Staffing 360 Solutions, Inc. Form 4 September 02, 2016

## UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

**OMB APPROVAL** 

**OMB** 3235-0287 Number:

January 31, Expires: 2005

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Check this box if no longer subject to Section 16. Form 4 or

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP OF **SECURITIES** 

Form 5 obligations may continue. See Instruction

Filed pursuant to Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, Section 17(a) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 or Section 30(h) of the Investment Company Act of 1940

(Print or Type Responses)

1(b).

1. Name and Address of Reporting Person \* Florio Nicholas

2. Issuer Name and Ticker or Trading Symbol

5. Relationship of Reporting Person(s) to

Issuer

(First) (Last)

Staffing 360 Solutions, Inc. [STAF] 3. Date of Earliest Transaction

(Check all applicable)

C/O STAFFING 360

(Middle)

09/01/2016

(Month/Day/Year)

\_X\_\_ Director 10% Owner Officer (give title \_ Other (specify

**SOLUTIONS. 641 LEXINGTON** AVE, SUITE 1526

> (Street) 4. If Amendment, Date Original

> > Filed(Month/Day/Year)

6. Individual or Joint/Group Filing(Check

Applicable Line)

\_X\_ Form filed by One Reporting Person Form filed by More than One Reporting

NEW YORK, NY 10022

(City)	(State)	(Zip) Table	e I - Non-D	erivative	Secur	ities A	equired, Disposed	of, or Benefic	ially Owned
1.Title of Security (Instr. 3)	2. Transaction Date (Month/Day/Year)	2A. Deemed Execution Date, if any (Month/Day/Year)	3. Transaction Code (Instr. 8)	4. Securi onAcquired Disposed (Instr. 3,	(A) o l of (D	)	5. Amount of Securities Beneficially Owned Following Reported Transaction(s) (Instr. 3 and 4)	6. Ownership Form: Direct (D) or Indirect (I) (Instr. 4)	7. Nature of Indirect Beneficial Ownership (Instr. 4)
Common Stock, \$0.00001 par value per share	09/01/2016		A	1,250	A	<u>(1)</u>	47,721	I	Citrin Cooperman & Co., LLP

Reminder: Report on a separate line for each class of securities beneficially owned directly or indirectly.

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## Table II - Derivative Securities Acquired, Disposed of, or Beneficially Owned (e.g., puts, calls, warrants, options, convertible securities)

9. Nu Deriv Secur Bene Own Follo Repo Trans (Instr

1. Title of Derivative Security (Instr. 3)	2. Conversion or Exercise Price of Derivative Security	3. Transaction Date (Month/Day/Year)	3A. Deemed Execution Date, if any (Month/Day/Year)	4. Transactic Code (Instr. 8)	5. orNumber of Derivative Securities Acquired (A) or Disposed of (D) (Instr. 3,		ate	7. Title Amount Underly Securiti (Instr. 3	t of ying es	8. Price of Derivative Security (Instr. 5)	
				Code V	(A) (D)	Date Exercisable	Expiration Date	Title N	Amount or Number of Shares		

## **Reporting Owners**

Reporting Owner Name / Address

Director 10% Owner Officer Other

Florio Nicholas C/O STAFFING 360 SOLUTIONS 641 LEXINGTON AVE, SUITE 1526 NEW YORK, NY 10022



## **Signatures**

/s/ Nicholas 09/02/2016 Florio

\*\*Signature of Date
Reporting Person

## **Explanation of Responses:**

- \* If the form is filed by more than one reporting person, see Instruction 4(b)(v).
- \*\* Intentional misstatements or omissions of facts constitute Federal Criminal Violations. See 18 U.S.C. 1001 and 15 U.S.C. 78ff(a).
- (1) These shares were issued to Citrin Cooperman & Co., LLP ("CC") for Board of Director and Committee services by the reporting person.
- The reporting person is a partner of CC. The listed amount of securities beneficially owned by the reporting person reflects the reporting person's ownership percentage in CC. The reporting person disclaims beneficial ownership of the securities held by CC, except to the extent of his pecuniary interest therein.

Note: File three copies of this Form, one of which must be manually signed. If space is insufficient, *see* Instruction 6 for procedure. Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB number.;

196

99

Reporting Owners 2

379

Total comprehensive income

\$

473

\$

531

\$

895

\$ 1,078

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

## CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (UNAUDITED)

	June 30,	December
	2017	31, 2016
	(in million	_
	share amou	ints)
Assets	¢2.202	¢2.210
Cash and cash equivalents	\$2,392	\$2,318
Cash of consolidated investment entities	171	168
Investments	35,935	35,834
Investments of consolidated investment entities, at fair value	2,257	2,254
Separate account assets	83,661	80,210
Receivables  Receivables	5,481	5,299
Receivables of consolidated investment entities, at fair value	38	11
Deferred acquisition costs	2,637	2,648
Restricted and segregated cash and investments	3,072	3,331
Other assets	7,500	7,748
Total assets	\$143,144	\$139,821
Liabilities and Equity		
Liabilities and Equity Liabilities:		
	\$29,878	\$30,202
Policyholder account balances, future policy benefits and claims Separate account liabilities	83,661	80,210
Customer deposits		
Short-term borrowings	10,200 200	10,036 200
	2,908	
Long-term debt  Debt of consolidated investment entities at fair value		2,917
Debt of consolidated investment entities, at fair value	2,308	2,319
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	1,600	1,727
Other liabilities	6,001	5,823
Other liabilities of consolidated investment entities, at fair value	138	95
Total liabilities	136,894	133,529
Equity:		
Ameriprise Financial, Inc.:		
Common shares (\$.01 par value; shares authorized, 1,250,000,000; shares issued, 325,815,978	3	3
and 324,006,315, respectively)	7.002	7.765
Additional paid-in capital	7,903	7,765
Retained earnings	10,897	10,351
Treasury shares, at cost (175,507,362 and 169,246,411 shares, respectively)		(12,027 )
Accumulated other comprehensive income, net of tax	299	200
Total equity	6,250	6,292
Total liabilities and equity	\$143,144	\$139,821
See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.		

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EQUITY (UNAUDITED)

Ameriprise Financial, Inc.

