

ULTRAPAR HOLDINGS INC
Form 6-K
May 06, 2015

Form 6-K

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

Report Of Foreign Private Issuer
Pursuant To Rule 13a-16 Or 15d-16 Of
The Securities Exchange Act Of 1934

For the month of May, 2015

Commission File Number: 001-14950

ULTRAPAR HOLDINGS INC.
(Translation of Registrant's Name into English)

Avenida Brigadeiro Luis Antonio, 1343, 9º Andar
São Paulo, SP, Brazil 01317-910
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover of Form 20-F or Form 40-F:

Form X	Form
20-F	40-F

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1):

Yes	No	X
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Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7):

Yes	No	X
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ULTRAPAR HOLDINGS INC.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

ITEM

1. Individual and Consolidated Interim Financial Information for the Three-Month Period Ended March 31, 2015 Report on Review of Interim Financial Information
 2. 1Q15 Earnings release
 3. Board of Directors Minutes
-

Item 1

(Convenience Translation into English from
the Original Previously Issued in Portuguese)

Ultrapar Participações S.A.

Individual and Consolidated
Interim Financial Information
for the Three-Month Period
Ended March 31, 2015
Report on Review of Interim
Financial Information

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Auditores Independentes

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Individual and Consolidated Interim Financial Information
for the Three-Month Period Ended March 31, 2015

Table of Contents

Report on Review of Interim Financial Information	3 – 4
Balance Sheets	5 – 6
Income Statements	7
Statements of Comprehensive Income	8
Statements of Changes in Equity	9 – 10
Statements of Cash Flows - Indirect Method	11 – 12
Statements of Value Added	13
Notes to the Interim Financial Information	14 – 89

(Convenience Translation into English from the Original Previously Issued in Portuguese)

REPORT ON REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

To the Shareholders, Board of Directors and Management of
Ultrapar Participações S.A.
São Paulo - SP

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying individual and consolidated interim financial information of Ultrapar Participações S.A. (the “Company”), identified as Parent and Consolidated, respectively, included in the Interim Financial Information Form (ITR), for the three-month period ended March 31, 2015, which comprises the balance sheet as of March 31, 2015 and the related statements of income, comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the three-month period then ended, including the explanatory notes.

The Company’s Management is responsible for the preparation of the individual and consolidated interim financial information in accordance with technical pronouncement CPC 21 (R1) - Interim Financial Information and international standard IAS 34 - Interim Financial Reporting, issued by the International Accounting Standards Board - IASB, as well as for the presentation of such information in accordance with the standards issued by the Brazilian Securities and Exchange Commission (CVM), applicable to the preparation of the Interim Financial Information (ITR). Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim financial information based on our review.

Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with Brazilian and international standards on review of interim financial information (NBC TR 2410 and ISRE 2410 - Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity, respectively). A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with standards on auditing and, consequently, does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion on interim financial information

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying individual and consolidated interim financial information included in the interim financial information referred to above was not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with CPC 21 (R1) and IAS 34, applicable to the preparation of Interim Financial Information (ITR), and presented in accordance with the standards issued by the CVM.

Other matters

Statements of value added

We have also reviewed the individual and consolidated statements of value added (DVA) for the three-month period ended March 31, 2015, prepared under the responsibility of the Company's Management, the presentation of which is required by the standards issued by the CVM applicable to the preparation of Interim Financial Information (ITR) and considered as supplemental information for International Financial Reporting Standards - IFRSs, which do not require the presentation of DVA. These statements were subject to the same review procedures described above, and, based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that they were not prepared, in all material respects, consistently with the individual and consolidated interim financial information taken as a whole.

The accompanying individual and consolidated interim financial information has been translated into English for the convenience of readers outside Brazil.

São Paulo, May 6, 2015

DELOITTE TOUCHE TOHMATSU
Auditores Independentes

Edimar Facco
Engagement Partner

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Balance Sheets

as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais)

Assets	Note	Parent		Consolidated	
		03/31/2015	12/31/2014	03/31/2015	12/31/2014
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	4	207,740	119,227	2,493,995	2,827,369
Financial investments	4	19,915	67,864	1,304,590	1,441,813
Trade receivables, net	5	-	-	2,819,205	2,604,101
Inventories, net	6	-	-	2,347,317	1,925,002
Recoverable taxes, net	7	17,627	30,713	641,965	593,462
Dividends receivable		57,110	448,233	-	-
Other receivables		17,492	15,881	66,469	43,342
Prepaid expenses, net	10	16	39	109,044	67,268
Total current assets		319,900	681,957	9,782,585	9,502,357
Non-current assets					
Financial investments	4	-	-	220,800	130,940
Trade receivables, net	5	-	-	146,220	143,806
Related parties	8.a	750,000	806,456	15,490	10,858
Deferred income and social contribution taxes	9.a	13,758	1,479	494,680	462,573
Recoverable taxes, net	7	39,004	23,122	77,508	75,404
Escrow deposits	23	148	148	707,031	696,835
Other receivables		-	-	8,138	5,832
Prepaid expenses, net	10	-	-	126,185	131,228
		802,910	831,205	1,796,052	1,657,476
Investments					
In subsidiaries	11.a	7,416,481	7,099,524	-	-
In joint-ventures	11.a;11.b	29,513	24,076	54,837	54,508
In associates	11.c	-	-	22,763	13,143
Other		-	-	2,814	2,814
Property, plant, and equipment, net	12	-	-	5,143,664	5,091,971
Intangible assets, net	13	246,163	246,163	3,130,964	3,158,113
		7,692,157	7,369,763	8,355,042	8,320,549
Total non-current assets		8,495,067	8,200,968	10,151,094	9,978,025
Total assets		8,814,967	8,882,925	19,933,679	19,480,382

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the interim financial information.

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Balance Sheets

as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais)

Liabilities	Note	Parent		Consolidated	
		03/31/2015	12/31/2014	03/31/2015	12/31/2014
Current liabilities					
Loans	14	-	-	2,686,224	2,554,730
Debentures	14.g	4,221	874,312	57,566	884,900
Finance leases	14.i	-	-	2,511	2,734
Trade payables	15	271	536	1,123,700	1,279,502
Salaries and related charges	16	153	158	241,099	294,579
Taxes payable	17	206	110	164,488	138,835
Dividends payable	20.g	14,683	213,301	19,739	218,375
Income and social contribution taxes payable		-	-	115,649	134,399
Post-employment benefits	24.b	-	-	11,412	11,419
Provision for asset retirement obligation	18	-	-	4,999	4,598
Provision for tax, civil, and labor risks	23.a	-	-	69,283	64,169
Other payables		7,159	236	53,422	80,392
Deferred revenue	19	-	-	21,215	23,450
Total current liabilities		26,693	1,088,653	4,571,307	5,692,082
Non-current liabilities					
Loans	14	-	-	3,989,611	3,489,586
Debentures	14.g	799,321	-	2,198,354	1,398,952
Finance leases	14.i	-	-	43,785	44,310
Related parties	8.a	-	-	4,372	4,372
Subscription warrants – indemnification	3.a	128,185	92,072	128,185	92,072
Deferred income and social contribution taxes	9.a	-	-	219,840	152,847
Provision for tax, civil, and labor risks	23.a	4,206	4,201	627,956	623,272
Post-employment benefits	24.b	-	-	112,665	108,372
Provision for asset retirement obligation	18	-	-	67,273	66,204
Other payables		-	-	74,629	74,009
Deferred revenue	19	-	-	8,859	7,709
Total non-current liabilities		931,712	96,273	7,475,529	6,061,705
Shareholders' equity					
Share capital	20.a	3,838,686	3,838,686	3,838,686	3,838,686
Capital reserve	20.c	547,462	547,462	547,462	547,462
Revaluation reserve	20.d	5,783	5,848	5,783	5,848
Profit reserves	20.e	3,169,704	3,169,704	3,169,704	3,169,704
Treasury shares	20.b	(205,227)	(103,018)	(205,227)	(103,018)
Additional dividends to the minimum mandatory dividends	20.g	-	188,976	-	188,976
Retained earnings		384,935	-	384,935	-
Valuation adjustments	2.c;2.o; 20.f	20,371	7,149	20,371	7,149
Cumulative translation adjustments	2.c;2.r;20.f	94,848	43,192	94,848	43,192

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Shareholders' equity attributable to:

Shareholders of the Company	7,856,562	7,697,999	7,856,562	7,697,999
Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries	-	-	30,281	28,596
Total shareholders' equity	7,856,562	7,697,999	7,886,843	7,726,595
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	8,814,967	8,882,925	19,933,679	19,480,382

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the interim financial information.

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Income Statements

For the three-month period ended March 31, 2015 and 2014

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, except earnings per share)

	Note	Parent		Consolidated	
		03/31/2015	03/31/2014	03/31/2015	03/31/2014
Net revenue from sales and services	25	-	-	17,403,640	15,946,864
Cost of products and services sold	26	-	-	(15,821,547)	(14,674,871)
Gross profit		-	-	1,582,093	1,271,993
Operating income (expenses)					
Selling and marketing	26	-	-	(584,204)	(504,836)
General and administrative	26	(11)	(19,276)	(287,992)	(303,900)
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment and intangibles	28	-	-	22,260	7,028
Other operating income, net	27	-	-	21,458	20,014
Operating income before financial income (expenses) and share of profit of subsidiaries and joint ventures		(11)	(19,276)	753,615	490,299
Financial income	29	39,394	29,996	103,458	90,426
Financial expenses	29	(62,031)	(30,683)	(284,701)	(205,195)
Share of profit (loss) of subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates	11	399,820	260,485	(2,916)	(2,567)
Income before income and social contribution taxes		377,172	240,522	569,456	372,963
Income and social contribution taxes					
Current	9.b	(4,581)	-	(160,924)	(152,875)
Deferred	9.b	12,280	6,401	(37,582)	15,815
Tax incentives	9.b;9.c	-	-	15,662	13,372
		7,699	6,401	(182,844)	(123,688)
Net income for the period		384,871	246,923	386,612	249,275
Net income for the period attributable to:					
Shareholders of the Company		384,871	246,923	384,871	246,923
Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries		-	-	1,741	2,352

Earnings per share (based on weighted average number of shares outstanding) – R\$					
Basic	30	0.7049	0.4550	0.7049	0.4550
Diluted	30	0.6995	0.4516	0.6995	0.4516

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the interim financial information.

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Statements of Comprehensive Income

For the three-month period ended March 31, 2015 and 2014

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais)

	Note	Parent		Consolidated	
		03/31/2015	03/31/2014	03/31/2015	03/31/2014
Net income for the period attributable to shareholders of the Company		384,871	246,923	384,871	246,923
Net income for the period attributable to non-controlling interests in subsidiaries		-	-	1,741	2,352
Net income for the period		384,871	246,923	386,612	249,275
Items that are subsequently reclassified to profit or loss:					
Fair value adjustments of available for sale financial instruments	2.c;20.f	13,222	48	13,222	48
Cumulative translation adjustments, net of hedge of net investments in foreign operations	2.c; 2.r; 20.f	51,656	6,220	51,656	6,220
Total comprehensive income for the period		449,749	253,191	451,490	255,543
Total comprehensive income for the period attributable to shareholders of the Company		449,749	253,191	449,749	253,191
Total comprehensive income for the period attributable to non-controlling interest in subsidiaries		-	-	1,741	2,352

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the interim financial information.

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries
 Statements of Changes in Equity
 For the three-month period ended March 31, 2015 and 2014
 (In thousands of Brazilian Reais, except dividends per share)

	Note	Share capital	Capital reserve	Revaluation reserve of subsidiaries	Legal reserve	Investments statutory reserve	Profit reserve	Retention of profits	Valuation adjustments	Cumulative translation adjustments	Cumulative other comprehensive income	Retained earnings
Balance as of December 31, 2013		3,696,773	20,246	6,107	335,099	1,038,467	1,333,066	5,428	38,076	-		
Net income for the period		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		246,923
Other comprehensive income:												
Fair value adjustments of available for sale financial instruments	2.c; 20.f	-	-	-	-	-	-	48	-	-		-
Currency translation of foreign subsidiaries	2.r; 20.f	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,220	-		-
Total comprehensive income for the period		-	-	-	-	-	-	48	6,220			246,923
Increase in share capital	3.a; 20.a	141,913	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Capital surplus on subscription of shares	3.a; 20.c	-	498,812	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Share issue costs	3.a; 20.c	-	(2,260)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Sale of treasury shares		-	9,289	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Realization of revaluation reserve of subsidiaries	20.d	-	-	(64)	-	-	-	-	-	-		64
Income and social contribution taxes on realization of revaluation reserve of subsidiaries	20.d	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		(10)

Dividends attributable to non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Approval of additional dividends by the Shareholders' Meeting	20.g	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as of March 31, 2014		3,838,686	526,087	6,043	335,099	1,038,467	1,333,066	5,476	44,296	246,977

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Statements of Changes in Equity

For the three-month period ended March 31, 2015 and 2014

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, except dividends per share)

	Note	Share capital	Capital reserves	Revaluation reserve on subsidiaries	Legal reserve	Investments statutory reserve	Retention of profits	Valuation adjustments	Cumulative translation adjustments	Profit reserve	Cumulative other comprehensive income	Retained earnings
Balance as of December 31, 2014		3,838,686	547,462	5,848	397,177	1,439,461	1,333,066	7,149	43,192			-
Net income for the period		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			384,871
Other comprehensive income:												
Fair value adjustments of available for sale	2.c; 20.f	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,222	-			-
Currency translation of foreign subsidiaries hedge of net investments in foreign operation	2.c; 2.r; 20.f	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	51,656			-
Total comprehensive income for the period		-	-	-	-	-	-	13,222	51,656			384,871
Acquisition of own shares to held in treasury	20.b	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-
Realization of revaluation reserve of subsidiaries	20.d	-	-	(65)	-	-	-	-	-			65
Income and social contribution taxes on realization of revaluation reserve of subsidiaries	20.d	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			(1)
Dividends attributable to non-controlling		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-

interests

Approval of
additional dividends
by the Shareholders'
Meeting

20.g - - - - - - - - - -

Balance as of March
31, 2015

3,838,686 547,462 5,783 397,177 1,439,461 1,333,066 20,371 94,848 384,935

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the interim financial information.

10

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Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Statements of Cash Flows - Indirect Method

For the three-month period ended March 31, 2015 and 2014

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais)

	Note	Parent		Consolidated	
		03/31/2015	03/31/2014	03/31/2015	03/31/2014
Cash flows from operating activities					
Net income for the period		384,871	246,923	386,612	249,275
Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash provided by operating activities					
Share of loss (profit) of subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates	11	(399,820)	(260,485)	2,916	2,567
Depreciation and amortization	12;13	-	-	235,875	214,283
PIS and COFINS credits on depreciation	12;13	-	-	3,266	3,102
Asset retirement obligation	18	-	-	(1,020)	(998)
Interest, monetary, and foreign exchange rate variations		62,986	31,244	573,779	149,447
Deferred income and social contribution taxes	9.b	(12,280)	(6,401)	37,582	(15,815)
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment and intangibles	28	-	-	(22,260)	(7,028)
Others		-	-	945	982
Dividends received from subsidiaries and joint-ventures					
		533,425	516,910	-	-
(Increase) decrease in current assets					
Trade receivables	5	-	-	(215,104)	(59,564)
Inventories	6	-	-	(420,679)	(249,601)
Recoverable taxes	7	13,086	7,141	(48,503)	(1,730)
Other receivables		(1,611)	(370)	(23,127)	(18,531)
Prepaid expenses	10	23	1,907	(41,777)	(27,221)
Increase (decrease) in current liabilities					
Trade payables	15	(265)	(478)	(155,803)	(110,659)
Salaries and related charges	16	(5)	-	(53,480)	(87,914)
Taxes payable	17	96	36	25,653	214
Income and social contribution taxes		-	-	109,546	90,852
Provision for tax, civil, and labor risks	23.a	-	-	5,114	(1,245)
Other payables		6,923	285	(27,988)	(46,647)
Deferred revenue	19	-	-	(2,235)	1,281
(Increase) decrease in non-current assets					
Trade receivables	5	-	-	(2,414)	(763)
Recoverable taxes	7	(15,882)	(12,463)	(2,104)	(9,666)
Escrow deposits		-	-	(10,196)	(23,263)

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Other receivables		-	-	(2,306)	(661)
Prepaid expenses	10	-	-	5,043	1,153
Increase (decrease) in non-current liabilities					
Post-employment benefits	24.b	-	-	4,286	3,799
Provision for tax, civil, and labor risks	23.a	5	4	4,684	17,907
Other payables		-	-	620	(1,431)
Deferred revenue	19	-	-	1,150	260
Income and social contribution taxes paid					
		-	(559)	(128,295)	(108,827)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities					
		571,552	523,694	239,780	(36,442)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the interim financial information.

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Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Statements of Cash Flows - Indirect Method

For the three-month period ended March 31, 2015 and 2014

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais)

	Note	Parent		Consolidated	
		03/31/2015	03/31/2014	03/31/2015	03/31/2014
Cash flows from investing activities					
Financial investments, net of redemptions		47,949	(1,013)	47,362	129,667
Cash and cash equivalents – Extrafama acquisition	3.a	-	-	-	9,123
Acquisition of property, plant, and equipment	12	-	-	(129,761)	(106,414)
Acquisition of intangible assets	13	-	-	(79,409)	(41,837)
Capital increase in subsidiaries	11.a	-	(123,600)	-	-
Capital increase in joint ventures	11.b	-	-	-	(9,000)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment and intangibles	28	-	-	39,214	19,223
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		47,949	(124,613)	(122,594)	762
Cash flows from financing activities					
Loans and debentures					
Borrowings	14	799,042	-	1,177,828	935,978
Repayments	14	(800,000)	-	(960,632)	(253,557)
Interest paid	14	(96,683)	(75,489)	(179,839)	(374,935)
Payment of financial lease	14.i	-	-	(1,404)	(1,270)
Dividends paid		(387,594)	(387,928)	(387,650)	(387,933)
Acquisition of non-controlling interests of subsidiaries	20.b	(102,209)	-	(102,209)	-
Sale of treasury shares		-	12,653	-	-
Share issue costs	20.c	-	(2,260)	-	(2,260)
Related parties		56,456	9,541	(15,000)	-
Net cash used in financing activities		(530,988)	(443,483)	(468,906)	(83,977)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents in foreign currency		-	-	18,346	(171)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		88,513	(44,402)	(333,374)	(119,828)
	4	119,227	110,278	2,827,369	2,276,069

Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period

Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	4	207,740	65,876	2,493,995	2,156,241
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Additional information - transactions that do not affect cash and cash equivalents:

Extrafarma acquisition – capital increase and subscription warrants	3.a	-	791,427	-	791,427
Extrafarma acquisition – gross debt assumed on the closing date	3.a	-	-	-	207,911

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the interim financial information.

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Statements of Value Added

For the three-month period ended March 31, 2015 and 2014

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, except percentages)

	Note	03/31/2015	Parent % 03/31/2014	%	03/31/2015	Consolidated % 03/31/2014	%
Revenue							
Gross revenue from sales and services, except rents and royalties	25	-	-		17,919,244	16,400,277	
Rebates, discounts, and returns	25	-	-		(85,978)	(83,590)	
Allowance for doubtful accounts - Reversal (allowance)		-	-		(7,317)	(1,270)	
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment and intangibles	28	-	-		22,260	7,028	
		-	-		17,848,209	16,322,445	
Materials purchased from third parties							
Raw materials used		-	-		(893,799)	(850,706)	
Cost of goods, products, and services sold		-	-		(14,908,778)	(13,768,141)	
Third-party materials, energy, services, and others		(5,063)	(22,833)		(459,259)	(457,564)	
Reversal of impairment losses		6,328	4,773		(1,432)	(538)	
		1,265	(18,060)		(16,263,268)	(15,076,949)	
Gross value added		1,265	(18,060)		1,584,941	1,245,496	
Deductions							
Depreciation and amortization		-	-		(235,875)	(214,283)	
PIS and COFINS credits on depreciation		-	-		(3,266)	(3,102)	

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		-	-	(239,141)	(217,385)				
Net value added by the Company		1,265	(18,060)	1,345,800	1,028,111				
Value added received in transfer									
Share of profit of subsidiaries, joint-ventures, and associates	11	399,820	260,485	(2,916)	(2,567)				
Dividends and interest on equity at cost	1	-	-	-	-				
Rents and royalties	25	-	-	30,511	26,126				
Financial income	29	39,394	29,996	103,458	90,426				
		439,215	290,481	131,053	113,985				
Total value added available for distribution		440,480	272,421	1,476,853	1,142,096				
Distribution of value added									
Labor and benefits		1,073	-	1,024	-	380,921	26	345,737	30
Taxes, fees, and contributions		(8,582)	(2)	(6,920)	(3)	390,356	26	314,314	28
Financial expenses and rents		63,118	14	31,394	12	318,964	22	232,770	20
Retained earnings		384,871	88	246,923	91	386,612	26	249,275	22
Value added distributed		440,480	100	272,421	100	1,476,853	100	1,142,096	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the interim financial information.

