Scheme (PSPS). The other two much smaller schemes are the Scottish Amicable and M&G schemes. There is also a small scheme in Taiwan.

Under IFRS the deficits attaching to these schemes are accounted for in accordance with the provisions of IAS 19. The deficits represent the difference between the market value of the schemes' assets and the discounted value of projected future benefit payments to retired members and deferred pensioners and, to the extent of service to date, current employed members.

For PSPS the deficit is allocated between the PAC with-profits sub-fund and shareholder-backed operations by reference to the activities of the members of the scheme during their period of service. For the 2004 year end and half year 2005 the deficit was allocated in the ratio 80/20. For the 2005 year end, following further detailed consideration of the sourcing of previous contributions by Group companies and funds, this ratio has been altered to 70/30 for the allocation of the deficit between the with-profits sub-fund and shareholder-backed operations. Additional details on the effect of the movement on the deficits of the Group's defined benefit pension schemes is set out in note 9.

Under the EEV basis the IAS 19 basis deficit is initially allocated in the same manner. The shareholders' 10 per cent interest in the PAC with-profits sub-fund estate is determined after deduction of the portion of the IAS 19 basis deficits attributable to the fund. Adjustments under EEV in respect of accounting for deficits on deferred benefit schemes are reflected as part of other operations, as shown in note 13.

Separately, the projected cash flows of in-force covered business include contributions to the defined benefit schemes for future service based on the contribution basis to the schemes applying at the time of preparation of results.

### g) Debt capital

Core structural debt liabilities are carried at market value.

## 3. Assumptions

### a) Best estimate assumptions

Best estimate assumptions are used for the projections, where best estimate is defined as the mean of the distribution of all possible outcomes. The assumptions are reviewed actively and changes are made when evidence exists that changes in future experience are reasonably certain.

Assumptions required in the calculation of the value of options and guarantees, for example relating to volatilities and correlations, or dynamic algorithms linking liabilities to assets, have been set equal to the best estimates and, wherever material and practical, reflect any dynamic relationships between the assumption and the stochastic variables.

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### b) Principal economic assumptions

#### Deterministic

In most countries, the long-term expected rates of return on investments and risk discount rates are set by reference to period end rates of return on fixed interest securities. This 'active' basis of assumption setting has been applied in preparing the results of all the Group's UK and US long-term business operations. For the Group's Asian operations, the active basis is appropriate for business written in Japan, Korea and US dollar denominated business written in Hong Kong.

An exception to this general rule is that for countries where long-term fixed interest markets are underdeveloped, investment return assumptions and risk discount rates are based on an assessment of longer-term economic conditions. Except for the countries listed above, this basis is appropriate for the Group's Asian operations.

Expected returns on equity and property asset classes are derived by adding a risk premium, also based on the long-term view of Prudential's economists in respect of each territory, to the risk-free rate. In the UK the equity risk premium is 3.0 per cent (full year 2005: 4.0 per cent, 2004: 3.0 per cent) above risk-free rates. The equity risk premium in the US is 3.0 per cent (full year 2005: 4.0 per cent, 2004: 3.0 per cent). In Asia, equity risk premiums range from 2.75 per cent to 5.25 per cent (full year 2005: 3.0 per cent to 5.75 per cent, 2004: 2.8 per cent to 5.3 per cent). Assumptions for other asset classes, such as corporate bond spreads, are set consistently as best estimate assumptions.

The investment return assumptions as derived above are applied to the actual assets held at the valuation date to derive the overall fund-earned rate.

The table below summarises the principal financial assumptions:

|                                                                 | 30 Jun<br>2005<br>% | 31 Dec<br>2005<br>% | 31 Dec<br>2004<br>% |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| UK insurance operations                                         |                     |                     |                     |
| Risk discount rate:                                             |                     |                     |                     |
| New business                                                    | 7.4                 | 7.55                |                     |
| In force                                                        | 6.9                 | 7.7                 |                     |
| Pre-tax expected long-term nominal rates of investment return:  |                     |                     |                     |
| UK equities                                                     | 7.2                 | 8.1                 |                     |
| Overseas equities                                               | 7.0 to 7.9          | 8.1 to 8.75         | 7.3                 |
| Property                                                        | 6.5                 | 6.4                 |                     |
| Gilts                                                           | 4.2                 | 4.1                 |                     |
| Corporate bonds                                                 | 5.1                 | 4.9                 |                     |
| Expected long-term rate of inflation                            | 2.8                 | 2.9                 |                     |
| Post-tax expected long-term nominal rate of return:             |                     |                     |                     |
| Pension business (where no tax applies)                         | 6.6                 | 7.1                 |                     |
| Life business                                                   | 5.8                 | 6.3                 |                     |
| US operations (Jackson National Life)                           |                     |                     |                     |
| Risk discount rate:                                             |                     |                     |                     |
| New business                                                    | 5.8                 | 6.9                 |                     |
| In force                                                        | 5.3                 | 6.1                 |                     |
| Expected long-term spread between earned rate and rate credited |                     |                     |                     |

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|                                                                   |      |      |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|------|------|
| to policyholders for single premium deferred annuity business     | 1.75 | 1.75 |
| US 10-year treasury bond rate at end of period                    | 4.0  | 4.4  |
| Pre-tax expected long-term nominal rate of return for US equities | 7.0  | 8.4  |
| Expected long-term rate of inflation                              | 2.2  | 2.4  |

### Asian operations

|                                      | China       |             | Hong Kong   |             | India       |             | Indonesia   |             | Japan       |             | Korea       |             | Malaysia    |             | Philippines |             | Singapore   |             | Taiwan      |             | Thailand    |             |             |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
|                                      | (note iii)  |             | (note iii)  |             | (note iii)  |             | (note iii)  |             | (note iii)  |             | (note iii)  |             | (note iii)  |             | (note iii)  |             | (note iii)  |             | (note ii)   |             | (note ii)   |             |             |
|                                      | 30 Jun 2005 | 30 Jun 2005 | 30 Jun 2005 | 30 Jun 2005 | 30 Jun 2005 | 30 Jun 2005 | 30 Jun 2005 | 30 Jun 2005 | 30 Jun 2005 | 30 Jun 2005 | 30 Jun 2005 | 30 Jun 2005 | 30 Jun 2005 | 30 Jun 2005 | 30 Jun 2005 | 30 Jun 2005 | 30 Jun 2005 | 30 Jun 2005 | 30 Jun 2005 | 30 Jun 2005 | 30 Jun 2005 | 30 Jun 2005 | 30 Jun 2005 |
|                                      | %           |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |
| Risk discount rate:                  |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |
| New business                         | 10.0        | 4.7         | 16.0        | 18.75       | 4.9         | 7.5         | 9.15        | 16.25       | 6.4         | 9.7         | 13.0        | 10.0        | 5.1         | 16.0        | 18.75       | 4.9         | 7.5         | 8.7         | 16.25       | 6.65        | 9.5         | 13.0        |             |
| In force                             | 10.0        | 5.1         | 16.0        | 18.75       | 4.9         | 7.5         | 9.15        | 16.25       | 6.4         | 9.7         | 13.0        | 10.0        | 5.1         | 16.0        | 18.75       | 4.9         | 7.5         | 8.7         | 16.25       | 6.65        | 9.5         | 13.0        |             |
| Expected long-term rate of inflation | 3.0         | 2.25        | 5.25        | 7.75        | 0.0         | 2.75        | 3.0         | 5.25        | 2.25        | 2.25        | 3.0         | 3.0         | 2.25        | 5.25        | 7.75        | 0.0         | 2.75        | 3.0         | 5.25        | 2.25        | 2.25        | 3.0         |             |
| Government bond yield                | 7.25        | 4.9         | 10.25       | 13.0        | 1.7         | 4.4         | 7.0         | 10.5        | 5.0         | 5.5         | 7.0         | 7.25        | 4.9         | 10.25       | 13.0        | 1.7         | 4.4         | 7.0         | 10.5        | 5.0         | 5.5         | 7.0         |             |

