PITNEY BOWES INC /DE/ Form 10-Q August 08, 2006

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Quarter Ended June 30, 2006

Commission File Number 1-3579

PITNEY BOWES INC.

Incorporated in Delaware

I.R.S. Employer Identification No. 06-0495050

World Headquarters
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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of □accelerated filer and large accelerated filer in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer x

Accelerated filer o

Non-accelerated filer o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell Company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No x

There were 221,534,416 shares of common stock outstanding as of July 27, 2006.

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1: Financial Statements

PITNEY BOWES INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (Unaudited; in thousands, except per share data)

	Three Months 1	Ended June 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,				
	2006	2005(1)	2006	2005(1)			
Revenue:							
Equipment sales	\$ 319,635	\$ 297,815	\$ 622,392	\$ 588,577			
Supplies	82,873	72,850	165,684	149,632			
Software	47,640	38,138	89,635	74,055			
Rentals	197,226	205,494	394,038	407,135			
Financing	174,447	164,699	352,592	325,524			
Support services	176,339	174,013	347,105	345,960			
Business services	391,050	369,597	779,409	719,653			
Total revenue	1,389,210	1,322,606	2,750,855	2,610,536			
Total Tevenue		1,322,000		2,010,550			
Costs and expenses:							
Cost of equipment sales	159,780	151,276	312,760	297,353			
Cost of supplies	19,796	17,678	40,404	36,267			
Cost of software	11,103	7,958	21,282	16,527			
Cost of rentals	42,300	43,969	85,839	86,286			
Cost of support services	98,453	97,972	194,749	193,324			
Cost of business services	303,583	299,549	609,907	588,659			
Selling, general and administrative	432,531	406,744	850,193	808,881			
Research and development	40,980	40,508	82,516	82,286			
Restructuring charges	5,041	26,402	10,638	10,562			
Charitable contribution	-	-	-	10,000			
Interest, net	55,070	45,155	108,638	87,065			
Total costs and expenses	1,168,637	1,137,211	2,316,926	2,217,210			
Income from continuing operations before income taxes							
and minority interest	220,573	185,395	433,929	393,326			
Provision for income taxes	96,077	61,634	169,657	132,220			
Minority interest	3,244	2,521	6,161	4,504			
Income from continuing operations	121,252 (477,326 ₎	121,240 13,718	258,111 (460,657 ₎	256,602 23,631			

(Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of tax

Net (loss) income	\$	(356,074)	\$	134,958	\$	(202,546)	\$	280,233
Basic (loss) earnings per share of common stock:								
Continuing operations	\$	0.55	\$	0.53	\$	1.15	\$	1.12
Discontinued operations		(2.15)		0.06		(2.06)		0.10
Net (loss) income	\$	(1.61)	\$	0.59	\$	(0.91)	\$	1.22
Diluted (loss) earnings per share of common stock:								
Continuing operations	\$	0.54	\$	0.52	\$	1.14	\$	1.10
Discontinued operations		(2.13)	<u> </u>	0.06		(2.03)	· 	0.10
Net (loss) income	\$	(1.59)	\$	0.58	\$	(0.89)	\$	1.20
Dividends declared per share of common	1							
stock	\$	0.32	\$	0.31	\$	0.64	\$	0.62
			_		_			

⁽¹⁾ Adjusted to include the effect of discontinued operations and stock-based compensation expense. See Notes 4 and 14, respectively, for additional information.

Note: The sum of the earnings per share amounts may not equal the totals above due to rounding.

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

PITNEY BOWES INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited; in thousands, except per share data)

		June 30, 2006		December 31, 2005(1)		
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	196,315	\$	243,509		
Short-term investments		81,504		56,193		
Accounts receivables, less allowances of \$46,856 and \$46,261,						
respectively		660,092		658,198		
Finance receivables, less allowances of \$46,435 and \$52,622,						
respectively		1,285,907		1,342,446		
Inventories		243,225		220,918		
Other current assets and prepayments		225,588		221,051		
Assets of discontinued operations		1,218,435		-		
Total current assets		3,911,066		2,742,315		
Property, plant and equipment, net		621,627		621,954		
Rental property and equipment, net		480,942		1,022,031		
Property leased under capital leases, net		2,396		2,611		
Long-term finance receivables, less allowances of \$37,540 and \$76,240,		·				
respectively		1,511,722		1,841,673		
Investment in leveraged leases		255,724		1,470,025		
Goodwill		1,753,812		1,611,786		
Intangible assets, net		375,826		347,414		
Other assets		799,506		961,573		
Total assets	\$	9,712,621	\$	10,621,382		
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS [] EQUITY Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	1,478,114	\$	1,538,860		
Income taxes payable		220,503		55,903		
Notes payable and current portion of long-term obligations		707,050		857,742		
Advance billings		491,856		458,392		
Liabilities of discontinued operations		1,448,121		-		
Total current liabilities		4,345,644		2,910,897		
Deferred taxes on income		527,538		1,859,950		
Long-term debt		3,363,665		3,849,623		
Other noncurrent liabilities		270,901		326,663		

Total liabilities	8,507,748	8,947,133
Preferred stockholders□ equity in a subsidiary company	310,000	310,000
Stockholders equity:		
Cumulative preferred stock, \$50 par value, 4% convertible	17	17
Cumulative preference stock, no par value, \$2.12 convertible	1,105	1,158
Common stock, \$1 par value	323,338	323,338
Capital in excess of par value	229,745	222,908
Retained earnings	3,978,614	4,324,451
Accumulated other comprehensive income	181,521	76,917
Treasury stock, at cost	(3,819,467)	(3,584,540)
Total stockholders□ equity	894,873	1,364,249
Total liabilities and stockholders□ equity	\$ 9,712,621	\$ 10,621,382

(1) Adjusted to include the effect of stock-based compensation expense. See Note 14 for additional information.

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

PITNEY BOWES INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited; in thousands)

	Six Months Ended June 30,		
	2006	2005(1)	
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net (loss) income	\$ (202,546)	\$ 280,233	
Loss on sale of Capital Services, net of tax	442,205	-	
Gain on sale of Imagistics, net of tax	(11,641)	-	
Non-cash charge from FSC tax law change	16,209	-	
Non-cash tax charge	61,000	-	
Restructuring and other charges, net of tax	6,808	13,766	
Restructuring and other payments	(27,937)	(44,526)	
Bond posted with the Internal Revenue Service	-	(200,000)	
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to net cash provided by			
operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	178,972	164,621	
Stock-based compensation	13,793	12,730	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, excluding effects of			
acquisitions:			
Accounts receivable	29,312	(40,132)	
Net investment in internal finance receivables	(58,010)	(4,290)	
Inventories	(9,982)	(23,526)	
Other current assets and prepayments	2,837	(4,944)	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(75,159)	(28,713)	
Deferred taxes on income and income taxes payable	(1,426)	45,289	
Advanced billings	18,290	44,697	
Other, net	13,620	(5,672)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	396,345	209,533	
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Short-term investments	(23,302)	(56,532)	
Net proceeds from sale of main plant	-	30,238	
Capital expenditures	(162,428)	(147,680)	
Net investment in Capital Services	68,195	90,618	
Net proceeds from sale of Imagistics lease portfolio	281,653	-	
Advance against COLI cash surrender value	138,381	-	
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired	(157,984)	(276,864)	
Reserve account deposits	-	(9,200)	
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	144,515	(369,420)	

Cash flows from financing activities:		
Increase in notes payable, net	184,099	610,469
Proceeds from long-term obligations	-	399,998
Principal payments on long-term obligations	(357,485)	(655,410)
Proceeds from issuance of stock	68,798	57,829
Stock repurchases	(292,674)	(148,848)
Dividends paid	(167,986)	(142,835)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(565,248)	121,203
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	2,548	(649)
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(21,840)	(39,333)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	243,509	316,217
Cash included in assets of discontinued operations	(25,354)	<u> </u>
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 196,315	\$ 276,884
Interest paid	\$ 110,060	\$ 92,587
Income taxes paid, net	\$ 160,266	\$ 93,878

⁽¹⁾ Adjusted to include the effect of stock-based compensation expense. See Note 14 for additional information.

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

PITNEY BOWES INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited; tabular dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

1. Basis of Presentation

The terms [we], [us], and [our] are used in this report to refer collectively to Pitney Bowes Inc. and its subsidiaries.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of Pitney Bowes Inc. have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) for interim financial information and the instructions to Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. In addition, the December 31, 2005 condensed consolidated balance sheet data was derived from audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by GAAP. In our opinion, all adjustments (consisting of only normal recurring adjustments) considered necessary to present fairly our financial position at June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, our results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 and our cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2006 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for any other interim period or the year ending December 31, 2006.

These statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto included in our 2005 Annual Report to Stockholders on Form 10-K.

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform with the current period presentation.

2. Nature of Operations

We are a provider of leading-edge, global, integrated mail and document management solutions for organizations of all sizes. We operate in two business groups: Mailstream Solutions and Mailstream Services. The Mailstream Solutions group involves the sale, rental, and financing of mail finishing, mail creation and shipping equipment; high speed production mail systems, sorting equipment and incoming mail systems; supplies, equipment based software, and support services; non-equipment based mailing and customer communication software; and electronic statement, billing and payment solutions. The Mailstream Services group provides facilities management for advanced mailing, secure mail services, reprographic, and document management services; presort mail services and international outbound mail services; direct marketing services for hard to reach consumers and web-based tools for the customization of promotional mail and marketing collateral. See Note 7 for details of our reporting segments and a description of their activities.

In April 2006, we completed the sale of our Imagistics lease portfolio and in July 2006, we completed the sale of our Capital Services external financing business. Both Imagistics and Capital Services results of operations have been reported as discontinued operations for all periods presented. Capital Services assets and liabilities have been classified as held for sale in the current period. See Note 4 for additional information on the discontinued operations.

3. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In December 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued SFAS No. 123(R) (revised 2004), [Share-Based Payment.] SFAS No. 123(R) supersedes Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinion No. 25, [Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees.] The revised statement addresses the accounting for share-based payment transactions with employees and other third parties, eliminates the ability to account for share-based transactions using APB No. 25 and requires that the compensation costs relating to such transactions be recognized in the condensed consolidated financial statements. SFAS No. 123(R) requires compensation cost to be recognized immediately for awards granted to retirement eligible employees or over the period from the grant date to the date retirement eligibility is achieved, if that is expected to occur during the nominal vesting period. Prior to our adoption of SFAS No. 123(R), we used the nominal vesting period approach to determine the pro

forma stock-based compensation expense for all awards. SFAS No. 123(R) also requires additional disclosures relating to the income tax and cash flow effects resulting from share-based payments. We adopted the provisions of SFAS No. 123(R) on January 1, 2006 using the modified retrospective application. See Note 14 for further disclosures related to our stock-based compensation.