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Individual and Consolidated Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

1. Operations

Ultrapar Participações S.A. (“Ultrapar” or “Company”), is a publicly-traded company headquartered at the Brigadeiro Luis Antônio Avenue, 1343 in the city of São Paulo – SP, Brazil.

The Company engages in the investment of its own capital in services, commercial, and industrial activities, by the subscription or acquisition of shares of other companies. Through its subsidiaries, it operates in the segments of liquefied petroleum gas - LPG distribution (“Ultragaz”), fuel distribution and related businesses (“Ipiranga”), production and marketing of chemicals (“Oxitenó”), and storage services for liquid bulk (“Ultracargo”), and, as from January 31, 2014, trading of pharmaceutical, hygiene, beauty, and skincare products, through Imifarma Produtos Farmacêuticos e Cosméticos S.A. (“Extrafarma”) – see Note 3.a).

2. Presentation of Interim Financial Information and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Company’s individual and consolidated interim financial information were prepared in accordance with the International Accounting Standards (“IAS”) 34 as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”), and in accordance with CPC 21 (R1) - Interim Financial Reporting issued by the Accounting Pronouncements Committee (“CPC”) and presented in accordance with standards established by the Brazilian Securities and Exchange Commission (“CVM”).

The presentation currency of the Company’s individual and consolidated interim financial information is the Brazilian Real (“R\$”), which is the Company’s functional currency.

The accounting policies described below were applied by the Company and its subsidiaries in a consistent manner for all periods presented in the individual and consolidated interim financial information.

a. Recognition of Income

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of sales returns, discounts, and other deductions, if applicable.

Revenue from sales of fuels and lubricants is recognized when the products are delivered to gas stations and to large consumers. Revenue from sales of LPG is recognized when the products are delivered to customers at home, to independent dealers and to industrial and commercial customers. Revenue from sales of pharmaceuticals is recognized when the products are delivered to end user customers in own drugstores and when the products are delivered to independent resellers. Revenue from sales of chemical products is recognized when the products are delivered to industrial customers, depending of the freight mode of delivery. The revenue provided from storage services is recognized through the performance of services. Costs of products sold and services provided include goods (mainly fuels, lubricants, LPG, and pharmaceutical products), raw materials (chemicals and petrochemicals) and production, distribution, storage, and filling costs.

b. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Includes cash, banks deposits, and short-term, highly-liquid investments that are readily convertible into a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value. See Note 4 for further details on cash and cash equivalents of the Company and its subsidiaries.

c. Financial Assets

In accordance with IAS 32, IAS 39, and International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) 7 (CPC 38, 39 and 40 (R1)), the financial assets of the Company and its subsidiaries are classified in accordance with the following categories:

- Measured at fair value through profit or loss: financial assets held for trading, that is, acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term, and derivatives. The balances are stated at fair value. The interest earned, the exchange variation, and changes in fair value are recognized in profit or loss.

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

- **Held to maturity:** non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments, and fixed maturities for which the entity has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity. The interest earned and the foreign currency exchange variation are recognized in profit or loss, and balances are stated at acquisition cost plus the interest earned, using the effective interest rate method.
- **Available for sale:** non-derivative financial assets that are designated as available for sale or that are not classified into other categories at initial recognition. The balances are stated at fair value, and the interest earned and the foreign currency exchange variation are recognized in profit or loss. Differences between fair value and acquisition cost plus the interest earned are recognized in cumulative other comprehensive income in the shareholders' equity portion of the balance sheet. Accumulated gains and losses recognized in the shareholders' equity are reclassified to profit or loss in case of prepayment.
- **Loans and receivables:** non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments or receipts, not quoted in an active market, except: (i) those which the entity intends to sell immediately or in the near term and which the entity classified as measured at fair value through profit or loss; (ii) those classified as available for sale; or (iii) those for which the Company may not recover substantially all of its initial investment for reasons other than credit deterioration. The interest earned and the foreign currency exchange variation are recognized in profit or loss. The balances are stated at acquisition cost plus interest, using the effective interest rate method. Loans and receivables include cash and banks, trade receivables, dividends receivable, and other trade receivables.

The Company and its subsidiaries use derivative financial instruments for hedging purposes, applying the concepts described below:

- **Hedge accounting - fair value hedge:** derivative financial instruments used to hedge exposure to changes in the fair value of an item, attributable to a particular risk, which can affect the entity's profit or loss. In the initial designation of the fair value hedge, the relationship between the hedging instrument and the hedged item is documented, including the objectives of risk management, the strategy in conducting the transaction, and the methods to be used to evaluate its effectiveness. Once the fair value hedge has been qualified as effective, the hedge item is also measured at fair value. Gains and losses from hedge instruments and hedge items are recognized in profit or loss. The hedge accounting must be discontinued when the hedge becomes ineffective.
- **Hedge accounting - cash flow hedge:** derivative financial instruments used to hedge the exposure to variability in cash flows that is attributable to a risk associated with an asset or liability or highly probable transaction that may affect the income statements. The portion of the gain or loss on the hedging instrument that is determined to be effective relating to the effects of exchange rate effect, is recognized directly in equity in accumulated other comprehensive income as "Valuation adjustments" while the ineffective portion is recognized in profit or loss. Gains or losses on the hedging instrument relating to the effective portion of this hedge that had been recognized directly in accumulated other comprehensive income shall be recognized in profit or loss in the period in which the hedged item is recognized in profit or loss in the same line of the income statement that the hedged item is recognized. The hedge accounting shall be discontinued when (i) the Company cancels the hedging relationship; (ii) the hedging instrument expires; and (iii) the hedging instrument no longer qualifies for hedge accounting.

When hedge accounting is discontinued, gains and losses recognized in other comprehensive income in equity are reclassified to profit or loss in the period which the hedged item is recognized in profit or loss. If the transaction hedged is canceled or is not expected to occur, the cumulative gains and losses in other comprehensive income in equity shall be recognized immediately in profit or loss.

- Hedge accounting - hedge of net investments in foreign operation: derivative financial instruments used to hedge exposure on net investments in foreign subsidiaries due to the fact that the local functional currency is different from the functional currency of the Company. The portion of the gain or loss on the hedging instrument that is determined to be effective, referring to the exchange rate effect, is recognized directly in equity in accumulated other comprehensive income as cumulative translation adjustments, while the ineffective portion and the operating costs are recognized in profit or loss. The gain or loss on the hedging instrument that has been recognized directly in accumulated other comprehensive income shall be recognized in income upon disposal of the foreign operation.

For further detail on financial instruments of the Company and its subsidiaries, see Notes 4, 14, and 22.

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

d. Trade Receivables

Trade receivables are recognized at the amount invoiced, adjusted to present value if applicable, and includes all direct taxes attributable to the Company and its subsidiaries. An allowance for doubtful accounts is recorded based on estimated losses and is set at an amount deemed by management to be sufficient to cover any probable loss on realization of trade receivables (see Notes 5 and 22 - Customer Credit Risk).

e. Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of acquisition cost or net realizable value (see Note 6). The cost value of inventory is measured using the weighted average cost and includes the costs of acquisition and processing directly related to the units produced based on the normal capacity of production. Estimates of net realizable value are based on the average selling prices at the end of the reporting period, net of applicable direct selling expenses. Subsequent events related to the fluctuation of prices and costs are also considered, if relevant. If net realizable values are below inventory costs, a provision corresponding to this difference is recognized. Provisions are also made for obsolescence of products, materials, or supplies that (i) do not meet the Company and its subsidiaries' specifications, (ii) have exceeded their expiration date, or (iii) are considered slow-moving inventory. This classification is made by management with the support of its industrial and operations teams.

f. Investments

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for under the equity method of accounting in the individual interim financial information of the parent company.

Investments in associates and joint ventures are accounted for under the equity method of accounting in the individual and consolidated interim financial information (see Note 11).

An associate is an investment, in which an investor has significant influence, that is, has the power to participate in the financial and operating decisions of the investee but without exercise control.

A joint venture is an investment in which the shareholders have the right to net assets on behalf of a joint control. Joint control is the agreement which establish that decisions about the relevant activities of the investee require the consent from the parties that share control.

Other investments are stated at acquisition cost less provision for losses, unless the loss is considered temporary.

g. Property, Plant, and Equipment

Property, plant, and equipment is recognized at acquisition or construction cost, including financial charges incurred on property, plant, and equipment under construction, as well as maintenance costs resulting from scheduled plant outages and estimated costs to remove, to decommission, or to restore assets (see Notes 2.m and 18).

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method, for the periods mentioned in Note 12, taking into account the useful life of the assets, which are reviewed annually.

Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of the lease contract term and useful life of the property.

h. Leases

• Finance Leases

Certain lease contracts transfer substantially all the risks and benefits associated with the ownership of an asset to the Company and its subsidiaries. These contracts are characterized as finance leases, and assets thereunder are capitalized at lease commencement at their fair value or, if lower, present value of the minimum lease payments under the contracts. The items recognized as assets are depreciated and amortized using the lower of the straight-line method based on the useful lives applicable to each group of assets or the contract terms, as mentioned in Notes 12 and 13. Financial charges under the finance lease contracts are allocated to profit or loss over the lease contract term, based on the amortized cost and the effective interest rate method of the related lease obligation (see Note 14.i).

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

• Operating Leases

There are lease transactions where the risks and benefits associated with the ownership of the asset are not transferred and where there is no purchase option, or the purchase option at the end of the contract is equivalent to the market value of the leased asset. Payments made under an operating lease contract are recognized as cost or expense in the income statement on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease contract (see Note 23.g).

i. Intangible Assets

Intangible assets include assets acquired by the Company and its subsidiaries from third parties, according to the criteria below (see Note 13):

- Goodwill is carried net of accumulated amortization as of December 31, 2008, when it ceased to be amortized. Goodwill generated since January 1, 2009 is shown as intangible assets corresponding to the positive difference between the amount paid or payable to the seller and the fair value of the identified assets and liabilities assumed of the acquired entity, and is tested annually for impairment. Goodwill is allocated to the respective cash generating units (“CGU”) for impairment testing purposes.
- Bonus disbursements as provided in Ipiranga’s agreements with reseller service stations and major consumers are recognized as distribution rights when paid and amortized using the straight-line method according to the term of the agreement.
- Other intangible assets acquired from third parties, such as software, technology, and commercial property rights, are measured at the total acquisition cost and amortized using straight-line method, for the periods mentioned in Note 13, taking into account their useful life, which is reviewed annually.

The Company and its subsidiaries have not recognized intangible assets that were created internally. The Company and its subsidiaries have not recognized other intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life, except for goodwill, the “am/pm” brand and “Extrafarma” brand.

j. Other Assets

Other assets are stated at the lower of cost and realizable value, including, if applicable, interest earned, monetary changes and changes in exchange rates incurred or less a provision for loss and, if applicable, adjustment to present value (see Note 2.u).

k. Financial Liabilities

The Company and its subsidiaries’ financial liabilities include trade payables and other payables, loans, debentures, and hedging instruments. Financial liabilities are classified as “financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss” or “financial liabilities at amortized cost”. The financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss refer to derivative financial instruments, subscription warrants, and financial liabilities designated as hedged items in a fair value hedge

relationship upon initial recognition (see Note 2.c – Fair Value Hedge). The financial liabilities at amortized cost are stated at the initial transaction amount plus related charges and transaction costs, net of amortization. The charges are recognized in profit or loss using the effective interest rate method.

Transaction costs incurred and directly attributable to the activities necessary for contracting loans or for issuing bonds, as well as premiums and discounts upon issuance of debentures and other debt, are allocated to the instrument and amortized to profit or loss over its term, using the effective interest rate method (see Note 14.j). Transaction costs incurred and directly attributable to the issue of shares or other equity instruments are recognized in equity and are not amortized.

1. **Income and Social Contribution Taxes on Income**

Current and deferred income tax (“IRPJ”) and social contribution on net income tax (“CSLL”) are calculated based on their current rates, considering the value of tax incentives. Taxes are recognized based on the rates of IRPJ and CSLL provided for by the laws enacted on the last day of the reporting period. The current rates in Brazil are 25% for income tax and 9% for social contribution on net income tax. For further details about recognition and realization of IRPJ and CSLL, see Note 9.

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

m. Provision for Asset Retirement Obligation – Fuel Tanks

The Company and its subsidiaries have the legal obligation to remove Ipiranga's underground fuel tanks located at Ipiranga-branded service stations after a certain period. The estimated cost of the obligation to remove these fuel tanks is recognized as a liability when tanks are installed. The estimated cost is recognized in property, plant, and equipment and depreciated over the respective useful life of the tanks. The amounts recognized as a liability are monetarily restated using the National Consumer Price Index - IPCA until the respective tank is removed (see Note 18). An increase in the estimated cost of the obligation to remove the tanks could result in negative impact in future results. The estimated removal cost is reviewed and updated annually or when there is significant change in its amount and change in the estimated costs are recognized in income when they become known.

n. Provisions for Tax, Civil, and Labor Risks

A provision for tax, civil and labor risks is recognized for quantifiable risks, when the chance of loss is more-likely-than-not in the opinion of management and internal and external legal counsel, and the amounts are recognized based on evaluation of the outcomes of the legal proceedings (see Note 23 items a,b,c,d).

o. Post-Employment Benefits

Post-employment benefits granted and to be granted to employees, retirees, and pensioners are based on an actuarial calculation prepared by an independent actuary, using the projected unit credit method (see Note 24.b). The actuarial gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income and presented in the statement of shareholders' equity. Past service cost is recognized in the income statement.

p. Other Liabilities

Other liabilities are stated at known or measurable amounts plus, if applicable, related charges, monetary restatement, and changes in exchange rates incurred. When applicable, other liabilities are recognized at present value, based on interest rates that reflect the term, currency, and risk of each transaction.

q. Foreign Currency Transactions

Foreign currency transactions carried out by the Company or its subsidiaries are remeasured into their functional currency at the exchange rate prevailing at the date of each transaction. Outstanding monetary assets and liabilities of the Company and its subsidiaries are translated using the exchange rate at the end of the reporting period. The effect of the difference between those exchange rates is recognized in profit or loss until the conclusion of each transaction.

r. Basis for Translation of Interim Financial Information of Foreign Subsidiaries

Assets and liabilities of the foreign subsidiaries, denominated in currencies other than that of the Company (functional currency: Brazilian Real), which have administrative autonomy, are translated using the exchange rate at the end of the reporting period. Revenues and expenses are translated using the average exchange rate of each period and shareholders' equity is translated at the historic exchange rate of each transaction affecting shareholders' equity. Gains

and losses resulting from changes in these foreign investments are directly recognized in the statement of shareholders' equity as cumulative translation adjustments and will be recognized in profit or loss if these investments are disposed of. The balance in cumulative other comprehensive income and presented in the shareholders' equity as cumulative translation adjustments, net of the exchange rate effect of hedge of net investments, as of March 31, 2015 was a gain of R\$ 94,848 (gain of R\$ 43,192 as of December 31, 2014).

The foreign subsidiaries with functional currency different from the Company and which have administrative autonomy are listed below:

Subsidiary	Functional currency	Location
Oxiteno México S.A. de C.V.	Mexican Peso	Mexico
Oxiteno Servicios Corporativos S.A. de C.V.	Mexican Peso	Mexico
Oxiteno Servicios Industriales de C.V.	Mexican Peso	Mexico
Oxiteno USA LLC	U.S. Dollar	United States
Oxiteno Andina, C.A.	Bolivar	Venezuela
Oxiteno Uruguay S.A.	U.S. Dollar	Uruguay

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

The subsidiary Oxiteno Uruguay S.A. (“Oxiteno Uruguay”) determined its functional currency as the U.S. dollar (“US\$”), as its sales, purchases of goods, and financing activities are performed substantially in this currency.

According to IAS 29, Venezuela is classified as a hyperinflationary economy. As a result, the financial information of Oxiteno Andina, C.A. (“Oxiteno Andina”) were adjusted by the Venezuelan Consumer Price Index.

On February 10, 2015, the Venezuelan Central Bank issued Foreign Exchange Regulation No. 33 altering the Venezuelan foreign exchange markets and regulating the legal types recognized of exchange rates:

- a) Oficial: Bolivar (“VEF”) is traded at an exchange rate of 6.30 VEF/US\$. This rate is applied to importation of essential goods (medicines and food) channeled through CENCOEX - Centro Nacional de Comercio Exterior en Venezuela;
- b) SICAD - Sistema Complementario de Administración de Divisas: Bolivar is traded at exchange rate of 12.00 VEF/US\$, last quotation of September 25, 2014. As the Foreign Exchange Regulation No. 25, only some transactions are allowed, for example, imports of goods, payment of dividends, among other operations.
- c) SICAD-II - this foreign exchange market was eliminated with Foreign Exchange Regulation No. 33. The last quotation was 52.1013 VEF/US\$; and
- d) SIMADI - Sistema Marginal de Divisas: Bolivar is traded at variable exchange rate of approximately 193 VEF/US\$ on March 31, 2015. This rate is applied to through of the bank market, retail market and securities market.

For the consolidation of the Oxiteno Andina in the Company, the amounts in Bolivar have been translated to the U.S. dollar at the exchange rate of SICAD and subsequently translated into Brazilian Reais using the official exchange rate published by the Central Bank of Brazil. In management's judgment, the use of SICAD is the most suitable for conversion, since the exchange rate is the most likely rate for the payment of dividends.

Assets and liabilities of the other foreign subsidiaries, which do not have administrative autonomy, are considered an extension of the activities of their parent company and are translated using the exchange rate at the end of the reporting period. Gains and losses resulting from changes in these foreign investments are directly recognized as financial income or loss. The gain recognized in income for the three-month period ended March 31, 2015 amounted to R\$ 2,627 (R\$ 1,872 loss for the three-month period ended March 31, 2014).

s. Use of Estimates, Assumptions and Judgments

The preparation of the interim financial information requires the use of estimates, assumptions, and judgments for the accounting of certain assets, liabilities, and income. Therefore, the Company's and subsidiaries' management use the best information available at the time of preparation of the interim financial information, as well as the experience of past and current events, also considering assumptions regarding future events. The interim financial information therefore include estimates, assumptions, and judgments related mainly to determining the fair value of financial instruments (Notes 2.c, 2.k, 4, 14 and 22), the determination of the allowance for doubtful accounts (Notes 2.d, 5 and 22), the determination of provisions for losses of inventories (Notes 2.e and 6), the determination of deferred income taxes amounts (Notes 2.l and 9), the determination of control in subsidiaries (Notes 2.f, 2.r, 3 and 11.a), the determination of joint control in joint venture (Notes 2.f, 11.a and 11.b), the determination of significant influence in associates (Notes 2.f and 11.c), the useful lives of property, plant, and equipment (Notes 2.h and 12), the useful lives

of intangible assets, and the determination of the recoverable amount of goodwill (Notes 2.i and 13), provisions for assets retirement obligations (Notes 2.m and 18), provisions for tax, civil, and labor risks (Notes 2.n and 23 items a,b,c,d), estimates for the preparation of actuarial reports (Notes 2.o and 24.b) and the determination of fair value of subscription warrants – indemnification (Notes 3.a and 22). The actual result of the transactions and information may differ from their estimates.

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

t. Impairment of Assets

The Company and its subsidiaries review, at least annually, the existence of any indication that an asset may be impaired. If there is an indication, the Company and its subsidiaries estimate the recoverable amount of the asset. Assets that cannot be evaluated individually are grouped in the smallest group of assets that generate cash flow from continuous use and that are largely independent of cash flows of other assets (CGU). The recoverable amount of assets or CGUs corresponds to the greater of their fair value net of applicable direct selling costs and their value in use.

The fair value less costs of disposal is determined by the price that would be received to sell an asset in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, net of costs of removing the asset, and direct incremental costs to bring an asset into condition for its sale, legal costs, and taxes.

To assess the value in use, the Company and its subsidiaries consider the projections of future cash flows, trends, and outlooks, as well as the effects of obsolescence, demand, competition, and other economic factors. Such cash flows are discounted to their present values using the discount rate before tax that reflects market conditions for the period of impairment testing and the specific risks of the asset or CGU being evaluated. In cases where the expected discounted future cash flows are less than their carrying amount, the impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the carrying value exceeds the fair value of these assets. Losses for impairment of assets are recognized in profit or loss. In case goodwill has been allocated to a CGU, the recognized losses are first allocated to reduce the corresponding goodwill. If the goodwill is not enough to absorb such losses, the surplus is allocated to the assets on a pro-rata basis. An impairment of goodwill cannot be reversed. For other assets, impairment losses may be reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if the impairment had not been recognized.