				Appropri	ated		Total		
	NT 1	A 1011.41	1	Retained		Accumul	la <b>Aard</b> eripris	e,	11.
	Comm	n <b>xoi</b> aition non	Retained	Earnings	offreasury.	Other Co	on in ancial,	Non-contro	Total
	Shares	Capital	Earnings	Consolid		prehensiv		Interests	
	Shares	Capital		Investme		•	Sharehold	ers'	
				Entities			Equity		
	(in mill	lions, exc	ept share				-17		
Balances at January 1, 2016 (1)			•	\$ 137	\$ (10,33	<b>38</b> 253	\$ 7,191	\$ 1.188	\$ 8,379
Cumulative effect of change in	141,000	<b>.,_</b> 00,01			4 (10,9)				
accounting policies	—	—	1	(137)	_	6	(130)	(1,188)	(1,318)
Comprehensive income:									
Net income			699	_			699		699
Other comprehensive income,			0))				0))		0))
net of tax	—	—	_	_	_	379	379	—	379
Total comprehensive income							1,078		1,078
Dividends to shareholders			(244 )				(244)	_	(244)
	<del></del> <del>10,</del> 301	— I 265	(244 )		(942)	_	(942)	_	• •
Repurchase of common shares			_	_	62	_	` ′	_	(942)
Share-based compensation plans			— ch 0.001	Φ			110	<u> </u>	110
Balances at June 30, 2016 (1)	1502,2542	4,224,65	9,981	<b>5</b> —	\$ (11,2)	1\$ 638	\$ 7,063	\$ —	\$ 7,063
D.1 . 1 1 2017	16 4 705 (	Oto O # 7 C	50 10.25	· <b>#</b> h	φ (1 <b>0</b> Σ)	<b>3</b> 47 <b>3</b> 00	Φ (202	Φ.	Φ ( 202
Balances at January 1, 2017	134, 839	9\$9047,76	5\$ 10,35	<b>p</b> —	\$ (12,0)	2\$7 200	\$ 6,292	, \$ —	\$ 6,292
Comprehensive income:			<b>5</b> 0.6				<b>5</b> 0.6		706
Net income		—	796	_	_	_	796	_	796
Other comprehensive income,		_	_	_	_	99	99	_	99
net of tax									
Total comprehensive income							895	—	895
Dividends to shareholders	—	—	(250)	_	_	_	(250)	_	(250)
Repurchase of common shares	§ <del>7,0</del> 21,	2 <del>5</del> 0	_	_	(877)	_	(877)	_	(877)
Share-based compensation plans	2 <del>,5</del> 69,9	638	_	_	52	_	190	_	190
Balances at June 30, 2017	1\$0,308	<b>\$</b> 61 <b>6</b> ,90	3\$ 10,89	<b>%</b> —	\$ (12,83	<b>52</b> 299	\$ 6,250	\$ —	\$ 6,250
(1) Prior period retained earnings	were res	stated in	the fourth	quarter o	f 2016. Se	ee Note 1	in the Con	ipany's Ann	ual

<sup>(1)</sup> Prior period retained earnings were restated in the fourth quarter of 2016. See Note 1 in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016.

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

Cash Flows from Operating Activities	June 30, 2017 2016 (in millions)
Net income	\$796 \$699
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	φίου φορο
Depreciation, amortization and accretion, net	121 127
Deferred income tax expense (benefit)	6 (54)
Share-based compensation	61 68
Net realized investment losses (gains)	(40 ) 6
Net trading gains	(3 ) (4 )
Loss from equity method investments	25 20
Other-than-temporary impairments and provision for loan losses	1 —
Net losses of consolidated investment entities	2 5
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	
Restricted and segregated investments	300 175
Deferred acquisition costs	(4) 31
Other investments, net	(107) (12)
Policyholder account balances, future policy benefits and claims, net	(384) 1,161
Derivatives, net of collateral	447 (660)
Receivables	(168) (26)
Brokerage deposits	(135) (69)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(137) (196)
Other operating assets and liabilities of consolidated investment entities, net	1 (10)
Other, net	(46 ) 256
Net cash provided by operating activities	736 1,517
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	
Available-for-Sale securities:	
Proceeds from sales	276 314
Maturities, sinking fund payments and calls	2,560 2,384
Purchases	(2,495 (3,110)
Proceeds from sales, maturities and repayments of mortgage loans	241 557
Funding of mortgage loans	(249) (228)
Proceeds from sales and collections of other investments	142 85
Purchase of other investments	(223) (86)
Purchase of investments by consolidated investment entities	(839) (316)
Proceeds from sales, maturities and repayments of investments by consolidated investment entities	864 457
Purchase of land, buildings, equipment and software	(72 ) (36 )
Other, net	22 42
Net cash provided by investing activities	\$227 \$63
See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.	

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

Cash Flows from Financing Activities	June 30, 2017 (in million	2016	
Investment certificates:			
Proceeds from additions	\$2,507	\$ 2,168	
Maturities, withdrawals and cash surrenders	(2,211)		)
Policyholder account balances:	, , ,	,	
Deposits and other additions	1,042	999	
Net transfers from (to) separate accounts	(71)	83	
Surrenders and other benefits	(987)	(989	)
Cash paid for purchased options with deferred premiums	(132)	(163	)
Cash received from purchased options with deferred premiums	39	33	
Repayments of long-term debt	(5)	(251	)
Dividends paid to shareholders	(244)	(239	)
Repurchase of common shares	(788)	(901	)
Exercise of stock options	8	4	
Repayments of debt by consolidated investment entities	(24)	(60	)
Net cash used in financing activities		(913	)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	21	(38	)
Net increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	118	629	
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period	5,392	5,407	
Net cash outflows upon the deconsolidation of VIEs	_	`	)
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period	\$5,510	\$ 5,690	
Supplemental Disclosures:			
Interest paid excluding consolidated investment entities	\$89	\$ 80	
Interest paid by consolidated investment entities	43	50	
Income taxes paid, net	311	175	
Non-cash investing activity:			
Partnership commitments not yet remitted	9	19	
		Decemb	
	2017	31, 2016	)
	(in milli	ons)	
Reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash:	ФО 200	<b>0.0.110</b>	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$2,392	\$ 2,318	
Cash of consolidated investment entities	171	168	
Restricted and segregated cash and investments	3,072	3,331	`
Less: Restricted and segregated investments  Total cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash per consolidated statements of cash flows.		(425 \$ 5,302	)
Total cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash per consolidated statements of cash flows See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.	\$5,510	\$ 5,392	
See Moles to Consultated Phanicial Statements.			