PITNEY BOWES INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited; tabular dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

In June 2005, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position (FSP) No. FAS 143-1, [Accounting for Electronic Equipment Waste Obligations, that provides guidance on how commercial users and producers of electronic equipment should recognize and measure asset retirement obligations associated with the European Directive 2002/96/EC on Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (the [Directive]). The adoption of this FSP did not have a material effect on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows for those European Union (EU) countries that enacted the Directive into country-specific laws. We are currently evaluating the impact of applying this FSP in the remaining countries in future periods and do not expect the adoption of this provision to have a material effect on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In June 2006, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation (FIN) No. 48, [Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes, that provides guidance on the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in financial statements. The interpretation will be adopted by us on January 1, 2007. We are currently evaluating the impact of adopting FIN 48; however, we do not expect the adoption of this provision to have a material effect on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In July 2006, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position (FSP) No. FAS 13-2, [Accounting for a Change or Projected Change in the Timing of Cash Flows Relating to Income Taxes Generated by a Leveraged Lease Transaction, [I that provides guidance on how a change or a potential change in the timing of cash flows relating to income taxes generated by a leveraged lease transaction affects the accounting by a lessor for the lease. This staff position will be adopted by us on January 1, 2007. We are currently evaluating the impact of adopting this FSP; however, we do not expect the adoption of this provision to have a material effect on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

4. Discontinued Operations

As previously disclosed, during the second quarter of 2006, we completed the sale of our Imagistics lease portfolio to De Lage Landen Operational Services, LLC, a subsidiary of Rabobank Group, for approximately \$288 million. Net proceeds on the sale were approximately \$282 million after transaction expenses. We have reported the results of the Imagistics lease portfolio in discontinued operations including an after-tax gain of approximately \$11.6 million from the sale of this portfolio. Imagistics results were previously included in our Capital Services segment. Additionally, prior year results have been adjusted to be reflected as discontinued operations.

On July 14, 2006, we completed the sale of our Capital Services external financing business to Cerberus Capital Management, L.P. (Cerberus) for approximately \$750 million and the assumption of approximately \$470 million of non-recourse debt and other liabilities. The proceeds are subject to final working capital adjustments. We have reported the results of the Capital Services business in discontinued operations including an after-tax loss of \$442 million from the sale of this business. Prior year results have been adjusted to be reflected as discontinued operations. This sale resulted in the disposition of most of the external financing activity in the Capital Services segment. We have retained certain leveraged leases in Canada which are now included in our International Mailing segment.

In May 2006, we reached a tentative settlement with the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) on all outstanding tax audit issues in dispute for tax years through 2000. We are currently in discussions with the IRS to come to an agreement on all aspects of the settlement, document the settlement in writing and complete the associated tax calculations. As a result of this tentative settlement, we recorded \$61 million of additional tax expense of which \$41 million was included in discontinued operations. These amounts are our best estimate of the impact of the tentative settlement on our results of operations. See Note 16 for further discussion of the tentative IRS settlement.

We accrued in discontinued operations an additional tax expense of \$16.2 million in the second quarter of 2006 to record the impact of the recently-enacted Tax Increase Prevention and Reconciliation Act ([TIPRA]). The TIPRA legislation repealed the exclusion from federal income taxation of a portion of the income generated from

certain leveraged leases of aircraft by foreign sales corporations (FSC).

PITNEY BOWES INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited; tabular dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

The following table shows selected financial information included in discontinued operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively:

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months Ended June 30,				
Discontinued Operations		2006		2005		2006		2005		
Revenue	\$	34,523	\$	37,568	\$	76,981	\$	67,426		
Pretax income	\$	17,940	\$	20,807	\$	39,950	\$	36,069		
Net income Gain on sale of Imagistics,	\$	10,447	\$	13,718	\$	27,116	\$	23,631		
net of \$7,443 tax		11,641		-		11,641		-		
FSC tax law change		(16,209)		-		(16,209)		-		
Additional tax on IRS settlement Loss on sale of Capital Services,		(41,000)		-		(41,000)		-		
net of \$282,722 tax benefit		(442,205)				(442,205)		-		
Total discontinued operations, net of tax	\$	(477,326)	\$	13,718	\$	(460,657)	\$	23,631		

Interest expense included in discontinued operations was \$8.7 million and \$3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively, and \$17.8 million and \$6.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. Interest expense recorded in discontinued operations includes only interest on third-party debt that has been assumed by Cerberus. We have not allocated other consolidated interest expense to discontinued operations.

The assets and liabilities of the discontinued operations as of June 30, 2006 are composed of the following:

	June 30, 2006			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	25,354		
Finance receivables, less allowances: 6/06, \$5,725		53,070		
Rental property and equipment, net		297,386		
Long-term finance receivables, less				
allowances: 6/06 \$19,592		112,196		
Investments in leveraged leases		726,242		
Other assets		4,187		
Total assets of discontinued operations	\$	1,218,435		

Current portion of long-term obligations	\$ 61,465
Deferred taxes on income	977,000
Long-term debt	341,135
Other liabilities	68,521
Total liabilities of discontinued operations	\$ 1,448,121

The assets reflect an impairment as a result of the sale of Capital Services.

5. Acquisitions

On June 15, 2006, we completed the acquisition of substantially all the assets of Advertising Audit Service and PMH Caramanning (collectively [AAS]) for approximately \$40 million in cash. AAS offers a variety of web-based tools for the customization of promotional mail and marketing collateral and designs and manages customer and channel performance solutions. The goodwill was assigned to the Marketing Services segment.

PITNEY BOWES INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited; tabular dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

On April 24, 2006, we completed the acquisition of Ibis Consulting, Inc. (Ibis) for approximately \$65 million in cash. Ibis is a leading provider of electronic discovery (eDiscovery) services to law firms and corporate clients. Ibis technology and offerings complement those of Compulit, which we acquired last year, and expands our range of solutions and services for the complex litigation support needs of law firms and corporate legal departments. The goodwill was assigned to the Management Services segment.

On February 8, 2006, we completed the acquisition of Emtex Ltd. (Emtex) for approximately \$41 million in cash. Emtex is a software and services company that allows large-volume mailers to simplify document production and centrally manage complex multi-vendor and multi-site print operations. The goodwill was assigned to the Software segment.

On June 30, 2005, we completed the acquisition of Danka Canada Inc. (Danka), a subsidiary of Danka Business Systems PLC, for approximately \$14 million in cash. Danka is a leading provider of office systems services, supplies and equipment in Canada. This acquisition strengthens our Canadian operations by enhancing its geographic coverage and extending its offerings. The goodwill was assigned to the International Mailing segment.

On May 26, 2005, we completed the acquisition of Imagitas, Inc. (Imagitas) for approximately \$231 million in cash, net of unrestricted cash. Imagitas is a marketing services company that specializes in using mail to help companies connect with hard to reach consumers. This acquisition expands our presence in the mailstream and adds to the array of valuable services that we currently deliver to our customers. The goodwill was assigned to the Marketing Services segment.

On March 24, 2005, we completed the acquisition of Compulit, Inc. (Compulit) for approximately \$24 million in cash. Compulit is a leading provider of litigation support services to law firms and corporate clients. This acquisition expands our ability to provide a broader range of high value services to the legal market. The goodwill was assigned to the Management Services segment.

The following table summarizes selected financial data for the opening balance sheet allocation of these acquisitions:

	AAS		Ibis		Emtex		Danka		Imagitas		Compulit	
Purchase price allocation												
Current assets	\$	419	\$	6,576	\$	12,454	\$	11,616	\$	40,577	\$	4,462
Other non-current assets		820		3,474		800		6,513		3,267		656
Intangible assets		11,000		20,100		12,300		4,203		59,600		2,797
Goodwill		28,802		38,077		26,465		8,358		195,234		17,541
Current liabilities		(1,041)		(3,227)		(7,217)		(16,690)		(42,600)		(1,130)
Non-current liabilities		-		_		(3,802)		_		(25,216)		-
Purchase price	\$	40,000	\$	65,000	\$	41,000	\$	14,000	\$	230,862	\$	24,326
Intangible assets												
Customer relationships	\$	7,300	\$	10,750	\$	4,100	\$	3,327	\$	18,300	\$	2,366
Supplier relationships		-		-		-		-		33,300		-
Mailing software and technology		3,700		8,250		6,150		-		4,000		-
Trademarks and tradenames		-		1,100		2,050		876		4,000		431
									_			

Total intangible assets	\$ 11,000	\$ 20,100	\$ 12,300	\$ 4,203	\$ 59,600	\$ 2,797
Intangible assets amortization						
period						
Customer relationships	10 years	10 years	10 years	15 years	5 years	4 years
Supplier relationships	-	-	-	-	9 years	-
Mailing software and technology	5 years	5 years	5 years	-	5 years	-
Trademarks and trade names		3 years	5 years	4 years	5 years	5 years
Total weighted average	7 years	7 years	7 years	13 years	8 years	4 years

Allocation of the purchase price to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed has not been finalized for AAS, IBIS and Emtex. Final determination of the purchase price and fair values to be assigned may result in adjustments to the preliminary estimated values assigned at the date of acquisition. The amount of tax deductible goodwill added from acquisitions in the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 was \$92.1 million and \$22.9 million, respectively.

PITNEY BOWES INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited; tabular dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

During the second quarter of 2006, we also completed the acquisition of one of our inserting equipment suppliers. The cost of this acquisition was \$15 million. This acquisition did not have a material impact on our financial results.

On July 31, 2006, we completed the acquisition of Print Inc. for approximately \$47 million in cash. Print, Inc. provides printer supplies, service and equipment under long-term managed services contracts.

Consolidated impact of acquisitions

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the results of operations of the acquired businesses from their respective dates of acquisition. These acquisitions increased our earnings, but including related financing costs, did not materially impact earnings either on an aggregate or per share basis.

The following unaudited pro forma consolidated revenue has been prepared as if the acquisitions of AAS, Ibis, Emtex, Danka, Imagitas and Compulit had occurred at the beginning of each period presented:

	 Three Months Ended June 30,			 Six Months Ended June 30,			
	 2006		2005	 2006		2005	
Total revenue	\$ 1,391,710	\$	1,355,731	\$ 2,756,918	\$	2,676,786	

The pro forma earnings results of these acquisitions were not material to net income or earnings per share. The pro forma consolidated results do not purport to be indicative of actual results that would have occurred had the acquisitions been completed on January 1, 2006 and 2005, nor do they purport to be indicative of the results that will be obtained in the future.