No impairment was recognized in the periods presented (see Note 13.i).

u. Adjustment to Present Value

Some of the Company's subsidiaries recognized a present value adjustment to Tax on Goods and Services ("ICMS", the Brazilian VAT) credit balances related to property, plant, and equipment (CIAP). Because recovery of these credits occurs over a 48 month period, the present value adjustment reflects, in the interim financial information, the time value of the ICMS credits to be recovered. The balance of these adjustment to present value totaled R\$ 203 as of March 31, 2015 (R\$ 279 as of December 31, 2014).

The Company and its subsidiaries reviewed all items classified as non-current and, when relevant, current assets and liabilities, and did not identify the need to recognize other present value adjustments.

v. Statements of Value Added

As required by Brazilian Corporate Law, the Company and its subsidiaries prepare the individual and consolidated statements of value added ("DVA") according to CPC 09 – Statement of Value Added, as an integral part of the interim financial information as applicable to publicly-traded companies, and as supplemental information for IFRS, which does not require the presentation of DVA.

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

w. Adoption of the Pronouncements Issued by CPC and IFRS

The following standards, amendments, and interpretations to IFRS were issued by the IASB but are not yet effective and were not adopted as of March 31, 2015:

	Effective date
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> IFRS 9: Financial instrument classification and measurement: includes new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets and liabilities, derecognition requirements, new impairment methodology for financial instruments, and new hedge accounting guidance. 	2018
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> IFRS 15 - Revenue from contracts with customers: establish the principles of nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flow arising from a contract with a customer. 	2017

CPC has not yet issued pronouncements equivalent to IFRS 9 and IFRS 15, but is expected to do so before the date they become effective. The adoption of IFRS pronouncements is subject to prior approval by the CVM. The Company is assessing the potential effects of these standards.

x. Authorization for Issuance of the Interim Financial Information

These interim financial information were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on May 6, 2015.

3. Principles of Consolidation and Investments in Subsidiaries

The consolidated interim financial information were prepared following the basic principles of consolidation established by IFRS 10 (CPC 36 (R3)). Investments of one company in another, balances of asset and liability accounts, and revenues and expenses were eliminated, as well as the effects of transactions conducted between the companies. Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries are presented within consolidated shareholders' equity and net income.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the parent company obtains direct or indirect control over a company and ceases when the parent company loses control of a company. Income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired are included in the consolidated income statement and other comprehensive income from the date the parent company gains the control. Income and expenses of a subsidiary, in which the parent company loses control, are included in the consolidated income statement and other comprehensive income until the date the parent company loses control.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the interim financial information of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Company's accounting policies.

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

The consolidated interim financial information includes the following direct and indirect subsidiaries:

	Location	Segment	% interest in the share			
			03/31/2015		12/31/2014	
			Control		Control	
			Direct control	Indirect control	Direct control	Indirect control
Ipiranga Produtos de Petróleo S.A.	Brazil	Ipiranga	100	-	100	-
am/pm Comestíveis Ltda.	Brazil	Ipiranga	-	100	-	100
Centro de Conveniências Millennium Ltda.	Brazil	Ipiranga	-	100	-	100
Conveniência Ipiranga Norte Ltda.	Brazil	Ipiranga	-	100	-	100
Ipiranga Trading Limited	Virgin Islands	Ipiranga	-	100	-	100
Tropical Transportes Ipiranga Ltda.	Brazil	Ipiranga	-	100	-	100
Ipiranga Imobiliária Ltda.	Brazil	Ipiranga	-	100	-	100
Ipiranga Logística Ltda.	Brazil	Ipiranga	-	100	-	100
Oil Trading Importadora e Exportadora Ltda.	Brazil	Ipiranga	-	100	-	100
Companhia Ultragaz S.A.	Brazil	Ultragaz	-	99	-	99
Bahiana Distribuidora de Gás Ltda.	Brazil	Ultragaz	-	100	-	100
Utingás Armazenadora S.A.	Brazil	Ultragaz	-	57	-	57
LPG International Inc.	Cayman Islands	Ultragaz	-	100	-	100
Imaven Imóveis Ltda.	Brazil	Others	-	100	-	100
Isa-Sul Administração e Participações Ltda	Brazil	Ipiranga	99	1	99	1
Imifarma Produtos Farmacêuticos e Cosméticos S.A.	Brazil	Extrafarma	-	100	-	100
Oxiten S.A. Indústria e Comércio	Brazil	Oxiten	100	-	100	-
Oxiten Nordeste S.A. Indústria e Comércio	Brazil	Oxiten	-	99	-	99
Oxiten Argentina Sociedad de Responsabilidad Ltda.	Argentina	Oxiten	-	100	-	100
Oleoquímica Indústria e Comércio de Produtos Químicos Ltda.	Brazil	Oxiten	-	100	-	100
Oxiten Uruguay S.A.	Uruguay	Oxiten	-	100	-	100
Barrington S.L.	Spain	Oxiten	-	100	-	100
Oxiten México S.A. de C.V.	Mexico	Oxiten	-	100	-	100
Oxiten Servicios Corporativos S.A. de C.V.	Mexico	Oxiten	-	100	-	100
Oxiten Servicios Industriales S.A. de C.V.	Mexico	Oxiten	-	100	-	100
Oxiten USA LLC	United States	Oxiten	-	100	-	100

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Global Petroleum Products Trading						
Corp.	Virgin Islands	Oxiteno	-	100	-	100
Oxiteno Overseas Corp.	Virgin Islands	Oxiteno	-	100	-	100
Oxiteno Andina, C.A.	Venezuela	Oxiteno	-	100	-	100
Oxiteno Europe SPRL	Belgium	Oxiteno	-	100	-	100
Oxiteno Colombia S.A.S	Colombia	Oxiteno	-	100	-	100
Oxiteno Shanghai Trading LTD.	China	Oxiteno	-	100	-	100
Empresa Carioca de Produtos Químicos S.A.						
	Brazil	Oxiteno	-	100	-	100
Ultracargo - Operações Logísticas e Participações Ltda.						
	Brazil	Ultracargo	100	-	100	-
Terminal Químico de Aratu S.A. – Tequimar						
	Brazil	Ultracargo	-	99	-	99
SERMA - Ass. dos usuários equip. proc. de dados						
	Brazil	Others	-	100	-	100

The percentages in the table above are rounded.

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

a) Business Combination – Acquisition of Extrafarma

On January 31, 2014 Extrafarma became a wholly-owned subsidiary of Ultrapar and the former shareholders of Extrafarma became long-term shareholders of Ultrapar (see Note 8.b). As a result, 3,205,622 subscription warrants – indemnification that, if exercised, would lead to the issuance of 3,205,622 shares in 2020. The subscription warrants – indemnification are adjusted according to the changes in the amounts of provision for tax, civil, and labor risks and contingent liabilities related to the period previous to January 31, 2014. The subscription warrants – indemnification fair value are measured based on the share price of Ultrapar (UGPA3) and are reduced by the dividend yield until 2020, since the exercise is possible only from 2020, and they are not entitled to dividends until that date. On the reporting date, the subscription warrants – indemnification were represented by 2,189,754 shares and totaled R\$ 128,185 (as of December 31, 2014 they were represented by 2,002,773 and totaled R\$ 92,072).

Additionally, the Company has a receivable from former shareholders in the amount of R\$ 12,222 due to the adjustment of working capital, recognized in “Other receivables” in current assets.

4. Cash and Cash Equivalents and Financial Investments

Cash equivalents and financial investments, excluding cash and bank deposits, are substantially represented by investments: (i) in Brazil, in certificates of deposit of first-rate financial institutions linked to the Interbank Certificate of Deposit (“CDI”), in repurchase agreement and in short term investments funds, whose portfolio comprised exclusively of Brazilian Federal Government bonds; (ii) outside Brazil, in certificates of deposit of first-rate financial institutions; and (iii) in currency and interest rate hedging instruments.

The financial assets were classified in Note 22, according to their characteristics and intention of the Company and its subsidiaries.

The balance of cash, cash equivalents and financial investments (consolidated) amounted to R\$ 4,019,385 as of March 31, 2015 (R\$ 4,400,122 as of December 31, 2014) and are distributed as follows:

·Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are considered: (i) cash and bank deposits, and (ii) highly-liquid short-term investments that are readily convertible into a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

	Parent		Consolidated	
	03/31/2015	12/31/2014	03/31/2015	12/31/2014
Cash and bank deposits				
In local currency	125	96	30,452	47,426
In foreign currency	-	-	108,727	85,870

Financial investments considered cash equivalents

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In local currency				
Fixed-income securities	207,615	119,131	2,333,198	2,690,638
In foreign currency				
Fixed-income securities	-	-	21,618	3,435
Total cash and cash equivalents	207,740	119,227	2,493,995	2,827,369

Financial Investments

The financial investments of the Company and its subsidiaries, which are not classified as cash and cash equivalents, are distributed as follows:

	Parent		Consolidated	
	03/31/2015	12/31/2014	03/31/2015	12/31/2014
Financial investments				
In local currency				
Fixed-income securities and funds	19,915	67,864	593,862	902,683
In foreign currency				
Fixed-income securities and funds	-	-	628,724	505,574
Currency and interest rate hedging instruments (a)	-	-	302,804	164,496
Total financial investments	19,915	67,864	1,525,390	1,572,753
Current	19,915	67,864	1,304,590	1,441,813
Non-current	-	-	220,800	130,940

(a) Accumulated gains, net of income tax (see Note 22).

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

5. Trade Receivables (Consolidated)

The composition of trade receivables is as follows:

	03/31/2015	12/31/2014
Domestic customers	2,622,304	2,424,756
Reseller financing - Ipiranga	317,933	310,062
Foreign customers	211,508	191,533
(-) Allowance for doubtful accounts	(186,320)	(178,444)
Total	2,965,425	2,747,907
Current	2,819,205	2,604,101
Non-current	146,220	143,806

Reseller financing is provided for renovation and upgrading of service stations, purchase of products, and development of the automotive fuels and lubricants distribution market.

The breakdown of trade receivables, gross of allowance for doubtful accounts, is as follows:

	Total	Current	less than 30 days	31-60 days	Past due 61-90 days	91-180 days	more than 180 days
03/31/2015	3,151,745	2,734,976	103,851	28,204	18,503	37,757	228,454
12/31/2014	2,926,351	2,515,782	128,778	25,479	12,457	23,542	220,313

Movements in the allowance for doubtful accounts are as follows:

Balance as of December 31, 2014	178,444
Additions	12,164
Write-offs	(4,288)
Balance as of March 31, 2015	186,320

For further information about allowance for doubtful accounts see Note 22 – Customer credit risk.

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

6. Inventories (Consolidated)

The composition of inventories is as follows:

	03/31/2015			12/31/2014		
	Cost	Provision for losses	Net balance	Cost	Provision for losses	Net balance
Finished goods	341,565	(5,851)	335,714	345,255	(7,849)	337,406
Work in process	1,638	-	1,638	986	-	986
Raw materials	211,553	(2,894)	208,659	193,726	(2,661)	191,065
Liquefied petroleum gas (LPG)	38,633	(5,761)	32,872	41,616	(5,761)	35,855
Fuels, lubricants, and greases	1,256,754	(706)	1,256,048	907,466	(619)	906,847
Consumable materials and other items for resale	84,598	(2,353)	82,245	81,662	(3,594)	78,068
Pharmaceutical, hygiene, and beauty products	263,471	(26,335)	237,136	272,864	(25,841)	247,023
Advances to suppliers	168,295	-	168,295	103,124	-	103,124
Properties for resale	24,710	-	24,710	24,628	-	24,628
	2,391,217	(43,900)	2,347,317	1,971,327	(46,325)	1,925,002

Movements in the provision for losses are as follows:

Balance as of December 31, 2014	46,325
Reversals to realizable value adjustment	(2,042)
Reversals of obsolescence and other losses	(383)
Balance as of March 31, 2015	43,900

The breakdown of provisions for losses related to inventories is shown in the table below:

	03/31/2015	12/31/2014
Realizable value adjustment	10,092	12,134
Obsolescence and other losses	33,808	34,191
Total	43,900	46,325

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

7. Recoverable Taxes

Recoverable taxes are substantially represented by credits of ICMS, Taxes for Social Security Financing (COFINS), Employee's Profit Participation Program (PIS), IRPJ, and CSLL.

	Parent		Consolidated	
	03/31/2015	12/31/2014	03/31/2015	12/31/2014
IRPJ and CSLL	56,631	53,835	218,801	182,602
ICMS	-	-	306,020	296,747
Provision for ICMS losses (1)	-	-	(70,753)	(67,657)
PIS and COFINS	-	-	215,476	207,694
Value-Added Tax (IVA) of subsidiaries Oxiteno Mexico, Oxiteno Andina and Oxiteno Uruguay	-	-	42,289	40,035
Excise tax - IPI	-	-	3,725	4,157
Other	-	-	3,915	5,288
Total	56,631	53,835	719,473	668,866
Current	17,627	30,713	641,965	593,462
Non-current	39,004	23,122	77,508	75,404

(1) The provision for ICMS losses relates to tax credits that the subsidiaries believe to be unable to offset in the future and its movements are as follows:

Balance as of December 31, 2014	67,657
Additions, net	4,862
Write-offs	(1,766)
Balance as of March 31, 2015	70,753

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

8. Related Parties

a. Related Parties

Parent Company

	Assets Debentures (2)	Financial income
Ipiranga Produtos de Petróleo S.A.	750,000	33,110
Total as of March 31, 2015	750,000	33,110

	Trade receivables (1)	Assets Debentures (2)	Total	Financial income
Companhia Ultragaz S.A.	14,685	-	14,685	-
Terminal Químico de Aratu S.A. - Tequimar	2,026	-	2,026	-
Oxiteno S.A. Indústria e Comércio	2,532	-	2,532	-
Imifarma Produtos Farmacêuticos e Cosméticos S.A.	3,545	-	3,545	-
Ipiranga Produtos de Petróleo S.A.	7,090	776,578	783,668	28,086
Total as of December 31, 2014	29,878	776,578	806,456	
Total as of March 31, 2014				28,086

(1) Refers to the Deferred Stock Plan (see Note 8.c).

(2) In March 2009, Ipiranga made its first private offering in a single series of 108 debentures at face value of R\$ 10,000,000.00 (ten million Brazilian Reais), nonconvertible into shares, unsecured debentures. The Company subscribed 75 debentures with maturity on March 31, 2016 and semiannual remuneration linked to CDI.

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

Consolidated

Balances and transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries have been eliminated on consolidation and are not disclosed in this note. The balances and transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries with other related parties are disclosed below:

	Loans		Commercial transactions	
	Assets	Liabilities	Receivables(1)	Payables(1)
Oxicap Indústria de Gases Ltda.	-	-	-	1,227
Química da Bahia Indústria e Comércio S.A.	-	3,046	-	-
ConectCar Soluções de Mobilidade Eletrônica S.A.	15,000	-	3,929	4,048
Refinaria de Petróleo Riograndense S.A.	-	-	-	5,423
Others	490	1,326	-	-
Total as of March 31, 2015	15,490	4,372	3,929	10,698

	Loans		Commercial transactions	
	Assets	Liabilities	Receivables(1)	Payables(1)
Oxicap Indústria de Gases Ltda.	10,368(2)	-	-	1,061
Química da Bahia Indústria e Comércio S.A.	-	3,046	-	-
ConectCar Soluções de Mobilidade Eletrônica S.A.	-	-	10,499	1,494
Others	490	1,326	-	-
Total as of December 31, 2014	10,858	4,372	10,499	2,555

(1) Included in “trade receivables” and “trade payables,” respectively.

(2) On January 28, 2015, the subsidiary Oxiteno S.A. Indústria e Comércio (“Oxiteno S.A.”) capitalized this Advance for Future Capital Increase – “AFAC” (see Note 11.c).

	Commercial transactions	
	Sales and services	Purchases
Oxicap Indústria de Gases Ltda.	2	3,213
Refinaria de Petróleo Riograndense S.A.	-	143,670
ConectCar Soluções de Mobilidade Eletrônica S.A.	4,507	-
Total as of March 31, 2015	4,509	146,883

Commercial transactions
Purchases

	Sales and services	
Oxicap Indústria de Gases Ltda.	2	3,154
Refinaria de Petróleo Riograndense S.A.	-	7,500
ConectCar Soluções de Mobilidade Eletrônica S.A.	2,359	-
Total as of March 31, 2014	2,361	10,654

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

Purchase and sale transactions relate substantially to the purchase of raw materials, feedstock, transportation, and storage services based on similar market prices and terms with customers and suppliers with comparable operational performance. The above operations related to ConectCar Soluções de Mobilidade Eletrônica S.A. (“ConectCar”) refer to the adherence to Ipiranga’s marketing plan and services provided. Borrowing agreements are for an indeterminate period and do not contain interest clauses. In the opinion of the Company and its subsidiaries’ management, transactions with related parties are not subject to credit risk, which is why no allowance for doubtful accounts or collateral is provided. Collateral provided by the Company in loans of subsidiaries and affiliates are mentioned in Note 14.k). Intercompany loans are contracted in light of temporary cash surpluses or deficits of the Company, its subsidiaries, and its associates.

b. Key executives (Consolidated)

The Company’s compensation strategy combines short and long-term elements, following the principles of alignment of interests and of maintaining a competitive compensation, and is aimed at retaining key officers and remunerating them adequately according to their attributed responsibilities and the value created to the Company and its shareholders.

Short-term compensation is comprised of: (a) fixed monthly compensation paid with the objective of rewarding the executive’s experience, responsibility, and his/her position’s complexity, and includes salary and benefits such as medical coverage, check-up, life insurance, and others; (b) variable compensation paid annually with the objective of aligning the executive’s and the Company’s objectives, which is linked to: (i) the business performance measured through its economic value creation and (ii) the fulfillment of individual annual goals that are based on the strategic plan and are focused on expansion and operational excellence projects, people development and market positioning, among others. In addition, the chief executive officer is entitled to additional long term variable compensation relating to the Company’s shares’ performance between 2013 and 2018, reflecting the target of more than doubling the share value of the Company in 5 years. Further details about the Deferred Stock Plan are contained in Note 8.c) and about post-employment benefits in Note 24.b).

As of March 31, 2015, the Company and its subsidiaries recognized expenses for compensation of its key executives (Company’s directors and executive officers) in the amount of R\$ 10,297 (R\$ 9,820 for the three-month period ended March 31, 2014). Out of this total, R\$ 7,575 relates to short-term compensation (R\$ 7,490 for the three-month period ended March 31, 2014), R\$ 1,568 to stock compensation (R\$ 1,631 for the three-month period ended March 31, 2014), R\$ 656 to post-employment benefits (R\$ 416 for the three-month period ended March 31, 2014), and R\$ 498 to long-term compensation (R\$ 283 for the three-month period ended March 31, 2014).

Due to the acquisition of Extrafarma, Mr. Paulo Correa Lazera, Extrafarma’s former shareholder and CEO, is in charge of the retail pharmacy business and become a member of Ultrapar’s executive board, and long-term shareholder of Ultrapar. Thus, both the subscription warrants – indemnification in the amount of R\$ 18,312 and the receivable of working capital adjustment in the amount of R\$ 1,746 referring to Mr. Paulo Correa Lazera are disclosed as related parties as defined by IAS 24 (CPC 05 (R1)). For further information on the acquisition of Extrafarma, see Note 3.a) to the financial statements of the Company filed with the CVM on February 25, 2015.

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

c. Deferred Stock Plan

On April 27, 2001, the General Shareholders' Meeting approved a benefit plan to members of management and employees in executive positions in the Company and its subsidiaries. On November 26, 2003, the Extraordinary General Shareholders' Meeting approved certain amendments to the original plan of 2001 (the "Deferred Stock Plan"). In the Deferred Stock Plan, certain members of management of the Company and its subsidiaries have the voting and economic rights of shares and the ownership of these shares is retained by the subsidiaries of the Company. The Deferred Stock Plan provides for the transfer of the ownership of the shares to those eligible members of management after five to ten years from the initial concession of the rights subject to uninterrupted employment of the participant during the period. The total number of shares to be used for the Deferred Stock Plan is subject to the availability in treasury of such shares. It is incumbent on Ultrapar's executive officers to select the members of management eligible for the plan and propose the number of shares in each case for approval by the Board of Directors. The fair value of the awards were determined on the grant date based on the market value of the shares on the BM&FBOVESPA S.A. – Bolsa de Valores, Mercadorias e Futuros ("BM&FBOVESPA"), the Brazilian Securities, Commodities and Futures Exchange and the amounts are amortized between five and ten years from the grant date.