|                                      | China       |             | Hong Kong   |             | India       |             | Indonesia   |             | Japan       |             | Korea       |             | Malaysia    |             | Philippines |             | Singapore   |             | Taiwan      |             | Thailand    |             |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
|                                      | (note iii)  |             | (note iii)  |             | (note iii)  |             | (note iii)  |             | (note iii)  |             | (note iii)  |             | (note iii)  |             | (note iii)  |             | (note iii)  |             | (note ii)   |             | (note ii)   |             |
|                                      | 31 Dec 2005 | 31 Dec 2005 | 31 Dec 2005 | 31 Dec 2005 | 31 Dec 2005 | 31 Dec 2005 | 31 Dec 2005 | 31 Dec 2005 | 31 Dec 2005 | 31 Dec 2005 | 31 Dec 2005 | 31 Dec 2005 | 31 Dec 2005 | 31 Dec 2005 | 31 Dec 2005 | 31 Dec 2005 | 31 Dec 2005 | 31 Dec 2005 | 31 Dec 2005 | 31 Dec 2005 | 31 Dec 2005 | 31 Dec 2005 |
|                                      | %           |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |
| Risk discount rate:                  |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |
| New business                         | 12.0        | 5.9         | 16.5        | 17.5        | 5.0         | 10.3        | 9.4         | 16.5        | 6.7         | 9.0         | 13.0        | 12.0        | 5.9         | 16.5        | 17.5        | 5.0         | 10.3        | 9.4         | 16.5        | 6.7         | 9.0         | 13.0        |
| In force                             | 12.0        | 6.15        | 16.5        | 17.5        | 5.0         | 10.3        | 9.0         | 16.5        | 6.8         | 9.4         | 13.0        | 12.0        | 6.15        | 16.5        | 17.5        | 5.0         | 10.3        | 9.0         | 16.5        | 6.8         | 9.4         | 13.0        |
| Expected long-term rate of inflation | 4.0         | 2.25        | 5.5         | 6.5         | 0.0         | 2.75        | 3.0         | 5.5         | 1.75        | 2.25        | 3.0         | 4.0         | 2.25        | 5.5         | 6.5         | 0.0         | 2.75        | 3.0         | 5.5         | 1.75        | 2.25        | 3.0         |
| Government bond yield                | 9.0         | 4.8         | 10.5        | 11.5        | 1.8         | 5.8         | 7.5         | 10.5        | 4.5         | 5.5         | 7.0         | 9.0         | 4.8         | 10.5        | 11.5        | 1.8         | 5.8         | 7.5         | 10.5        | 4.5         | 5.5         | 7.0         |

|                                      | China       |             | Hong Kong   |             | India       |             | Indonesia   |             | Japan       |             | Korea       |             | Malaysia    |             | Philippines |             | Singapore   |             | Taiwan      |             | Thailand    |             |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
|                                      | (note iii)  |             | (note iii)  |             | (note iii)  |             | (note iii)  |             | (note iii)  |             | (note iii)  |             | (note iii)  |             | (note iii)  |             | (note iii)  |             | (note ii)   |             | (note ii)   |             |
|                                      | 31 Dec 2004 | 31 Dec 2004 | 31 Dec 2004 | 31 Dec 2004 | 31 Dec 2004 | 31 Dec 2004 | 31 Dec 2004 | 31 Dec 2004 | 31 Dec 2004 | 31 Dec 2004 | 31 Dec 2004 | 31 Dec 2004 | 31 Dec 2004 | 31 Dec 2004 | 31 Dec 2004 | 31 Dec 2004 | 31 Dec 2004 | 31 Dec 2004 | 31 Dec 2004 | 31 Dec 2004 | 31 Dec 2004 | 31 Dec 2004 |
|                                      | %           |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |
| Risk discount rate:                  |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |             |
| New business                         | 12.0        | 5.9         | 16.5        | 17.5        | 5.0         | 10.3        | 9.4         | 16.5        | 6.7         | 9.0         | 13.0        | 12.0        | 5.9         | 16.5        | 17.5        | 5.0         | 10.3        | 9.4         | 16.5        | 6.7         | 9.0         | 13.0        |
| In force                             | 12.0        | 6.15        | 16.5        | 17.5        | 5.0         | 10.3        | 9.0         | 16.5        | 6.8         | 9.4         | 13.0        | 12.0        | 6.15        | 16.5        | 17.5        | 5.0         | 10.3        | 9.0         | 16.5        | 6.8         | 9.4         | 13.0        |
| Expected long-term rate of inflation | 4.0         | 2.25        | 5.5         | 6.5         | 0.0         | 2.75        | 3.0         | 5.5         | 1.75        | 2.25        | 3.0         | 4.0         | 2.25        | 5.5         | 6.5         | 0.0         | 2.75        | 3.0         | 5.5         | 1.75        | 2.25        | 3.0         |
| Government bond yield                | 9.0         | 4.8         | 10.5        | 11.5        | 1.8         | 5.8         | 7.5         | 10.5        | 4.5         | 5.5         | 7.0         | 9.0         | 4.8         | 10.5        | 11.5        | 1.8         | 5.8         | 7.5         | 10.5        | 4.5         | 5.5         | 7.0         |

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|                                      | %    | %    | %     | %     | %   | %    | %   | %     | %    | %    | %    |
|--------------------------------------|------|------|-------|-------|-----|------|-----|-------|------|------|------|
| Risk discount rate:                  |      |      |       |       |     |      |     |       |      |      |      |
| New business                         | 10.0 | 4.7  | 16.0  | 18.75 | 5.0 | 7.1  | 9.0 | 16.25 | 6.3  | 7.1  | 13.0 |
| In force                             | 10.0 | 5.0  | 16.0  | 18.75 | 5.0 | 7.1  | 8.7 | 16.25 | 6.4  | 8.2  | 13.0 |
| Expected long-term rate of inflation | 3.0  | 2.25 | 5.25  | 7.75  | 0.0 | 2.75 | 3.0 | 5.25  | 2.25 | 2.25 | 3.0  |
| Government bond yield                | 7.25 | 4.9  | 10.25 | 13.0  | 1.9 | 3.9  | 7.0 | 10.5  | 5.0  | 5.5  | 7.0  |

|                                      | Asia total 30 June 2005 % | Asia total 31 Dec 2005 % | Asia total 31 Dec 2004 % |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Weighted risk discount rate (note i) |                           |                          |                          |
| New business                         | 9.4                       | 9.8                      | 8.0                      |
| In force                             | 7.2                       | 8.4                      | 7.9                      |

Notes

(i) The weighted discount rates for the Asian operations shown above have been determined by weighting each country's discount rates by reference to the EEV basis operating result for new business and the closing value of in-force business.