6. Earnings per Share

A reconciliation of the basic and diluted earnings per share computations for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 is as follows:

		2006		2005			
		Weighted			Weighted		
		Average			Average	Per	
	 Loss	Shares	Share	Income	Shares	Share	
Net (loss) income Less:	\$ (356,074)	-	-	\$ 134,958	-	-	
Preferred stock dividends	-	-	-	(1)	-	-	
Preference stock dividends	 (20)	-		(23)	-	-	
	\$ (356,094)	221,635	\$ (1.61 ₎	\$ 134,934	229,438	\$ 0.59	

Basic (loss) earnings per share

Effect of dilutive securities:						
Preferred stock	-	8	-	1	8	-
Preference stock	20	687	-	23	739	-
Stock options	-	1,914	-	-	2,502	-
Other		170		-	163	_
Diluted (loss) earnings per share	\$ (356,074)	224,414	\$ (1.59)	\$ 134,958	232,850	\$ 0.58

PITNEY BOWES INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited; tabular dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

A reconciliation of the basic and diluted earnings per share computations for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 is as follows:

		2006		 2005				
	Loss	Weighted Average Shares	Per Share	Income	Weighted Average Shares	Per Share		
Net (loss) income Less:	\$ (202,546)	-	-	\$ 280,233	-	-		
Preferred stock dividends Preference stock dividends	- (43)	-	- -	 (1) (47)	-	-		
Basic (loss) earnings per share	\$ (202,589)	223,716	\$ (0.91)	\$ 280,185	229,779	\$ 1.22		
Effect of dilutive securities: Preferred stock Preference stock Stock options Other	- 43 -	8 697 2,000 160	- - -	1 47 -	8 750 2,606 151	- - -		
Diluted (loss) earnings per share	\$ (202,546)	226,581	\$ (0.89)	\$ 280,233	233,294	\$ 1.20		

In accordance with SFAS No. 128, □Earnings per Share,□ 1.9 million and 1.3 million common stock equivalent shares for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively, and 1.8 million and 1.2 million common stock equivalent shares for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively, issuable upon the exercise of stock options were excluded from the above computations because the exercise prices of such options were greater than the average market price of the common stock and therefore the impact of these shares was anti-dilutive.

7. Segment Information

During the quarter, we reassessed our organizational structure in light of the sale of the Capital Services business and revised our business segments in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standard (SFAS) No. 131, [Disclosures about Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information.] We conduct our business activities in seven business segments within the Mailstream Solutions and Mailstream Services business groups. As a result of these changes, we have reclassified the prior year amounts for the segment changes. The following details the activities of each segment within the two business groups:

Mailstream Solutions

 $\underline{\textit{U.S. Mailing}}$: Includes the U.S. revenue and related expenses from the sale, rental and financing of our mail finishing, mail creation and shipping equipment; supplies, equipment based software, support services and payment solutions.

<u>International Mailing</u>: Includes the non-U.S. revenue and related expenses from the sale, rental and financing of our mail finishing, mail creation and shipping equipment; supplies, equipment based software, support services and payment solutions.

<u>Production Mail</u>: Includes the worldwide sale, service and financing of our high speed, production mail systems, sorting equipment and incoming mail systems.

<u>Software</u>: Includes the worldwide sale and support services of non-equipment based mailing and customer communication software.

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PITNEY BOWES INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited; tabular dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

Mailstream Services:

<u>Management Services</u>: Includes our facilities management services, secure mail services, reprographic, document management services, litigation support services and eDiscovery services to legal firms.

Mailing Services: Includes our presort mail services and our international mail processing services.

<u>Marketing Services</u>: Includes our direct marketing services for hard to reach customers and our web-tools for the customization of promotional mail and marketing collateral.

Revenue and EBIT by business segment for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 were as follows:

	Three Months I	Ended June 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2006	2005(1)	2006	2005(1)		
Revenue:						
U.S. Mailing	\$ 567,766	\$ 561,232	\$ 1,142,757	\$ 1,111,883		
International Mailing	249,490	228,110	488,998	460,167		
Production Mail	133,264	125,529	250,056	244,778		
Software	47,640	38,138	89,635	74,055		
Mailstream Solutions	998,160	953,009	1,971,446	1,890,883		
Management Services	267,548	275,568	535,051	543,473		
Mail Services	90,749	81,764	184,847	163,915		
Marketing Services	32,753	12,265	59,511	12,265		
Mailstream Services	391,050	369,597	779,409	719,653		
Total revenue	\$ 1,389,210	\$ 1,322,606	\$ 2,750,855	\$ 2,610,536		
	Three Months I	Ended June 30,	Six Months E	\$ 2,610,536		
	2006	2005(1)	2006	2005(1)		
EBIT: (2)						
U.S. Mailing	\$ 234,104	\$ 224,926	\$ 465,479	\$ 443,773		
International Mailing	42,379	44,707	87,722	93,419		
Production Mail	15,281	10,003	18,844	10,569		
Software	5,207	3,695	9,617	6,563		
Mailstream Solutions	296,971	283,331	581,662	554,324		
Management Services	21,860	18,004	42,391	31,995		

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Mail Services	8,970	3,071	20,656	7,347
Marketing Services	 3,616	 2,266	 5,716	 2,266
Mailstream Services	 34,446	 23,341	 68,763	 41,608
Total EBIT	331,417	306,672	650,425	595,932
Unallocated amounts:				
Interest, net	(55,070)	(45,155)	(108,638)	(87,065)
Corporate expense	(50,733)	(49,720)	(97,220)	(94,979)
Charitable contribution	-	-	-	(10,000)
Restructuring charges	(5,041)	 (26,402)	 (10,638)	 (10,562)
Income from continuing operations before	 	 		 _
income taxes and minority				
interest	\$ 220,573	\$ 185,395	\$ 433,929	\$ 393,326

⁽¹⁾ Adjusted to include the effect of discontinued operations, stock-based compensation expense and to conform with the current period presentation. See Notes 4 and 14, respectively, for additional information.

⁽²⁾ EBIT excludes general corporate expenses.

PITNEY BOWES INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited; tabular dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

8. Inventories

Inventories are composed of the following:

	J 	June 30, 2006				
Raw materials and work in process Supplies and service parts Finished products	\$	106,782 76,564 59,879	\$	96,669 63,441 60,808		
Total	\$	243,225	\$	220,918		

9. Fixed Assets

	June 30, December 2006 2005				
Property, plant and equipment Accumulated depreciation	\$	1,745,772 (1,124,145)	\$	1,737,908 (1,115,954)	
Property, plant and equipment, net	\$	621,627	\$	621,954	
Rental property and equipment Accumulated depreciation	\$ 	1,160,898 (679,956)	\$	1,840,221 (818,190)	
Rental property and equipment, net	\$	480,942	\$	1,022,031	
Property leased under capital leases Accumulated amortization	\$	7,521 (5,125)	\$	8,662 (6,051)	
Property leased under capital leases, net	\$	2,396	\$	2,611	

Depreciation expense was \$77.5 million and \$73.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. Depreciation expense was \$154.8 million and \$142.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

${f 10.}$ Intangible Assets and Goodwill

Intangible assets are composed of the following:

	June 30, 2006			December 31, 2005				
		Gross Carrying Amount		cumulated ortization		Gross Carrying Amount		umulated ortization
Customer relationships Supplier relationships Mailing software and technology Trademarks and trade names Non-compete agreements	\$	302,580 33,300 130,779 26,058 4,961	\$	67,643 4,074 34,016 12,265 3,854	\$	273,674 33,300 113,475 21,841 5,122	\$	53,966 2,194 30,525 9,702 3,611
	\$	497,678	\$ 13	121,852	\$	447,412	\$	99,998

PITNEY BOWES INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited; tabular dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

Amortization expense for intangible assets for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 was \$12.1 million and \$10 million, respectively. Amortization expense for intangible assets for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 was \$24.1 million and \$18 million, respectively. Estimated intangible assets amortization expense for the remainder of 2006 and the next five years is as follows:

Remaining for the year ending 12/31/06	\$ 25,200
For the year ending 12/31/07	\$ 48,900
For the year ending 12/31/08	\$ 47,300
For the year ending 12/31/09	\$ 45,300
For the year ending 12/31/10	\$ 39,200
For the year ending 12/31/11	\$ 32,400

As a result of the change in our segments discussed further in Notes 2 and 7, we reallocated our goodwill to these new reportable segments. Changes in the carrying amount of goodwill by business segment for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 are as follows:

	F	Balance at				I	Balance at
		anuary 1, 2006		Acquired during ne period	 Other		June 30, 2006
U.S. Mailing International Mailing Production Mail	\$	80,199 337,085 53,656	\$	1,658 - 10,349	\$ 343 40,149 (4,420)	\$	82,200 377,234 59,585
Software Mailstream Solutions		764,407		38,472	 35,964		319,824 ————————————————————————————————————
Management Services Mail Services Marketing Services		435,306 216,840 195,233		38,077 - 28,802	 4,899 (4,189) 1		478,282 212,651 224,036
Mailstream Services		847,379		66,879	 711	_	914,969
Total	\$	1,611,786	<u>\$</u>	105,351	\$ 36,675	\$	1,753,812

∏Other∏ includes the impact of post closing acquisition and foreign currency translation adjustments.

11. Long-term Debt

On June 30, 2006, \$1.6 billion remained available under the shelf registration statement filed in February 2005 with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), permitting issuances of up to \$2.5 billion in debt securities,

preferred stock, preference stock, common stock, purchase contracts, depositary shares, warrants and units.

12. Comprehensive Income

Comprehensive income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 was as follows:

	Three Months	•	Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2006	2005	2006	2005		
Net (loss) income Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:	\$ (356,074)	\$ 134,958	\$ (202,546)	\$ 280,233		
Foreign currency translation adjustments Net unrealized (loss) gain on derivative	87,266	(1,507)	105,700	(15,829)		
instruments	(2,870)	3,123	(1,096)	3,459		
Comprehensive (loss) income	\$ (271,678)	\$ 136,574	\$ (97,942)	\$ 267,863		

PITNEY BOWES INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited; tabular dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

13. Restructuring Charges

We account for one-time benefit arrangements and exit or disposal activities in accordance with SFAS No. 146, [Accounting for Costs Associated with Exit or Disposal Activities, which requires that a liability be recognized when the costs are incurred. We also account for ongoing benefit arrangements under SFAS No. 112, [Employers] Accounting for Postemployment Benefits, which requires that a liability be recognized when the costs are probable and estimable. The fair values of impaired long-lived assets are determined primarily using probability weighted expected cash flows in accordance with SFAS No. 144, [Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets.]