The table below summarizes shares provided to the Company and its subsidiaries' management:

Grant date	Balance of number of shares granted	Vesting period	Market price of shares on the grant date (in R\$ per share)	Total grant costs, including taxes	Accumulated recognized grant costs	Accumulated unrecognized grant costs
December 9, 2014	590,000	2019 to 2021	50.64	41,210	(2,333)	38,877
March 5, 2014	83,400	2019 to 2021	52.15	5,999	(1,104)	4,895
February 3, 2014	150,000	2018 to 2020	55.36	11,454	(2,747)	8,707
November 7, 2012	350,000	2017 to 2019	42.90	20,710	(8,501)	12,209
December 14, 2011	120,000	2016 to 2018	31.85	5,272	(2,985)	2,287
November 10, 2010	260,000	2015 to 2017	26.78	9,602	(7,203)	2,399
December 16, 2009	166,656	2014 to 2016	20.75	7,155	(6,322)	833
October 8, 2008	192,008	2013 to 2015	9.99	8,090	(7,901)	189
November 9, 2006	207,200	2016	11.62	3,322	(2,796)	526
December 14, 2005	93,600	2015	8.21	1,060	(989)	71
	2,212,864			113,874	(42,881)	70,993

For the three-month period ended March 31, 2015, the amortization in the amount of R\$ 4,494 (R\$ 2,707 for the three-month period ended March 31, 2014) was recognized as a general and administrative expense.

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

9. Income and Social Contribution Taxes

a. Deferred Income and Social Contribution Taxes

The Company and its subsidiaries recognize tax credits and debits, which are not subject to the statute of limitations, resulting from tax loss carryforwards, temporary differences, negative tax bases and revaluation of property, plant, and equipment, among others. Credits are sustained by the continued profitability of their operations. Deferred IRPJ and CSLL are recognized under the following main categories:

	Parent		Consolidated	
	03/31/2015	12/31/2014	03/31/2015	12/31/2014
Assets - Deferred income and social contribution taxes on:				
Provision for impairment of assets	-	-	55,628	55,527
Provisions for tax, civil, and labor risks	17	15	131,703	128,365
Provision for post-employment benefit	-	-	42,186	40,729
Provision for differences between cash and accrual basis	-	-	1,054	457
Goodwill	-	-	44,669	48,162
Business combination – fiscal basis vs. accounting basis of goodwill	-	-	69,578	68,458
Provision for asset retirement obligation	-	-	21,592	21,116
Other provisions	13,741	1,464	83,272	59,802
Tax losses and negative basis for social contribution carryforwards (d)	-	-	44,998	39,957
Total	13,758	1,479	494,680	462,573
Liabilities - Deferred income and social contribution taxes on:				
Revaluation of property, plant, and equipment	-	-	2,981	3,009
Lease	-	-	4,861	4,948
Provision for differences between cash and accrual basis	-	-	142,585	77,266
Provision for goodwill/negative goodwill	-	-	13,637	11,183
Business combination – fair value of assets	-	-	47,846	49,181
Temporary differences of foreign subsidiaries	-	-	5,933	5,097
Other provisions	-	-	1,997	2,163
Total	-	-	219,840	152,847

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

Changes in the net balance of deferred IRPJ and CSLL are as follows:

	03/31/2015	03/31/2014
Initial balance	309,726	274,633
Deferred IRPJ and CSLL recognized in income of the period	(37,582)	15,815
Initial balance of Extrafarma (January 31, 2014)	-	40,516
Others	2,696	(574)
Final balance	274,840	330,390

The estimated recovery of deferred tax assets relating to IRPJ and CSLL is stated as follows:

	Parent	Consolidated
Up to 1 year	-	144,672
From 1 to 2 years	2,641	97,524
From 2 to 3 years	2,624	42,847
From 3 to 5 years	5,248	63,856
From 5 to 7 years	2,872	96,364
From 7 to 10 years	373	49,417
	13,758	494,680

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

b. Reconciliation of Income and Social Contribution Taxes

IRPJ and CSLL are reconciled to the statutory tax rates as follows:

	Parent		Consolidated	
	03/31/2015	03/31/2014	03/31/2015	03/31/2014
Income before taxes and share of profit (loss) of subsidiaries, joint ventures, and associates	(22,648)	(19,963)	572,372	375,530
Statutory tax rates - %	34	34	34	34
Income and social contribution taxes at the statutory tax rates	7,700	6,788	(194,606)	(127,680)
Adjustments to the statutory income and social contribution taxes:				
Nondeductible expenses (i)	(1)	(387)	(8,920)	(13,876)
Nontaxable revenues (ii)	-	-	1,369	628
Adjustment to estimated income (iii)	-	-	2,851	3,260
Other adjustments	-	-	800	608
Income and social contribution taxes before tax incentives	7,699	6,401	(198,506)	(137,060)
Tax incentives - SUDENE	-	-	15,662	13,372
Income and social contribution taxes in the income statement	7,699	6,401	(182,844)	(123,688)
Current	(4,581)	-	(160,924)	(152,875)
Deferred	12,280	6,401	(37,582)	15,815
Tax incentives - SUDENE	-	-	15,662	13,372
Effective IRPJ and CSLL rates - %			31.9	32.9

(i) Nondeductible expenses consist of certain expenses that cannot be deducted for tax purposes under applicable tax legislation, such as expenses with fines, donations, gifts, losses of assets, and certain provisions;

(ii) Nontaxable revenues consist of certain gains and income that are not taxable under applicable tax legislation, such as the reimbursement of taxes and the reversal of certain provisions;

(iii) Brazilian tax law allows for an alternative method of taxation for companies that generated gross revenues of up to R\$ 78 million in their previous fiscal year. Certain subsidiaries of the Company adopted this alternative form of taxation, whereby income and social contribution taxes are calculated on a basis equal to 32% of operating revenues, as opposed to being calculated based on the effective taxable income of these subsidiaries. The adjustment to estimated income represents the difference between the taxation under this alternative method and the income and social contribution taxes that would have been paid based on the effective statutory rate applied to the taxable income of these subsidiaries.

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

c. Tax Incentives - SUDENE

The following subsidiaries are entitled to federal tax benefits providing for IRPJ reduction under the program for development of northeastern Brazil operated by the Superintendency for the Development of the Northeast (“SUDENE”):

Subsidiary	Units	Incentive - %	Expiration
Oxiteno Nordeste S.A. Indústria e Comércio	Camaçari plant	75	2016
Bahiana Distribuidora de Gás Ltda.	Caucaia base (1)	75	2012
	Mataripe base (1)	75	2013
	Aracaju base	75	2017
	Suape base	75	2018
Terminal Químico de Aratu S.A. – Tequimar	Suape terminal	75	2020
	Aratu terminal	75	2022
Oleoquímica Indústria e Comércio de Produtos Químicos Ltda.	Camaçari plant	75	2021

On December 30, 2014, Terminal Químico de Aratu S.A. - Tequimar (“Tequimar”) filed a request at SUDENE requiring the income tax reduction incentive, due to the implementation of the Itaqui Terminal in São Luis - Maranhão.

(1) In the first semester of 2015, the subsidiary will request the extension of the recognition of tax incentive for another 10 years, due to the production increase in the Caucaia base and modernization in the Mataripe base.

d. Income and Social Contribution Taxes Carryforwards

As of March 31, 2015, the Company and certain subsidiaries have loss carryforwards (income tax) amounting to R\$ 145,612 (R\$ 126,624 as of December 31, 2014) and negative basis of CSLL of R\$ 95,504 (R\$ 92,232 as of December 31, 2014), whose compensations are limited to 30% of taxable income, which do not expire. Based on these values, the Company and its subsidiaries recognized deferred income and social contribution tax assets in the amount of R\$ 44,998 as of March 31, 2015 (R\$ 39,957 as of December 31, 2014).

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

10. Prepaid Expenses (Consolidated)

	03/31/2015	12/31/2014
Rents	96,900	99,285
Deferred Stock Plan, net (see Note 8.c)	57,471	61,183
Advertising and publicity	47,051	6,103
Insurance premiums	16,055	20,295
Software maintenance	7,089	6,790
Purchases of meal and transportation tickets	1,587	1,559
Taxes and other prepaid expenses	9,076	3,281
	235,229	198,496
Current	109,044	67,268
Non-current	126,185	131,228

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

11. Investments

a. Subsidiaries and Joint Venture (Parent Company)

The table below presents the full amounts of balance sheets and income statements of subsidiaries and joint venture:

	03/31/2015				
	Subsidiaries			Joint-venture	
	Ultracargo - Operações Logísticas e Participações Ltda.	Oxiteno S.A. Indústria e Comércio	Ipiranga Produtos de Petróleo S.A.	Isa-Sul Administração e Participações Ltda.	Refinaria de Petróleo Riograndense S.A.
Number of shares or units held	11,839,764	35,102,127	224,467,228,244	995,696,000	5,078,888
Assets	1,119,593	3,684,485	10,891,524	1,032,294	305,386
Liabilities	4,034	523,317	8,731,782	48,881	216,503
Shareholders' equity	1,115,559	3,161,227 (*)	2,159,742	983,413	88,883
Net revenue from sales and services	-	263,289	15,097,169	3,566	227,901
Net income (loss) for the period	30,666	88,978 (*)	277,327	(91)	8,855
% of capital held	100	100	100	99	33

	12/31/2014				
	Subsidiaries			Joint-venture	
	Ultracargo - Operações Logísticas e Participações Ltda.	Oxiteno S.A. Indústria e Comércio	Ipiranga Produtos de Petróleo S.A.	Isa-Sul Administração e Participações Ltda.	Refinaria de Petróleo Riograndense S.A.
Number of shares or units held	11,839,764	35,102,127	224,467,228,244	995,696,000	5,078,888
Assets	1,168,896	3,546,989	10,668,027	995,028	263,527
Liabilities	84,003	526,423	8,654,065	11,524	191,018
Shareholders' equity	1,084,893	3,020,625 (*)	2,013,962	983,504	72,509
% of capital held	100	100	100	99	33

03/31/2014

Subsidiaries

Joint-venture

	Ultracargo - Operações Logísticas e Participações Ltda.	Oxiten S.A. Indústria e Comércio	Ipiranga Produtos de Petróleo S.A.	Imifarma Produtos Farmacêuticos e Cosméticos S.A.	Refinaria de Petróleo Riograndense S.A.
Number of shares or units held	11,839,764	35,102,127	224,467,228,244	152,240,000	5,078,888
Net revenue from sales and services	-	247,508	13,907,700	180,907	(**) 52,778
Net income (loss) for the period	20,987	54,482	(*) 181,599	3,068	(**) 1,052
% of capital held	100	100	100	100	33

(*) adjusted for intercompany unrealized profits.

(**) information of the period from February 1 to March 31, 2014

The percentages in the table above are rounded.

Operating financial information of the subsidiaries is detailed in Note 21.

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

Balances and changes in subsidiaries and joint venture are as follows:

	Investments in subsidiaries				Joint-venture		Total
	Ultracargo - Operações Logísticas e Participações Ltda.	Oxiteno S.A. - Indústria e Comércio	Ipiranga Produtos de Petróleo S.A.	Imifarma Produtos Farmacêuticos e Cosméticos S.A.	Total	Refinaria de Petróleo Riograndense S.A.	
Balance as of December 31, 2013	1,064,959	2,892,330	2,154,904	-	6,112,193	22,751	6,134,944
Share of profit of subsidiaries and joint ventures	20,987	54,482	181,599	3,068	260,136	349	260,485
Dividends and interest on equity (gross)	-	-	(271,404)	-	(271,404)	-	(271,404)
Capital increase in cash	-	-	-	123,600	123,600	-	123,600
Acquisition of shares	-	-	-	(44,755)	(44,755)	-	(44,755)
Goodwill	-	-	-	836,182	836,182	-	836,182
Tax liabilities on equity- method revaluation reserve	-	-	(10)	-	(10)	-	(10)
Valuation adjustment of subsidiaries	-	19	29	-	48	-	48
Translation adjustments of foreign-based subsidiaries	-	6,220	-	-	6,220	-	6,220
Balance as of March 31, 2014	1,085,946	2,953,051	2,065,118	918,095	7,022,210	23,100	7,045,310

	Investments in subsidiaries				Joint-venture		Total
	Ultracargo - Operações Logísticas e Participações Ltda.	Oxiteno S.A. - Indústria e Comércio	Ipiranga Produtos de Petróleo S.A.	Isa-Sul Administração e Participações Ltda.	Total	Refinaria de Petróleo Riograndense S.A.	

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Balance as of December 31, 2014	1,084,893	3,020,625	2,013,962	980,044	7,099,524	24,076	7,123,600
Share of profit of subsidiaries and joint ventures	30,666	88,978	277,327	(91)	396,880	2,940	399,820
Dividends and interest on equity (gross)	-	-	(142,303)	-	(142,303)	-	(142,303)
Tax liabilities on equity- method revaluation reserve	-	-	(1)	-	(1)	-	(1)
Valuation adjustment of subsidiaries	-	(32)	10,757	-	10,725	2,497	13,222
Translation adjustments of foreign-based subsidiaries	-	51,656	-	-	51,656	-	51,656
Balance as of March 31, 2015	1,115,559	3,161,227	2,159,742	979,953	7,416,481	29,513	7,445,994

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

b. Joint Ventures (Consolidated)

The Company holds an interest in Refinaria de Petróleo Riograndense (“RPR”), which is primarily engaged in oil refining.

The subsidiary Ultracargo – Operações Logísticas e Participações Ltda. (“Ultracargo Participações”) holds an interest in União Vopak – Armazéns Gerais Ltda. (“União Vopak”), which is primarily engaged in liquid bulk storage in the port of Paranaguá.

The subsidiary Ipiranga Produtos de Petróleo S.A (“IPP”) holds an interest in ConectCar, which is primarily engaged in electronic payment of tolls, parking and fuel. ConectCar, formed in November 2012 currently operates in the States of São Paulo, Rio Grande do Sul, Santa Catarina, Paraná, Minas Gerais, Rio de Janeiro, Espírito Santo, Pernambuco, Bahia, Alagoas, Mato Grosso and Distrito Federal.

These investments are accounted for under the equity method of accounting based on their interim financial information as of March 31, 2015.

Balances and changes in joint ventures are as follows:

	Movements in investments			
	União Vopak	RPR	ConectCar	Total
Balance as of December 31, 2014	4,960	24,076	25,472	54,508
Valuation adjustments	-	2,497	-	2,497
Share of profit (loss) of joint ventures	125	2,940	(5,233)	(2,168)
Balance as of March 31, 2015	5,085	29,513	20,239	54,837

	Movements in investments			
	União Vopak	RPR	ConectCar	Total
Balance as of December 31, 2013	5,916	22,751	15,719	44,386
Capital increase	-	-	9,000	9,000
Share of profit (loss) of joint ventures	268	349	(3,373)	(2,756)
Balance as of March 31, 2014	6,184	23,100	21,346	50,630

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

The table below presents the full amounts of balance sheets and income statements of joint ventures:

	03/31/2015		
	União Vopak	RPR	ConectCar
Current assets	3,630	202,833	41,272
Non-current assets	7,780	102,553	61,158
Current liabilities	1,240	135,005	31,952
Non-current liabilities	-	81,498	30,000
Shareholders' equity	10,170	88,883	40,478
Net revenue from sales and services	2,751	227,901	3,803
Costs and operating expenses	(2,439)	(210,650)	(19,832)
Net financial income and income and social contribution taxes	(62)	(8,396)	5,562
Net income (loss)	250	8,855	(10,467)
Number of shares or units held	29,995	5,078,888	57,500,000
% of capital held	50	33	50

The percentages in the table above are rounded.

	12/31/2014		
	União Vopak	RPR	ConectCar
Current assets	2,762	160,789	38,852
Non-current assets	8,066	102,738	53,236
Current liabilities	908	101,083	41,143
Non-current liabilities	-	89,935	-
Shareholders' equity	9,920	72,509	50,945
Number of shares or units held	29,995	5,078,888	57,500,000
% of capital held	50	33	50

	03/31/2014		
	União Vopak	RPR	ConectCar
Net revenue from sales and services	3,058	52,778	1,452
Costs and operating expenses	(2,326)	(50,834)	(11,688)
Net financial income and income and social contribution taxes	(196)	(892)	3,490
Net income (loss)	536	1,052	(6,746)
Number of shares or units held	29,995	5,078,888	50,000,000
% of capital held	50	33	50

The percentages in the table above are rounded.

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

c. Associates (Consolidated)

Subsidiary IPP holds an interest in Transportadora Sulbrasileira de Gás S.A., which is primarily engaged in natural gas transportation services.

Subsidiary Oxiteno S.A. holds an interest in Oxicap Indústria de Gases Ltda. (“Oxicap”), which is primarily engaged in the supply of nitrogen and oxygen for its shareholders in the Mauá petrochemical complex.

Subsidiary Oxiteno Nordeste S.A. Indústria e Comércio (“Oxiteno Nordeste”) holds an interest in Química da Bahia Indústria e Comércio S.A., which is primarily engaged in manufacturing, marketing, and processing of chemicals. The operations of this associate are currently suspended.

Subsidiary Companhia Ultragaz S.A. (“Cia. Ultragaz”) holds an interest in Metalúrgica Plus S.A., which is primarily engaged in the manufacture and trading of LPG containers. The operations of this associate are currently suspended.

Subsidiary IPP holds an interest in Plenogás Distribuidora de Gás S.A., which is primarily engaged in the marketing of LPG. The operations of this associate are currently suspended.

The investment of subsidiary Oxiteno S.A. in the associate Oxicap is accounted for under the equity method of accounting based on its interim financial information as of February 28, 2015, while the other associates are valued based on the interim financial information as of March 31, 2015.

Balances and changes in associates are as follows:

	Movements in investments					Total
	Transportadora Sulbrasileira de Gás S.A.	Oxicap Indústria de Gases Ltda.	Química da Bahia Indústria e Comércio S.A.	Metalúrgica Plus S.A.		
Balance as of December 31, 2014	6,212	3,090	3,676	165		13,143
Capital increase	-	10,368	(1)	-		10,368
Share of profit (loss) of associates	234	(966)	(2)	(14)		(748)
Balance as of March 31, 2015	6,446	12,492	3,674	151		22,763

(1) As mentioned in Note 8.a) - Consolidated, in the 1st quarter 2015, Oxiteno realized a capital increase in Oxicap. Thus the interest in the associate has been changed from 25% to 15% approximately.

	Movements in investments			Total
	Transportadora	Oxicap	Química da Bahia	

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	Sulbrasileira de Gás S.A.	Indústria de Gases Ltda.	Indústria e Comércio S.A.	
Balance as of December 31, 2013	5,962	2,144	3,635	11,741
Share of profit (loss) of associates	121	64	4	189
Balance as of March 31, 2014	6,083	2,208	3,639	11,930

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

The table below presents the full amounts of balance sheets and income statements of associates:

	03/31/2015				
	Transportadora Sulbrasileira de Gás S.A.	Oxicap Indústria de Gases Ltda.	Química da Bahia Indústria e Comércio S.A.	Metalúrgica Plus S.A.	Plenogás Distribuidora de Gás S.A.
Current assets	7,166	13,547	87	887	240
Non-current assets	19,680	77,718	10,371	1,682	2,830
Current liabilities	732	4,623	-	409	131
Non-current liabilities	332	3,836	3,110	1,708	3,059
Shareholders' equity	25,783	82,806	7,348	452	(120)
Net revenue from sales and services	2,355	7,950	-	-	-
Costs, operating expenses, and income	(1,313)	(9,376)	(18)	(45)	47
Net financial income and income and social contribution taxes	(6)	448	15	3	(4)
Net income (loss) for the period	1,036	(978)	(3)	(42)	43
Number of shares or units held	20,124,996	1,987	1,493,120	3,000	1,384,308
% of capital held	25	15	50	33	33

The percentages in the table above are rounded.

	12/31/2014				
	Transportadora Sulbrasileira de Gás S.A.	Oxicap Indústria de Gases Ltda.	Química da Bahia Indústria e Comércio S.A.	Metalúrgica Plus S.A.	Plenogás Distribuidora de Gás S.A.
Current assets	5,832	12,434	103	923	231
Non-current assets	19,978	77,199	10,358	1,682	2,830
Current liabilities	632	2,771	-	403	80
Non-current liabilities	332	74,502	3,109	1,708	3,144
Shareholders' equity	24,846	12,360	7,352	494	(163)
Number of shares or units held	20,124,996	156	1,493,120	3,000	1,384,308
% of capital held	25	25	50	33	33

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

	Transportadora Sulbrasileira de Gás S.A.	Oxicap Indústria de Gases Ltda.	03/31/2014 Química da Bahia Indústria e Comércio S.A.	Metalúrgica Plus S.A.	Plenogás Distribuidora de Gás S.A.
Net revenue from sales and services	1,739	7,786	-	-	-
Costs, operating expenses, and income	(1,241)	(7,368)	(2)	455	(48)
Net financial income and income and social contribution taxes	(13)	(163)	9	888	(1)
Net income for the period	485	255	7	1,343	(49)
Number of shares or units held	20,124,996	156	1,493,120	3,000	1,384,308
% of capital held	25	25	50	33	33

The percentages in the table above are rounded.