(ii) For traditional business in Taiwan, the economic scenarios used to calculate the half year 2005 EEV basis results reflect the assumption of a phased progression of the bond yields from the current rates to the long-term expected rates. In preparing the half year 2005 EEV basis results the same basis has been applied as was used and disclosed for the full year 2005 results. This basis is that the projections assume that, in the average scenario, the current bond yields of around 2 per cent trend towards 5.5 per cent at 31 December 2012. Allowance is made for the mix of assets in the fund, future investment strategy and the market value depreciation of the bonds as a result of the assumed yield increases. This gives rise to an average assumed Fund Earned Rate that trends from 2.3 per cent to 5.4 per cent in 2013 and falls below 2.3 per cent for seven years due to the depreciation of bond values as yields rise. Thereafter, the Fund Earned Rate fluctuates around a target of 5.9 per cent. This compares to a grading of 3.4 per cent at 31 December 2004 to 5.9 per cent by 31 December 2012 for the 2004 results. Consistent with our EEV methodology, a constant discount rate has been applied to the projected cashflows.

(iii) The assumptions shown are for US dollar denominated business which comprises the larger proportion of the in-force Hong Kong business.

(iv) Assumed equity returns

The most significant equity holdings in the Asian operations are in Hong Kong, Singapore and Malaysia. The mean equity return assumptions for those territories at 30 June 2005 were 7.3 per cent (31 December 2005: 8.6 per cent, 2004: 7.3 per



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cent), 9.75 per cent (31 December 2005: 9.3 per cent, 2004: 9.75 per cent) and 12.25 per cent (31 December 2005: 12.8 per cent, 2004: 12.25 per cent) respectively. To obtain the mean, an average over all simulations of the accumulated return at the end of the projection period is calculated. The annual average return is then calculated by taking the root of the average accumulated return minus 1.

### Stochastic

The economic assumptions used for the stochastic calculations are consistent with those used for the deterministic calculations described above. Assumptions specific to the stochastic calculations such as the volatilities of asset returns reflect local market conditions and are based on a combination of actual market data, historic market data and an assessment of longer-term economic conditions. Common principles have been adopted across the Group for the stochastic asset models, for example, separate modelling of individual asset classes but with allowance for correlation between the various asset classes.

Details are given below of the key characteristics and calibrations of each model.

### UK insurance operations

- Interest rates are projected using a two-factor model calibrated to actual market data;
- the risk premium on equity assets is assumed to follow a log-normal distribution;
- the corporate bond return is calculated as the return on a zero-coupon bond plus a spread. The spread process is a mean reverting stochastic process; and
- property returns are modelled in a similar fashion to corporate bonds, namely as the return on a riskless bond, plus a risk premium, plus a process representative of the change in residual values and the change in value of the call option on rents.

The rates to which the model has been calibrated are set out below:

Mean returns have been derived as the annualised arithmetic average return across all simulations and durations.

Standard deviations have been calculated by taking the annualised variance of the returns over all the simulations, taking the square root and averaging over all durations in the projection. For bonds the standard deviations relate to the yields on bonds of the average portfolio duration. For equity and property, they relate to the total return on these assets. The standard deviations applied are as follows:

|                       | Standard<br>deviation<br>Half Year<br>2005<br>% |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------------------|
| Government bond yield | 2.0                                             |
| Corporate bond yield  | 5.5                                             |
| Equities:             |                                                 |

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|          |      |
|----------|------|
| UK       | 18.0 |
| Overseas | 16.0 |
| Property | 15.0 |

### Jackson National Life

- Interest rates are projected using a log-normal generator calibrated to actual market data;

- corporate bond returns are based on Treasury securities plus a spread that has been calibrated to current market conditions and varies by credit quality; and

- variable annuity equity and bond returns have been stochastically generated using a regime-switching log-normal model with parameters determined by reference to historical data. The volatility of equity fund returns ranges from 18.6 per cent to 28.1 per cent, depending on risk class, and the volatility of bond funds ranges from 1.4 per cent to 1.7 per cent.

### Asian operations

The same asset return model, as used in the UK, appropriately calibrated, has been used for the Asian operations. The principal asset classes are government and corporate bonds. Equity holdings are much lower than in the UK whilst property is not held as an investment asset.

The stochastic cost of guarantees are only of significance for the Hong Kong, Singapore, Malaysia and Taiwan operations.

The mean stochastic returns are consistent with the mean deterministic returns for each country. The volatility of equity returns ranges from 18 per cent to 25 per cent, and the volatility of government bond returns ranges from 1.8 per cent to 6.4 per cent.

### c) Demographic assumptions

Persistency, mortality and morbidity assumptions are based on an analysis of recent experience but also reflect expected future experience. Where relevant, when calculating the time value of in-force business, policyholder withdrawal rates vary in line with the emerging investment conditions according to management's expectations.

### d) Expense assumptions

Expense levels, including those of service companies that support the Group's long-term business operations, are based on internal expense analysis investigations and are appropriately allocated to acquisition of new business and renewal of in-force business. Exceptional expenses are identified separately and reported separately. No productivity gains have been assumed.

Asia development and Regional Head Office expenses are charged to EEV basis results as incurred. No adjustment is made to the embedded value of covered business as the amounts of expenditure that relate to operating expenses are not material. Similarly corporate expenditure for Group Head Office, to the extent not allocated to the PAC with-profits fund, is charged to the EEV basis result as incurred.

### e) Inter-company arrangements

There are no inter-company arrangements such as reinsurance or loans associated

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with covered business for which adjustment has been required in preparing the EEV basis results.

### f) Taxation and other legislation

Current taxation and other legislation has been assumed to continue unaltered except where changes have been announced and the relevant legislation passed.

### g) Fund management and service companies

The value of future profits or losses from fund management and service companies that support the Group's covered businesses are included in the profits for new business and the in-force value of the Group's long-term business.

## 4. Accounting presentation

### a) Analysis of profit before tax

To the extent applicable, presentation of the EEV profit for the period is consistent with the basis the Group applies for analysis of IFRS basis profits before shareholder taxes between operating and non-operating results. Operating results reflect the underlying results of the Group's continuing operations including longer-term investment returns. Operating results include the impact of routine changes of estimates and non-economic assumptions. Non-operating results include certain recurrent and exceptional items that primarily do not reflect the performance in the period of the Group's continuing operations.

### b) Investment return

Profit before tax

With the exception of debt securities held by JNL, investment gains and losses during the period (to the extent that changes in capital values do not directly match changes in liabilities) are included directly in the profit for the period and shareholders' funds as they arise.

In the case of JNL, market value movements on debt securities are initially recorded as movements in shareholder reserves, reflecting the available-for-sale categorisation under IFRS. Similarly the value movements on derivatives are recorded in the income statement. However, it is assumed that fixed income investments will normally be held until maturity. Therefore, unrealised gains and losses on these securities are not reflected in either the EEV or statutory basis results and, except on realisation or impairment of investments, only income received and the amortisation of the difference between cost and maturity values are recognised to the extent attributable to shareholders. This is consistent with the basis of valuation of future cash flows of in-force business, which inter alia, reflects spread basis earnings which are not directly affected by short-term value movements in fixed income securities. Similar principles apply to value movements on JNL's derivatives that are fair valued for IFRS reporting with value movements booked in the IFRS income statement.

Investment returns reflect those earned on a market basis over the period without smoothing, but after appropriate adjustments for movements in the additional shareholders' interest recognised on the EEV basis.

Operating profit

Investment returns, including investment gains, in respect of long-term insurance business are recognised in operating results at the expected long-term rate of return. For the purposes of calculating longer-term investment return to

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be included in operating results of UK operations, where equity holdings are a significant proportion of investment portfolios, values of assets at the beginning of the reporting period are adjusted to remove the effects of short-term market volatility.

For the purposes of determining the long-term returns for debt securities of shareholder-backed operations, a risk margin charge is included which reflects the expected long-term rate of default based on the credit quality of the portfolio. Interest-related realised gains and losses are amortised to the operating results over the maturity period of the sold bonds. For equity-related investments of JNL, a long-term rate of return is assumed, which reflects the aggregation of risk-free rates and equity risk premium.