In connection with our previously announced restructuring initiatives, we recorded pre-tax restructuring charges of \$5 million and \$26.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. Pre-tax restructuring charges were \$10.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

Pre-tax restructuring charges are composed of:

	Thr	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended June 30			
		2006		2005		2006		2005
Severance and benefit costs Asset impairments	\$	4,615	\$	24,697 229	\$	9,137 514	\$	37,779 980
Other exit costs Gain on sale of main plant		426		1,476		9 8 7 -		2,041 (30,238)
Total	\$	5,041	\$	26,402	\$	10,638	\$	10,562

All restructuring charges, except for the asset impairments, will result in cash outflows. The severance and benefit costs relate to a reduction in workforce of approximately 3,700 employees worldwide from the inception of this plan through June 30, 2006 and expected future workforce reductions of approximately 500 employees. The workforce reductions relate to actions across several of our businesses resulting from infrastructure and process improvements and continuing efforts to streamline operations, and include managerial, professional, clerical and technical roles. Approximately 68% of the cumulative workforce reductions to date are in the U.S. International workforce reductions are primarily concentrated in Europe and Canada. During the six months ended June 30, 2005, we recorded a pre-tax gain of \$30.2 million related to the sale of our main plant manufacturing facility in Connecticut.

Pre-tax restructuring reserves at June 30, 2006 are composed of the following:

	Balance at January					Balance at
	1, 2006	icturing irges	Cash payments	Non-char		June 30, 2006
Severance and benefit costs	\$ 44,635	\$ 9,137	\$ (25,935)	\$	_	\$ 27,837

Asset impairments	-	514	-	(514)	-
Other exit costs	5,234	987	(2,002)	-	4,219
	\$ 49,869	\$ 10,638	\$ (27,937)	\$ (514)	\$ 32,056

Pre-tax restructuring reserves at December 31, 2005 are composed of the following:

	Ba	lance at						llance at ecember
	Ja	nuary 1, 2005	tructuring charges	p	Cash ayments	 on-cash harges	_	31, 2005
Severance and								
benefit costs	\$	48,404	\$ 70,602	\$	(74,371)	\$ -	\$	44,635
Asset impairments		-	6,938		-	(6,938)		-
Other exit costs		3,059	6,348		(4,173)	-		5,234
Gain on sale of main plant		-	(30,238)		30,238	-		-
	\$	51,463	\$ 53,650	\$	(48,306)	\$ (6,938)	\$	49,869

PITNEY BOWES INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited; tabular dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

14. Stock-based Compensation

Effective January 1, 2006, we adopted the provisions of SFAS No. 123(R), [Share-Based Payment.] SFAS 123(R) establishes accounting for stock-based awards exchanged for employee services. Accordingly, stock-based compensation cost is measured at the grant date, based on the fair value of the award, and is recognized as expense over the employee requisite service period. We previously applied Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinion No. 25, [Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees, and related interpretations and provided the required pro forma disclosures of SFAS No. 123 [Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation.] We elected to adopt the modified retrospective application method as provided by SFAS 123(R), and, accordingly, financial statement amounts for the prior period presented in this Form 10-Q have been adjusted to reflect the fair value method of expensing prescribed by SFAS 123(R). The methodology and application of expensing of stock-based compensation is consistent with that used in the pro forma amounts disclosed in our prior filings.

The following table shows total stock-based compensation expense included in the condensed Consolidated Statements of Income:

	Th	ree Months 30	ed June	Six Months End		nded June 30,		
	:	2006	 2005		2006		2005	
Cost of equipment sales Cost of support services	\$	481 208	\$ 418 180	\$	949 409	\$	862 372	
Cost of business services Selling, general and administrative Research and development		290 5,877 247	252 5,107 214		557 11,430 448		520 10,534 442	
Pre-tax stock-based compensation Income tax		7,103 (2,415)	 6,171 (2,098)		13,793 (4,689)		12,730 (4,328)	
Stock-based compensation expense, net	\$	4,688	\$ 4,073	\$	9,104	\$	8,402	
Basic earnings per share impact	\$	0.02	\$ 0.02	\$	0.04	\$	0.04	
Diluted earnings per share impact	\$	0.02	\$ 0.02	\$	0.04	\$	0.04	

At June 30, 2006, \$43.9 million of unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested awards is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of three years. The total intrinsic value of options exercised during the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, was approximately \$2.2 million and \$4.5 million, respectively. There were no capitalized stock-based compensation costs at June 30, 2006 and 2005. Proceeds from issuance of stock in our condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 includes \$1.3 million and \$3.1 million of windfall tax benefits from stock option exercises, respectively.

We settle employee stock options and restricted stock with treasury shares. Restricted stock units are settled primarily in shares except for the related minimum tax withholding which will be settled in cash.

In 2006, we modified our new stock-based compensation awards, requiring a minimum requisite service period of one year for retirement eligible employees.

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PITNEY BOWES INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited; tabular dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

The following table details the retroactive application impact of SFAS 123(R) on our previously reported Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income results:

	Th	ree Months	d June 30,		Six Months e 20	nded 05	June 30,
		previously ported (1)	 Adjusted	_	As reviously ported (1)		Adjusted
Income from continuing operations before							
income taxes and minority interest	\$	191,566	\$ 185,395	\$	406,056	\$	393,326
Net income	\$	139,031	\$ 134,958	\$	288,635	\$	280,233
Basic earnings per share							
from continuing operations	\$	0.61	\$ 0.59	\$	1.25	\$	1.22
Diluted earnings per share from							
continuing operations	\$	0.60	\$ 0.58	\$	1.24	\$	1.20

⁽¹⁾ Adjusted to include the effect of discontinued operations.

The following table details the retroactive application impact of SFAS 123(R) on our previously reported Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows:

SIX MUILLIS Ellueu Julie 30,	Six Months	Ended	Tune	30,	2005
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	previously reported	A	Adjusted
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 214,109	\$	209,533
Net cash provided by financing activities	\$ 116,627	\$	121,203

The following table details the retroactive application impact of SFAS 123(R) on our previously reported Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet:

As of December 31, 2005

	As previously reported		_	Adjusted		
Deferred taxes on income	\$	1,922,258	\$	1,859,950		
Total liabilities Capital in excess of par value	\$ \$	9,009,441	\$ \$	8,947,133 222,908		
Retained earnings Total stockholders[] equity	\$ \$	4,485,051 1,301,941	\$ \$	4,324,451 1,364,249		

Incentive Awards

Long-term incentive awards are provided to employees under the terms of our plans. The Executive Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors administers these plans. Awards granted under these plans may include stock options, restricted stock (units), other stock based awards, cash or any combination thereof.

Effective in 2006, we changed the components of our long-term incentive compensation structure. This change will increase the amount of restricted stock units and cash incentive awards issued to employees and will reduce the number of stock options granted.

PITNEY BOWES INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited; tabular dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

Stock Options

Under our stock plan, certain officers and employees are granted options at prices equal to the market value of our common shares at the date of grant. Options granted in 2004 and prior thereto generally become exercisable in three equal installments during the first three years following their grant and expire after ten years. Options granted in 2005 and thereafter generally become exercisable in four equal installments during the first four years following their grant and expire ten years from the date of grant. At June 30, 2006, there were 10,008,641 options available for future grants under this plan.

The following table summarizes information about stock option transactions:

	Shares	Per share weighted average exercise price
Options outstanding at December 31, 2005	22,037,808	\$41
Granted	1,967,079	\$43
Exercised	(1,101,328)	\$32
Canceled	(729,384)	\$45
Forfeited	(153,241)	\$45
Options outstanding at June 30, 2006	22,020,934	\$42
Options exercisable at June 30, 2006	16,846,756	\$41

The weighted-average remaining contractual life of the options outstanding and exercisable at June 30, 2006 was 6.8 years and 5.9 years, respectively. The intrinsic value of the options outstanding and exercisable at June 30, 2006 was \$82.6 million and \$80.9 million, respectively.

Beginning in 1997, certain employees eligible for performance-based compensation may defer up to 100% of their annual awards, subject to the terms and conditions of the Pitney Bowes Deferred Incentive Savings Plan. Participants may allocate deferred compensation among specified investment choices. Previously the investment choices offered included stock options under the U.S. stock option plan. Stock options acquired under this plan were generally exercisable three years following their grant and expired after a period not to exceed ten years from the date of grant. There were 277,297 options outstanding under this plan at June 30, 2006, which are included in outstanding options under the U.S. stock option plan. Beginning with the 2004 plan year, options were not offered as an investment choice and therefore there were no options granted in 2004 and thereafter.

We estimate the fair value of stock options using a Black-Scholes valuation model, consistent with the provisions of SFAS 123(R), SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 107 and our prior period pro forma disclosures of net earnings, including stock-based compensation (determined under a fair value method as prescribed by SFAS 123(R)). Key input assumptions used to estimate the fair value of stock options include the volatility of our stock, the risk-free interest rate and our dividend yield. We believe that the valuation technique and the approach utilized to develop the underlying assumptions are appropriate in estimating the fair value of our stock option grants. Estimates of fair value are not intended to predict actual future events or the value ultimately realized by employees who receive equity awards, and subsequent events are not indicative of the reasonableness of the original estimates of fair value we made under SFAS 123(R).

The fair value of stock options granted during the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 and related assumptions were as follows:

	Six months en 30,	ıded June
	2006	2005
Expected dividend yield	2.9%	2.8%
Expected stock price volatility (1)	17.6%	18.5%
Risk-free interest rate (2)	4.6%	3.5%
Expected life [] years (3) Weighted-average fair value per option	5	5
granted	\$7.13	\$7.29

- $1\ \square$ Our estimates of expected stock price volatility are based on historical price changes of our stock.
- $2 \square$ The risk-free interest rate is based on U.S. Treasuries with a term equal to the expected option term.
- $3 \square$ The expected life is based on historical experience.

PITNEY BOWES INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited; tabular dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

Restricted Stock and Restricted Stock Units

Our stock plan permits the issuance of restricted stock and restricted stock units. Restricted stock (units) are stock awards that are granted to employees and entitle the holder to shares of common stock as the award vests, typically over a four year period. The fair value of the awards is determined on the grant date based on our stock price at that date. Restricted stock awards are subject to one or more restrictions, which may include continued employment over a specified period or the attainment of specified financial performance goals. Where a restricted stock award is subject to both tenure and attainment of financial performance goals, the restrictions would be released, in total or in part, only if the executive is still employed by us at the end of the performance period and if the performance objectives are achieved. Where the sole restriction of a restricted stock award is continued employment over a specified period, such period may not be less than three years. The compensation expense for each award is recognized over the performance period.