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

12. Property, Plant, and Equipment (Consolidated)

Balances and changes in property, plant, and equipment are as follows:

	Weighted average useful life (years)	Balance on 12/31/2014	Additions	Depreciation	Transfer	Write-offs and disposals	Effect of foreign currency exchange rate variation	Balance on 03/31/2015
Cost:								
Land	-	476,107	-	-	-	(1,548)	4,489	479,048
Buildings	30	1,275,728	805	-	11,010	(1,205)	23,432	1,309,770
Leasehold improvements	10	631,342	2,662	-	11,331	(930)	3	644,408
Machinery and equipment	13	3,909,475	23,646	-	16,934	(277)	107,808	4,057,586
Automotive fuel/lubricant distribution equipment and facilities	14	2,096,563	19,616	-	5,262	(7,977)	-	2,113,464
LPG tanks and bottles	12	494,691	35,630	-	-	(9,130)	-	521,191
Vehicles	8	244,467	5,229	-	4,828	(4,103)	964	251,385
Furniture and utensils	9	156,115	1,702	-	1,625	(41)	3,779	163,180
Construction in progress	-	372,974	41,624	-	(49,960)	(2,042)	20,933	383,529
Advances to suppliers	-	19,527	1,461	-	(1,770)	-	-	19,218
Imports in progress	-	59	523	-	(83)	-	4	503
IT equipment	5	239,930	2,850	-	620	(2,493)	812	241,719
		9,916,978	135,748	-	(203)	(29,746)	162,224	10,185,001
Accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings		(565,308)	-	(9,716)	-	868	(11,350)	(585,506)
Leasehold improvements		(313,647)	-	(11,864)	-	497	(3)	(325,017)
		(2,158,390)	-	(57,656)	-	185	(87,827)	(2,303,688)

Machinery and equipment							
Automotive fuel/lubricant distribution equipment and facilities	(1,164,074)	-	(28,200)	-	2,273	-	(1,190,001)
LPG tanks and bottles	(231,001)	-	(8,058)	-	3,482	-	(235,577)
Vehicles	(90,004)	-	(3,307)	-	3,137	(687)	(90,861)
Furniture and utensils	(105,483)	-	(2,465)	-	41	(2,994)	(110,901)
IT equipment	(189,859)	-	(4,036)	-	1,600	(564)	(192,859)
	(4,817,766)	-	(125,302)	-	12,083	(103,425)	(5,034,410)
Provision for losses:							
Land	(197)	-	-	-	-	-	(197)
Leasehold improvements	(462)	-	-	-	1	(88)	(549)
Machinery and equipment	(5,895)	-	-	-	132	(296)	(6,059)
IT equipment	(683)	-	-	-	565	-	(118)
Furniture and utensils	(4)	-	-	-	-	-	(4)
	(7,241)	-	-	-	698	(384)	(6,927)
Net amount	5,091,971	135,748	(125,302)	(203)	(16,965)	58,415	5,143,664

Construction in progress relates substantially to expansions and renovations of industrial facilities and terminals and construction and upgrade of service stations and fuel distribution bases.

Advances to suppliers of property, plant, and equipment relate basically to manufacturing of equipment for expansion of plants, terminals and bases, modernization of service stations, and acquisition of real estate.

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

13. Intangible Assets (Consolidated)

Balances and changes in intangible assets are as follows:

	Weighted average useful life (years)	Balance on 12/31/2014	Additions	Amortization	Transfer disposals	Write-offs and exchange rate variation	Balance on 03/31/2015
Cost:							
Goodwill (i)	-	1,456,179	-	-	-	-	1,456,179
Software (ii)	5	451,936	21,678	-	121	(3)	476,454
Technology (iii)	5	32,617	-	-	-	-	32,617
Commercial property rights (iv)	10	31,881	582	-	-	-	32,463
Distribution rights (v)	5	2,762,985	57,080	-	-	-	2,820,065
Brands (vi)	-	105,458	-	-	-	6,845	112,303
Others (vii)	4	38,606	69	-	(65)	470	39,080
		4,879,662	79,409	-	56	(3)	4,969,161
Accumulated amortization:							
Software		(303,780)	-	(10,831)	-	3	(315,913)
Technology		(29,471)	-	(446)	-	-	(29,917)
Commercial property rights		(14,545)	-	(640)	-	-	(15,185)
Distribution rights		(1,366,128)	-	(101,328)	(218)	-	(1,467,674)
Others		(7,625)	-	(1,955)	85	(13)	(9,508)
		(1,721,549)	-	(115,200)	(133)	3	(1,838,197)
Net amount		3,158,113	79,409	(115,200)	(77)	-	3,130,964

i) Goodwill from acquisition of companies was amortized until December 31, 2008, when its amortization ceased. The net remaining balance is tested annually for impairment.

The Company has the following balances of goodwill:

	Segment	03/31/2015	12/31/2014
Goodwill on the acquisition of:			
Extrafarma	Extrafarma	661,553	661,553
Ipiranga	Ipiranga	276,724	276,724

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União Terminais	Ultracargo	211,089	211,089
Texaco	Ipiranga	177,759	177,759
Oxiteno Uruguay	Oxiteno	44,856	44,856
Temmar	Ultracargo	43,781	43,781
DNP	Ipiranga	24,736	24,736
Repsol	Ultragaz	13,403	13,403
Others		2,278	2,278
		1,456,179	1,456,179

On December 31, 2014, the Company tested the balances of goodwill shown in the table above for impairment. The determination of value in use involves assumptions, judgments, and estimates of cash flows, such as growth rates of revenues, costs and expenses, estimates of investments and working capital, and discount rates. The assumptions about growth projections and future cash flows are based on the Company's business plan, as well as comparable market data, and represent management's best estimate of the economic conditions that will exist over the economic life of the various CGUs, to which goodwill is related.

The evaluation of the value in use is calculated for a period of five years, after which we calculate the perpetuity, considering the possibility of carrying the business on indefinitely.

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

On December 31, 2014, the discount and real growth rates used to extrapolate the projections ranged from 9.3% to 26.4% and 0% to 3.8% p.a., respectively, depending on the CGU analyzed.

The Company's goodwill impairment tests did not result in the recognition of losses for the year ended December 31, 2014.

ii) Software includes user licenses and costs for the implementation of the various systems used by the Company and its subsidiaries, such as: integrated management and control, financial management, foreign trade, industrial automation, operational and storage management, accounting information, and other systems.

iii) The subsidiaries Oxiteno S.A., Oxiteno Nordeste and Oleoquímica Indústria e Comércio de Produtos Químicos Ltda. ("Oleoquímica") recognize as technology certain rights of use held by them. Such licenses include the production of ethylene oxide, ethylene glycols, ethanalamines, glycol ethers, ethoxylates, solvents, fatty acids from vegetable oils, fatty alcohols, and specialty chemicals, which are products that are supplied to various industries.

iv) Commercial property rights include those described below:

- Subsidiary Tequimar has an agreement with CODEBA – Companhia das Docas do Estado da Bahia, which allows it to explore the area in which the Aratu Terminal is located for 20 years, renewable for a similar period. The price paid by Tequimar was R\$ 12,000, which is being amortized from August 2002 to July 2042.
- Subsidiary Tequimar has a lease contract for an area adjacent to the Port of Santos for 20 years from December 2002, renewable for a similar period, which allows the construction, operation, and use of a terminal for liquid bulk unloading, tank storage, handling, and distribution. The price paid by Tequimar was R\$ 4,334, which is being amortized from August 2005 to December 2022.
- Subsidiary Extrafarma pays key money to obtain certain commercial establishments to open drugstores which is stated at the cost of acquisition, amortized using the straight line method, considering the lease contract terms. In the case of the closedown of stores, the residual amount is recorded in income.

v) Distribution rights refer mainly to bonus disbursements as provided in Ipiranga's agreements with resellers and large customers. Bonus disbursements are recognized when paid and recognized as an expense in the income statement over the term of the agreement (typically 5 years), which is reviewed as per the changes occurred in the agreements.

vi) Brands are represented by the acquisition cost of the 'am/pm' brand in Brazil and of the Extrafarma brand.

vii) Other intangibles refers mainly to the loyalty program Club Extra.

The amortization expenses were recognized in the interim financial information as shown below:

03/31/2015 03/31/2014

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Inventories and cost of products and services sold	2,571	1,955
Selling and marketing	102,183	89,975
General and administrative	10,446	8,673
	115,200	100,603

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

14 Loans, Debentures, and Finance Leases (Consolidated)

a. Composition

Description	03/31/2015	12/31/2014	Index/Currency	Weighted average financial charges 03/31/2015 – % p.a.	Maturity
Foreign currency – denominated loans:					
Notes in the foreign market (b)	816,966	664,078	US\$	+7.3	2015
Foreign loan (c.1) (*)	715,645	603,002	US\$ + LIBOR (i)	+0.6	2015 to 2017
Advances on foreign exchange contracts	232,104	184,057	US\$	+1.2	< 356 days
Foreign loan (c.1) (*)	217,124	-	US\$	+2.0	2017
Foreign loan (c.2)	191,728	158,039	US\$ + LIBOR (i)	+1.0	2017
Financial institutions (e)	141,435	113,873	US\$	+2.9	2015 to 2017
Financial institutions (e)	64,256	53,254	US\$ + LIBOR (i)	+2.0	2016 to 2017
Financial institutions (e)	60,877	32,343	MX\$ + TIE (ii)	+1.0	2015 to 2016
BNDES (d)	36,409	33,160	US\$	+6.0	2015 to 2020
Foreign currency advances delivered	11,414	25,409	US\$	+1.1	< 56 days
Subtotal	2,487,958	1,867,215			
Brazilian Reais – denominated loans:					
Banco do Brasil – floating rate (f)	2,887,853	2,873,622	CDI	104.8	2015 to 2019
Debentures - 1st public issuance IPP (g.2 and g.3)	1,452,378	1,409,540	CDI	107.9	2017 to 2018
Debentures - 5th issuance (g.4)	803,542	-	CDI	108.3	2018
Banco do Brasil – fixed rate (f) (*)	518,845	503,898	R\$	+12.1	2015

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BNDES (d)	500,705	530,983	TJLP (iii)	+2.1	2015 to 2021
Banco do Nordeste do Brasil	80,342	85,068	R\$	+8.5 (v)	2015 to 2021
FINEP	71,516	74,774	R\$	+4.0	2015 to 2021
BNDES (d)	64,642	62,581	R\$	+4.7	2015 to 2022
Finance leases (i)	45,445	45,883	IGP-M (iv)	+5.6	2015 to 2031
Export Credit Note (h) (*)	25,953	25,744	R\$	+8.0	2016
FINEP	8,864	9,078	TJLP (iii)	-1.3	2016 to 2023
Working capital loans					2015 to 2016
Extrafarma – fixed rate (i)	2,895	3,445	R\$	+10.4	2016
BNDES (d)	1,966	-	SELIC (vi)	+2.2	2015 to 2020
Floating finance leases (i)	438	475	CDI	+2.8	2015 to 2017
FINAME	424	484	TJLP	+5.1	2015 to 2022
Fixed finance leases (i)	413	686	R\$	+15.4	2015 to 2017
Debentures - 4th issuance (g.1)	-	874,312			
Subtotal	6,466,221	6,500,573			
Currency and interest rate hedging instruments	23,872	7,424			
Total	8,978,051	8,375,212			
Current	2,746,301	3,442,364			
Non-current	6,231,750	4,932,848			

(*) These transactions were designated for hedge accounting (see Note 22 – Hedge Accounting).

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

- (i) LIBOR = London Interbank Offered Rate.
- (ii) MX\$ = Mexican Peso; TIIE = the Mexican interbank balance interest rate.
- (iii) TJLP (Long-term Interest Rate) = set by the National Monetary Council, TJLP is the basic financing cost of Banco Nacional de Desenvolvimento Econômico e Social (“BNDES”), the Brazilian Development Bank. On March 31, 2015, TJLP was fixed at 5.5% p.a.
- (iv) IGP-M = General Market Price Index is a measure of Brazilian inflation, calculated by the Getúlio Vargas Foundation.
- (v) Contract linked to the rate of FNE (Northeast Constitutional Financing Fund) fund whose purpose is to foster the development of the industrial sector, administered by Banco do Nordeste do Brasil. On March 31, 2015, the FNE interest rate was 10% p.a. FNE grants a discount of 15% over the interest rate for timely payments.
- (vi) SELIC = base interest rate set by the Brazilian Central Bank.

The long-term consolidated debt had the following principal maturity schedule:

	03/31/2015	12/31/2014
From 1 to 2 years	1,809,860	571,991
From 2 to 3 years	2,442,495	2,390,747
From 3 to 4 years	890,755	894,301
From 4 to 5 years	1,027,446	1,006,869
More than 5 years	61,194	68,940
	6,231,750	4,932,848

As provided in IAS 39 (CPC 8 (R1)), the transaction costs and issuance premiums associated with debt issuance by the Company and its subsidiaries were added to their financial liabilities, as shown in Note 14.j).

The Company’s management entered into hedging instruments against foreign exchange and interest rate variations for a portion of its debt obligations (see Note 22).

b. Notes in the Foreign Market

In December 2005, the subsidiary LPG International Inc. (“LPG Inc.”) issued US\$ 250 million in notes in the foreign market, maturing in December 2015, with interest rate of 7.3% p.a., paid semiannually. The notes were guaranteed by the Company and its subsidiary Oxitenno S.A.

As a result of the issuance of these notes, the Company and its subsidiaries are required to undertake certain obligations, including:

- Limitation on transactions with shareholders that hold 5% or more of any class of stock of the Company, except upon fair and reasonable terms no less favorable than could be obtained in a comparable transaction with a third party.
-

Required board approval for transactions with shareholders that hold 5% or more of any class of stock of the Company, or with their subsidiaries, in an amount higher than US\$ 15 million (except transactions of the Company with its subsidiaries and between its subsidiaries).

- Restriction on sale of all or substantially all assets of the Company and subsidiaries LPG and Oxiteno S.A.
- Restriction on encumbrance of assets exceeding US\$ 150 million or 15% of the value of the consolidated tangible assets.

The Company and its subsidiaries are in compliance with the levels of covenants required by these loans. The restrictions imposed on the Company and its subsidiaries are customary in transactions of this kind and have not limited their ability to conduct their business to date.

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

c. Foreign Loans

1) The subsidiary IPP has foreign loans in the amount of US\$ 300 million. IPP also contracted hedging instruments with floating interest rate in U.S. dollar and exchange rate variation, changing the foreign loans charges, on average, to 102.8% of CDI (see Note 22). IPP designated these hedging instruments as a fair value hedge; therefore, loans and hedging instruments are both measured at fair value from inception, with changes in fair value recognized through profit or loss. The foreign loans are secured by the Company.

The foreign loans have the maturity distributed as follows:

Maturity	US\$ (million)	Cost in % of CDI
Nov/15	80.0	104.1
Mar/17	70.0	99.5
Sep/17	150.0	103.7
Total	300.0	102.8

2) The subsidiary Oxiteno Overseas Corp. (“Oxiteno Overseas”) has a foreign loan in the amount of US\$ 60 million with maturity in January 2017 and interest of LIBOR + 1.0% p.a., paid semiannually. The Company, through its subsidiary Cia. Ultragaz, contracted hedging instruments with floating interest rates in dollar and exchange rate variation, changing the foreign loan charge to 94.0% of CDI (see Note 22). The foreign loan is guaranteed by the Company and its subsidiary Oxiteno S.A.

As a result of these foreign loans, some obligations mentioned in Note 14.b) must also be maintained by the Company and its subsidiaries. Additionally, during these contracts, the Company shall maintain the following financial ratios, calculated based on its audited consolidated interim financial information:

- Maintenance of a financial ratio, determined by the ratio between consolidated net debt and consolidated Earnings before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation, and Amortization (EBITDA), at less than or equal to 3.5.
- Maintenance of a financial ratio, determined by the ratio between consolidated EBITDA and consolidated net financial expenses, higher than or equal to 1.5.

The Company is in compliance with the levels of covenants required by these loans. The restrictions imposed on the Company and its subsidiaries are usual for this type of transaction and have not limited their ability to conduct their business to date.

d. BNDES

The Company and its subsidiaries have financing from BNDES for some of their investments and for working capital.

During the term of these agreements, the Company must maintain the following capitalization and current liquidity levels, as determined in the annual consolidated audited balance sheet:

- Capitalization level: shareholders' equity / total assets equal to or above 0.3; and
- Current liquidity level: current assets / current liabilities equal to or above 1.3.

The Company is in compliance with the levels of covenants required by these loans. The restrictions imposed on the Company and its subsidiaries are usual for this type of transaction and have not limited their ability to conduct their business to date.

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

e. Financial Institutions

The subsidiaries Oxiteno Mexico S.A. de C.V., Oxiteno USA LLC and Oxiteno Uruguay have loans to finance investments and working capital.

f. Banco do Brasil

The subsidiary IPP has fixed and floating interest rate loans with Banco do Brasil to finance the marketing, processing, or manufacturing of agricultural goods (ethanol). IPP contracted interest hedging instruments, thus converting the fixed rate for this loan into 99.5% of CDI (see Note 22). IPP designates this hedging instrument as a fair value hedge; therefore, loan and hedging instrument are both stated at fair value from inception. Changes in fair value are recognized in profit or loss.

In February 2015, subsidiary IPP renegotiated loans with Banco do Brasil, which would mature in February 2015, in the notional amount of R\$ 333 million, changing the maturities to July 2017 and January 2018, with floating interest rate of 106% of CDI.

These loans mature, as follows (including interest until March 31, 2015):

Maturity

May/15	760,133
Feb/16	204,361
May/16	120,644
Jan/17	1,035,641
Jul/17	168,818
Jan/18	168,818
May/19	948,283
Total	3,406,698

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

g. Debentures

1) In March 2012, the Company made its fourth issuance of debentures, in a single series of 800 simple, nonconvertible into shares, unsecured debentures, and its main characteristics are as follows:

Face value unit:	R\$ 1,000,000.00
Final maturity:	March 16, 2015
Payment of the face value:	Lump sum at final maturity
Interest:	108.3% of CDI
Payment of interest:	Annually
Reprice:	Not applicable

2) In December 2012, the subsidiary IPP made its first issuance of public debentures in single series of 60,000 simple, nonconvertible into shares, unsecured, nominative and registered debentures, and its main characteristics are as follows:

Face value unit:	R\$ 10,000.00
Final maturity:	November 16, 2017
Payment of the face value:	Lump sum at final maturity
Interest:	107.9% of CDI
Payment of interest:	Semiannually
Reprice:	Not applicable

3) In January 2014, the subsidiary IPP made its second issuance of public debentures in single series of 80,000 simple nonconvertible into shares, unsecured, nominative and registered debentures, which main characteristics are as follows:

Face value unit:	R\$ 10,000.00
Final maturity:	December 20, 2018
Payment of the face value:	Lump sum at final maturity
Interest:	107.9% of CDI
Payment of interest:	Semiannually
Reprice:	Not applicable

4) In March 2015, the Company made its fifth issuance of debentures, in a single series of 800 simple, nonconvertible into shares, unsecured debentures, and its main characteristics are as follows:

Face value unit:	R\$ 10,000.00
Final maturity:	March 16, 2018

Payment of the face value:	Lump sum at final maturity
Interest:	108.25% of CDI
Payment of interest:	Annually
Reprice:	Not applicable

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

h. Export Credit Note

In March 2013, the subsidiary Oxiteno Nordeste contracted an export credit note in the amount of R\$ 17.5 million, with maturity in March 2016 and fixed interest rate of 8% p.a., paid quarterly.

In August 2013, the subsidiary Oxiteno Nordeste contracted an export credit note in the amount of R\$ 10.0 million, with maturity in August 2016 and fixed interest rate of 8% p.a., paid quarterly.

Subsidiary Oxiteno Nordeste contracted interest hedging instruments, thus converting the fixed rates for these loans into 88.8% of CDI (see Note 22). Oxiteno Nordeste designated these hedging instruments as a fair value hedge; therefore, loans and hedging instruments are both measured at fair value from inception. Changes in fair value are recognized in profit or loss.

i. Finance Leases

The subsidiary Cia. Ultragaz has a finance lease contract related to LPG bottling facilities, maturing in April 2031.

Subsidiary Extrafarma has finance lease contracts related to IT equipment, vehicles, furniture, machinery and equipment, with terms between 24 to 60 months.