### c) Pension costs

#### Profit before tax

Movements on the shareholders' share of deficits of the Group's defined benefit pension schemes adjusted for contributions paid in the period are recorded within the income statement. Consistent with the basis of distribution of bonuses and the treatment of the estate described in notes 2d) and 2e), the shareholders' share incorporates 10 per cent of the proportion of the deficits attributable to the PAC with-profits sub-fund. The deficits are determined by applying the requirements of IAS 19.

#### Actuarial gains and losses

Actuarial gains and losses comprise:

- The difference between actual and expected return on the scheme assets;
- experience gains and losses on scheme liabilities; and
- the impact of altered economic and other assumptions on the discount value of scheme liabilities.

These items are recorded in the income statement but, consistent with the IFRS basis of presentation, are excluded from operating results.

For the full year 2005 results, as previously disclosed, additional non-recurrent gains and losses in respect of the Group's defined benefit pension schemes have been recorded. These are explained in note 9.

### d) Effect of changes in economic assumptions and time value of cost of options and guarantees

Movements in the value of in-force business caused by changes to economic assumptions and the time value of cost of options and guarantees, (which is primarily due to economic experience over the period and changes in economic assumptions) are recorded in non-operating results.

### e) Results for fund management operations

The results of the Group's fund management operations include the profits from management of internal and external funds. For EEV basis reporting, Group shareholders' other income is adjusted to deduct the expected margin for the period on management of covered business. The deduction is on a basis consistent with that used for projecting the results for covered business. Group operating profit accordingly includes the variance between actual and expected profit in respect of covered business.

### f) Capital held centrally for Asian operations

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In adopting the EEV principles Prudential has decided to set encumbered capital at its internal targets for economic capital. In Asia, the economic capital target is substantially higher than the local statutory requirements in total. Accordingly, capital is held centrally for Asian operations. For the purposes of the presentation of the Group's operating results, it is assumed that the centrally held capital is lent interest free to the Asian operations. In turn the results of the Asian operations include the return on that capital and Group shareholders' other income for EEV basis reporting is consequently reduced.

### g) Taxation

The EEV profit for the period for covered business is calculated initially at the post-tax level. The post-tax profit is then grossed up for presentation purposes at the effective rate of tax. In general, the effective rate corresponds to the corporation tax rate on shareholder profits of the business concerned. Under achieved profits, except for JNL, this basis also applied. For JNL, under achieved profits pre-tax results were determined by applying the risk discount rate to pre-tax cash flows adjusted for the impact of capital charges.

### h) Foreign currency translation

Foreign currency profit and losses have been translated at average exchange rates for the period. Foreign currency assets and liabilities have been translated at period end rates of exchange. The purpose of translating the profit and losses at average exchange rates, notwithstanding the fact that EEV profit represents the incremental value added on a discounted cash flow basis, is to maintain consistency with the methodology applied for IFRS basis reporting.

The principal exchange rates applied are:

| Local<br>currency: GBP | Closing<br>Rate at 30<br>Jun 2005 | Average for<br>Half Year<br>2005 | Closing<br>rate at 31<br>Dec 2005 | Average<br>for Full<br>Year 2005 | Closing<br>rate at<br>31 Dec<br>2004 | Average for<br>Full year<br>2004 | Op<br>ra<br>1 Jan |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|
| Hong Kong              | 13.93                             | 14.6                             | 13.31                             | 14.15                            | 14.92                                | 14.27                            |                   |
| Japan                  | 198.62                            | 198.56                           | 202.63                            | 200.13                           | 196.73                               | 198.08                           | 1                 |
| Malaysia               | 6.81                              | 7.12                             | 6.49                              | 6.89                             | 7.30                                 | 6.96                             |                   |
| Singapore              | 3.02                              | 3.08                             | 2.85                              | 3.03                             | 3.13                                 | 3.10                             |                   |
| Taiwan                 | 56.67                             | 58.88                            | 56.38                             | 58.47                            | 60.84                                | 61.10                            |                   |
| US                     | 1.79                              | 1.87                             | 1.72                              | 1.82                             | 1.92                                 | 1.83                             |                   |

## 5. Operating profit and margins from new business

### a) Profit

|                                   | Half<br>Year<br>2005 |             |                  | Full<br>Year<br>2005 |             |                  | Full<br>Year<br>2004 |             |                      |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------|-------------|------------------|----------------------|-------------|------------------|----------------------|-------------|----------------------|
|                                   | Pre-tax<br>GBPm      | Tax<br>GBPm | Post-tax<br>GBPm | Pre-tax<br>GBPm      | Tax<br>GBPm | Post-tax<br>GBPm | Pre-tax<br>GBPm      | Tax<br>GBPm | Post-<br>tax<br>GBPm |
| UK insurance<br>operations        | 159                  | (48)        | 111              | 243                  | (73)        | 170              | 241                  | (72)        |                      |
| Jackson National<br>Life (note i) | 95                   | (33)        | 62               | 211                  | (74)        | 137              | 145                  | (51)        |                      |

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|                           |     |       |     |     |       |      |     |       |
|---------------------------|-----|-------|-----|-----|-------|------|-----|-------|
| Asian operations          | 162 | (52)  | 110 | 413 | (124) | 289  | 355 | (105) |
| Total                     | 416 | (133) | 283 | 867 | (271) | 596  | 741 | (228) |
| (i) Jackson National Life |     |       |     |     |       |      |     |       |
| net of tax profit         |     |       |     |     |       |      |     |       |
| Before capital charge     |     |       | 68  |     |       | 150  |     |       |
| Capital charge            |     |       | (6) |     |       | (13) |     |       |
| After capital charge      |     |       | 62  |     |       | 137  |     |       |

In determining the EEV basis value of new business written in the period the policies incept, premiums are included in projected cash flows on the same basis of distinguishing annual and single premium business as set out for statutory basis reporting.

Included within pre-tax new business profits shown in the table above are profits arising from fund management business falling within the scope of covered business of:

|                         | Half Year 2005 | Full Year 2005 | Full Year 2006 |
|-------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
|                         | GBPm           | GBPm           | GBPm           |
| UK insurance operations | 5              | 7              |                |
| Jackson National Life   | 1              | 2              |                |
| Asian operations        | 3              | 10             |                |
|                         | 9              | 19             |                |

b) Margins

|                         | New business premiums |         | Annual premium equivalent | Present value of new business premiums | Pre-tax new business contribution | New business margin |         |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|---------|---------------------------|----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|---------|
|                         | Single                | Regular | (APE)                     | (PVNBP)                                |                                   | (APE)               | (PVNBP) |
| Half Year 2005          | GBPm                  | GBPm    | GBPm                      | GBPm                                   | GBPm                              | %                   |         |
| UK insurance operations | 4,510                 | 90      | 541                       | 4,797                                  | 159                               | 30                  |         |
| Jackson National Life   | 2,700                 | 5       | 275                       | 2,749                                  | 95                                | 35                  |         |
| Asian operations        | 401                   | 273     | 313                       | 1,734                                  | 162                               | 52                  |         |
| Total                   | 7,611                 | 368     | 1,129                     | 9,280                                  | 416                               | 37                  |         |

|                         | New business premiums |         | Annual premium equivalent | Present value of new business premiums | Pre-tax new business contribution | New business margin |         |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|---------|---------------------------|----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|---------|
|                         | Single                | Regular | (APE)                     | (PVNBP)                                |                                   | (APE)               | (PVNBP) |
| Full Year 2005          | GBPm                  | GBPm    | GBPm                      | GBPm                                   | GBPm                              | %                   |         |
| UK insurance operations | 7,085                 | 191     | 900                       | 7,593                                  | 243                               | 27                  |         |
| Jackson National Life   | 5,009                 | 14      | 515                       | 5,135                                  | 211                               | 41                  |         |
| Asian operations        | 837                   | 648     | 731                       | 4,039                                  | 413                               | 56                  | 1       |