The following table summarizes information about restricted stock (units) transactions:

	Shares / Units	Weighted average <u>grant</u> <u>date fair</u> <u>value</u>
Restricted stock / units outstanding at December 31, 2005	208,350	\$38
Granted	253,759	\$43
Vested	(12,825)	\$43
Forfeited	(3,267)	\$43
Restricted stock / units outstanding at June 30, 2006	446,017	\$40

Employee Stock Purchase Plans

The U.S. Employee Stock Purchase Plan enables substantially all U.S. and Canadian employees to purchase shares of our common stock at a discounted offering price and is considered a compensatory plan in accordance with SFAS 123(R). In 2006, the offering price was 85% of the average price of our common stock on the New York Stock Exchange on the offering date. At no time will the exercise price be less than the lowest price permitted under Section 423 of the Internal Revenue Code. The U.K.S.A.Y.E. Plan also enables eligible employees of our participating U.K. subsidiaries to purchase shares of our stock at a discounted offering price which, in 2005, was 90% of the average closing price of our common stock on the New York Stock Exchange for the three business days preceding the offering date. We may grant rights to purchase up to 7,073,684 common shares to our regular employees under the U.S. and U.K. Plans. Compensation expense relating to the U.S. Plan is recognized over a twelve month participation period. Compensation expense for the U.K. Plan is recognized over participation periods of three or five years.

<u>Directors</u> Stock Plan

Under this plan, each non-employee director is granted 1,400 shares of restricted common stock annually. Shares granted at no cost to the directors were 14,000 in 2006 and 13,563 in 2005. Compensation expense, net of taxes, was \$0.4 million for each of the quarters ended June 30, 2006, and 2005. The shares carry full voting and dividend rights but, except as provided herein, may not be transferred or alienated until the later of (1) termination of service as a director, or, if earlier, the date of a change of control, or (2) the expiration of the six-month period following the grant of such shares. If a director terminates service as a director prior to the

expiration of the six-month period following a grant of restricted stock, that award will be forfeited. The Directors Stock Plan permits certain limited dispositions of restricted common stock to family members, family trusts or partnerships, as well as donations to charity after the expiration of the six-month holding period, provided the director retains a minimum of 7,500 shares of restricted common stock.

Beginning in 1997, non-employee directors may defer up to 100% of their eligible compensation, subject to the terms and conditions of the Pitney Bowes Deferred Incentive Savings Plan for directors. Participants may allocate deferred compensation among specified investment choices. Previously the investment choices offered included stock options under the Directors Stock Plan. Stock options acquired under this plan were generally exercisable three years following their grant and expired after a period not to exceed ten years. There were 45,130 and 49,255 options outstanding under this plan at June 30, 2006, and 2005, respectively. Beginning with the 2004 plan year, options were not offered as an investment choice and therefore there were no options granted in 2004 and thereafter.

PITNEY BOWES INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited; tabular dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

${f 15.}$ Pensions and Other Benefit Programs

Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The components of net periodic benefit cost for defined benefit pension plans for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 are as follows:

	United States					Foreign				
	Three Months Ended June 30,				Three Months Ended June 30,					
	2006			2005		2006	2005			
Service cost	\$	7,060	\$	8,536	\$	2,723	\$	2,536		
Interest cost		24,467		22,845		5,551		5,346		
Expected return on plan assets		(33,366)		(32,090)		(7,730)		(6,771)		
Amortization of transition cost		-		-		(164)		(146)		
Amortization of prior service cost		(570)		(723)		152		142		
Amortization of net loss		9,290		6,157		2,797		2,642		
Net periodic benefit cost	\$	6,881	\$	4,725	\$	3,329	\$	3,749		

The components of net periodic benefit cost for defined benefit pension plans for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 are as follows:

	United States Six Months Ended June 30,					Foreign Six Months Ended June 30,				
		2006		2005		2006	2005			
Service cost	\$	14,931	\$	17,072	\$	5,387	\$	5,150		
Interest cost		47,984		45,690		10,981		10,789		
Expected return on plan assets		(65,866)		(64,180)		(15,294)		(13,592)		
Amortization of transition cost		-		-		(326)		(292)		
Amortization of prior service cost		(1,118)		(1,446)		302		283		
Amortization of net loss		17,081		12,314		5,365		5,271		
Net periodic benefit cost	\$	13,012	\$	9,450	\$	6,415	\$	7,609		

We previously disclosed in our consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2005 that we expect to contribute up to \$7 million and up to \$15 million, respectively, to our U.S. and foreign pension plans during 2006. At June 30, 2006, \$4.1 million and \$5.5 million of contributions have been made to the U.S. and foreign pension plans, respectively.

Nonpension Postretirement Benefit Plans

The components of net periodic benefit cost for nonpension postretirement benefit plans for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 are as follows:

Tì			d June	Six Months Ended June 30,				
	2006		2005	2006		2005		
\$	872	\$	789	\$	1,774	\$	1,670	
	3,517		3,200		7,176		7,511	
	(454)		(478)		(929)		(1,011)	
	886		304		1,795		1,512	
\$	4,821	\$	3,815	\$	9,816	\$	9,682	
	\$	\$ 872 3,517 (454) 886	\$ 872 \$ 3,517 (454) 886	2006 2005 \$ 872 \$ 789 3,517 3,200 (454) (478) 886 304	30, Si 2006 2005 \$ 872 \$ 789 \$ 3,517 3,200 (454) (478) 886 304	2006 2005 2006 \$ 872 \$ 789 \$ 1,774 3,517 3,200 7,176 (454) (478) (929) 886 304 1,795	2006 2005 2006 \$ 872 \$ 789 \$ 1,774 \$ 3,517 (454) (478) (929) 886 304 1,795	

For the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, we made \$8.3 million and \$11.8 million of contributions representing benefit payments, respectively. Contributions for benefit payments were \$17.3 million and \$20.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

PITNEY BOWES INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited; tabular dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

16. Income Taxes

The effective tax rate for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 was 43.6% and 33.2% respectively. The effective tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 was 39.1% and 33.6%, respectively. The difference in rates for both periods is primarily due to an additional charge for \$20 million in the second quarter of 2006 related to the IRS settlement discussed below.

In May 2006, we reached a tentative settlement with the IRS governing all outstanding tax audit issues in dispute for tax years through 2000. These disputed items related primarily to the tax treatment of corporate owned life insurance (COLI) and related interest expense, the tax effect of the sale of certain preferred share holdings and the tax treatment of certain lease transactions. We are currently in discussions with the IRS to come to an agreement on all aspects of the settlement, document the settlement in writing and complete the associated tax calculations. As a result of this tentative settlement with the IRS, we recorded \$61 million of additional tax expense of which \$41 million relates to the Capital Services business and is included in discontinued operations in the current period and \$20 million which is included in continuing operations in the current period. These amounts are our best estimate of the impact of the tentative settlement on our results of operations. While the accrual currently reflects our best estimate, ongoing negotiations and final settlement with the IRS could result in a revision to the estimate. As a result of the tentative IRS settlement and the sales of the Imagistics and Capital Services businesses, we anticipate we will pay approximately \$1.1 billion of additional tax, net of \$330 million of IRS tax bonds previously posted. Over the next six months, these payments will be funded with proceeds previously received from the sale of Imagistics and Capital Services and the advance against the cash surrender value of our COLI assets.

We also accrued in discontinued operations an additional tax expense of \$16.2 million in the second quarter of 2006 to record the impact of the recently-enacted Tax Increase Prevention and Reconciliation Act ([TIPRA]). The TIPRA legislation repealed the exclusion from federal income taxation of a portion of the income generated from certain leveraged leases of aircraft by foreign sales corporations. See Note 4 for further discussion of the discontinued operations.

We have accrued our best estimate of the probable tax, interest and penalties that we believe is appropriate given the likelihood of tax adjustments in all open tax years. However, the resolution of such matters could have a material affect on our results of operations, financial position and cash flow.

17. Guarantees

Prior to the sale of the Capital Services business, from time to time we have sold net finance receivables and in selective cases entered into guarantee contracts with varying amounts of recourse in privately placed transactions with unrelated third-party investors. As part of the sale of the Capital Services business, we indemnified the buyer for certain of these guarantees by posting letters of credit totaling \$21.3 million at the date of sale. In accordance with GAAP, we have not recorded these amounts as liabilities in our condensed consolidated balance sheets. Our maximum risk of loss related to these letters of cedit arises from the possible non-performance of lessees to meet the terms of their contracts and from changes in the value of the underlying equipment. These contracts are secured by the underlying equipment value and supported by the creditworthiness of the customer.

We provide product warranties in conjunction with certain product sales, generally for a period of 90 days from the date of installation. Our product warranty liability reflects our best estimate of probable liability for product warranties based on historical claims experience, which has not been significant, and other currently available evidence. Accordingly, our product warranty liability at June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, respectively, was not material.

MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Item 2: Management | s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Management solution of Special Condition and Results of Operations (MD&A) contains statements that are forward-looking. These statements are based on current expectations and assumptions that are subject to risks and uncertainties. Actual results could differ materially because of factors discussed in Forward-Looking Statements and elsewhere in this report.

The following analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with Pitney Bowes Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements contained in this report and in Pitney Bowes Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005.

As a result of the sale of our Imagistics lease portfolio and Capital Services external financing business, the results of operations reflect these businesses as discontinued operations for all periods presented.

Overview

We are pleased with the recently completed sale of the Capital Services business. Our performance this quarter was driven by our expanded presence in the mailstream most notably in mail services, marketing services, supplies and software. We also had good improvement in our earnings before interest and tax margin.

For the second quarter, revenue increased 5% driven by financing, supplies, software, business services, ongoing demand for our digital mailing and production mail equipment. Of this increase, 1.9% was attributable to acquisitions. Revenue was negatively affected by foreign currency translation, which lowered revenue growth by 0.4%.

Net loss for the quarter was \$356 million or \$1.59 per diluted share as compared with \$0.58 earnings per diluted share in the second quarter of 2005. The loss reported during the second quarter is attributed to the loss on the sale of our Capital Services business which is reported in discontinued operations. Income from continuing operations for the quarter was \$0.54 cents per diluted share compared with \$0.52 cents in the prior year. Diluted earnings per share for the second quarter of 2006 included a \$0.09 cent charge related to the additional tax reserves as a result of the tentative IRS settlement (see Note 16 in the condensed consolidated financial statements), and a \$0.01 restructuring charge. As a result of our revenue growth and an improved ratio of earnings before interest and taxes to revenue, we were able to grow our earnings despite increases in interest rates.

See Results of Operations \square Second Quarter of 2006 compared to Second Quarter of 2005 for a more detailed discussion of our results of operations.