The amounts of equipment and intangible assets, net of depreciation and amortization, and the amounts of the corresponding liabilities, are shown below:

	03/31/2015				
	LPG bottling facilities	IT equipment	Vehicles	Furniture, machinery and equipment	Total
Equipment and intangible assets, net of depreciation and amortization	23,513	757	1,475	1,232	26,977
Financing (present value)	45,445	709	100	42	46,296
Current	1,973	401	95	42	2,511
Non-current	43,472	308	5	-	43,785

	12/31/2014				
	LPG bottling facilities	IT equipment	Vehicles	Furniture, machinery and equipment	Total
	24,720	883	1,483	1,283	28,369

Equipment and intangible assets, net of depreciation and amortization

Financing (present value)	45,883	874	163	124	47,044
Current	1,950	515	145	124	2,734
Non-current	43,933	359	18	-	44,310

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

The future disbursements (installments) assumed under these contracts are presented below:

	03/31/2015				
	LPG bottling facilities	IT equipment	Vehicles	Furniture and utensils	Total
Up to 1 year	4,238	442	101	39	4,820
From 1 to 2 years	4,238	295	5	-	4,538
From 2 to 3 years	4,238	78	-	-	4,316
From 3 to 4 years	4,238	-	-	-	4,238
From 4 to 5 years	4,238	-	-	-	4,238
More than 5 years	46,967	-	-	-	46,967
Total	68,157	815	106	39	69,117

	12/31/2014				
	LPG bottling facilities	IT equipment	Vehicles	Furniture and utensils	Total
Up to 1 year	4,238	566	155	123	5,082
From 1 to 2 years	4,238	288	18	-	4,544
From 2 to 3 years	4,238	155	-	-	4,393
From 3 to 4 years	4,238	-	-	-	4,238
From 4 to 5 years	4,238	-	-	-	4,238
More than 5 years	48,024	-	-	-	48,024
Total	69,214	1,009	173	123	70,519

The above amounts include Services Tax (“ISS”) payable on the monthly installments, except for disbursements for the LPG bottling facilities.

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

j. Transaction Costs

Transaction costs incurred in issuing debt were deducted from the value of the related financial instruments and are recognized as an expense according to the effective interest rate method, as follows:

	Effective rate of transaction costs (% p.a.)	Balance on 12/31/2014	Incurred cost	Amortization	Balance on 03/31/2015
Banco do Brasil (f)	0.4	14,474	-	(1,050)	13,424
Foreign Loans (c)	0.4	3,016	-	(102)	2,914
Debentures (g)	0.0	2,157	958	(876)	2,239
Notes in the foreign market (b)	0.2	1,309	-	(123)	1,186
Other	0.7	318	165	-	483
Total		21,274	1,123	(2,151)	20,246

The amount to be appropriated to profit or loss in the future is as follows:

	Up to 1 year	1 to 2 years	2 to 3 years	3 to 4 years	4 to 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Banco do Brasil (f)	2,659	2,819	3,364	3,992	590	-	13,424
Foreign Loans (c)	1,435	1,195	284	-	-	-	2,914
Debentures (g)	593	663	720	263	-	-	2,239
Notes in the foreign market (b)	1,186	-	-	-	-	-	1,186
Other	150	171	112	29	17	4	483
Total	6,023	4,848	4,480	4,284	607	4	20,246

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

1. Guarantees

The financings are guaranteed by collateral in the amount of R\$ 50,734 as of March 31, 2015 (R\$ 50,570 as of December 31, 2014) and by guarantees and promissory notes in the amount of R\$ 4,350,302 as of March 31, 2015 (R\$ 3,779,450 as of December 31, 2014).

In addition, the Company and its subsidiaries offer collateral in the form of letters of credit for commercial and legal proceedings in the amount of R\$ 174,969 as of March 31, 2015 (R\$ 173,644 as of December 31, 2014).

Some subsidiaries of Oxiteno issue collateral to financial institutions in connection with the amounts owed by some of their customers to such institutions (vendor financing). If a subsidiary is required to make any payment under these collaterals, this subsidiary may recover the amount paid directly from its customers through commercial collection. The maximum amount of future payments related to these collaterals is R\$ 21,267 as of March 31, 2015 (R\$ 26,684 as of December 31, 2014), with maturities of less than 213 days. As of March 31, 2015, the subsidiaries did not have losses in connection with these collaterals. The fair value of collaterals recognized in current liabilities as other payables is R\$ 519 as of March 31, 2015 (R\$ 646 as of December 31, 2014), which is recognized as profit or loss as customers settle their obligations with the financial institutions.

Some financing agreements of the Company and its subsidiaries have cross default clauses that require them to pay the debt assumed in case of default of other debts equal to or greater than US\$ 15 million. Until March 31, 2015, there was no event of default of the debts of the Company and its subsidiaries.

15 Trade Payables (Consolidated)

	03/31/2015	12/31/2014
Domestic suppliers	1,050,785	1,196,876
Foreign suppliers	72,915	82,626
	1,123,700	1,279,502

The Company's subsidiaries acquire oil based fuels and LPG from Petróleo Brasileiro S.A. - Petrobras and its subsidiaries and ethylene from Braskem S.A. These suppliers control almost all of the markets for these products in Brazil. The Company's subsidiaries depend on the ability of those suppliers to deliver products in a timely manner and at acceptable prices and terms. The loss of any major supplier or a significant reduction in product availability from these suppliers could have a significant adverse effect on the Company and its subsidiaries. The Company and its subsidiaries believe that their relationship with suppliers is satisfactory.

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

16 Salaries and Related Charges (Consolidated)

	03/31/2015	12/31/2014
Provisions on payroll	132,811	128,181
Profit sharing, bonus and premium	50,385	108,632
Social charges	42,315	44,747
Salaries and related payments	12,074	10,904
Benefits	1,514	1,617
Others	2,000	498
	241,099	294,579

17 Taxes Payable (Consolidated)

	03/31/2015	12/31/2014
ICMS	117,073	93,761
Value-Added Tax (IVA) of subsidiaries Oxiteno Mexico, Oxiteno Andina and Oxiteno Uruguay	11,473	14,822
Income Tax Withholding (IRRF)	11,379	2,267
PIS and COFINS	10,718	11,922
ISS	5,522	6,304
IPI	2,631	3,858
National Institute of Social Security (INSS)	2,151	2,991
Others	3,541	2,910
	164,488	138,835

18 Provision for Asset Retirement Obligation – Fuel Tanks (Consolidated)

The provision corresponds to the legal obligation to remove Ipiranga's underground fuel tanks located at Ipiranga-branded service stations after a certain use period (see Note 2.m).

Changes in the provision for asset retirement obligation are as follows:

	03/31/2015	03/31/2014
Initial Balance	70,802	69,661
Additions (new tanks)	190	145
Expense with tanks removed	(1,020)	(998)

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Accretion expense	2,300	639
Final Balance	72,272	69,447
Current	4,999	4,416
Non-current	67,273	65,031

56

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

19 Deferred Revenue (Consolidated)

The Company's subsidiaries have recognized the following deferred revenue:

	03/31/2015	12/31/2014
'am/pm' and Jet Oil franchising upfront fee	14,166	14,785
Loyalty program "Km de Vantagens"	9,152	10,025
Loyalty program "Club Extra"	6,756	6,349
	30,074	31,159
Current	21,215	23,450
Non-current	8,859	7,709

Loyalty Programs

Subsidiary Ipiranga has a loyalty program called Km de Vantagens (www.kmdevantagens.com.br) under which registered customers are rewarded with points when they buy products at Ipiranga service stations or at its partners. The customers may exchange these points, during the period of one year, for discounts on products and services offered by Ipiranga and its partners. Points received by Ipiranga's customers that may be used with the partner Multiplus Fidelidade and for discounts of fuel in Ipiranga's website (www.postoipiranganaweb.com.br) and are considered part of sales revenue.

Subsidiary Extrafarma has a loyalty program called Club Extra (www.clubextra.com.br) under which registered customers are rewarded with points when they buy products at its drugstore chain. The customers may exchange these points, during the period of one year, for prizes offered by its partners. Points received by Extrafarma's customers may be used with the partner Multiplus Fidelidade and as recharge credit on a mobile phone are considered part of sales revenue.

Deferred revenue is estimated based on the fair value of the points granted, considering the value of the prizes and the expected redemption of points. Deferred revenue is recognized in profit or loss when the points are redeemed, on which occasion the costs incurred are also recognized. Deferred revenue of unredeemed points is also recognized in profit or loss when the points expire.

Franchising Upfront Fee

am/pm is the convenience stores chain of the Ipiranga service stations. Ipiranga ended March 31, 2015 with 1,714 stores (1,708 stores as of December 31, 2014). Jet Oil is Ipiranga's lubricant-changing and automotive service specialized network. Ipiranga ended March 31, 2015 with 1,344 stores (1,337 stores as of December 31, 2014). The franchising upfront fee received by Ipiranga is deferred and recognized in profit or loss on the straight-line accrual

basis throughout the terms of the agreements with the franchisees.

57

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

20 Shareholders' Equity

a. Share Capital

The Company is a publicly traded company listed on BM&FBOVESPA in the Novo Mercado listing segment under the ticker "UGPA3" and on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) in the form of level III American Depositary Receipts ("ADRs") under the ticker "UGP". As of March, 2015, the subscribed and paid-in capital stock consists of 556,405,096 common shares with no par value and the issuance of preferred shares and participation certificates is prohibited. Each common share entitles its holder to one vote at Shareholders' Meetings.

The price of the shares issued by the Company as of March 31, 2015, on BM&FBOVESPA was R\$ 64.83.

As of March 31, 2015, the Company is authorized to increase capital up to the limit of 800,000,000 common shares, without amendment to the Bylaws, by resolution of the Board of Directors.

As of March 31, 2015, there were 30,611,697 common shares outstanding abroad in the form of ADRs (31,714,297 shares as of December 31, 2014).

b. Treasury Shares

The Company acquired its own shares at market prices, without capital reduction, to be held in treasury and to be subsequently disposed of or cancelled, in accordance with CVM Instructions 10, of February 14, 1980 and 268, of November 13, 1997.

On December 10, 2014, the Board of Directors approved Ultrapar's Shares Repurchase Program ("Share Repurchase Program 2014/15"), with maximum period for the acquisition of 365 days, from December 12, 2014 and maximum acquisition number of 6,500,000 common shares. Until March 31, 2015, the Company acquired 1,854,200 common shares at an average cost of R\$ 55.12 per share.

As of March 31, 2015, 9,002,356 common shares (7,148,156 as of December 31, 2014) were held in the Company's treasury, acquired at an average cost of R\$ 22.80 per share (R\$ 14.42 as of December 31, 2014).

c. Capital Reserve

The capital reserve reflects the gain on the transfer of shares at market price to be held in treasury by the Company's subsidiaries, at an average price of R\$ 26.12 per share. Such shares were used in the Deferred Stock Plan granted to executives of these subsidiaries, as mentioned in Note 8.c).

d. Revaluation Reserve

The revaluation reserve reflects the revaluation of assets of subsidiaries and is based on depreciation, write-off, or disposal of the revalued assets of the subsidiaries, as well as the tax effects recognized by these subsidiaries.

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

e. Profit Reserves

Legal Reserve

Under Brazilian Corporate Law, the Company is required to appropriate 5% of net annual earnings to a legal reserve, until the balance reaches 20% of capital stock. This reserve may be used to increase capital or absorb losses, but may not be distributed as dividends.

Retention of Profits

Reserve recognized in previous fiscal years and used for investments contemplated in a capital budget, mainly for expansion, productivity, and quality, acquisitions and new investments, in accordance with Article 196 of Brazilian Corporate Law.

Investments Reserve

In compliance with Article 194 of the Brazilian Corporate Law and Article 55.c) of the Bylaws this reserve is aimed to protect the integrity of the Company's assets and to supplement its capital stock, in order to allow new investments to be made. As provided in its Bylaws, the Company may allocate up to 45% of net income to the investments reserve, up to the limit of 100% of the share capital.

The amounts of retention of profits and investments reserve are free of distribution restrictions and totaled R\$ 2,772,527 as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

f. Other Comprehensive Income

Valuation Adjustments

The differences between the fair value and amortized cost of financial investments classified as available for sale are recognized directly in equity as valuation adjustments. The gains and losses recognized in the shareholders' equity are reclassified to profit or loss in case the financial instruments are prepaid.

Actuarial gains and losses relating to post-employment benefits, calculated based on a valuation conducted by an independent actuary, are recognized in shareholders' equity under the title "valuation adjustments". Actuarial gains and losses recorded in equity are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

Cumulative Translation Adjustments

The change in exchange rates on assets, liabilities, and income of foreign subsidiaries that have (i) functional currency other than the presentation currency of the Company and (ii) an independent administration, is directly recognized in the shareholders' equity. This accumulated effect is reflected in profit or loss as a gain or loss only in case of disposal or write-off of the investment.

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

Balance and changes in other comprehensive income of the Company are as follows:

	Valuation adjustments			
	Fair value of financial investment available for sale	Actuarial gains of post-employment benefits	Total	Cumulative translation adjustment
Balance as of December 31, 2014	51	7,098	7,149	43,192
Translation of foreign subsidiaries, including the exchange rate effect of hedge of investments	-	-	-	51,656
Changes in fair value	13,222	-	13,222	-
Balance as of March 31, 2015	13,273	7,098	20,371	94,848

	Valuation adjustments			
	Fair value of financial investment available for sale	Actuarial gains of post-employment benefits	Total	Cumulative translation adjustment
Balance as of December 31, 2013	5	5,423	5,428	38,076
Translation of foreign subsidiaries, including the exchange rate effect of hedge of investments	-	-	-	6,220
Changes in fair value	48	-	48	-
Balance as of March 31, 2014	53	5,423	5,476	44,296

g.

Dividends

The shareholders are entitled, under the Bylaws, to a minimum annual dividend of 50% of adjusted net income calculated in accordance with Brazilian Corporate Law. The dividends and interest on equity in excess of the obligation established in the Bylaws are recognized in shareholders' equity until they are approved by the Shareholders. The proposed dividends payable as of December 31, 2014 in the amount of R\$ 389,164 (R\$ 0.71 – seventy one cents of Brazilian Real per share), were approved by the Board of Directors on February 25, 2015, and paid as of March 13, 2015, having been ratified in the Annual General Shareholders' Meeting on April 15, 2015.

21

Segment Information

The Company operates five main business segments: gas distribution, fuel distribution, chemicals, storage and, as from January 31, 2014, drugstores. The gas distribution segment (Ultragaz) distributes LPG to residential, commercial, and industrial consumers, especially in the South, Southeast, and Northeast regions of Brazil. The fuel distribution segment (Ipiranga) operates the distribution and marketing of gasoline, ethanol, diesel, fuel oil, kerosene, natural gas for vehicles, and lubricants and related activities throughout all the Brazilian territory. The chemicals segment (Oxiten) produces ethylene oxide and its main derivatives and fatty alcohols, which are raw materials used in the home and personal care, agrochemical, paints, varnishes, and other industries. The storage segment (Ultracargo) operates liquid bulk terminals, especially in the Southeast and Northeast regions of Brazil. The drugstores segment (Extrafarma) trades pharmaceutical, hygiene, and beauty products through its own drugstore chain in the states of Pará, Amapá, Maranhão, Piauí, Ceará, and Rio Grande do Norte. The segments shown in the interim financial information are strategic business units supplying different products and services. Intersegment sales are at prices similar to those that would be charged to third parties.

60

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

The main financial information of each of the Company's segments are stated as follows:

	03/31/2015	03/31/2014
Net revenue from sales and services:		
Ultragaz	1,037,884	929,200
Ipiranga	15,118,296	13,921,416
Oxitenó	852,774	840,259
Ultracargo	92,327	85,530
		180,907
Extrafarma	318,513	(1)
Others (2)	10,267	9,670
Intersegment sales	(26,421)	(20,118)
Total	17,403,640	15,946,864
Intersegment sales:		
Ultragaz	855	340
Ipiranga	-	-
Oxitenó	684	475
Ultracargo	14,672	9,695
Extrafarma	-	-
Others (2)	10,210	9,608
Total	26,421	20,118
Net revenue from sales and services, excluding intersegment sales:		
Ultragaz	1,037,029	928,860
Ipiranga	15,118,296	13,921,416
Oxitenó	852,090	839,784
Ultracargo	77,655	75,835
		180,907
Extrafarma	318,513	(1)
Others (2)	57	62
Total	17,403,640	15,946,864

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

	03/31/2015	03/31/2014
Operating income:		
Ultragaz	38,156	27,607
Ipiranga	569,123	368,016
Oxiteno	110,562	75,684
Ultracargo	37,206	28,755
Extrafarma	16	8,506 (1)
Others (2)	(1,448)	(18,269)
Total	753,615	490,299
Share of profit of joint-ventures and associates:		
Ultragaz	(14)	-
Ipiranga	(4,999)	(3,252)
Oxiteno	(968)	68
Ultracargo	125	268
Others (2)	2,940	349
Total	(2,916)	(2,567)
Financial income	103,458	90,426
Financial expenses	(284,701)	(205,195)
Income before income and social contribution taxes	569,456	372,963
Additions to property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets:		
Ultragaz	70,633	35,955
Ipiranga	103,461	82,636
Oxiteno	17,895	19,771
Ultracargo	3,345	4,316
Extrafarma	15,652	3,129 (1)
Others (2)	4,171	3,933
Total additions to property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets (see Notes 12 and 13)	215,157	149,740
Asset retirement obligation – fuel tanks (see Note 18)	(190)	(145)
Capitalized borrowing costs	(5,797)	(1,344)
Total investments in property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets (cash flow)	209,170	148,251
Depreciation and amortization charges:		
Ultragaz	34,176	33,345
Ipiranga	145,162	130,529
Oxiteno	34,979	32,948
Ultracargo	10,369	12,316
Extrafarma	5,109	1,987 (1)

Others (2)	6,080	3,158
Total	235,875	214,283

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

	03/31/2015	12/31/2014
Total assets (excluding intersegment account balances):		
Ultragaz	2,864,887	2,701,673
Ipiranga	9,293,329	9,138,758
Oxitenó	4,401,972	4,229,501
Ultracargo	1,323,748	1,382,969
Extrafarma	611,558	602,409
Others (2)	1,438,185	1,425,072
Total	19,933,679	19,480,382

(1) Information of the period from February 1 to March 31, 2014.

(2) Composed of the parent company Ultrapar (including goodwill of certain acquisitions) and subsidiaries Serma - Associação dos Usuários de Equipamentos de Processamento de Dados e Serviços Correlatos (“Serma”) and Imaven Imóveis Ltda.

Geographic Area Information

The fixed and intangible assets of the Company and its subsidiaries are located in Brazil, except those related to Oxitenó’ plants abroad, as shown below:

	03/31/2015	(1) 12/31/2014
United States of America	164,624	137,470
Mexico	124,832	107,554
Uruguay	66,335	55,855
Venezuela	20,817	18,763

(1) The increase in fixed and intangible assets as of March 31, 2015 is substantially due to the devaluation of the Real against the functional currencies of the foreign subsidiaries used in the translation of information.

The Company generates revenue from operations in Brazil, Mexico, United States of America, Uruguay and Venezuela, as well as from exports of products to foreign customers, as disclosed below:

	03/31/2015	03/31/2014
Net revenue:		
Brazil	17,152,702	15,726,692
Mexico	42,049	34,350
Venezuela	28,914	17,976
Other Latin American countries	88,254	84,539
United States of America and Canada	43,771	35,091
Far East	17,533	12,224

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Europe	19,032	23,209
Others	11,385	12,783
Total	17,403,640	15,946,864

63

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

22 Risks and Financial Instruments (Consolidated)

Risk Management and Financial Instruments - Governance

The main risks to which the Company and its subsidiaries are exposed reflect strategic/operational and economic/financial aspects. Operational/strategic risks (including, but not limited to, demand behavior, competition, technological innovation, and material changes in the industry structure) are addressed by the Company's management model. Economic/financial risks primarily reflect default of customers, behavior of macroeconomic variables, such as exchange and interest rates, as well as the characteristics of the financial instruments used by the Company and its subsidiaries and their counterparties. These risks are managed through control policies, specific strategies, and the establishment of limits.

The Company has a conservative policy for the management of resources, financial instruments, and risks approved by its Board of Directors ("Policy"). In accordance with the Policy, the main objectives of financial management are to preserve the value and liquidity of financial assets and ensure financial resources for the development of the business, including expansions. The main financial risks considered in the Policy are risks associated with currencies, interest rates, credit, and selection of financial instruments. Governance of the management of financial risks and financial instruments follows the segregation of duties below:

- Implementation of the management of financial assets, instruments, and risks is the responsibility of the financial area, through its treasury department, with the assistance of the tax and accounting departments.
- Supervision and monitoring of compliance with the principles, guidelines, and standards of the Policy is the responsibility of the Risk and Investment Committee, which is composed of members of the Company's Executive Board ("Committee"). The Committee holds regular meetings and is in charge, among other responsibilities, of discussing and monitoring the financial strategies, existing exposures, and significant transactions involving investment, fundraising, or risk mitigation. The Committee monitors the risk standards established by the Policy through a monitoring map on a monthly basis.
- Changes in the Policy or revisions of its standards are subject to the approval of the Board of Directors of Ultrapar.
- Continuous improvement of the Policy is the joint responsibility of the Board of Directors, the Committee, and the financial area.
- The internal audit department audits the compliance with the requirements of the Policy.