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|                                                           |     |     |    |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|-----|-----|----|
| losses                                                    |     |     |    |
| Profit on repricing Term contracts                        | 136 | 140 |    |
| Profit (loss) from changes to other operating assumptions | 11  | 10  |    |
| Other                                                     | 14  | 26  | (1 |
|                                                           | 324 | 530 | 2  |
| Asian operations                                          |     |     |    |
| Unwind of discount and other expected returns (note i)    | 85  | 162 | 1  |
| Change in operating assumptions                           | 7   | (9) | (2 |
| Experience variances and other items                      | (2) | 10  |    |
|                                                           | 90  | 163 | 1  |
| Total                                                     | 399 | 876 | 5  |

### Notes

(i) For UK insurance and Asian operations, unwind of discount and other expected returns is determined by reference to the value of in-force business, required capital and surplus assets at the start of the period as adjusted for the effect of changes in economic and operating assumptions reflected in the current period. For the unwind of discount for UK insurance operations included in operating results based on longer-term returns a further adjustment is made. For UK insurance operations the amount represents the unwind of discount on the value of in-force business at the beginning of the period (adjusted for the effect of current period assumption changes), the expected return on smoothed surplus assets retained within the main with-profits fund and the expected return on shareholders' assets held in other UK long-term business operations. Surplus assets retained within the main with-profits fund are smoothed for this purpose to remove the effects of short-term investment volatility from operating results. In the balance sheet and for total profit reporting, asset values and investment returns are not smoothed. For JNL the return on surplus assets is shown separately.

(ii) The GBP148 million cost of strengthened persistency assumption relates to a number of products, primarily in respect of with-profits bonds. The GBP73 million cost of strengthened persistency assumption for 2004 relates to the closed book of personal pension policies sold by the now discontinued direct sales force.

(iii) The GBP47 million charge for full year 2005 primarily relates to the cost of capital attaching to liability strengthening on the regulatory basis for annuity business.

(iv) Other charges of GBP48m for half year 2005 reflect adverse expense experience variances, the costs of new regulatory requirements and restructuring and other items. The full year 2005 other charges of GBP46 million include GBP45 million of costs associated with complying with regulatory requirements including Sarbanes-Oxley, product and distribution development, GBP19 million of negative experience variances and other net positive items of GBP18 million. In determining the appropriate expense assumptions for full year 2005 account has been taken of the cost synergies that are expected to arise with some certainty from the initiative announced on 1 December 2005 from UK insurance operations working more closely with Egg and M&G. Without this factor there would have been a charge for altered expense assumptions of approximately GBP55 million. The GBP33 million charge for other items for 2004 includes GBP21 million of costs associated with complying with new regulatory requirements and restructuring and GBP12 million of negative experience variances.

### 7. Investment return and other income



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|                                                                                                                                      | Half Year<br>2005<br>GBPm | Full Year<br>2005<br>GBPm | Full Year<br>2004<br>GBPm |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| IFRS basis                                                                                                                           | 45                        | 87                        | 44                        |
| Less: allocation of investment return on centrally held capital in respect of Asian business to operating result of Asian operations | (10)                      | (21)                      | (22)                      |
| Less: projected fund management result in respect of covered business incorporated in opening EEV value                              | (15)                      | (24)                      | (22)                      |
| EEV basis                                                                                                                            | 20                        | 42                        | 0                         |

8. Short-term fluctuations in investment returns

|                                                                                                                                                                                             | Half Year<br>2005<br>GBPm | Full Year<br>2005<br>GBPm | Full Year<br>2004<br>GBPm |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Long-term business:                                                                                                                                                                         |                           |                           |                           |
| UK insurance operations (note i)                                                                                                                                                            | 267                       | 994                       | 40                        |
| Jackson National Life (including mark to market value of core structural borrowings) (note ii)                                                                                              | 16                        | 65                        | 10                        |
| Asian operations                                                                                                                                                                            | 24                        | 41                        | 9                         |
| Share of investment return of funds managed by PPM America that are consolidated into Group results but attributable to external investors                                                  | 0                         | 0                         |                           |
| Share of profits of venture investment companies and property partnerships of the PAC with-profits fund that are consolidated into Group results but are attributable to external investors | 3                         | 1                         |                           |
| Movement in mark to market value of core structural borrowings held centrally                                                                                                               | (19)                      | (65)                      | (63)                      |
| Other operations                                                                                                                                                                            | (13)                      | (35)                      | 1                         |
| Total                                                                                                                                                                                       | 278                       | 1,001                     | 57                        |

Notes

(i) Short-term fluctuations in investment returns represent for UK insurance operations the difference between actual investment returns in the period attributable to shareholders and the expected returns as described in note 3.

(ii) Short-term fluctuations for JNL comprise:

|                                                                                                                                                                                       | Half Year<br>2005<br>GBPm | Full Year<br>2005<br>GBPm | Full Year<br>2004<br>GBPm |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Actual investment return on investments less long-term returns included within operating profit:                                                                                      |                           |                           |                           |
| Actual realised gains less default assumption and amortisation of interest-related realised gains and losses for fixed maturity securities                                            | 2                         | 5                         | 51                        |
| Actual less long-term return on equity-based investments and other items                                                                                                              | 53                        | 58                        | 22                        |
| Investment return related (loss) gain due primarily to changed expectation of profits on in-force variable annuity business in future periods based on current period equity returns* | (29)                      | 4                         | 36                        |
| Mark to market value of core structural borrowings                                                                                                                                    | (10)                      | (2)                       | (6)                       |
|                                                                                                                                                                                       | 16                        | 65                        | 103                       |

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\*This adjustment arises due to market returns being (lower) higher than the assumed long-term rate of return. This gives rise to (lower) higher than expected period end values of variable annuity assets under management with a resulting effect on the projected value of future account values, and hence future profitability.

### 9. Actuarial and other gains and losses on defined benefit pension schemes

The charge of GBP8 million (full year 2005: GBP47 million, 2004: GBP12 million) included in total profit reflects the shareholders' share of actuarial and other gains and losses on the Group's defined benefit pension schemes. On the EEV basis, this includes a 10 per cent share of the actuarial gains and losses on the share of the deficit attributable to the PAC with-profits fund for the Prudential Staff and Scottish Amicable Pension Schemes. The 2005 full year charge of GBP47 million includes a charge of GBP43 million for altered renewal expense assumptions arising from the prospective increase in employer contributions for the Prudential Staff Pension Scheme for future service of active members (as distinct from deficit funding).