Outlook

We anticipate that we will experience continued strength in our financial results in the second half of 2006. However, we expect that we will continue to experience a changing mix in our revenue, where a greater percentage will come from diversified revenue streams associated with fully featured smaller systems and less from larger system sales. We expect to continue our market expansion in mailstream solutions and services and derive further synergies from our recent acquisitions.

As we have previously stated, we will continue to record additional restructuring charges in 2006 related primarily to the completion of programs initiated in 2005. We will remain focused on disciplined expense control initiatives and will continue to allocate capital to optimize our returns.

MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Results of Operations | Second Quarter of 2006 compared to Second Quarter of 2005

Business segment results

(Dollars in

The following table shows revenue and earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT) by segment for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005. Prior year results have been adjusted for SFAS 123(R) and for changes made to our reporting segments in the second quarter of 2006.

thousands)			evenue		EBIT (1)						
Three m				s ended Jun	e 30,	Three months ended June 30,					
		2006		2005	% change		2006		2005	% change	
U.S. Mailing International	\$	567,766	\$	561,232	1%	\$	234,104	\$	224,926	4%	
Mailing Production		249,490		228,110	9%		42,379		44,707	(5)%	
Mail		133,264		125,529	6%		15,281		10,003	53%	
Software		47,640		38,138	25%		5,207	_	3,695	41%	
Mailstream											
Solutions		998,160		953,009	5%		296,971		283,331	5%	
Management											
Services		267,548		275,568	(3)%		21,860		18,004	21%	
Mail Services Marketing		90,749		81,764	11%		8,970		3,071	192%	
Services		32,753		12,265	167%		3,616		2,266	60%	
Mailstream											
Services		391,050		369,597	6%		34,446		23,341	48%	
Total	\$	1,389,210	\$	1,322,606	5%	\$	331,417	\$	306,672	8%	
			_					_			

⁽¹⁾ See reconciliation of segment amounts to Income from Continuing Operations before Income Taxes and Minority Interest in Note 7 to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

During the second quarter of 2006, Mailstream Solutions revenue increased 5% and EBIT increased 5% compared with the prior year. U.S. Mailing\[\]s revenue grew by 1% due to growth in supplies and payment solutions as our meter base continues to transition to new digital technology. However, revenue continued to be adversely affected by the ongoing changing mix to more fully featured smaller systems. US Mailing\[\]s EBIT increased 4% as a result of benefits from our transformation programs. International Mailing revenue grew by 9% driven by growth in Europe. International Mailing EBIT decreased by 5% due to continued transitional expenses related to the consolidation and outsourcing of our European and Canadian administrative functions. Worldwide revenue for Production Mail grew by 6% and EBIT increased 53%. In the U.S., revenue growth was

favorably affected by strong placements of inserting systems and by placements of our advanced, high-speed Infinity metering system. The strong U.S. results more than offset the weak revenue performance outside the U.S. Software \square s revenue grew by 25% to \$47.6 million due to strong demand for our software products. The acquisition of Emtex in the first quarter also accounted for 11% of this growth.

During the second quarter of 2006, Mailstream Services revenue grew 6% and EBIT grew 48% compared with the prior year. Our Management Services operation reported a revenue decrease of 3% but EBIT growth of 21%, reflecting our continued strategy to exit unprofitable accounts and focus on offering higher value services and reducing administrative costs. Mail Services revenue grew 11% due to continued growth in presort and international mail services. Mail Services EBIT grew by 192% to \$9 million as a result of the ongoing successful integration of acquired sites and increased operating efficiencies. Marketing Services revenue grew 167% to \$32.8 million. The acquisitions of Imagitas in the second quarter of 2005 and AAS in the second quarter of 2006 accounted for 123% of this growth. Marketing Services EBIT margin grew 60% to \$3.6 million and was adversely affected by continued investments for growth initiatives.

MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Revenue by source

The following table shows revenue by source for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005:

(Dollars in thousands)

Three	Months	Fnded	Tune	30
111166	MOHUIS	Luucu	IUIIC	JU

		2006	2005	% change	
Equipment sales	\$	319,635	\$ 297,815	7%	
Supplies		82,873	72,850	14%	
Software		47,640	38,138	25%	
Rentals		197,226	205,494	(4)%	
Financing		174,447	164,699	6%	
Support services		176,339	174,013	1%	
Business services		391,050	369,597	6%	
Total revenue	<u>*</u>	1,389,210	\$ 1,322,606	5%	

Equipment sales revenue increased by 7% over the prior year period due to growth in sales of networked digital mailing systems and higher placements of our inserting equipment.

Supplies revenue increased by 14% due to the meter base continuing to transition to digital technology and due to price increases.

Software revenue increased by 25% due to strong demand for our software products and the acquisition of Emtex in the first quarter.

Rentals revenue was negatively affected by the continued downsizing by customers to smaller machines.

Financing revenue increased by 6% primarily due to growth in our worldwide equipment leasing volumes and higher revenue from payment solutions.

Support services revenue remained relatively flat over the prior year as a result of a downsizing to smaller machines.

Business services revenue increased by 6% primarily due to higher revenue in mail and marketing services. This more than offset the decline in management services revenue, which was adversely affected by the exit from less profitable contracts and lower revenue in Europe.

Costs and expenses

(Dollars in thousands)	Three Months Ended June 30,		
	2006	2005	

Cost of equipment sales	\$ 159,780	\$ 151,276
Cost of supplies	\$ 19,796	\$ 17,678
Cost of software	\$ 11,103	\$ 7,958
Cost of rentals	\$ 42,300	\$ 43,969
Cost of support services	\$ 98,453	\$ 97,972
Cost of business services	\$ 303,583	\$ 299,549
Selling, general and administrative	\$ 432,531	\$ 406,744
Research and development	\$ 40,980	\$ 40,508

Cost of equipment sales as a percentage of revenue decreased to 50.0% in the second quarter of 2006 compared with 50.8% in the prior year, primarily due to benefits derived from our transition to outsourcing parts for digital equipment.

Cost of supplies as a percentage of revenue decreased slightly to 23.9% in the second quarter of 2006 compared with 24.3% in the prior year.

Cost of software increased to 23.3% of revenue in the second quarter of 2006 compared to 20.9% in the prior year, due primarily to the effect of recent acquisitions and to lower maintenance revenue during the quarter.

Cost of rentals as a percentage of revenue remained flat at 21.4% for both the second quarter of 2006 and 2005, respectively.

MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Cost of support services decreased to 55.8% of revenue in the second quarter of 2006 compared with 56.3% in the prior year, primarily due to benefits from our transformation programs.

Cost of business services decreased to 77.6% of business services revenue in the second quarter of 2006 compared with 81.1% in the second quarter of 2005, primarily due to our ongoing focus on cost containment and efficiency in our management services operations, and the improved integration of new sites in our mail services operations.

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased to 31.1% of total revenue in the second quarter of 2006 compared with 30.8% in the prior year, due primarily to transition expenses related to the consolidation and outsourcing of European and Canadian administrative functions, which offset benefits from our transformation programs.

Research and development expenses increased 1.2% in the second quarter of 2006 compared with the prior year. Our investment in research and development reflects our continued focus on developing new technologies and enhancing features for all our products.

Restructuring

The pre-tax restructuring charges are composed of:

(Dollars in Thousands)	Three Months Ended June 30,							
		2006		2005				
Severance and benefit costs Asset impairments Other exit costs	\$	4,615 - 426	\$	24,697 229 1,476				
Total restructuring charges	\$	5,041	\$	26,402				

In connection with our previously announced restructuring initiatives, we recorded a pre-tax restructuring charge of \$5.0 million and \$26.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

All restructuring charges, except for the asset impairments, will result in cash outflows. The severance and benefit costs relate to a reduction in workforce of approximately 3,700 employees worldwide from the inception of this plan through June 30, 2006 and expected future workforce reductions of approximately 500 employees. The workforce reductions relate to actions across several of our businesses resulting from infrastructure and process improvements and continuing efforts to streamline operations, and include managerial, professional, clerical and technical roles. Approximately 68% of the cumulative workforce reductions to date are in the U.S. International workforce reductions are primarily concentrated in Europe and Canada. During the six months ended June 30, 2005, we recorded a pre-tax gain of \$30.2 million related to the sale of our main plant manufacturing facility in Connecticut.

Pre-tax restructuring reserves at June 30, 2006 are composed of the following:

(Dollars in Thousands)

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	Jai	alance at nuary 1, 2006	ructuring harges	p	Cash ayments	 n-cash aarges	Balance at une 30, 2006
Severance and indirect benefit costs Asset impairments Other exit costs	\$	44,635 - 5,234	\$ 9,137 514 987	\$	(25,935)	\$ - (514) -	\$ 27,837 - 4,219
	\$	49,869	\$ 10,638	\$	(27,937)	\$ (514)	\$ 32,056

MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Pre-tax restructuring reserves at December 31, 2005 are composed of the following:

(Dollars in Thousands)	Ва	lance at						lance at ecember
	Ja	nuary 1, 2005		tructuring charges	р	Cash ayments	 on-cash harges	 31, 2005
Severance and								
benefit costs	\$	48,404	\$	70,602	\$	(74,371)	\$ -	\$ 44,635
Asset impairments		-		6,938		-	(6,938)	-
Other exit costs		3,059		6,348		(4,173)	-	5,234
Gain on sale of main plant		-		(30,238)		30,238	-	-
			-				 	
	\$	51,463	\$	53,650	\$	(48,306)	\$ (6,938)	\$ 49,869

We expect these restructuring initiatives to be substantially completed by the end of 2006 and currently estimate 2006 pre-tax restructuring charges to be in the range of \$25 million to \$35 million. As we continue to finalize our 2006 restructuring plans, the ultimate amount and timing of the restructuring charges may differ from our current estimates. The charges related to these restructuring initiatives will be recorded as the various initiatives take effect. The majority of the cash outflows related to restructuring charges will be funded primarily by cash from operating activities. The restructuring initiatives are expected to continue to increase our operating efficiency and effectiveness in 2006 and beyond while enhancing growth, primarily as a result of reduced personnel-related expenses.

Net interest expense

Interest expense for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005:

(Dollars in thousands)	Three Months Ended June 30,

	2006		2005	% change	
Interest expense, net	\$ 55,070	\$ 45,155		22.0%	

Net interest expense increased by \$9.9 million or 22% in the second quarter of 2006 compared with the prior year primarily due to higher average interest rates during the quarter.