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

#### 1. Basis of Presentation

Ameriprise Financial, Inc. is a holding company, which primarily conducts business through its subsidiaries to provide financial planning, products and services that are designed to be utilized as solutions for clients' cash and liquidity, asset accumulation, income, protection and estate and wealth transfer needs. The foreign operations of Ameriprise Financial, Inc. are conducted primarily through Threadneedle Asset Management Holdings Sàrl and Ameriprise Asset Management Holdings GmbH (collectively, "Threadneedle").

The accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements include the accounts of Ameriprise Financial, Inc., companies in which it directly or indirectly has a controlling financial interest and variable interest entities ("VIEs") in which it is the primary beneficiary (collectively, the "Company"). All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation. See Note 3 for additional information on VIEs.

The interim financial information in this report has not been audited. In the opinion of management, all adjustments necessary for fair statement of the consolidated results of operations and financial position for the interim periods have been made. Except for the adjustment described below, all adjustments made were of a normal recurring nature. In the first quarter of 2017, the Company recorded a \$20 million decrease to income tax provision related to an out-of-period correction for a reversal of a tax reserve. The impact to prior period financial statements was not material.

The accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). Results of operations reported for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results for the entire year. These Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") on February 23, 2017 ("2016 10-K"). The Company evaluated events or transactions that may have occurred after the balance sheet date for potential recognition or disclosure through the date the financial statements were issued. No subsequent events or transactions were identified.

## 2. Recent Accounting Pronouncements Adoption of New Accounting Standards

Statement of Cash Flows – Restricted Cash

In November 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") updated the accounting standards related to the classification of restricted cash on the statement of cash flows. The update requires entities to include restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents in cash and cash equivalent balances on the statement of cash flows and disclose a reconciliation between the balances on the statement of cash flows and the balance sheet. The standard is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017, with early adoption permitted. The Company early adopted the standard for the interim period ended March 31, 2017 on a retrospective basis. As a result of the adoption of the standard, restricted cash balances of \$2.9 billion at both June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, are included in the cash and cash equivalents balances on the Company's consolidated statements of cash flows. The impact of the change in restricted cash resulted in a \$92 million increase to the Company's operating cash flows for the prior period presented.

Statement of Cash Flows - Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments

In August 2016, the FASB updated the accounting standards related to classification of certain cash receipts and cash payments on the statement of cash flows. The update includes amendments to address diversity in practice for the classification of eight specific cash flow activities. The specific amendments the Company evaluated include the classification of debt prepayment and extinguishment costs, contingent consideration payments, proceeds from insurance settlements and corporate owned life insurance settlements, distributions from equity method investees and the application of the predominance principle to separately identifiable cash flows. The standard is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017. Early adoption is permitted and all amendments must be adopted during the same period. The Company early adopted the standard for the interim period ended March 31, 2017 on a retrospective basis. The adoption of the standard did not have a material impact on the Company's operating,

investing or financing cash flows.

Compensation – Stock Compensation

In March 2016, the FASB updated the accounting standards related to employee share-based payments. The update requires all excess tax benefits and tax deficiencies to be recognized as income tax expense or benefit in the income statement. This change is required to be applied prospectively to excess tax benefits and tax deficiencies resulting from settlements after the date of adoption. No adjustment is recorded for any excess tax benefits or tax deficiencies previously recorded in additional paid in capital. The update also requires excess tax benefits to be classified along with other income tax cash flows as an operating activity in the statement of cash flows. This provision can be applied on either a prospective or retrospective basis. The update permits entities to make an accounting policy election to recognize forfeitures as they occur rather than estimating forfeitures to determine the recognition of expense for share-based payment awards. The standard is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016 with early

adoption permitted. The Company adopted the standard on January 1, 2017 on a prospective basis, except for the cash flow statement provision, which the Company applied on a retrospective basis. During periods in which the settlement date value differs materially from the grant date fair value of certain share-based payment awards, the Company may experience volatility in income tax recognized in its consolidated results of operations. During the three months and six months ended June 30, 2017, the Company recognized net excess tax benefits of \$4 million and \$32 million, respectively, as a reduction to the income tax provision in the consolidated statements of operations. The Company maintained its accounting policy of estimating forfeitures. As a result of the adoption of the standard, net excess tax benefits of \$32 million and \$5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively, are included in the Other, net line within operating cash flows on the Company's consolidated statements of cash flows.

Receivables - Premium Amortization on Purchased Callable Debt Securities

Future Adoption of New Accounting Standards

In March 2017, the FASB updated the accounting standards to shorten the amortization period for certain purchased callable debt securities held at a premium. Under current guidance, premiums are generally amortized over the contractual life of the security. The amendments require the premium to be amortized to the earliest call date. The update applies to securities with explicit, non-contingent call features that are callable at fixed prices and on preset dates. The standard is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and should be applied on a modified retrospective basis through a cumulative-effect adjustment directly to retained earnings as of the beginning of the period of adoption. Early adoption is permitted. The update is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated results of operations or financial condition.

Intangibles – Goodwill and Other – Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment

In January 2017, the FASB updated the accounting standards to simplify the accounting for goodwill impairment. The update removes the hypothetical purchase price allocation (Step 2) of the goodwill impairment test. Goodwill impairment will now be the amount by which a reporting unit's carrying value exceeds its fair value. The standard is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2019, and should be applied prospectively with early adoption permitted for any impairment tests performed after January 1, 2017. The update is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated results of operations or financial condition.

Income Taxes – Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets Other Than Inventory

In October 2016, the FASB updated the accounting standards related to the recognition of income tax impacts on intra-entity transfers. The update requires entities to recognize the income tax consequences of intra-entity transfers, other than inventory, upon the transfer of the asset. The update requires the selling entity to recognize a current tax expense or benefit and the purchasing entity to recognize a deferred tax asset or liability when the transfer occurs. The standard is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the standard on its consolidated results of operations and financial condition.

Financial Instruments – Measurement of Credit Losses

In June 2016, the FASB updated the accounting standards related to accounting for credit losses on certain types of financial instruments. The update replaces the current incurred loss model for estimating credit losses with a new model that requires an entity to estimate the credit losses expected over the life of the asset. Generally, the initial estimate of the expected credit losses and subsequent changes in the estimate will be reported in current period earnings and recorded through an allowance for credit losses on the balance sheet. The current credit loss model for Available-for-Sale debt securities does not change; however, the credit loss calculation and subsequent recoveries are required to be recorded through an allowance. The standard is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Early adoption will be permitted for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018. A modified retrospective cumulative adjustment to retained earnings should be recorded as of the first reporting period in which the guidance is effective for loans, receivables, and other financial instruments subject to the new expected credit loss model. Prospective adoption is required for establishing an allowance related to

Available-for-Sale debt securities, certain beneficial interests, and financial assets purchased with a more-than-insignificant amount of credit deterioration since origination. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the standard on its consolidated results of operations and financial condition.

