BALDWIN TECHNOLOGY CO INC

Form 10-O May 15, 2003

Form 10-Q

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. |X| Quarterly Report Under Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 For quarter ended March 31, 2003 OR | | Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 For the transition period from _____ to ____ Commission file number 1-9334BALDWIN TECHNOLOGY COMPANY, INC. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter) Delaware 12-3258160 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.) (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) Twelve Commerce Drive, Shelton, Connecticut 06484 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code) Registrant's telephone number, including area code: 203-402-1000

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year,

if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days:

> YES |X| 1 1 NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

> YES | | NO |X|

> > APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS:

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Class A Common Stock \$0.01 par value

12,828,647

Class B Common Stock \$0.01 par value

2,185,883

BALDWIN TECHNOLOGY COMPANY, INC.

INDEX

Part I	Financial	Information
	Item 1	Financial Statements
		Consolidated Balance Sheets at March 31, 2003 (unaudited) and June 30, 2002
		Consolidated Statements of Income for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2003 (unaudited) and 2002 (unaudited)
		Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity for the nine months ended March 31, 2003 (unaudited) and 2002 (unaudited)
		Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the nine months ended March 31, 2003 (unaudited) and 2002 (unaudited)
		Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)
	Item 2	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations
	Item 3	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk
	Item 4	Controls and Procedures
Part II		Other Information
	Item 6	Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K
Signatures	3	

BALDWIN TECHNOLOGY COMPANY, INC.

5-6

7-1

19-2

29

29

30

31

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (IN THOUSANDS)

ASSETS

	n 31, 2003	e 30, 2002
	audited)	
CURRENT ASSETS:		
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable trade, net of allowance for doubtful	\$ 4,028	\$ 4 , 679
accounts of \$1,962 (\$1,994 at June 30, 2002)	23,209	27,262
Notes receivable, trade	11,533	13,390
Inventories, net	23,267	24,928
Deferred taxes	878	893
Prepaid expenses and other	 4 , 158	 6,581
Total Current Assets	67,073	77,733
MARKETABLE SECURITIES:		
Cost \$504 (\$475 at June 30, 2002)	 342	 430
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, at cost:		
Land and buildings	856	2,669
Machinery and equipment	2,907	5 , 526
Furniture and fixtures	3,823	3,716
Leasehold improvements	468	458
Capital leases	195	428
		12,797
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization	 (3,202)	 (6,453)
Net Property, Plant and Equipment	5,047	6,344
PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS at cost, less accumulated		
amortization of \$3,652 (\$3,432 at June 30, 2002)	2,046	2,061
GOODWILL, net	10,009	9,618
DEFERRED TAXES	7,861	6,277
OTHER ASSETS	4,548	 6 , 025
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 96,926	\$ 108,488

The accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

1

BALDWIN TECHNOLOGY COMPANY, INC.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT SHARE AND PER SHARE DATA)

LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

	March 31, 2003 (Unaudited)		June 30,	
CURRENT LIABILITIES:				
Loans payable	\$	4,983	\$	5
Current portion of long-term debt		12,646		5
Accounts payable, trade		11,413		12
Notes payable, trade		8 , 533		7
Accrued salaries, commissions, bonus and				
profit-sharing		4,001		3
Customer deposits		4,859		4
Accrued and withheld taxes		1,658		1
Income taxes payable		997		1
Other accounts payable and accrued liabilities		11,468		13
Total current liabilities		60 , 558		55
LONG TERM LIABILITIES:				
Long-term debt		535		11
Other long-term liabilities		6 , 634		7
Other long-term riabilities				
Total long-term liabilities		7 , 169		19
Total liabilities		67 , 727		74
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES				
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:				
Class A Common Stock, \$.01 par, 45,000,000 shares authorized,				
16,458,849 shares issued		165		
Class B Common Stock, \$.01 par, 4,500,000 shares authorized,				
2,185,883 shares issued		21		
Capital contributed in excess of par value		56 , 986		56
Retained Deficit		(15,147)		(8
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(13,147)		(2
*		(± / /)		\ 4
Less: Treasury stock, at cost:		(12 100)		(12
Class A - 3,630,202 shares		(12,199)		(12
Note receivable from a former executive for common stock issuance		(450)		
Total shareholders' equity		 29 , 199		 33
rotal shareholders equity		29,199		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$	96 , 926	\$	108

The accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

2

BALDWIN TECHNOLOGY COMPANY, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE DATA) (UNAUDITED)

	For the three months Ended March 31,		ended Ma		
		2003			2003
Net Sales Cost of goods sold			25,884		
Gross Profit		8,104	11 , 983		28 , 774
Operating Expenses: General and administrative Selling		2,871	4,490 2,858		8,759
Engineering and development Provision for loss on the disposition of pre-press operations Restructuring charges		3,937 0 67	3,607 0 289		0 3,404
		10,415	11,244		35,805
Operating (loss) income		(2,311)	739		(7,031)
Other (income) expense: Interest expense Interest income Royalty income, net Other (income) expense, net			419 (67) (1,106) (94)		(199)
		(807)	 (848)		(356)
(Loss) income from continuing operations before income taxes		(1,504)	1 , 587		(6,675)
(Benefit) provision for income taxes		(387)	 513		235
(Loss) income from continuing operations Discontinued operations (Note 10): Loss from operations of discontinued component (less		(1,117)	1,074		(6,910)
applicable income taxes of \$0) Gain on sale of discontinued component (less applicable income taxes of \$0)		0	(36)		(253) 543
Net (loss) income	 \$	(1,117)	 \$ 1,038	 \$	(6,620)
Net (loss) income per share - basic and diluted Continuing operations Discontinued operations - loss from	\$	(0.07)	\$ 0.07	\$	(0.46)
Operations Discontinued operations - gain on sale		0.00	0.00		(0.02) 0.04

	\$	(0.07)	\$	0.07	\$	(0.44)
	===		===	=====	===	
Weighted average shares outstanding:						
Basic and diluted		15,015		15,015		15,015
	===		===		===	

The accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

3

BALDWIN TECHNOLOGY COMPANY, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT SHARES) (UNAUDITED)

	Clas Common Shares		Class Common 	Stock	In Excess			Trea Shares
Balance at June 30, 2002	16,458,849		2,185,883			\$ (8,527) 	\$ (2,017) 	(3,630,2
Net loss for the nine months ended March 31, 2003	€							
·						(6,620)		
Translation adjustment							1,858	
Unrealized loss on available-for-sale securities, net of							169)	
tax							(68)	
Unrealized gain on forward contracts, net of tax							50	
Comprehensive loss								
Note receivable from a former executive								
Balance at March 31, 2003	16,458,849				•	\$ (15,147)		(3,630,2
	=======	====	=======	===	======	======	=======	======

The accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

4

BALDWIN TECHNOLOGY COMPANY, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (IN THOUSANDS) (UNAUDITED)