Income Taxes

The effective tax rate for the second quarter of 2006 was 43.6% compared with 33.2% in the prior year. The effective tax rate for the second quarter of 2006 included an additional reserve for \$20 million related to the tentative IRS settlement discussed in Note 16 to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

Minority Interest

The following table details minority interest for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005:

(Dollars in thousands)

Three Months Ended June 30,

	200	2006 2005		% change	
Minority interest	\$	3,244	\$	2,521	28.7%

Minority interest includes dividends paid to preferred stockholders in a subsidiary. Minority interest increased by \$0.7 million or 28.7% in the second quarter of 2006 compared with the prior year due to an increase in the weighted average dividend rate which is set at auction.

MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Discontinued Operations

The following table details the components of discontinued operations for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005:

(Dollars in Thousands)	 Three Months 30,	d June
	 2006	 2005
Revenue	\$ 34,523	\$ 37,568
Pretax income	\$ 17,940	\$ 20,807
Net income	\$ 10,447	\$ 13,718
Gain on sale of Imagistics, net of \$7,443 tax	11,641	-
FSC tax law change	(16,209)	-
Additional tax on IRS settlement Loss on sale of Capital Services, net of \$282,722 tax	(41,000)	-
benefit	 (442,205)	
Total discontinued operations, net of tax	\$ (477,326)	\$ 13,718

Net income from discontinued operations decreased by \$3.3 million or 23.8% in the second quarter of 2006 compared with the prior year primarily due to the run-off of the portfolio. We realized tax benefits of approximately \$20 million from the sale of Capital Services, which will be included in discontinued operations for the third quarter of 2006. See Note 4 in the condensed consolidated financial statements for further discussion and details of the discontinued operations.

Results of Operations [] Six Months Ended June 30, 2006 compared to Six Months Ended June 30, 2005

Revenue by source

Equipment sales

Support services Business services

Supplies Software Rentals Financing

The following table shows revenue by source for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005:

(1	Dol	lars	ın	thousand	S)	
----	-----	------	----	----------	----	--

2006		 2005	% change
\$	622,392	\$ 588,577	6%
	165,684	149,632	11%
	89,635	74,055	21%
	394,038	407,135	(3)%
	352,592	325,524	8%
	347,105	345,960	-
	779,409	719,653	8%

Six Months Ended June 30,

Total revenue \$ 2,750,855 \$ 2,610,536 5%

Equipment sales revenue increased by 6% over the prior year period due to growth in sales of networked digital mailing systems and higher placements of our inserting equipment.

Supplies revenue increased by 11% as the meter base continues to transition to digital technology.

Software revenue increased by 21% due to growth in software license sales and the acquisition of Emtex in the first quarter.

Rentals revenue was negatively affected by the continued downsizing by customers to smaller machines.

Financing revenue increased by 8% primarily due to growth in our worldwide equipment leasing volumes and higher revenue from payment solutions.

Support services revenue remained flat compared with the prior year period as a result of a downsizing to smaller machines.

Business services revenue increased by 8% primarily due to higher revenue in mail and marketing services. This more than offset the decline in management services revenue, which was adversely affected by the exit from less profitable contracts and lower revenue in Europe.

MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Costs and expenses

(Dollars in thousands)	Si	x Months E1	nded (June 30,
	_	2006		2005
Cost of equipment sales	\$	312,760	\$	297,353
Cost of supplies	\$	40,404	\$	36,267
Cost of software	\$	21,282	\$	16,527
Cost of rentals	\$	85,839	\$	86,286
Cost of support services	\$	194,749	\$	193,324
Cost of business services	\$	609,907	\$	588,659
Selling, general and administrative	\$	850,193	\$	808,881
Research and development	\$	82,516	\$	82,286

Cost of equipment sales as a percentage of revenue decreased to 50.3% in the first six months of 2006 compared with 50.5% in the prior year, primarily due to benefits derived from our transition to outsourcing parts for digital equipment.

Cost of supplies as a percentage of revenue increased slightly to 24.4% in the first six months of 2006 compared with 24.2% in the prior year.

Cost of software increased to 23.7% of revenue in the first six months of 2006 compared to 22.3% in the prior year, due primarily to the effect of recent acquisitions and to lower maintenance revenue during the period.

Cost of rentals as a percentage of revenue increased to 21.8% in the first six months of 2006 compared with 21.2% in the prior year, primarily due to higher depreciation costs from new placements of meters.

Cost of support services increased to 56.1% of revenue in the first six months of 2006 compared with 55.9% in the prior year, primarily due to an increase in the mix of lower margin production mail and international support services revenue which more than offset the benefits from our transformation programs.

Cost of business services decreased to 78.3% of business services revenue in the first six months of 2006 compared with 81.8% in the prior year, primarily due to our ongoing focus on cost containment and efficiency in our management services operations, and the improved integration of new sites in our mail services operations.

Selling, general and administrative expenses decreased slightly to 30.9% of total revenue in the first six months of 2006 compared with 31% in the prior year.

Research and development expenses remained flat in the first six months of 2006 compared with the prior year.

Restructuring

Pre-tax restructuring charges are composed of:

(Dollars in Thousands)

Six Months Ended June 30,

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	2006		2005		
Severance and benefit costs	\$	9,137	\$	37,779	
Asset impairments		514		980	
Other exit costs		987		2,041	
Gain on sale of main plant		_		(30,238)	
Total restructuring charges	\$	10,638	\$	10,562	

In connection with our previously announced restructuring initiatives, we recorded a pre-tax restructuring charge of \$10.6 million in each of the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

See Note 13 to the condensed consolidated financial statements for further details of our restructuring charges.

MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Net interest expense

The following table shows net interest expense for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005:

(Dollars in thousands)

Siv	Months	Fnded	Inne	30
SIA	MIOHUMS	Liiueu	lune	30

·							
	2006		 2005		% change		
		_	_				
Interest expense, net	\$	108,638	\$ 87,065		24.8%		

Net interest expense increased by \$21.6 million or 24.8% in the first six months of 2006 compared with the prior year primarily due to higher average interest rates and average borrowings.

Income Taxes

The effective tax rate for the first six months of 2006 was 39.1% compared with 33.6% in the prior year. The effective tax rate for the first six months of 2006 included an additional charge of \$20 million related to the tentative IRS settlement discussed in Note 16 to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

Minority Interest

The following table details minority interest for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005:

(Dollars in thousands)

Six Months Ended June 30,

	2006		2005		% change	
Minority interest	\$	6,161	\$	4,504	36.8%	

Minority interest includes dividends paid to preferred stockholders in a subsidiary. Minority interest increased by \$1.7 million or 36.8% in the first six months of 2006 compared with the prior year due to an increase in the weighted average dividend rate which is set at auction.

Discontinued Operations

The following table details the components of discontinued operations for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005:

(Dollars in thousands)

Six Months Ended June	e su.
-----------------------	-------

	 2006	2005
Revenue	\$ 76,981	\$ 67,426
Pretax income	\$ 39,950	\$ 36,069

Net income	\$ 27,116	\$ 23,631
Gain on sale of Imagistics, net of \$7,443 tax	11,641	-
FSC tax law change	(16,209)	-
Additional tax on IRS settlement	(41,000)	-
Loss on sale of Capital Services, net of \$282,722 tax benefit	(442,205)	-
Total discontinued operations, net of tax	\$ (460,657)	\$ 23,631

Net income from discontinued operations increased by \$3.5 million or 15% in the first six months of 2006 compared with the prior year primarily due to the sale of assets in the first six months of 2006. See Note 4 in the condensed consolidated financial statements for further discussion and details of the discontinued operations.

MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our primary sources of liquidity and capital resources include cash flows from operating activities. Additionally, we have substantial borrowing capability through our commercial paper program, long-term capital markets and revolving credit line agreements. The primary factors that affect our liquidity position, other than operating results associated with current sales activity, include the following: growth and expansion requirements; customer financing assistance; federal income tax payments; interest and dividend payments; our stock repurchase program; internal investments; and potential acquisitions and divestitures.

Cash Flow Summary

The change in cash and cash equivalents is as follows:

(Dollars in thousands)	Six Months Ended June 30,		
	2006	2005	
Cash provided by operating activities	\$ 432,475	\$ 209,533	
Cash provided by (used in) investing Cash (used in) provided by financing	126,199	(369,420)	
activities	(583,062)	121,203	
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	2,548	(649)	
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	\$ (21,840)	\$ (39,333)	

The increase in cash provided by operating activities in the six months ended June 30, 2006 compared with the six months ended June 30, 2005 is primarily due to a \$200 million tax bond posted with the IRS in the prior period. Cash provided by discontinued operations included in operating activities was approximately \$1 million and \$44 million in the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

The increase in cash provided by investing activities in the six months ended June 30, 2006 compared with the six months ended June 30, 2005 is primarily due to net proceeds of \$282 million received from the sale of our Imagistics lease portfolio and an advance of \$138 million against the cash surrender value of our COLI policies.

The increase in cash used for financing activities in the six months ended June 30, 2006 compared with the six months ended June 30, 2005 is primarily due to the repayment of debt and higher stock repurchases in 2006.

Capital Expenditures

During the first six months of 2006, capital expenditures included \$65.4 million in net additions to property, plant and equipment and \$97 million in net additions to rental equipment and related inventories compared with \$69 million and \$78.7 million, respectively, in the same period in 2005. The addition of rental equipment relates primarily to postage meters and increased over the prior year due to higher placements of our digital meters during the six months ended June 30, 2006.

We expect capital expenditures for the full year of 2006 to be approximately the same as the prior year. These investments will also be affected by the timing of our customers | transition to digital meters.

Financings and Capitalization

We have a commercial paper program that provides short-term liquidity. Commercial paper remains a significant liquidity source. As of June 30, 2006, we have \$704.6 million of outstanding commercial paper issuances. We have unused credit facilities of \$3.1 billion of which \$1.5 billion supports commercial paper issuances.

In addition to our borrowing capability under the unused credit facilities described above, we have \$1.6 billion remaining available under the shelf registration statement filed in February 2005 with the SEC, permitting issuances of up to \$2.5 billion in debt securities, preferred stock, preference stock, common stock, purchase contracts, depositary shares, warrants and units.

In May 2006, we took a cash advance totaling \$138 million against the cash surrender value in certain COLI policies. This advance is reflected as a reduction to our COLI investment in Other Assets in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet.

We anticpate that the net proceeds from the sale of the Imagistics lease portfolio, the sale of our Capital Services external financing business and the proceeds from the COLI advance will be used to pay approximately \$1.1 billion of tax obligations resulting from the dispositions and our tentative tax settlement with the IRS over the next six months.

MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

We believe our financing needs in the short and long term can be met with cash generated internally, money from existing credit agreements, debt issued under new and existing shelf registration statements and our existing commercial paper program.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In December 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued SFAS No. 123(R) (revised 2004), [Share-Based Payment.] SFAS No. 123(R) supersedes Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinion No. 25, [Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees.] The revised statement addresses the accounting for share-based payment transactions with employees and other third parties, eliminates the ability to account for share-based transactions using APB No. 25 and requires that the compensation costs relating to such transactions be recognized in the condensed consolidated financial statements. SFAS No. 123(R) requires compensation cost to be recognized immediately for awards granted to retirement eligible employees or over the period from the grant date to the date retirement eligibility is achieved, if that is expected to occur during the nominal vesting period. Prior to our adoption of SFAS No. 123(R), we used the nominal vesting period approach to determine the proforma stock-based compensation expense for all awards. SFAS No. 123(R) also requires additional disclosures relating to the income tax and cash flow effects resulting from share-based payments. We adopted the provisions of SFAS No. 123(R) on January 1, 2006 using the modified retrospective application. See Note 14 for further disclosures related to our stock-based compensation.

In June 2005, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position (FSP) No. FAS 143-1, [Accounting for Electronic Equipment Waste Obligations, that provides guidance on how commercial users and producers of electronic equipment should recognize and measure asset retirement obligations associated with the European Directive 2002/96/EC on Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (the [Directive]). The adoption of this FSP did not have a material effect on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows for those European Union (EU) countries that enacted the Directive into country-specific laws. We are currently evaluating the impact of applying this FSP in the remaining countries in future periods and do not expect the adoption of this provision to have a material effect on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In June 2006, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation (FIN) No. 48, [Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes, that provides guidance on the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in financial statements. The interpretation will be adopted by us on January 1, 2007. We are currently evaluating the impact of adopting FIN 48; however, we do not expect the adoption of this provision to have a material effect on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In July 2006, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position (FSP) No. FAS 13-2, [Accounting for a Change or Projected Change in the Timing of Cash Flows Relating to Income Taxes Generated by a Leveraged Lease Transaction, that provides guidance on how a change or a potential change in the timing of cash flows relating to income taxes generated by a leveraged lease transaction affects the accounting by a lessor for the lease. This staff position will be adopted by us on January 1, 2007. We are currently evaluating the impact of adopting this FSP; however, we do not expect the adoption of this provision to have a material effect on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Regulatory Matters

There have been no significant changes to the regulatory matters disclosed in our 2005 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Other Regulatory Matters

In May 2006, we reached a tentative settlement with the IRS governing all outstanding tax audit issues in dispute for tax years through 2000. These disputed items related primarily to the tax treatment of corporate owned life insurance (COLI) and related interest expense, the tax effect of the sale of certain preferred share holdings and the tax treatment of certain lease transactions. We are currently in discussions with the IRS to come

to agreement, document the settlement in writing and complete the associated tax calculations. As a result of this tentative settlement with the IRS, we recorded \$61 million of additional tax expense of which \$41 million relates to the Capital Services business and was included in discontinued operations in the current period and \$20 million which is included in continuing operations in the current period. These amounts are our best estimate of the impact of the tentative settlement on our results of operations. While the accrual currently reflects our best estimate, ongoing negotiations and final settlement with the IRS could result in a revision to the estimate. As a result of the tentative IRS settlement and the sales of the Imagistics and Capital Services businesses, we anticipate we will pay approximately \$1.1 billion of additional tax, net of \$330 million of IRS tax bonds previously posted.

We have accrued our best estimate of the probable tax, interest and penalties that we believe is appropriate given the likelihood of tax adjustments in all open tax years. However, the resolution of such matters could have a material effect on our results of operations, financial position and cash flow.

MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Forward-Looking Statements

We want to caution readers that any forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in this Form 10-Q, other reports or press releases or made by our management involve risks and uncertainties which may change based on various important factors. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. These forward-looking statements are those which talk about our or management scurrent expectations as to the future and include, but are not limited to, statements about the amounts, timing and results of possible restructuring charges and future earnings. Words such as schimate, statements. Some of the factors which could cause future financial performance to differ materially from the expectations as expressed in any forward-looking statement made by or on our behalf include:

- changes in international or national political conditions, including any terrorist attacks
- negative developments in economic conditions, including adverse impacts on customer demand
- changes in postal regulations
- timely development and acceptance of new products
- success in gaining product approval in new markets where regulatory approval is required
- successful entry into new markets
- mailers ⊓ utilization of alternative means of communication or competitors □ products
- our success at managing customer credit risk
- our success at managing costs associated with its strategy of outsourcing functions and operations not central to its business
- changes in interest rates
- foreign currency fluctuations
- cost, timing and execution of the restructuring plan including any potential asset impairments
- regulatory approvals and satisfaction of other conditions to consummation of any acquisitions and integration of recent acquisitions
- interrupted use of key information systems
- changes in privacy laws
- intellectual property infringement claims
- impact on mail volume resulting from current concerns over the use of the mail for transmitting harmful biological agents
- third-party suppliers ability to provide product components
- negative income tax adjustments for prior audit years and changes in tax laws or regulations
- changes in pension and retiree medical costs
- acts of nature

Item 3: Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

There were no material changes to the disclosures made in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005 regarding this matter.

Item 4: Controls and Procedures

Disclosure controls and procedures are designed to reasonably assure that information required to be disclosed in reports filed under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC \square s rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures are also designed to reasonably assure that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and Chief Financial Officer (CFO), as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Under the direction of our CEO and CFO, we evaluated our disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting. The CEO and CFO concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of June 30, 2006. In addition, no change in internal control over financial reporting occurred during the quarter ended June 30, 2006, that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, such internal control over financial reporting. It should be noted that any system of controls is based in part upon certain assumptions designed to obtain reasonable (and not absolute) assurance as to its effectiveness, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals. Notwithstanding this caution, the disclosure controls and procedures are designed to provide reasonable assurance of achieving their stated objectives, and the CEO and CFO have concluded that the disclosure controls and procedures are effective at that reasonable assurance level.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1: Legal Proceedings

This item updates the legal proceedings more fully described in our 2005 Annual Report on Form 10-K, dated March 13, 2006 and as updated in our first quarter Form 10-Q dated May 4, 2006. In ..Ricoh Corporation et al. v. Pitney Bowes Inc. (United States District Court, District of New Jersey, filed November 26, 2002), the Court has now rescheduled the tentative trial date for October 30, 2006.

We expect to prevail in this matter; however, as litigation is inherently unpredictable there can be no assurance in this regard, and if Ricoh does prevail, the result may have a material effect on our financial position, future results of operations or cash flows, including, for example, our ability to offer certain types of goods or services in the future.

There were no other material changes to the legal proceedings disclosures made in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005 regarding legal proceedings.

Item 1A: Risk Factors

There were no material changes to the risk factors identified in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005 regarding this matter.

Item 2: Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Repurchases of Equity Securities

We repurchase shares of our common stock under a systematic program to manage the dilution created by shares issued under employee stock plans and for other purposes. This program authorizes repurchases in the open market. We have not repurchased or acquired any other shares of our common stock during 2006 in any other manner.

In September 2005, our Board of Directors authorized \$300 million for repurchases of outstanding shares of our common stock in the open market during the subsequent 12 to 24 months of which \$241.2 million remained for future purchases at December 31, 2005. We repurchased 5.7 million shares during the six months ended June 30, 2006 under this program for a total price of \$241.2 million. There are no further funds available under this authorization for the repurchase of outstanding shares.

In March 2006, our Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to an additional \$300 million of our common stock in the open market during the subsequent 12 to 24 months. We repurchased 1.2 million shares during the three months ended June 30, 2006 under this program for a total price of \$51.5 million, leaving \$248.5 million remaining for future repurchases under this program.

The following table summarizes our share repurchase activity under active programs during the first six months of 2006:

Period	Total number of shares purchased	Average price paid per share	Total number of shares purchased as part of a publicly announced plan	doli of sl ma pu ur	proximate lar value hares that by yet be crchased nder the plan housands)
September 2005 Program					
Balance carried forward	-	-	-	\$	241,199
January 1 through 31, 2006	124,900	\$42.84	124,900	\$	235,853
February 1 through 28, 2006	725,400	\$42.81	725,400	\$	204,795
March 1 through 31, 2006	2,731,500	\$42.75	2,731,500	\$	88,022
April 1 through 30, 2006	2,044,171	\$43.06	2,044,171	\$	0
	5,625,971		5,625,971		
March 2006 Program					
March 1 through 31, 2006	_	_	-	\$	300,000
April 1 through 30, 2006	1,207,402	\$43.06	1,207,402	\$	248,009
May 1 through 31, 2006	15,205	\$42.65	15,205	\$	247,361
June 1 through 30, 2006	-	-	-	\$	247,361
	1,222,607		1,222,607		
Total repurchases	6,848,578		6,848,578		
		35			

Item 4: Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

The following matters were submitted to a vote of security holders during our annual meeting of stockholders held on May 8, 2006.

		Vote Cast I		Authority Withheld	
1.	Election of Directors:				
	Anne Sutherland Fuchs	198,810),754	2,747,451	
	James. H. Keyes	198,891	1,155	2,667,050	
	David L. Shedlarz	198,707	7,821	2,850,384	
	David B. Snow, Jr	198,992	2,442	2,565,763	
		For	Against	Abstentions	Broker Non-Votes
2.	Ratification of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP as independent registered public accountants	196,873,620	3,295,759	1,388,826	0
3.	Proposal to amend the Pitney Bowes Inc. Key Employees□ Incentive Plan	167,982,182	9,120,521	1,950,988	22,504,514
4.	Proposal to approve the Pitney Bowes Inc. 1998 U.K. S.A.Y.E. Stock Option Plan	169,315,226	7,812,782	1,925,683	22,504,514

The following other directors continued their term of office after the annual meeting:

Linda G. Alvarado	John S. McFarlane	Robert E. Weissman
Michael J. Critelli	Eduardo R. Menasce	
Frnie Green	Michael I Roth	

Item 6: Exhibits

See Index of Exhibits.

Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

PITNEY BOWES INC.

August 8, 2006

/s/ B. P. Nolop

B. P. Nolop Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

/s/ S. J. Green

S. J. Green
Vice President ☐ Finance and
Chief Accounting Officer
(Principal Accounting Officer)

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Index of Exhibits

Reg. S-K	
Exhibits	Description
(12)	Computation of ratio of earnings to fixed charges.
(04.4)	Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of
(31.1)	2002.
	Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of
(31.2)	2002.
(01.2)	
	Section 1350 Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the
(32.1)	Sarbanes-Oxley
	Act of 2002.
	Section 1350 Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant Section 906 of the
(32.2)	Sarbanes-Oxley
	Action of 2002.