Leases – Recognition of Lease Assets and Liabilities on Balance Sheet

In February 2016, the FASB updated the accounting standards for leases. The update was issued to increase transparency and comparability for the accounting of lease transactions. The standard will require most lease transactions for lessees to be recorded on the balance sheet as lease assets and lease liabilities and both quantitative and qualitative disclosures about leasing arrangements. The Company currently discloses information related to operating lease arrangements within Note 23 of the 2016 10-K. The standard is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018 with early adoption permitted. The update should be applied at the beginning of the earliest period presented using a modified retrospective approach. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the standard on its consolidated results of operations and financial condition.

Financial Instruments – Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities In January 2016, the FASB updated the accounting standards on the recognition and measurement of financial instruments. The update requires entities to carry marketable equity securities, excluding investments in securities that qualify for the equity method of accounting, at fair value with changes in fair value reflected in net income each reporting period. The update affects other aspects of accounting for equity instruments, as well as the accounting for financial liabilities utilizing the fair value option. The update eliminates the requirement to disclose the methods and assumptions used to estimate the fair value of financial assets or liabilities held at cost on the balance sheet and requires entities to use the exit price notion when measuring the fair value of financial instruments. The standard is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017. Early adoption is permitted for certain provisions. Generally, the update should be applied using a modified retrospective approach by recording a cumulative-effect adjustment to equity at the beginning of the period of adoption. The update is not expected to have a material impact on the consolidated results of operations or financial condition.

#### Revenue from Contracts with Customers

In May 2014, the FASB updated the accounting standards for revenue from contracts with customers. The update provides a five step revenue recognition model for all revenue arising from contracts with customers and affects all entities that enter into contracts to provide goods or services to their customers (unless the contracts are in the scope of other standards). The standard also updates the accounting for certain costs associated with obtaining and fulfilling a customer contract and requires disclosure of quantitative and qualitative information that enables users of financial statements to understand the nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of revenues and cash flows arising from contracts with customers. Subsequent related updates provide clarification on certain revenue recognition guidance in the new standard. The standard is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017 and early adoption is permitted for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016. The standard may be applied retrospectively for all periods presented or retrospectively with a cumulative-effect adjustment at the date of adoption. The Company plans to adopt the revenue recognition guidance in the first quarter of 2018. The update does not apply to revenue associated with the manufacturing of insurance and annuity products or financial instruments as these revenues are in the scope of other standards. Therefore, the Company does not expect the update to have an impact on these revenues. The Company's implementation efforts include the identification of revenue within the guidance and the review of the customer contracts to determine the Company's performance obligation and the associated timing of each performance obligation. The Company is reviewing certain payments received to determine whether they should be presented as revenue or as a reduction of expense. The Company does not expect a material impact to the timing of revenue recognition; however, the Company's implementation effort to assess the impact of the standard on its consolidated results of operations, financial condition, and disclosures is still in process.

#### 3. Variable Interest Entities

The Company provides asset management services to investment entities which are considered to be VIEs, such as collateralized loan obligations ("CLOs"), hedge funds, property funds, certain international series funds (Open Ended Investment Companies and Societes d'Investissement A Capital Variable) and private equity funds (collectively, "investment entities"), which are sponsored by the Company. In addition, the Company invests in structured investments other than CLOs and certain affordable housing partnerships which are considered VIEs. The Company consolidates certain investment entities (collectively, "consolidated investment entities"). If the Company is deemed to be the primary beneficiary, it will consolidate the VIE. The Company has no obligation to provide financial or other support to the non-consolidated VIEs beyond its investment nor has the Company provided any support to these entities. CLOs

CLOs are asset backed financing entities collateralized by a pool of assets, primarily syndicated loans and, to a lesser extent, high-yield bonds. Multiple tranches of debt securities are issued by a CLO, offering investors various maturity and credit risk characteristics. The debt securities issued by the CLOs are non-recourse to the Company. The CLO's debt holders have recourse only to the assets of the CLO. The assets of the CLOs cannot be used by the Company.

Scheduled debt payments are based on the performance of the CLO's collateral pool. The Company earns management fees from the CLOs based on the CLO's collateral pool and, in certain instances, may also receive incentive fees. The fee arrangement is at market and commensurate with the level of effort required to provide those services. The Company has invested in a portion of the unrated, junior subordinated notes of certain CLOs. The Company has determined that consolidation is required for certain CLOs.

The Company's maximum exposure to loss with respect to non-consolidated CLOs is limited to its investments amortized cost, which was \$7 million and \$9 million as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively. The Company classifies these investments as Available-for-Sale securities. See Note 4 for additional information on these investments.

#### Property Funds

The Company provides investment advice and related services to property funds, which are considered VIEs. For investment management services, the Company generally earns management fees based on the market value of assets under management, and in certain instances may also receive performance-based fees. The fee arrangement is at market and commensurate with the level of effort required to provide those services. The Company does not have a significant economic interest and is not required to consolidate the property funds. The carrying value of the Company's investment in property funds is reflected in other investments and was \$26 million as of both June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016.

### Hedge Funds and Private Equity Funds

The Company has determined that consolidation is not required for hedge funds and private equity funds which are sponsored by the Company and considered VIEs. For investment management services, the Company earns management fees based on the market value of assets under management, and in certain instances may also receive performance-based fees. The fee arrangement is at market and commensurate with the level of effort required to provide those services. The Company's maximum exposure to loss with respect to its investment in these entities is limited to its carrying value. The carrying value of the Company's investment in these entities is reflected in other investments and was \$7 million and \$13 million as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively. International Series Funds

The Company manages international series funds, which are considered VIEs. For investment management services, the Company earns management fees based on the market value of assets under management, and in certain instances may also receive performance-based fees. The fee arrangement is at market and commensurate with the level of effort required to provide those services. The Company does not consolidate these funds and its maximum exposure to loss is limited to its carrying value. The carrying value of the Company's investment in these funds is reflected in other assets and was \$35 million and \$33 million as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively.