### 10. Effect of changes in economic assumptions and time value of cost of options and guarantees

The profits (losses) on changes in economic assumptions and time value of cost of options and guarantees resulting from changes in economic factors for in-force business included within the profit on ordinary activities before tax arise as follows:

|                           | Half Year<br>2005                                                                 |             |       | Full Year<br>2005                                                                 |             |       | Full<br>2005 | Change<br>in<br>time<br>value<br>of co<br>of co<br>op | Full<br>2005 |                                      |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-------|--------------|-------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------------------------------|
|                           | Change in<br>time value<br>of cost of<br>economic<br>options<br>and<br>guarantees |             | Total | Change in<br>time value<br>of cost of<br>economic<br>options<br>and<br>guarantees |             | Total |              |                                                       |              | Change in<br>economic<br>assumptions |
|                           | assumptions                                                                       | assumptions |       | assumptions                                                                       | assumptions |       |              |                                                       |              |                                      |
|                           | GBPm                                                                              | GBPm        | GBPm  | GBPm                                                                              | GBPm        | GBPm  | GBPm         | GBPm                                                  |              |                                      |
| UK insurance operations   | 29                                                                                | 1           | 30    | (81)                                                                              | 31          | (50)  | 40           |                                                       |              |                                      |
| Jackson National Life     | 33                                                                                | 1           | 34    | (3)                                                                               | 11          | 8     | (53)         |                                                       |              |                                      |
| Asian operations (note i) | (207)                                                                             | 0           | (207) | (265)                                                                             | 5           | (260) | (113)        |                                                       |              |                                      |
| Total                     | (145)                                                                             | 2           | (143) | (349)                                                                             | 47          | (302) | (126)        |                                                       |              |                                      |

#### Note

(i) Consistent with prior periods for the Taiwan operation, the projections include an assumption of phased progression of the bond yields of around 2 per cent towards 5.5 per cent at 31 December 2012 as described in note 3b(ii). This takes into account the effect on bond values of interest rate movements. The principal cause of the GBP207 million (full year 2005: GBP265 million) charge for the effect of changed economic assumptions is the reduction in short-term earned rates in Taiwan. This reduction has the effect of delaying the emergence of the expected long-term rate.

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11. Taxation charge

The tax charge comprises:

|                                                                                                                     | Half Year<br>2005<br>GBPm | Full Year<br>2005<br>GBPm | Full Year<br>2005<br>GBPm |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Tax on operating profit from continuing operations                                                                  |                           |                           |                           |
| Long-term business:                                                                                                 |                           |                           |                           |
| UK insurance operations                                                                                             | 45                        | 127                       | 14                        |
| Jackson National Life                                                                                               | 126                       | 204                       | 11                        |
| Asian operations*                                                                                                   | 61                        | 162                       | 11                        |
|                                                                                                                     | 232                       | 493                       | 37                        |
| Other operations                                                                                                    | (11)                      | (130)                     | (27)                      |
| Total tax charge on operating profit from continuing operations                                                     | 221                       | 363                       | 35                        |
| Tax on items not included in operating profit                                                                       |                           |                           |                           |
| Tax charge on short-term fluctuations in investment returns                                                         | 107                       | 343                       | 18                        |
| Tax credit on actuarial and other gains and losses of defined benefit pension schemes                               | (2)                       | (14)                      | (5)                       |
| Tax charge (credit) on effect of changes in economic assumptions and time value of cost of options and guarantees   | 11                        | (39)                      | 1                         |
| Total tax charge on items not included in operating profit from continuing operations                               | 116                       | 290                       | 20                        |
| Tax charge on profit on ordinary activities from continuing operations (including tax on actual investment returns) | 337                       | 653                       | 55                        |

\*Including tax relief on development expenses.

The profit for the period for covered business is in most cases calculated initially at the post-tax level. The post-tax profit for covered business is then grossed up for presentation purposes at the effective rates of tax applicable to the countries and periods concerned. In the UK this is the UK corporation tax rate of 30 per cent. For JNL the federal rate of 35 per cent is applied to gross up movements on the value of in-force business. Effects on statutory tax for the period affect the overall tax rate. For Asia, similar principles apply subject to the availability of taxable profits.

12. Earnings per share (EPS)

|                                                                              | Half<br>Year<br>2005<br>GBPm | Full<br>Year<br>2005<br>GBPm | Full<br>Year<br>2005<br>GBPm |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Operating EPS from continuing operations:                                    |                              |                              |                              |
| Operating profit before tax                                                  | 799                          | 1,712                        | 1                            |
| Tax                                                                          | (221)                        | (363)                        | (                            |
| Minority interests                                                           | (2)                          | (10)                         |                              |
| Operating profit after tax and minority interests from continuing operations | 576                          | 1,339                        |                              |
| Operating EPS from continuing operations                                     | 24.4p                        | 56.6p                        | 4                            |
| Total EPS from continuing operations:                                        |                              |                              |                              |
| Total profit before tax                                                      | 831                          | 2,244                        | 1                            |
| Tax                                                                          | (337)                        | (653)                        | (                            |

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|                                                                          |       |       |   |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|-------|---|
| Minority interests                                                       | (5)   | (12)  |   |
| Total profit after tax and minority interests from continuing operations | 489   | 1,579 | 1 |
| Total EPS from continuing operations                                     | 20.7p | 66.8p | 5 |
| Average number of shares (millions)                                      | 2,361 | 2,365 | 2 |

### 13. Shareholders' funds - segmental analysis

|                                                                                                           | Half Year<br>2005<br>GBPm | Full Year<br>2005<br>GBPm | Full Year<br>2004<br>GBPm |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| <b>UK operations</b>                                                                                      |                           |                           |                           |
| Long-term business operations (notes ii and iii):                                                         |                           |                           |                           |
| Smoothed shareholders' funds (note i)                                                                     | 4,369                     | 4,558                     | 4,0                       |
| Actual shareholders' funds less smoothed shareholders' funds                                              | 229                       | 574                       | 1                         |
| EEV basis shareholders' funds                                                                             | 4,598                     | 5,132                     | 4,2                       |
| M&G (note vii):                                                                                           |                           |                           |                           |
| Net assets of operations                                                                                  | 272                       | 245                       | 2                         |
| Acquired goodwill (note v)                                                                                | 1,153                     | 1,153                     | 1,1                       |
| Egg (note vii)                                                                                            | 266                       | 303                       | 2                         |
|                                                                                                           | 6,289                     | 6,833                     | 5,9                       |
| <b>US operations</b>                                                                                      |                           |                           |                           |
| Jackson National Life (net of surplus note borrowings of GBP184m (2005: GBP183m, 2004: GBP162m) note vi): |                           |                           |                           |
| Before capital charge:                                                                                    |                           |                           |                           |
| Excluding assets in excess of target surplus                                                              | 2,345                     | 2,566                     | 1,8                       |
| Assets in excess of target surplus                                                                        | 750                       | 899                       | 7                         |
|                                                                                                           | 3,095                     | 3,465                     | 2,5                       |
| Capital charge (note iv)                                                                                  | (79)                      | (117)                     | (8                        |
| After capital charge                                                                                      | 3,016                     | 3,348                     | 2,5                       |
| Broker-dealer, fund management and Curian operations (note vii)                                           | 76                        | 70                        | 2                         |
|                                                                                                           | 3,092                     | 3,418                     | 2,5                       |
| <b>Asian operations</b>                                                                                   |                           |                           |                           |
| Long-term business (note ii):                                                                             |                           |                           |                           |
| Net assets of operations - EEV basis shareholders' funds                                                  | 1,646                     | 1,988                     | 1,5                       |
| Acquired goodwill (note v)                                                                                | 136                       | 111                       | 2                         |
| Fund management (note vii):                                                                               |                           |                           |                           |
| Net assets of operations                                                                                  | 46                        | 82                        | 2                         |
| Acquired goodwill (note v)                                                                                | 61                        | 61                        | 2                         |
|                                                                                                           | 1,889                     | 2,242                     | 1,9                       |
| <b>Other operations</b>                                                                                   |                           |                           |                           |
| Holding company net borrowings (note vi)                                                                  | (1,443)                   | (1,724)                   | (1,29                     |
| Pension scheme deficits (net of tax) attributable to shareholders (note vii)                              | (157)                     | (142)                     | (15                       |
| Other net liabilities (note vii)                                                                          | (556)                     | (326)                     | (37                       |
|                                                                                                           | (2,156)                   | (2,192)                   | (1,83                     |
| <b>Total</b>                                                                                              | <b>9,114</b>              | <b>10,301</b>             | <b>8,6</b>                |

### Notes

(i) UK long-term business smoothed shareholders' funds reflect an adjustment to the assets of the PAC with-profits sub-fund, for the purposes of determining the unwind of discount included in operating profits, to remove the short-term volatility in market values of assets. Shareholders' funds in the balance sheet are determined on an unsmoothed basis.