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

Currency Risk

Most transactions of the Company and its subsidiaries are located in Brazil and, therefore, the reference currency for risk management is the Brazilian Real. Currency risk management is guided by neutrality of currency exposures and considers the transactional, accounting, and operational risks of the Company and its subsidiaries and their exposure to changes in exchange rates. The Company considers as its main currency exposures the assets and liabilities in foreign currency and the short-term flow of net sales in foreign currency of Oxiteno.

The Company and its subsidiaries use exchange rate hedging instruments (especially between the Brazilian Real and the U.S. dollar) available in the financial market to protect their assets, liabilities, receipts, and disbursements in foreign currency and net investments in foreign operations. Hedge is used in order to reduce the effects of changes in exchange rates on the Company's income and cash flows in Brazilian Reais within the exposure limits under its Policy. Such foreign exchange hedging instruments have amounts, periods, and rates substantially equivalent to those of assets, liabilities, receipts, and disbursements in foreign currencies to which they are related. Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are stated below, translated into Brazilian Reais as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

Assets and Liabilities in Foreign Currencies

In millions of Brazilian Reais	03/31/2015	12/31/2014
Assets in foreign currency		
Cash, cash equivalents and financial investments in foreign currency (except hedging instruments)	759.1	594.9
Foreign trade receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts	202.7	190.3
Net investments in foreign subsidiaries (except cash, cash equivalents, financial investments, trade receivables, financing, and payables)	575.8	507.3
	1,537.6	1,292.5
Liabilities in foreign currency		
Financing in foreign currency	(2,488.0)	(1,867.2)
Payables arising from imports, net of advances to foreign suppliers	(43.4)	(70.6)
	(2,531.4)	(1,937.8)
Foreign currency hedging instruments	1,320.3	783.3
Net asset position – Total	326.5	138.0

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

Sensitivity Analysis of Assets and Liabilities in Foreign Currency

The table below shows the effect of exchange rate changes in different scenarios, based on the net asset position of R\$ 326.5 million in foreign currency:

In millions of Brazilian Reais	Risk	Scenario I 10%	Scenario II 25%	Scenario III 50%
	Real			
(1) Income statement effect	devaluation	(16.5)	(41.4)	(82.7)
(2) Shareholders' equity effect		49.2	123.0	246.0
(1) + (2)	Net effect	32.7	81.6	163.3
	Real			
(3) Income statement effect	appreciation	16.5	41.4	82.7
(4) Shareholders' equity effect		(49.2)	(123.0)	(246.0)
(3) + (4)	Net effect	(32.7)	(81.6)	(163.3)

Gains (losses) directly recognized in equity in cumulative translation adjustments are due to changes in the exchange rate on equity of foreign subsidiaries (see Notes 2.r and 20.f - Cumulative Translation Adjustments).

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

Interest Rate Risk

The Company and its subsidiaries adopt conservative policies for borrowing and investing financial resources and for capital cost minimization. The financial investments of the Company and its subsidiaries are primarily held in transactions linked to the CDI, as set forth in Note 4. Borrowings primarily relate to financing from Banco do Brasil, BNDES, and other development agencies, as well as debentures and borrowings in foreign currency, as shown in Note 14.

The Company does not actively manage risks associated with changes in the level of interest rates and attempts to maintain its financial interest assets and liabilities at floating rates. As of March 31, 2015, the Company and its subsidiaries had interest rate derivative financial instruments linked to domestic loans, in which the Company swapped the fixed interest rate of certain debts to floating interest rates (CDI).

The table below shows the financial assets and liabilities exposed to floating interest rates as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

In millions of Brazilian Reais

	Note	03/31/2015	12/31/2014
CDI			
Cash equivalents	4	2,333.2	2,690.6
Financial investments	4	593.9	902.7
Asset position of foreign exchange hedging instruments - CDI	22	167.8	114.2
Loans and debentures	14	(5,144.2)	(5,157.9)
Liability position of foreign exchange hedging instruments - CDI	22	(1,186.1)	(749.6)
Liability position of hedging instruments from pre-fixed interest to CDI	22	(498.9)	(486.1)
Net liability position in CDI		(3,734.3)	(2,686.1)
TJLP			
Loans –TJLP	14	(510.0)	(540.5)
Net liability position in TJLP		(510.0)	(540.5)
LIBOR			
Asset position of foreign exchange hedging instruments - LIBOR	22	904.0	761.8
Loans - LIBOR	14	(971.6)	(814.3)
Net liability position in LIBOR		(67.6)	(52.5)
TIIE			
Loans - TIIE	14	(60.9)	(32.3)
Net liability position in TIIE		(60.9)	(32.3)
SELIC			
Loans – SELIC	14	(2.0)	-
Net liability position in SELIC		(2.0)	-
Total net liability position exposed to floating interest		(4,374.8)	(3,311.4)

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

Sensitivity Analysis of Floating Interest Rate Risk

The table below shows the incremental expenses and income that would be recognized in financial income as of March 31, 2015, due to the effect of floating interest rate changes in different scenarios:

In millions of Brazilian Reais

	Risk	Scenario I 10%	Scenario II 25%	Scenario III 50%
Exposure of interest rate risk				
Interest effect on cash equivalents and financial investments	Increase in CDI	9.9	23.0	44.7
Foreign exchange hedging instruments				
(assets in CDI) effect	Increase in CDI	0.3	0.7	1.3
Interest effect on debt in CDI	Increase in CDI	(17.0)	(40.2)	(79.0)
Interest rate hedging instruments				
(liabilities in CDI) effect	Increase in CDI	(4.0)	(10.0)	(19.9)
Incremental expenses		(10.8)	(26.5)	(52.9)
Interest effect on debt in TJLP				
Incremental expenses	Increase in TJLP	(0.7)	(1.7)	(3.5)
Foreign exchange hedging instruments				
(assets in LIBOR) effect	Increase in LIBOR	0.1	0.1	0.3
Interest effect on debt in LIBOR	Increase in LIBOR	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.3)
Incremental expenses		-	-	-
Interest effect on debt in TIEE				
Incremental expenses	Increase in TIEE	-	(0.1)	(0.2)
Interest effect on debt in SELIC				
Incremental expenses	Increase in SELIC	-	-	-

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

Credit Risks

The financial instruments that would expose the Company and its subsidiaries to credit risks of the counterparty are basically represented by cash and bank deposits, financial investments, hedging instruments, and trade receivables.

Credit risk of financial institutions - Such risk results from the inability of financial institutions to comply with their financial obligations to the Company and its subsidiaries due to insolvency. The Company and its subsidiaries regularly conduct a credit review of the institutions with which they hold cash and cash equivalents, financial investments, and hedging instruments through various methodologies that assess liquidity, solvency, leverage, portfolio quality, etc. Cash and cash equivalents, financial investments, and hedging instruments are held only with institutions with a solid credit history, chosen for safety and soundness. The volume of cash and cash equivalents, financial investments, and hedging instruments are subject to maximum limits by each institution and, therefore, require diversification of counterparties.

Government credit risk - The Company's policy allows investments in government securities from countries classified as investment grade AAA or Aaa by specialized credit rating agencies and in Brazilian government bonds. The volume of such financial investments is subject to maximum limits by each country and, therefore, requires diversification of counterparties.

Customer credit risk - Such risks are managed by each business unit through specific criteria for acceptance of customers and their credit rating and are additionally mitigated by the diversification of sales. No single customer or group accounts for more than 10% of total revenue.

The Company maintained the following allowances for doubtful accounts on trade receivables:

	03/31/2015	12/31/2014
Ipiranga	138,971	136,104
Ultragaz	24,731	24,140
Oxiteno	12,075	4,522
Extrafarma	7,598	11,067
Ultracargo	2,945	2,611
Total	186,320	178,444

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

Liquidity Risk

The Company and its subsidiaries' main sources of liquidity derive from (i) cash, cash equivalents, and financial investments, (ii) cash generated from operations and (iii) financing. The Company and its subsidiaries believe that these sources are sufficient to satisfy their current funding requirements, which include, but are not limited to, working capital, capital expenditures, amortization of debt, and payment of dividends.

The Company and its subsidiaries periodically examine opportunities for acquisitions and investments. They consider different types of investments, either directly, through joint ventures, or through associated companies, and finance such investments using cash generated from operations, debt financing, through capital increases, or through a combination of these methods.

The Company and its subsidiaries believe to have enough working capital to satisfy their current needs. The gross indebtedness due over the next twelve months totals R\$ 3,162.2 million, including estimated interests on loans. Furthermore, the investment plan for 2015 totals R\$ 1,418 million, and until the first quarter of 2015 the amount of R\$ 158 million had been realized. As of March 31, 2015, the Company and its subsidiaries had R\$ 3,798.6 million in cash, cash equivalents, and short-term financial investments (for quantitative information, see Notes 4 and 14).

The table below presents a summary of financial liabilities as of March 31, 2015 to be settled by the Company and its subsidiaries, listed by maturity. The amounts disclosed in this table are the contractual undiscounted cash outflows, and, therefore, these amounts may be different from the amounts disclosed on the balance sheet as of March 31, 2015.

Financial liabilities	Total	In millions of Brazilian Reais			
		Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 3 years	Between 3 and 5 years	More than 5 years
Loans including future contractual interest (1) (2)	11,462.3	3,162.2	5,159.1	3,058.4	82.6
Currency and interest rate hedging instruments (3)	161.0	91.8	69.2	-	-
Trade payables	1,123.7	1,123.7	-	-	-

(1) To calculate the estimated interest on loans some macroeconomic assumptions were used, including averaging for the period the following: (i) CDI of 13.2 % p.a., (ii) exchange rate of the Real against the U.S. dollar of R\$ 3.33 in 2015, R\$ 3.62 in 2016, R\$ 3.96 in 2017, R\$ 4.31 in 2018, and R\$ 4.71 in 2019, (iii) TJLP of 6.0% p.a. and (iv) IGP-M of 6.1% in 2015, 6.1% in 2016, 5.7% in 2017, 5.7% in 2018, and 5.7% in 2019 (source: BM&FBOVESPA, Bulletin Focus and financial institutions).

(2) Includes estimated interest payments on short-term and long-term loans until the payment date.

(3) The currency and interest rate hedging instruments were estimated based on projected U.S dollar futures contracts and the futures curve of DI x Pre contract quoted on BM&FBOVESPA on March 31, 2015 and on the futures curve of

LIBOR (ICE - IntercontinentalExchange) on March 31, 2015. In the table above, only the hedging instruments with negative results at the time of settlement were considered.

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

Capital Management

The Company manages its capital structure based on indicators and benchmarks. The key performance indicators related to the capital structure management are the weighted average cost of capital, net debt / EBITDA, interest coverage, and indebtedness / equity ratios. Net debt is composed of cash, cash equivalents, and financial investments (see Note 4) and loans, including debentures (see Note 14). The Company can change its capital structure depending on the economic and financial conditions, in order to optimize its financial leverage and capital management. The Company seeks to improve its return on invested capital by implementing efficient working capital management and a selective investment program.

Selection and Use of Financial Instruments

In selecting financial investments and hedging instruments, an analysis is conducted to estimate rates of return, risks involved, liquidity, calculation methodology for the carrying value and fair value, and a review is conducted of any documentation applicable to the financial instruments. The financial instruments used to manage the financial resources of the Company and its subsidiaries are intended to preserve value and liquidity.

The Policy contemplates the use of derivative financial instruments only to cover identified risks and in amounts consistent with the risk (limited to 100% of the identified risk). The risks identified in the Policy are described in the above sections, and are subject to risk management. In accordance with the Policy, the Company and its subsidiaries can use forward contracts, swaps, options, and futures contracts to manage identified risks. Leveraged derivative instruments are not permitted. Because the use of derivative financial instruments is limited to the coverage of identified risks, the Company and its subsidiaries use the term “hedging instruments” to refer to derivative financial instruments.

As mentioned in the section “Risk Management and Financial Instruments – Governance”, the Committee monitors compliance with the risk standards established by the Policy through a risk monitoring map, including the use of hedging instruments, on a monthly basis. In addition, the internal audit department verifies the compliance with the requirements of the Policy.

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

The table below summarizes the position of hedging instruments entered into by the Company and its subsidiaries:

Hedging instruments	Counterparty	Maturity	Notional amount1		Fair value		Amounts	Amounts
			03/31/2015	12/31/2014	03/31/2015	12/31/2014	receivable	payable
					R\$	R\$	R\$	R\$
					million	million	million	million
a – Exchange rate swaps receivable in U.S. dollars								
Receivables in U.S. dollars (LIBOR)	Bradesco, BTMU, Itaú,		US\$ 290.0	US\$ 290.0	904.0	761.8	904.0	-
Receivables in U.S. dollars (Fixed)	JP Morgan, Santander	Apr 2015 to Sep 2017	US\$ 183.7	US\$ 50.6	583.5	136.6	583.5	-
Payables in CDI interest rate			US\$ (473.7)	US\$ (340.6)	(1,186.1)	(749.1)	-	1,186.1
Total result			-	-	301.4	149.3	1,487.5	1,186.1
b.1 and b.2 – Exchange rate swaps payable in U.S. dollars + COUPON								
Receivables in CDI interest rates	Bradesco, Citibank, Itaú, Santander	Apr 2015 to Jun 2015	US\$ 52.6	US\$ 42.9	167.8	114.2	167.8	-
Payables in U.S. dollars (Fixed)			US\$ (52.6)	US\$ (42.9)	(167.2)	(115.6)	-	167.2
Total result			-	-	0.6	(1.4)	167.8	167.2
c – Interest rate swaps in R\$								
Receivables in fixed interest rate		May 2015 to	R\$ 327.5	R\$ 327.5	546.3	532.0	546.3	-
Payables in CDI interest rate	Banco do Brasil, Itaú	Aug 2016	R\$ (327.5)	R\$ (327.5)	(498.9)	(486.1)	-	498.9
Total result			-	-	47.4	45.9	546.3	498.9

d – Exchange rate swaps receivable in Euros								
Receivables in Euros (Fixed)	Itaú	-	-	€ 0.2	-	0.5	-	-
Payables in CDI interest rate				€ (0.2)	-	(0.5)	-	-
Total result				-	-	-	-	-
Total gross result					349.4	193.8	2,201.6	1,852.2
Income tax					(70.5)	(36.7)	(70.4)	-
Total net result					278.9	157.1	2,131.2	1,852.2
Positive result (see Note 4)					302.8	164.5		
Negative result (see Note 14)					(23.9)	(7.4)		

(1) In million. Currency as indicated.

All transactions mentioned above were properly registered with CETIP S.A.

Hedging instruments existing as of March 31, 2015 are described below, according to their category, risk, and hedging strategy:

a - Hedging against foreign exchange exposure of liabilities in foreign currency - The purpose of these contracts is (i) to offset the effect of the change in exchange rates of debts or firm commitments in U.S. dollars by converting them into debts or firm commitments in Brazilian Reais linked to CDI, and (ii) change a financial investment linked to the CDI and given as a guarantee to a loan in the U.S. dollar into a financial investment linked to the U.S. dollar. As of March 31, 2015, the Company and its subsidiaries had outstanding swap contracts totaling US\$ 473.7 million in notional amount with a liability position, on average of 100.0 % of CDI, of which US\$ 183.7 million, on average, had an asset position at US\$ + 1.7 % p.a. and US\$ 290.0 million had an asset position at US\$ + LIBOR + 0.8% p.a.

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

b.1 - Hedging against foreign exchange exposure of operations - The purpose of these contracts is to make the exchange rate of the revenues of subsidiaries Oleoquímica, Oxiteno S.A. and Oxiteno Nordeste equal to the exchange rate of the cost of their main raw materials during their operating cycles. As of March 31, 2015, these swap contracts totaled US\$ 11.6 million and, on average, had an asset position at 77.7% of CDI and a liability position at US\$ + 0.0% p.a.

b.2 - Hedging against foreign exchange exposure of net investments in foreign operations - The purpose of these contracts is to minimize the effect of exchange variation of investments in foreign subsidiaries with functional currencies different from the functional currency of the Company, turning them into investments in Brazilian Reais. As of March 31, 2015, the Company and its subsidiaries had outstanding swap contracts totaling US\$ 41.0 million in notional amount with an asset position at 83.0% of CDI and a liability position of US\$ + 0.0% p.a.

c - Hedging against the interest rate fixed in local financing - The purpose of these contracts is to convert the interest rate on financing contracted in Brazilian Reais from fixed into floating. As of March 31, 2015 these swap contracts totaled R\$ 327.5 million of notional amount corresponding to principal amount of related debt, and on average had an asset position at 11.8% p.a. and a liability position at 98.6% of CDI.

d - Hedging against the foreign currency exchange exposure of liabilities - The purpose of these contracts is offset the effect of exchange variation of debts or firm commitments in euro, turning them into debts or firm commitments in Reais indexed to the CDI. As of March 31, 2015, the Company and its subsidiaries had no swap contracts.

Hedge Accounting

The Company and its subsidiaries test, throughout the duration of the hedge, the effectiveness of their derivatives, as well as the changes in their fair value. The Company and its subsidiaries designate as fair value hedges certain derivative financial instruments used to offset the variations in interest and exchange rates, which are based on the market value of financing contracted in Brazilian Reais and U.S. dollars.

On March 31, 2015, the notional amount of foreign exchange hedging instruments designated as fair value hedge totaled US\$ 300.0 million. As of March 31, 2015, a gain of R\$ 89.2 million related to the result of hedging instruments, a gain of R\$ 18.6 million related to the fair value adjustment of debt, and a loss of R\$ 121.9 million related to the financial expense of the debt were recognized in the income statements, transforming the average effective cost of the operation into 102.5% of CDI (see Note 14.c.1).

On March 31, 2015, the notional amount of exchange rate hedging instruments designated as cash flow hedges totaled US\$ 80.0 million related to highly probable transactions and a gain for the three-month period ended March 31, 2015 of R\$ 39.1 million was recognized through the income statement.

On March 31, 2015, the notional amount of exchange rate hedging instruments designated as hedges of net investment in a foreign operation totaled US\$ 41 million relating to the portion of investments in entities which have functional currency different from the Real. For the three-month period ended March 31, 2015, a loss of R\$ 14.0 million was recorded. The exchange rate on investment and the hedging instrument effects were offset in equity.

On March 31, 2015, the notional amount of interest rate hedging instruments totaled R\$ 327.5 million, referring to the principal of the pre-fixed loans in Brazilian Reais. As of March 31, 2015, a gain of R\$ 1.4 million related to the result of hedging instruments, a null result related to the fair value adjustment of debt, and a loss of R\$ 15.0 million related to the accrued interest rate of the debt were recognized in the income statement, transforming the average effective cost of the operations into 98.6% of CDI.

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

Gains (losses) on Hedging Instruments

The following tables summarize the value of gains (losses) recognized, which affected the shareholders' equity as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 and income statement as of March 31, 2015 and 2014 of the Company and its subsidiaries:

	R\$ million 03/31/2015	
	Profit or loss	Equity
a – Exchange rate swaps receivable in U.S. dollars (i) (ii)	(29.7)	10.8
b – Exchange rate swaps payable in U.S. dollars (ii)	(0.4)	(14.0)
c – Interest rate swaps in R\$ (iii)	1.4	-
Total	(28.7)	(3.2)

	R\$ million 03/31/2014 12/31/2014	
	Profit or loss	Equity
a – Exchange rate swaps receivable in U.S. dollars (i) (ii)	(10.8)	-
b – Exchange rate swaps payable in U.S. dollars (ii)	5.8	(7.3)
c – Interest rate swaps in R\$ (iii)	6.6	-
Total	1.6	(7.3)

The table above: (i) does not consider the effect of exchange rate variation of exchange swaps receivable in U.S. dollars when this effect is offset in the gain or loss of the hedged item (debt/ firm commitments), (ii) considers the designation effect of foreign exchange hedging and (iii) considers the designation effect of interest rate hedging in Brazilian Reais.