#### Affordable Housing Partnerships and Other Real Estate Partnerships

The Company is a limited partner in affordable housing partnerships that qualify for government-sponsored low income housing tax credit programs and partnerships that invest in multi-family residential properties that were originally developed with an affordable housing component. The Company has determined it is not the primary beneficiary and therefore does not consolidate these partnerships.

A majority of the limited partnerships are VIEs. The Company's maximum exposure to loss as a result of its investment in the VIEs is limited to the carrying value. The carrying value is reflected in other investments and was \$467 million and \$482 million as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively. The Company had a \$123 million and \$135 million liability recorded as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively, related to original purchase commitments not yet remitted to the VIEs. The Company has not provided any additional support and is not contractually obligated to provide additional support to the VIEs beyond the above mentioned funding commitments.

#### Structured Investments

The Company invests in structured investments which are considered VIEs for which it is not the sponsor. These structured investments typically invest in fixed income instruments and are managed by third parties and include asset backed securities, commercial mortgage backed securities and residential mortgage backed securities. The Company classifies these investments as Available-for-Sale securities. The Company has determined that it is not the primary beneficiary of these structures due to the size of the Company's investment in the entities and position in the capital structure of these entities. The Company's maximum exposure to loss as a result of its investment in these structured investments is limited to its carrying value. See Note 4 for additional information on these structured investments.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (continued)

June 30, 2017

#### Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities

The Company categorizes its fair value measurements according to a three-level hierarchy. See Note 10 for the definition of the three levels of the fair value hierarchy.

The following tables present the balances of assets and liabilities held by consolidated investment entities measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

	Julie 30, 2017			
	Leve	eLevel	Level	Total
	1	2	3	Total
	(in n	nillions)		
Assets				
Investments:				
Corporate debt securities	\$	\$30	<b>\$</b> —	\$30
Common stocks	20	6	7	33
Other investments	4	_	_	4
Syndicated loans	—	2,005	185	2,190
Total investments	24	2,041	192	2,257
Receivables	_	38	_	38
Total assets at fair value	\$24	\$2,079	\$192	\$2,295
Liabilities				
Debt (1)	<b>\$</b> —	\$2,308	<b>\$</b> —	\$2,308
Other liabilities	_	138	_	138
Total liabilities at fair value	\$	\$2,446	\$—	\$2,446
	Dece	ember 3	1, 2016	5
	Leve	eLevel	Level	Total
	1	2	3	Total
	(in n	nillions)		
Assets				
Investments:				
Corporate debt securities	\$	\$19	<b>\$</b> —	\$19
Common stocks	22	6	5	33
Other investments	4	_	_	4
Syndicated loans	—	1,944	254	2,198
Total investments	26	1,969	259	2,254
Receivables	_	11	_	11
			+	00000
Total assets at fair value	\$26	\$1,980	\$259	\$2,265
Total assets at fair value Liabilities	\$26	\$1,980	\$259	\$2,265

**—** 95

Total liabilities at fair value \$— \$2,414 \$— \$2,414

95

13

Other liabilities

<sup>(1)</sup> The carrying value of the CLOs' debt is set equal to the fair value of the CLOs' assets. The estimated fair value of the CLOs' debt was \$2.3 billion as of both June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016.

The following tables provide a summary of changes in Level 3 assets and liabilities held by consolidated investment entities measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

	Corporate Debt Stocks Securities (in millions)	Syndicated Loans
	\$2 \$ 4	\$ 223
Total losses included in:		
Net income		(2) (1)
Purchases	_ 3	72
Sales	(2)(1)	(7)
Settlements		(30)
Transfers into Level 3	— 1	41
Transfers out of Level 3		(112)
Balance, June 30, 2017	\$— \$ 7	\$ 185
	\$— \$ — Combinations Stocksoans (in millions) \$2 \$ 300	\$ (3 ) (1) d Other Assets
Total gains included in:		
Net income	8	(1) 1 (2)
Purchases	<b>—</b> 35	_
Sales	<b>—</b> (1 )	<u> </u>
Settlements	<b>—</b> (15 )	<del></del>
Transfers into Level 3	— 90	_
Transfers out of Level 3	(1) (174)	<del></del>
Balance, June 30, 2016	\$1 \$ 243	\$ 1
Changes in unrealized gains included in income relating to assets held at June 30, 2016	\$—\$6	(1) \$ —

		Secu	rities	Syndicated Loans	
Delenge January 1 2017		(in m \$—\$	illions)	\$ 254	
Balance, January 1, 2017		<b>⊅</b> —⊅	3	\$ 234	
Total gains included in: Net income				1 (1)	,
		— — — 3	_		
Purchases		_		127	
Sales		(2) (1	l )	(15)	
Settlements The first Land 12			_	(53)	
Transfers into Level 3		2 2		113	
Transfers out of Level 3		<u> </u>		(242 )	
Balance, June 30, 2017		\$ <del>_</del> \$	7	\$ 185	
Changes in unrealized losses included in income relating to assets held at Jur	ne 30, 2017 Com <b>Syon</b> di Stocksoans (in million	cated	Other Assets	\$ (1 ) (1) Debt	)
Balance at January 1, 2016, previously reported	\$3 \$ 529		\$2,065	\$(6,630)	,
Cumulative effect of change in accounting policies (3)	(2) (304	)	(2,065	* * * * * *	
Balance at January 1, 2016, as adjusted	1 225	,		—	
Total gains (losses) included in:	1 225				
Net income	— (1	) (1)	1	(2)	
Purchases	_ 50	,	_		
Sales	— (1	)	_	_	
Settlements	<b>—</b> (25	Ć	_	_	
Transfers into Level 3	2 229	,	_	_	
Transfers out of Level 3	(2) (234	)	_	_	
Balance, June 30, 2016	\$1 \$ 243	,	\$1	\$—	
	γ- Ψ-1c		Y -	¥	
Changes in unrealized gains included in income relating to assets and liabilities held at June 30, 2016	\$—\$3	(1)	\$	\$—	

<sup>(1)</sup> Included in net investment income in the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Securities and loans transferred from Level 3 primarily represent assets with fair values that are now obtained from a third-party pricing service with observable inputs or priced in active markets. Securities and loans transferred to Level 3 represent assets with fair values that are now based on a single non-binding broker quote. The Company recognizes transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy as of the beginning of the quarter in which each transfer occurred. For assets and liabilities held at the end of the reporting periods that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2.