(ii) A charge is deducted from the result for the period and balance sheet value for the cost of capital for the Group's long-term business operations. The cost

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is the difference between the nominal value of solvency capital and the present value, at risk discount rates, of the projected releases of this capital and the investment earnings on the capital. Where solvency capital is held within a with-profits long-term fund, the value placed on surplus assets in the fund is already discounted to reflect its release over time and no further adjustment is necessary in respect of solvency capital.

(iii) The proportion of surplus allocated to shareholders from the UK with-profits business has been based on the present level of 10 per cent. Future bonus rates have been set at levels which would fully utilise the assets of the with-profits fund over the lifetime of the business in force.

(iv) In determining the cost of capital of JNL, it has been assumed that an amount equal to 235 per cent of the risk-based capital required by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC) at the Company Action Level must be retained. The impact of the related capital charge is to reduce JNL's shareholders' funds by GBP79m (2005: GBP117 million, 2004: GBP80 million).

(v) Under IFRS, subject to impairment testing, goodwill is no longer amortised from the date of adoption i.e. 1 January 2004. Acquired goodwill of the Japan life business has been subject to an impairment charge included in the half year 2005 results of GBP95m (full year 2005: GBP120 million).

Goodwill attaching to venture fund investment subsidiaries of the PAC with-profits fund that are consolidated under IFRS are not included in the table above as the goodwill attaching to these companies is not relevant to the analysis of shareholders' funds.

(vi) Net core structural borrowings of shareholder-financed operations comprise:

|                                                    | Half Year | Full Year | Full Year |
|----------------------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
|                                                    | 2005      | 2005      | 2004      |
|                                                    | GBPm      | GBPm      | GBPm      |
| Holding company cash and short-term investments    | 1,319     | 1,128     | 1,500     |
| Core structural borrowings - central funds         | (2,762)   | (2,852)   | (2,860)   |
| Holding company net borrowings                     | (1,443)   | (1,724)   | (1,290)   |
| Core structural borrowings - Jackson National Life | (184)     | (183)     | (160)     |
|                                                    | (1,627)   | (1,907)   | (1,460)   |

The altered carrying value of core structural borrowings under EEV reflects the application of market values rather than IFRS basis values.

(vii) With the exception of the share of pension scheme deficits attributable to the PAC with-profits fund, the amounts shown for the items in the table above that are referenced to this note have been determined on the statutory IFRS basis. The deficit for the defined benefit pension scheme reflects the statutory net of tax IFRS provision of GBP110m (full year 2005: GBP113 million, 2004: GBP105 million), augmented by GBP47m (2005: GBP29 million, 2004: GBP47 million) for the shareholders' share of the net of tax deficit attributable to the PAC with-profits fund.

#### 14. Reconciliation of movement in shareholders' funds

|                               |           |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Long-term business operations | Total     |
| UK                            | long-term |

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|                                                                                                      | insurance<br>operations<br>GBPm | JNL<br>operations<br>GBPm | Asian<br>operations<br>GBPm | business<br>operations<br>GBPm | Other<br>operations<br>GBPm |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Operating profit (including investment return based on long-term rates of returns)                   |                                 |                           |                             |                                |                             |
| Long-term business:                                                                                  |                                 |                           |                             |                                |                             |
| New business (note 5)                                                                                | 159                             | 95                        | 162                         | 416                            |                             |
| Business in force (note 6)                                                                           | (15)                            | 324                       | 90                          | 399                            |                             |
|                                                                                                      | 144                             | 419                       | 252                         | 815                            |                             |
| Asia development expenses                                                                            |                                 |                           | (8)                         | (8)                            |                             |
| M&G                                                                                                  |                                 |                           |                             |                                | 83                          |
| Egg                                                                                                  |                                 |                           |                             |                                | 13                          |
| Asian fund management operations                                                                     |                                 |                           |                             |                                | 2                           |
| US broker-dealer and fund management                                                                 |                                 |                           |                             |                                | 18                          |
| Curian                                                                                               |                                 |                           |                             |                                | (6)                         |
| Other income and expenditure                                                                         |                                 |                           |                             |                                | (118)                       |
| Operating profit (loss) from continuing operations                                                   | 144                             | 419                       | 244                         | 807                            | (8)                         |
| Goodwill impairment charge                                                                           |                                 |                           |                             |                                | (95)                        |
| Short-term fluctuations in investment returns (note 8)                                               | 270                             | 16                        | 24                          | 310                            | (32)                        |
| Actuarial and other gains and losses on defined benefit pension schemes (note 9)                     |                                 |                           |                             |                                | (8)                         |
| Effect of changes in economic assumptions and time value of cost of options and guarantees (note 10) | 30                              | 34                        | (207)                       | (143)                          |                             |
| Profit (loss) on ordinary activities before tax (including actual investment returns)                | 444                             | 469                       | 61                          | 974                            | (143)                       |
| Tax on profits (losses) from continuing operations (note 11):                                        |                                 |                           |                             |                                |                             |
| Tax on operating profit                                                                              | (45)                            | (126)                     | (61)                        | (232)                          | 11                          |
| Tax on short-term fluctuations in investment returns                                                 | (80)                            | (9)                       | (18)                        | (107)                          | 0                           |
| Tax on actuarial and other gains and losses on defined benefit pension schemes                       |                                 |                           |                             |                                | 2                           |
| Tax on effect of changes in economic assumptions and time value of cost of options and guarantees    | (9)                             | (12)                      | 10                          | (11)                           |                             |
| Total tax (charge) credit                                                                            | (134)                           | (147)                     | (69)                        | (350)                          | 13                          |
| Discontinued operations (net of tax)                                                                 |                                 |                           |                             |                                | 1                           |
| Minority interests                                                                                   | (3)                             |                           |                             | (3)                            | (2)                         |
| Profit (loss) for the period                                                                         | 307                             | 322                       | (8)                         | 621                            | (131)                       |
| Transition adjustment, net of tax, on adoption of IAS 32, IAS 39 and IFRS 4 at 1 January 2005        |                                 |                           |                             |                                | (25)                        |
| Unrealised valuation movements on securities classified as available-for-sale                        |                                 |                           |                             |                                | 4                           |
| Movement in cash flow hedges                                                                         |                                 |                           |                             |                                | (7)                         |
| Exchange movements                                                                                   |                                 | 186                       | 76                          | 262                            | (43)                        |
| Related tax                                                                                          |                                 |                           |                             |                                | 30                          |
| Development costs included above (net of tax) borne centrally                                        |                                 |                           | 4                           | 4                              | (4)                         |
| Intra group dividends (including statutory transfer)                                                 | (33)                            | (139)                     | (36)                        | (208)                          | 208                         |
| External dividends                                                                                   |                                 |                           |                             |                                | (253)                       |