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The fair values and the carrying values of the financial instruments, including currency and interest rate hedging instruments, as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, are stated below:

			03/31/2015	Fair	12/31/2014	Fair
	Category	Note	Carrying	value	Carrying	value
			value		value	
Financial assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents						
Cash and bank deposits	Loans and receivables	4	139,179	139,179	133,296	133,296
	Measured at fair value					
Financial investments in local currency	through profit or loss	4	2,333,198	2,333,198	2,690,638	2,690,638
	Measured at fair value					
Financial investments in foreign currency	through profit or loss	4	21,618	21,618	3,435	3,435
Financial investments						
Fixed-income securities and funds in local currency	Available for sale	4	583,244	583,244	892,065	892,065
Fixed-income securities and funds in local currency	Held to maturity	4	10,618	10,618	10,618	10,618
Fixed-income securities and funds in foreign currency	Available for sale	4	628,724	628,724	505,574	505,574
	Measured at fair value					
Currency and interest rate hedging instruments	through profit or loss	4	302,804	302,804	164,496	164,496
Total			4,019,385	4,019,385	4,400,122	4,400,122
Financial liabilities:						
Financing	Measured at fair value through profit or loss	14	1,477,567	1,477,567	1,132,644	1,132,644
Financing	Measured at amortized	14	5,174,396	5,153,370	4,904,248	4,878,005

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	cost					
	Measured at					
	amortized					
Debtentures	cost	14	2,255,920	2,252,908	2,283,852	2,281,353
	Measured at					
	amortized					
Finance leases	cost	14	46,296	46,296	47,044	47,044
	Measured at					
	fair value					
Currency and interest rate	through profit					
hedging instruments	or loss	14	23,872	23,872	7,424	7,424
	Measured at					
	fair value					
Subscription warrants	–through profit					
indemnification	or loss	3.a	128,185	128,185	92,072	92,072
Total			9,106,236	9,082,198	8,467,284	8,438,542

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

The fair value of financial instruments, including currency and interest hedging instruments, was determined as follows:

- The fair value of cash and bank deposit balances are identical to their carrying values.
- Financial investments in investment funds are valued at the value of the fund unit as of the date of the reporting period, which corresponds to their fair value.
- Financial investments in CDBs (Bank Certificates of Deposit) and similar investments offer daily liquidity through repurchase at the “yield curve” and, therefore, the Company believes their fair value corresponds to their carrying value.
- The fair value calculation of LPG Inc.’s notes in the foreign market (see Note 14.b) is based on the quoted prices in an active market.
- The subscription warrants – indemnification were measured based on the share price of Ultrapar (UGPA3) at the reporting date.

The fair value of other financial investments and financing was determined using calculation methodologies commonly used for mark-to-market reporting, which consist of calculating future cash flows associated with each instrument adopted and adjusting them to present value at the market rates as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014. For some cases where there is no active market for the financial instrument, the Company and its subsidiaries can use quotes provided by the transaction counterparties.

The interpretation of market information on the choice of calculation methodologies for the fair value requires considerable judgment and estimates to obtain a value deemed appropriate to each situation. Consequently, the estimates presented do not necessary indicate the amounts that may be realizable in the current market.

Financial instruments were classified as loans and receivables or financial liabilities measured at amortized cost, except (i) all exchange rate and interest rate hedging instruments, which are measured at fair value through profit or loss, (ii) financial investments classified as measured at fair value through profit or loss, (iii) financial investments that are classified as available for sale, which are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (see Note 4), (iv) loans and financing measured at fair value through profit or loss (see Note 14), (v) guarantees to customers that have vendor arrangements (see Note 14.k), which are measured at fair value through profit or loss, and (vi) subscription warrants – indemnification, which are measured at fair value through profit or loss. The financial investments classified as held-to-maturity are measured at amortized cost. Cash, banks, and trade receivables are classified as loans and receivables. Trade payables and other payables are classified as financial liabilities measured at amortized cost.

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

Fair Value Hierarchy of Financial Instruments

The financial instruments are classified in the following categories:

- (a) Level 1 - prices negotiated (without adjustment) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- (b) Level 2 - inputs other than prices negotiated in active markets included in Level 1 and observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices); and
- (c) Level 3 - inputs for the asset or liability which are not based on observable market variables (unobservable inputs).

The table below shows a summary of the financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value in the Company's and its subsidiaries as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

	Category	Note	03/31/2015	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets:						
Cash equivalents						
Cash and banks	Loans and receivables	4	139,179	139,179	-	-
Financial investments in local currency	Measured at fair value through profit or loss	4	2,333,198	2,333,198	-	-
Financial investments in foreign currency	Measured at fair value through profit or loss	4	21,618	21,618	-	-
Financial investments						
Fixed-income securities and funds in local currency	Available for sale	4	583,244	583,244	-	-
Fixed-income securities and funds in local currency	Held to maturity	4	10,618	10,618	-	-
Fixed-income securities and funds in foreign currency	Available for sale	4	628,724	143,333	485,391	-
Currency and interest rate hedging instruments	Measured at fair value through profit or loss	4	302,804	-	302,804	-
Total			4,019,385	3,231,190	788,195	-

Financial liabilities:

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Financing	Measured at fair value through profit or loss	14	1,477,567	-	1,477,567	-
Financing	Measured at amortized cost	14	5,153,370	840,366	4,313,004	-
Debentures	Measured at amortized cost	14	2,252,908	-	2,252,908	-
Finance leases	Measured at amortized cost	14	46,296	-	46,296	-
Currency and interest rate hedging instruments	Measured at fair value through profit or loss	14	23,872	-	23,872	-
Subscription warrants – indemnification (1)	Measured at fair value through profit or loss	3.a	128,185	-	128,185	-
Total			9,082,198	840,366	8,241,832	-

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

	Category	Note	12/31/2014	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets:						
Cash equivalents						
Cash and banks	Loans and receivables	4	133,296	133,296	-	-
Financial investments in local currency	Measured at fair value through profit or loss	4	2,690,638	2,690,638	-	-
Financial investments in foreign currency	Measured at fair value through profit or loss	4	3,435	3,435	-	-
Financial investments						
Fixed-income securities and funds in local currency	Available for sale	4	892,065	892,065	-	-
Fixed-income securities and funds in local currency	Held to maturity	4	10,618	10,618	-	-
Fixed-income securities and funds in foreign currency	Available for sale	4	505,574	146,782	358,792	-
Currency and interest rate hedging instruments	Measured at fair value through profit or loss	4	164,496	-	164,496	-
Total			4,400,122	3,876,834	523,288	-
Financial liabilities:						
Financing	Measured at fair value through profit or loss	14	1,132,644	-	1,132,644	-
Financing	Measured at amortized cost	14	4,878,005	707,281	4,170,724	-
Debentures	Measured at amortized cost	14	2,281,353	-	2,281,353	-
Finance leases	Measured at amortized cost	14	47,044	-	47,044	-
Currency and interest rate hedging instruments	Measured at fair value through profit or loss	14	7,424	-	7,424	-
Subscription warrants – indemnification (1)	Measured at fair value through profit or loss	3.a	92,072	-	92,072	-
Total			8,438,542	707,281	7,731,261	-

(1) Refers to subscription warrants issued by the Company in the Extrafarma acquisition that, if exercised, may lead to the issuance of up to 3,205,622 shares in the future, related to subscription warrants – indemnification. The subscription warrants are measured using the price of the shares issued by Ultrapar (UGPA3) on the reporting date and are adjusted to the Company’s dividend yield, since the exercise is only possible starting in 2020 onwards and are not entitled to dividends. The number of shares of subscription warrants – indemnification is also adjusted according to the changes in the amounts of provision for tax, civil, and labor risks and contingent liabilities related to the period prior to January 31, 2014. For further information of the Extrafarma acquisition, see Note 3.a) to the financial statements of the Company filed with the CVM on February 25, 2015.

Sensitivity Analysis

The Company and its subsidiaries use derivative financial instruments only to hedge against identified risks and in amounts consistent with the risk (limited to 100% of the identified risk). Thus, for purposes of sensitivity analysis of market risks associated with financial instruments, as required by CVM Instruction 475/08, the Company analyzes the hedging instrument and the hedged item together, as shown on the charts below.

For the sensitivity analysis of foreign exchange hedging instruments, management adopted as a likely scenario the Real/U.S. dollar exchange rates at maturity of each swap, projected by U.S dollar futures contracts quoted on BM&FBOVESPA as of March 31, 2015. As a reference, the exchange rate for the last maturity of foreign exchange hedging instruments is R\$ 4.03 in the likely scenario. Scenarios II and III were estimated with a 25% and 50% additional appreciation or depreciation of the Brazilian Real against the likely scenario, according to the risk to which the hedged item is exposed.

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

Based on the balances of the hedging instruments and hedged items as of March 31, 2015, the exchange rates were replaced, and the changes between the new balance in Brazilian Reais and the original balance in Brazilian Reais as of March 31, 2015 were calculated in each of the three scenarios. The table below shows the change in the values of the main derivative instruments and their hedged items, considering the changes in the exchange rate in the different scenarios:

	Risk	Scenario I (likely)	Scenario II	Scenario III
Currency swaps receivable in U.S. dollars				
(1) U.S. Dollar / Real swaps	Dollar	241,793	682,718	1,123,643
(2) Debts/firm commitments in dollars	appreciation	(241,771)	(682,664)	(1,123,557)
(1)+(2)	Net effect	22	54	86
Currency swaps payable in U.S. dollars				
(3) Real / U.S. Dollar swaps	Dollar	(1,099)	41,385	83,869
(4) Gross margin of Oxiteno	devaluation	1,099	(41,385)	(83,869)
(3)+(4)	Net effect	-	-	-

For sensitivity analysis of hedging instruments for interest rates in Brazilian Reais, the Company used the futures curve of the DI x Pre contract on BM&FBOVESPA as of March 31, 2015 for each of the swap and debt (hedged item) maturities, to determine the likely scenarios. Scenarios II and III were estimated based on a 25% and 50% deterioration, respectively, of the likely scenario pre-fixed interest rate.

Based on the three scenarios of interest rates in Brazilian Reais, the Company estimated the values of its debt and hedging instruments according to the risk which is being hedged (variations in the pre-fixed interest rates in Brazilian Reais), by projecting them to future value at the contracted rates and bringing them to present value at the interest rates of the estimated scenarios. The results are shown in the table below:

	Risk	Scenario I (likely)	Scenario II	Scenario III
Interest rate swap (in R\$)				
(1) Fixed rate swap - CDI	Decrease in	-	2,842	5,815
(2) Fixed rate financing	Pre-fixed rate	-	(2,845)	(5,820)
(1)+(2)	Net effect	-	(3)	(5)

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

23 Provisions, Contingencies and Commitments (Consolidated)

a. Provisions for tax, civil, and labor risks

The Company and its subsidiaries are parties in tax, civil, and labor disputes and are discussing these issues both at the administrative and judiciary levels, which, when applicable, are backed by escrow deposits. Provisions for losses are estimated and updated by managements. Managements are supported by the opinion of the legal departments of the Company and its outside legal counsel.

The table below demonstrates the breakdown of provisions by nature and its movement:

Provisions	Balance on 12/31/2014	Additions	Write-offs	Monetary restatement	Balance on 03/31/2015
IRPJ and CSLL (i)	406,478	-	-	7,466	413,944
PIS and COFINS (ii)	119,237	-	-	2,020	121,257
ICMS	20,829	-	-	102	20,931
Social security	10,483	179	(21)	159	10,800
Civil litigation (iii)	58,336	77	(1,464)	17	56,966
Labor litigation (iv)	71,516	2,638	(1,605)	227	72,776
Other	562	9	(10)	4	565
Total	687,441	2,903	(3,100)	9,995	697,239
Current	64,169				69,283
Non-current	623,272				627,956

Some of the tax provisions above involve escrow deposits in the amount of R\$ 515,120 as of March 31, 2015 (R\$ 505,650 as of December 31, 2014).

b. Tax Matters

Provisions

(i) On October 7, 2005, the subsidiaries Cia. Ultragas and Bahiana Distribuidora de Gás Ltda. (“Bahiana”) filed for and obtained a preliminary injunction to recognize and offset PIS and COFINS credits on LPG purchases, against other taxes levied by the Brazilian Federal Revenue Service, notably IRPJ and CSLL. The decision was confirmed by a trial court on May 16, 2008. Under the preliminary injunction, the subsidiaries made escrow deposits for these debits

which amounted to R\$ 396,203 as of March 31, 2015 (R\$ 388,675 as of December 31, 2014). On July 18, 2014, a second instance unfavorable decision was published and the subsidiaries suspended the escrow deposits, and started to pay income taxes from that date. To revert the court decision, the subsidiaries presented a writ of prevention which was dismissed on December 30, 2014, and the Company appealed this decision on February 3, 2015. Appeals were also presented to the respective higher courts (STJ and STF) whose trials are pending.

(i) The subsidiary IPP has a Declaratory Action discussing the constitutionality of Law No. 9316/1996, that denied the deduction of CSLL from the IRPJ tax basis. This claim was denied on 1st and 2nd instances, and the appeal presented to the Supreme Court awaits trial. The subsidiary has provision of R\$ 20,948 as of March 31, 2015 (R\$ 20,706 as of December 31, 2014) for this discussion.

(ii) The subsidiaries Oxiteno S.A., Oxiteno Nordeste, Cia. Ultragaz, Tequimar, Tropical Transportes Ipiranga Ltda., Empresa Carioca de Produtos Químicos S.A. (“EMCA”), IPP and Extrafarma filed for a preliminary injunction seeking the deduction of ICMS from their PIS and COFINS tax bases. Oxiteno Nordeste and IPP paid the amounts into escrow deposits, and recognized a corresponding provision in the amount of R\$ 94,113 as of March 31, 2015 (R\$ 92,457 as of December 31, 2014).

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

Contingent Liabilities

The main tax claims of subsidiary IPP and its subsidiaries that are classified as having a possible risk of loss, and that have not been recognized in the interim financial information due to this assessment, are related to ICMS, and mainly, to: (a) the required proportional reversal of ICMS credits recognized on the purchase of ethanol that was later resold at lower prices as a result of PROÁLCOOL, a Federal Government program to encourage alcohol production. The Company has determined the anticipation of financial subsidy by the distributors to the mill owners and their subsequent reimbursement by the DNC (current National Oil Agency) as R\$ 118,043 as of March 31, 2015 (R\$ 116,480 as of December 31, 2014), (b) alleged undue ICMS credits for which the tax authorities understand that there was no proof of origin for R\$ 37,175 as of March 31, 2015 (R\$ 36,370 as of December 31, 2014), (c) assessments for alleged non-payment of ICMS totaling R\$ 52,563 as of March 31, 2015 (R\$ 52,011 as of December 31, 2014), (d) assessment issued in Ourinhos/SP in connection with the return of ethanol loans made with deferred tax, in the amount of R\$ 46,472 as of March 31, 2015 (R\$ 45,256 as of December 31, 2014), (e) assessments in the State of Rio de Janeiro demanding the reversal of ICMS credits on interstate sales made under Article 33 of ICMS Convention 66/88, which allowed the use of the ICMS credit but was suspended by an injunction granted by STF (the Brazilian Federal Court of Justice), totaling R\$ 17,900 as of March 31, 2015 (R\$ 17,806 as of December 31, 2014), (f) ICMS credits taken in relation to bills considered invalid, though the understanding of the STJ (the Brazilian High Court of Justice) is that it is possible to take credit, even if there is a defect in the document of the seller, as long as it is confirmed that the transaction occurred, for R\$ 29,316 as of March 31, 2015 (R\$ 28,811 as of December 31, 2014); (g) assessments arising from surplus or shortage of inventory, generated by differences in temperature or handling of the product, without the corresponding issuance of invoices, as of R\$ 66,140 as of March 31, 2015 (R\$ 60,412 as of December 31, 2014), (h) infraction relating to ICMS credits due to alleged non-compliance with legal formalities, for R\$ 41,233 as of March 31, 2015 (R\$ 40,224 as of December 31, 2014) and; (i) assessments arising from ICMS credits related to inputs of ethanol from certain States that had granted tax benefits to producers of alcohol in alleged disagreement with the law, in the amount of R\$ 36,812 as of March 31, 2015 (R\$ 36,396 as of December 31, 2014); (j) assessments that consider various possible breaches of auxiliary obligations, among them the alleged lack of issuance of invoices, the alleged failure of delivery, or delivery with errors of informative reports to the tax authorities, errors in the filling of DANFE - Auxiliary Document Electronic Invoice, among others, totaling R\$ 9,551 as of March 31, 2015 (R\$ 8,173 as of December 31, 2014); and (k) infraction notice for non-payment of ICMS related to the acquisition of basic lubricating oil, whose remittance was deferred to the time of the subsequent industrialized output relating to interstate transactions (covered by the constitutional non-occurrence - article 155, X, 'b' of the Federal Constitution), totaling R\$ 11,728 as of March 31, 2015 (R\$ 11,579 as of December 31, 2014).

The subsidiary IPP has assessments invalidating the offset of excise tax ("IPI") credits in connection with the purchase of raw materials used in the manufacturing of products which sales are not subject to IPI under the protection of tax immunity. The non-provisioned amount of this contingency classified as a possible risk of loss, as of March 31, 2015, is R\$ 142,413 (R\$ 140,566 as of December 31, 2014).

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

Contingent Assets

The Company and its subsidiaries have favorable judgments to pay contributions to PIS and COFINS without the changes introduced by Law 9718/1998 in its original version. The ongoing questioning refers to the levy of these contributions on sources of income other than gross revenue. In 2005, the STF (the Brazilian Supreme Federal Court) decided the question in favor of the taxpayers. Although this has set a favorable precedent, the effect of this decision does not automatically apply to all companies, since they must await the formal decision in their own lawsuits. Certain lawsuits of the Company's subsidiaries are currently pending trial and, in the event all such lawsuits are decided in favor of the subsidiaries, the Company estimates that the total positive effect on income before income and social contribution taxes may reach R\$ 36,562, net of attorney's fees.

c. Civil Claims

Provisions

iii) The Company and its subsidiaries maintained provisions for lawsuits and administrative proceedings, mainly derived from contracts entered into with customers and former services providers, as well as proceedings related to environmental issues in the amount of R\$ 56,966 as of March 31, 2015 (R\$ 58,336 as of December 31, 2014).

Contingent Liabilities

The subsidiary Cia. Ultragaz is party to an administrative proceeding before CADE (Brazilian antitrust authority) based on alleged anti-competitive practices in the State of Minas Gerais in 2001. The CADE entered a decision against Cia. Ultragaz and imposed a penalty of R\$ 23,104. The imposition of such administrative decision was suspended by a court order and its merit is being judicially reviewed. Based on the above elements and on the opinion of its legal counsel, the subsidiary did not recognize a provision for this contingency.

d. Labor Matters

Provisions

iv) The Company and its subsidiaries maintained provisions of R\$ 72,776 as of March 31, 2015 (R\$ 71,516 as of December 31, 2014) for labor litigation filed by former employees and by employees of our service providers mainly contesting the non-payment of labor rights.

Contingent Liabilities

In 1990, the Petrochemical Industry Labor Union (Sindiquímica), of which the employees of Oxiteno Nordeste and EMCA, companies located in the Camaçari Petrochemical Complex, are members, filed separate lawsuits against the subsidiaries demanding the compliance with the fourth section of the collective labor agreement, which provided for a salary adjustment in lieu of the salary policies practiced. In the same year, a collective labor dispute was also filed by the Union of Employers (SINPEQ) against Sindiquímica, requiring the recognition of the loss of effectiveness of such

fourth section. Individual claims were rejected. The collective bargaining agreement is currently pending trial by STF. In the second half of 2010, some companies in the Camaçari Petrochemical Complex signed an agreement with Sindiquímica and reported the fact in the collective bargaining agreement dispute. Based on the opinion of their legal advisors, who reviewed the latest STF decision in the collective bargaining agreement dispute as well as the status of the individual claims involving the subsidiaries Oxiteno Nordeste and EMCA, the management of such subsidiaries believed that it was not necessary to recognize a provision as of March 31, 2015.

The Company and its subsidiaries have other pending administrative and legal proceedings of tax, civil, and labor nature, which are individually less relevant, and were estimated by their legal counsel as having possible and/or remote risks (proceedings whose chance of loss is 50% or less). As such, the related potential losses were not provided for by the Company and its subsidiaries based on these opinions. The Company and its subsidiaries are also litigating for recovery of taxes and contributions, which were not recognized in the interim financial information due to their contingent nature.

Ultrapar Participações S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

e. Contracts

Subsidiary Tequimar has agreements with CODEBA and Complexo Industrial Portuário Governador Eraldo Gueiros, in connection with its port facilities in Aratu and Suape, respectively. Such agreements establish a minimum cargo movement of products, as shown below:

Port	Minimum movement in tons per year	Maturity
Aratu	100,000	2016
Aratu	900,000	2022
Suape	250,000	2027
Suape	400,000	2029

If the annual movement is less than the minimum contractual movement, the subsidiary is liable to pay the difference between the effective movement and the minimum contractual movement, based on the port tariff rates in effect on the date established for payment. As of March 31, 2015, these rates were R\$ 5.79 per ton for Aratu and R\$ 1.38 per ton for Suape. The subsidiary has met the minimum cargo movement required since the beginning of the contractual agreements.

Subsidiary Oxiteno Nordeste has a supply agreement with Braskem S.A. which establishes a minimum quarterly consumption level of ethylene and conditions for the supply of ethylene until 2021. The minimum purchase commitment clause provides a minimum annual consumption of 205 thousand tons and a maximum of 220 thousand tons. The minimum purchase commitment and the actual demand accumulated to March 31, 2015 and 2014, expressed in tons of ethylene, are shown below. Should the minimum purchase commitment not be met, the subsidiary would be liable for a fine of 40% of the current ethylene price for the quantity not purchased. The subsidiary has met the minimum purchase required in the agreement.

Minimum purchase commitment (*)

Accumulated demand (actual)