All Level 3 measurements as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 were obtained from non-binding broker quotes where unobservable inputs utilized in the fair value calculation are not reasonably available to the Company. Determination of Fair Value

liabilities held at June 30, 2016

<sup>(2)</sup> Included in other revenues in the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

<sup>(3)</sup> The cumulative effect of change in accounting policies includes the adoption impact of ASU 2015-02 and ASU 2014-13 – Consolidation: Measuring the Financial Assets and the Financial Liabilities of a Consolidated Collateralized Financing Entity ("ASU 2014-13").

Assets

Investments

The fair value of syndicated loans obtained from third-party pricing services using a market approach with observable inputs is classified as Level 2. The fair value of syndicated loans obtained from third-party pricing services with a single non-binding broker

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (continued)

quote as the underlying valuation source is classified as Level 3. The underlying inputs used in non-binding broker quotes are not readily available to the Company.

In consideration of the above, management is responsible for the fair values recorded on the financial statements. Prices received from third-party pricing services are subjected to exception reporting that identifies loans with significant daily price movements as well as no movements. The Company reviews the exception reporting and resolves the exceptions through reaffirmation of the price or recording an appropriate fair value estimate. The Company also performs subsequent transaction testing. The Company performs annual due diligence of the third-party pricing services. The Company's due diligence procedures include assessing the vendor's valuation qualifications, control environment, analysis of asset-class specific valuation methodologies and understanding of sources of market observable assumptions and unobservable assumptions, if any, employed in the valuation methodology. The Company also considers the results of its exception reporting controls and any resulting price challenges that arise.

See Note 10 for a description of the Company's determination of the fair value of corporate debt securities,

U.S. government and agencies obligations, common stocks and other investments.

#### Receivables

For receivables of the consolidated CLOs, the carrying value approximates fair value as the nature of these assets has historically been short term and the receivables have been collectible. The fair value of these receivables is classified as Level 2.

#### Liabilities

#### Debt

The fair value of the CLOs' assets, typically syndicated bank loans, is more observable than the fair value of the CLOs' debt tranches for which market activity is limited and less transparent. As a result, the fair value of the CLOs' debt is set equal to the fair value of the CLOs' assets. The fair value of the CLOs' debt is classified as Level 2.

#### Other Liabilities

Other liabilities consist primarily of securities purchased but not yet settled held by consolidated CLOs. The carrying value approximates fair value as the nature of these liabilities has historically been short term. The fair value of these liabilities is classified as Level 2.

#### Fair Value Option

The Company has elected the fair value option for the financial assets and liabilities of the consolidated CLOs. Management believes that the use of the fair value option better matches the changes in fair value of assets and liabilities related to the CLOs.

The following table presents the fair value and unpaid principal balance of loans and debt for which the fair value option has been elected:

Syndicated loans	June 30, 2017 (in milli	, December 31, 2016 ions)
Unpaid principal balance	\$2,248	\$ 2,281
Excess unpaid principal over fair value	(58)	(83)
Fair value	\$2,190	\$ 2,198
Fair value of loans more than 90 days past due	\$11	\$8
Fair value of loans in nonaccrual status	11	8
Difference between fair value and unpaid principal of loans more than 90 days past due, loans in nonaccrual status or both	26	34
Debt		
Unpaid principal balance	\$2,435	\$ 2,459

Excess unpaid principal over carrying value Carrying value (1)

(127) (140

\$2,308 \$2,319

(1) The carrying value of the CLOs' debt is set equal to the fair value of the CLOs' assets. The estimated fair value of the CLOs' debt was \$2.3 billion as of both June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016.

Interest income from syndicated loans, bonds and structured investments is recorded based on contractual rates in net investment income. Gains and losses related to changes in the fair value of investments and gains and losses on sales of investments are also

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (continued)

recorded in net investment income. Interest expense on debt is recorded in interest and debt expense with gains and losses related to changes in the fair value of debt recorded in net investment income.

Total net gains (losses) recognized in net investment income related to changes in the fair value of financial assets and liabilities for which the fair value option was elected were \$1 million and \$(1) million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Total net losses recognized in net investment income related to changes in the fair value of financial assets and liabilities for which the fair value option was elected were \$2 million and \$5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Debt of the consolidated investment entities and the stated interest rates were as follows:

Commi		a Volue	Weighted Average					
Carrying Value			Interest Rate					
	June 30	December 31,	June 3	3 <b>D</b> ecemb	er 31,			
	2017	2016	2017	2016				
	(in mill	ions)						

Debt of consolidated CLOs due 2025-2026 \$2,308 \$ 2,319

The debt of the consolidated CLOs has both fixed and floating interest rates, which range from 0% to 7.2%. The interest rates on the debt of CLOs are weighted average rates based on the outstanding principal and contractual interest rates.

#### 4. Investments

Mortgage loans, net

Other investments

Total

Policy and certificate loans

The following is a summary of Ameriprise Financial investments:

June 30, December 31, 2017 2016 (in millions) Available-for-Sale securities, at fair value \$30,647 \$ 30,719 2.986 2.993 836 831 1,459 1.298

\$35,935 \$ 35,834

The following is a summary of net investment income:

	Month Ended 30,		Six Mo Ended 30,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	(in mil	lions)		
Investment income on fixed maturities	\$335	\$343	\$672	\$686
Net realized gains (losses)	21	5	38	(11)
Affordable housing partnerships	(13)	(11)	(25)	(18)
Other	20	5	44	(12)
Consolidated investment entities	28	30	53	58
Total	\$391	\$372	\$782	\$703

Available-for-Sale securities distributed by type were as follows: June 30, 2017

	_01,				
<b>Pasoripti</b> Cost	Unrealized	Gross ties Unrealize	ed	Fair Value	Noncredit OTTI (1)
Cost	Gains	Losses			OTIT
(in millio	ons)				
Corporat	e				
<b>8</b> db4,762	\$ 1,133	\$ (38	)	\$ 15,857	\$ —
securities	S				
Resident	ial				
mortgage 6,876 backed	80	(35	)	6,921	_
securities	3				
Commer	cial				
mortgage 3,407 backed	63	(27	)	3,443	_
securities	3				
Asset					
<b>b</b> a <b>∞k</b> aed	40	(6	)	1,678	7
securities	8				
State					
and 2006	234	(17	`	2,423	
municipa	ır 💮	(17	,	2,723	
obligatio	ns				
U.S.					
governm	ent				
<b>6</b> nd	1	_		7	_
agencies					
obligatio	ns				
Foreign					
governm	ent				
<b>B8fi</b> ds	20	(5	)	300	—
and					
obligatio					
Sommon stocks	10	(1	)	18	6
\$700,1195	\$ 1,581	\$ (129	)	\$ 30,647	\$ 13
Decembe	er 31, 2016				
Pasortipte	Gross John of Securi Unrealized Gains	Gross			Noncredit
Cost	Unrealized	Unrealize	d	Fair Value	OTTI (1)
	Cums	Losses			OTIT
(in millio					
Corporat					
<b>8d5t</b> ,231		\$ (60	)	\$ 16,236	\$ —
securities					
6,899	86	(67	)	6,918	(3)