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|                                                                                    |       |       |       |       |       |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Reserve movements in respect of share-based payments                               |       |       |       |       | 6     |
| Investment in operations (note i)                                                  | 104   | 146   | 53    | 303   | (303) |
| Adjustment for net of tax losses of Curian subsidiary owned by JNL                 |       | (3)   |       | (3)   | 3     |
| Adjustment for economic capital for Asian operations held centrally                |       |       | (7)   | (7)   | 7     |
| Adjustment for net of tax fund management projected profits of covered business    | (8)   | (2)   | (1)   | (11)  | 11    |
| Treasury shares:                                                                   |       |       |       |       |       |
| Movement in own shares in respect of share-based payment plans                     |       |       |       |       | 1     |
| Movement in Prudential plc shares purchased by unit trusts consolidated under IFRS |       |       |       |       | (5)   |
| Proceeds from issues of share capital by parent company                            |       |       |       |       | 40    |
| Net increase in shareholders' capital and reserves                                 | 370   | 510   | 81    | 961   | (461) |
| Shareholders' capital and reserves at 1 January 2005                               | 4,228 | 2,506 | 1,565 | 8,299 | 315   |
| Shareholders' capital and reserves at 30 June 2005 (note 13)                       | 4,598 | 3,016 | 1,646 | 9,260 | (146) |

Notes

(i) Investment in operations reflects increases in share capital. This includes certain non-cash items as a result of timing differences.

|                                                    | Long-term business operations<br>UK<br>insurance<br>operations | JNL operations | Asian<br>operations | Total<br>long-term<br>business<br>operations | Other<br>operations |
|----------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|----------------------------------------------|---------------------|
|                                                    | GBPm                                                           | GBPm           | GBPm                | GBPm                                         | GBPm                |
| EEV basis shareholders' funds at 30 June 2005      |                                                                |                |                     |                                              |                     |
| Analysed as:                                       |                                                                |                |                     |                                              |                     |
| Statutory IFRS basis shareholders' funds           | 1,080                                                          | 2,858          | 928                 | 4,866                                        | 113                 |
| Additional retained profit on an EEV basis         | 3,518                                                          | 158            | 718                 | 4,394                                        | (259)               |
| EEV basis shareholders' funds at 30 June 2005 (ii) | 4,598                                                          | 3,016          | 1,646               | 9,260                                        | (146)               |
| Comprising:                                        |                                                                |                |                     |                                              |                     |
| Free surplus                                       | 164                                                            | 750            | (272)               | 642                                          |                     |
| Required capital                                   | 586                                                            | 1,136          | 931                 | 2,653                                        |                     |
| Value of in-force business before deduction of     |                                                                |                |                     |                                              |                     |
| cost of capital and of guarantees                  | 4,099                                                          | 1,343          | 1,517               | 6,959                                        |                     |
| Cost of capital                                    | (163)                                                          | (79)           | (516)               | (758)                                        |                     |
| Cost of time value of guarantees                   | (88)                                                           | (134)          | (14)                | (236)                                        |                     |
|                                                    | 4,598                                                          | 3,016          | 1,646               | 9,260                                        |                     |

|                                                   | Long-term business operations<br>UK<br>insurance<br>operations | JNL operations | Asian<br>operations | Total<br>long-term<br>business<br>operations | Other<br>operations |
|---------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|----------------------------------------------|---------------------|
|                                                   | GBPm                                                           | GBPm           | GBPm                | GBPm                                         | GBPm                |
| EEV basis shareholders' funds at 31 December 2005 |                                                                |                |                     |                                              |                     |
| Analysed as:                                      |                                                                |                |                     |                                              |                     |

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|                                                        |       |       |       |        |       |
|--------------------------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| Statutory IFRS basis shareholders' funds               | 1,141 | 2,899 | 1,034 | 5,074  | 120   |
| Additional retained profit on an EEV basis             | 3,991 | 449   | 954   | 5,394  | (287) |
| EEV basis shareholders' funds at 31 December 2005 (ii) | 5,132 | 3,348 | 1,988 | 10,468 | (167) |
| Comprising:                                            |       |       |       |        |       |
| Free surplus                                           | 148   | 899   | (212) | 835    |       |
| Required capital                                       | 710   | 1,198 | 974   | 2,882  |       |
| Value of in-force business before deduction of         |       |       |       |        |       |
| cost of capital and of guarantees                      | 4,529 | 1,511 | 1,771 | 7,811  |       |
| Cost of capital                                        | (192) | (117) | (539) | (848)  |       |
| Cost of time value of guarantees                       | (63)  | (143) | (6)   | (212)  |       |
|                                                        | 5,132 | 3,348 | 1,988 | 10,468 |       |

(ii) Included in the EEV basis shareholders' funds of long-term business operations of GBP9,260 million (31 December 2005: GBP10,468 million, 31 December 2004: GBP8,299 million) is GBP170 million (31 December 2005: GBP174 million, 31 December 2004: GBP200 million) in respect of fund management business falling within the scope of covered business as follows:

|                         | Half Year<br>2005 | Full Year<br>2005 | Full Year<br>2004 |
|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
|                         | GBPm              | GBPm              | GBPm              |
| UK insurance operations | 127               | 120               | 120               |
| Jackson National Life   | 11                | 12                | 2                 |
| Asian operations        | 32                | 42                | 5                 |
|                         | 170               | 174               | 20                |

Special Purpose Review Report of KPMG Audit Plc to Prudential Plc ('the Company') on its Preliminary European Embedded Value ('EEV') Interim Supplementary Information for the six months to 30 June 2005

We have reviewed the preliminary EEV interim supplementary information for the six month period ended 30 June 2005 ("the preliminary EEV interim supplementary information"). The preliminary EEV interim supplementary information has been prepared in accordance with the European Embedded Value Principles issued in May 2004 by the European CFO Forum using the methodology and assumptions set out in notes 2 and 3.

The EEV supplementary information presented for the 12 month periods ending 31 December 2005 and 2004 which has previously been published, is excluded from the scope of this report.

This report is made solely to the Company in accordance with the terms of our engagement. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company those matters we have been engaged to state in this report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company for our work, this report, or for the opinions that we have formed.



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Respective responsibilities of directors and KPMG Audit Plc

As described in the basis of preparation, the directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the preliminary EEV interim supplementary information on an EEV basis in accordance with the EEV principles.

Our responsibilities under the terms of our engagement are to report to the Company our review conclusion as to whether we are aware of any material modifications that should be made to the preliminary EEV interim supplementary information.

Basis of review conclusion

We conducted our review having regard to Bulletin 1999/4: Review of interim financial information issued by the Auditing Practices Board for use in the United Kingdom. A review consists principally of making enquiries of group management and applying analytical procedures to the preliminary EEV interim supplementary information and underlying financial data and, based thereon, assessing whether the EEV Principles have been consistently applied unless otherwise disclosed. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit performed in accordance with Auditing Standards and therefore provides a lower level of assurance than an audit. Accordingly we do not express an audit opinion on the preliminary EEV interim supplementary information.

Review conclusion

On the basis of our review we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the preliminary EEV interim supplementary information as presented for the six month period ended 30 June 2005.

Emphasis of matter

Without qualifying our opinion we draw your attention to the following matter.

The Company has prepared the EEV basis supplementary information for the six month period ended 30 June 2005 to provide the comparative supplementary information expected to be included in the Company's EEV basis supplementary information to be included in the interim report for the six months ending 30 June 2006.

KPMG Audit Plc  
Chartered Accountants  
London

19 June 2006

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### SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Date 20 June 2006

PRUDENTIAL PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY

By: /s/ Jon Bunn

Jon Bunn  
Director of Public Relations