Residential				
mortgage				
backed				
securities				
Commercial				
mortgage 3.347 59 backed	(39	)	3,367	_
securities				
Asset				
ba5382ed 33	(16	)	1,549	5
securities	•			
State				
and 2,195 municipal	(35	)	2,358	_
obligations				
U.S.				
government				
and 1			8	
agencies				
obligations				
Foreign				
government				
<b>B51h</b> ds 17	(7	)	261	
and				
obligations				
Common 10 stocks	(1	)	22	6
\$20,472 \$ 1,472	\$ (225	)	\$ 30,719	\$ 8

Represents the amount of other-than-temporary impairment ("OTTI") losses in accumulated other comprehensive income ("AOCI"). Amount includes unrealized gains and losses on impaired securities subsequent to the initial impairment measurement date. These amounts are included in gross unrealized gains and losses as of the end of the period.

As of both June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, investment securities with a fair value of \$1.6 billion were pledged to meet contractual obligations under derivative contracts and short-term borrowings, of which \$659 million and \$473 million, respectively, may be sold, pledged or rehypothecated by the counterparty.

As of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, fixed maturity securities comprised approximately 85% and 86%, respectively, of Ameriprise Financial investments. Rating agency designations are based on the availability of ratings from Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organizations ("NRSROs"), including Moody's Investors Service ("Moody's"), Standard & Poor's Ratings Services ("S&P") and Fitch Ratings Ltd. ("Fitch"). The Company uses the median of available ratings from Moody's, S&P and Fitch, or, if fewer than three ratings are available, the lower rating is used. When ratings from Moody's, S&P and Fitch are unavailable, the Company may utilize ratings from other NRSROs or rate the securities internally. As of both June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Company's internal analysts rated \$1.1 billion of securities using criteria similar to those used by NRSROs.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (continued)

A summary of fixed maturity securities by rating was as follows:

June 30,	2017	December 31, 2016					
		Pero	cent			Per	cent
Rationgize Cost	e <b>l</b> air Value	of Total Fair Value		Amortiz Cost	e <b>l</b> fair Value	of Total Fair Value	
(in millio	ons, excep	ot per	rcen	tages)			
\$194,8484	\$9,964	33	%	\$9,252	\$9,305	31	%
<b>A,9</b> 00	2,109	7		1,729	1,906	6	
<b>3</b> ,050	5,520	18		5,157	5,567	18	
<b>BB</b> (0885	11,748	38		11,739	12,340	40	
Below							
investme 1,267 grade (1)	ent 1,288	4		1,585	1,579	5	
1							

Total

\$29d186 \$30,629 100 % \$29,462 \$30,697 100 %

maturities

The amortized cost and fair value of below investment grade securities includes interest in CLOs managed by the Company of \$7 million and \$14 million, respectively, at June 30, 2017, and \$9 million and \$14 million, respectively, at December 31, 2016. These securities are not rated but are included in below investment grade due to their risk characteristics.

As of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, approximately 43% and 47%, respectively, of the securities rated AAA were GNMA, FNMA and FHLMC mortgage backed securities. No holdings of any other issuer were greater than 10% of total equity.

The following tables provide information about Available-for-Sale securities with gross unrealized losses and the length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position:

June 30, 2017

Less than 12	12 months or more				Total					
Numbertion Fair Value Securities	of Securi Unrealiz Losses	tied ed			Unrealiz Losses	ed	Nun of Secu	nber Fair Value irities	Unrealiz Losses	ed
(in millions,	except n	um	iber o	of securi	ties)					
Corporate										
<b>d1318</b> t \$1,687	\$ (17	)	21	\$171	\$ (21	)	159	\$1,858	\$ (38	)
securities										
Residential										
mortgage 104 1 948 backed	(22	)	132	1,087	(13	)	236	3,035	(35	)
securities										
Commercial										
mortgage 92 1.367 backed	(26	)	4	29	(1	)	96	1,396	(27	)
securities										
42 502	(4	)	17	156	(2	)	59	658	(6	)

Asset backed securities										
State										
and 108 230 municipal	(5	)	3	118	(12	)	111	348	(17	)
obligations										
Foreign										
government										
<b>b</b> ond38	_		14	21	(5	)	25	59	(5	)
and										
obligations										
Common			3	1	(1	)	1	1	(1	`
stocks	_		3	1	(1	,	4	1	(1	)
<b>496</b> a\$5,772	\$ (74	)	194	\$1,583	\$ (55	)	690	\$7,355	\$ (129	)

December 31, 2016 Less than 12 months 12 months or more Total										
Numbertion Fair		tie			Unrealiz	d	Nun	nber	Unrealiz	ad
of Value	Losses	ea		ı <b>Ntilus</b> e	Losses	zeu	of	Fair Value	Losses	eu
Securities							Secu	irities	200000	
	(in millions, except number of securities)									
Corporate										
<b>d8</b> 7 \$2,452	\$ (33	)	38	\$377	\$ (27	)	225	\$2,829	\$ (60	)
securities										
Residential										
mortgage 127, 2,533 backed	(33	)	177	1,290	(34	)	304	3,823	(67	)
securities										
Commercial										
mortgage 100 1,583 backed	(39	)	5	43	_		105	1,626	(39	)
securities										
Asset										
<b>88</b> ck <b>62</b> 4	(9	)	27	298	(7	)	75	822	(16	)
securities									`	
State										
and 181 .374 municipal	(14	)	3	110	(21	)	184	484	(35	)
obligations Foreign										
government										
Bond30	(1	)	15	23	(6	)	22	53	(7	)
and										
obligations										
Common			2		(1	,	2		<b>71</b>	,
stocks	_		3	1	(1	)	3	1	(1	)
<b>650</b> 0a\$7,496	\$ (129	)	268	\$2,142	\$ (96	)	918	\$9,638	\$ (225	)

As part of Ameriprise Financial's ongoing monitoring process, management determined that the change in gross unrealized losses on its Available-for-Sale securities is attributable to a decline in interest rates on the long end of the interest rate curve and tighter credit spreads.

The following table presents a rollforward of the cumulative amounts recognized in the Consolidated Statements of Operations for other-than-temporary impairments related to credit losses on Available-for-Sale securities for which a portion of the securities' total other-than-temporary impairments was recognized in other comprehensive income (loss) ("OCI"):

Three	Six				
Months	Months				
Ended	Ended				
June 30,	June 30,				
2017 2016	2017 2016				
(in millions	)				
\$70 \$81	\$69 \$85				

Beginning balance

Credit losses for which an other-than-temporary impairment was not previously recognized - - - 1 Credit losses for which an other-than-temporary impairment was previously recognized - - 1 - Reductions for securities sold during the period (realized) (68) - (68) (5) Ending balance \$\$2\$ \$81 \$2\$ \$81

Net realized gains and losses on Available-for-Sale securities, determined using the specific identification method, recognized in earnings were as follows:

Three Six
Months Months
Ended Ended
June 30, June 30,
2017 2016 2017 2016
(in millions)
\$25 \$10 \$44 \$14
(4 ) (5 ) (4 ) (9 )

 Gross realized gains
 \$25
 \$10
 \$44
 \$14

 Gross realized losses
 (4 ) (5 ) (4 ) (9 )

 Other-than-temporary impairments — — (1 ) (1 )

 Total
 \$21
 \$5
 \$39
 \$4

Other-than-temporary impairments for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 primarily related to credit losses on asset backed securities.

See Note 13 for a rollforward of net unrealized investment gains (losses) included in AOCI.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (continued)

Available-for-Sale securities by contractual maturity as of June 30, 2017 were as follows:

	Amortize	e <b>H</b> air
	Cost	Value
	(in millio	ons)
Due within one year	\$2,002	\$2,024
Due after one year through five years	6,784	7,064
Due after five years through 10 years	4,107	4,255
Due after 10 years	4,366	5,244
	17,259	18,587
Residential mortgage backed securities	6,876	6,921
Commercial mortgage backed securities	3,407	3,443
Asset backed securities	1,644	1,678
Common stocks	9	18
Total	\$29,195	\$30,647

Actual maturities may differ from contractual maturities because issuers may have the right to call or prepay obligations. Residential mortgage backed securities, commercial mortgage backed securities and asset backed securities are not due at a single maturity date. As such, these securities, as well as common stocks, were not included in the maturities distribution.

#### 5. Financing Receivables

The Company's financing receivables include commercial mortgage loans, syndicated loans, consumer loans, policy loans, certificate loans and margin loans. Commercial mortgage loans, syndicated loans, consumer loans, policy loans and certificate loans are reflected in investments. Margin loans are recorded in receivables.

#### Allowance for Loan Losses

Policy and certificate loans do not exceed the cash surrender value at origination. As there is minimal risk of loss related to policy and certificate loans, the Company does not record an allowance for loan losses. The Company monitors collateral supporting margin loans and requests additional collateral when necessary in order to mitigate the risk of loss. As there is minimal risk of loss related to margin loans, the allowance for loan losses is immaterial. The following table presents a rollforward of the allowance for loan losses for the six months ended and the ending balance of the allowance for loan losses by impairment method:

	June 30,
	2017 2016
	(in millions)
Beginning balance	\$ 29 \$ 32
Provisions	<b>—</b> (1 )
Ending balance	\$ 29 \$ 31

Individually evaluated for impairment \$ 2 \$ 2 Collectively evaluated for impairment 27 29

The recorded investment in financing receivables by impairment method was as follows:

June 30,December 31,
2017 2016
(in millions)

Individually evaluated for impairment \$11 \$ 12

Collectively evaluated for impairment 3,512 3,480

Total \$3,523 \$ 3,492

As of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Company's recorded investment in financing receivables individually evaluated for impairment for which there was no related allowance for loan losses was \$5 million and \$7 million, respectively. Unearned income, unamortized premiums and discounts, and net unamortized deferred fees and costs are not material to the Company's total loan balance.

During the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, the Company purchased \$66 million and \$29 million, respectively, and sold \$4 million and nil, respectively, primarily of syndicated loans. During the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, the Company purchased \$136 million and \$43 million of syndicated loans, respectively, and sold \$4 million of syndicated loans and \$271 million of consumer loans, respectively. The loans sold during the six months ended June 30, 2016 were sold on March 30, 2016 to a third party. The Company received cash proceeds of \$260 million and recognized a loss of \$11 million.

The Company has not acquired any loans with deteriorated credit quality as of the acquisition date.

Credit Quality Information

Nonperforming loans, which are generally loans 90 days or more past due, were \$2 million as of both June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016. All other loans were considered to be performing.

Commercial Mortgage Loans

The Company reviews the credit worthiness of the borrower and the performance of the underlying properties in order to determine the risk of loss on commercial mortgage loans. Based on this review, the commercial mortgage loans are assigned an internal risk rating, which management updates as necessary. Commercial mortgage loans which management has assigned its highest risk rating were nil of total commercial mortgage loans as of both June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016. Loans with the highest risk rating represent distressed loans which the Company has identified as impaired or expects to become delinquent or enter into foreclosure within the next six months. In addition, the Company reviews the concentrations of credit risk by region and property type.

Concentrations of credit risk of commercial mortgage loans by U.S. region were as follows:

	Loans		Percentage		
	June 30	December 31,	June 3	December 31,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016	
	(in mill	ions)			
East North Central	\$233	\$ 198	9 %	7 %	
East South Central	93	88	3	3	
Middle Atlantic	201	203	7	8	
Mountain	241	240	9	9	
New England	88	91	3	3	
Pacific	767	746	28	28	
South Atlantic	756	783	28	29	
West North Central	223	222	8	8	
West South Central	135	131	5	5	
	2,737	2,702	100%	100 %	
Less: allowance for loan losses	21	21			

**Total** 

\$2,716 \$ 2,681

Concentrations of credit risk of commercial mortgage loans by property type were as follows:

	Loans			Percentage				
	June 3	Фе	cember 31,	June 3December 31				
	2017	201	16	2017	2016			
	(in mi	llior	ns)					
Apartments	\$\$563	\$	504	21%	19	%		
Hotel	41	42		2	1			
Industrial	450	446	Ó	16	17			
Mixed use	50	49		2	2			
Office	478	489	)	17	18			
Retail								