Cash flows from operating activities: Net (loss) income (6,620) 81 Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash					ed March 31,
Net (loss) income \$ (6,620) \$ 81 Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: 1,424 1,471 Depreciation and amortization 1,424 1,471 Accrued retirement pay 448 545 Provision for losses on accounts receivable 176 955 (Gain) loss from disposition of businesses (543) 8 Restructuring charges 3,404 795 Deferred income taxes (1,531) 1,940 Write-off of deferred debt financing costs 0 255 Changes in assets and liabilities, net of businesses sold: 255 1,260 1,265 Accounts and notes receivable 6,457 (3,357) 1,194 1,194 Prepaid expenses and other 2,509 (2,442) 2,194 2,194 2,194 Other assets 1,276 153 3,16 1,176 153 3,176 1,176 153 2,176 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175<			2003		2002
Net (loss) income \$ (6,620) \$ 81 Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: 1,424 1,471 Depreciation and amortization 1,424 1,471 Accrued retirement pay 448 545 Provision for losses on accounts receivable 176 955 (Gain) loss from disposition of businesses (543) 8 Restructuring charges 3,404 795 Deferred income taxes (1,531) 1,940 Write-off of deferred debt financing costs 0 255 Changes in assets and liabilities, net of businesses sold: 255 1,260 1,251 Accounts and notes receivable 6,457 (3,357) 1,1940 1,1940 1,1940 Prepaid expenses and other 2,509 (2,442) 1,1940	Cash flows from operating activities:				
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Proceeds from disposition of businesses, net Additions of property (695) (1,397) Additions of patents and trademarks (269) (346) Net cash provided by investing activities 2,772 5,085 Cash flows from financing activities: Long-term and short-term debt borrowings Long-term and short-term debt repayments Decrease in book overdraft 0 (895)	Cash flows from investing activities:				
Additions of property Additions of patents and trademarks Net cash provided by investing activities Cash flows from financing activities: Long-term and short-term debt borrowings Long-term and short-term debt repayments Decrease in book overdraft (695) (1,397) (346) 7,085 471 9,466 (5,461) (9,694) 0 (895)			3.736		6.828
Additions of patents and trademarks (269) (346) Net cash provided by investing activities 2,772 5,085 Cash flows from financing activities: Long-term and short-term debt borrowings 471 9,466 Long-term and short-term debt repayments (5,461) (9,694) Decrease in book overdraft 0 (895)	-		(695)		(1,397)
Net cash provided by investing activities 2,772 5,085 Cash flows from financing activities: Long-term and short-term debt borrowings 471 9,466 Long-term and short-term debt repayments (5,461) (9,694) Decrease in book overdraft 0 (895)					
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Long-term and short-term debt borrowings 471 9,466 Long-term and short-term debt repayments (5,461) (9,694) Decrease in book overdraft 0 (895)	Net cash provided by investing activities		2 , 772		
Long-term and short-term debt borrowings 471 9,466 Long-term and short-term debt repayments (5,461) (9,694) Decrease in book overdraft 0 (895)	Cash flows from financing activities:				
Long-term and short-term debt repayments (5,461) (9,694) Decrease in book overdraft 0 (895)			471		9,466
Decrease in book overdraft 0 (895)					
			-		,

Payment of debt financing costs	(526)	(222)
Other long-term liabilities	96	493
Purchases of treasury stock	0	(39)
Net cash used by financing activities	 (5,454)	 (908)
Effects of exchange rate changes	 241	 73
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	 (651) 4,679	 (1,406) 6,576
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 4,028	\$ 5 , 170

The accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

5

BALDWIN TECHNOLOGY COMPANY, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(IN THOUSANDS)
(UNAUDITED)

SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:

	For the ni ended Ma	
	2003	2002
Cash paid during the period for:		
Interest	\$ 1,578	\$ 1,510
Income taxes	\$ 1 , 937	\$ 3 , 064

The accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

6

BALDWIN TECHNOLOGY COMPANY, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION:

Baldwin Technology Company, Inc. and its subsidiaries ("Baldwin" or the "Company") are engaged primarily in the development, manufacture and sale of controls and accessories equipment for the printing industry.

The Company has experienced operating losses, negative cash flows and debt covenant violations over the past two fiscal years. As more fully discussed in these notes to the consolidated financial statements, the Company has embarked on restructuring plans (see Note 9) and undertaken other actions aimed at improving the Company's competitiveness, operating results and cash flow. These actions have included the sale of certain non-core operating units (see Note 10), the consolidation of manufacturing facilities and headcount reductions reflecting weak market conditions. As a result of these actions, combined with the renegotiation of certain of the Company's debt obligations (see Note 3), management believes that the Company's cash flows from operations, along with available bank lines of credit and alternative sources of borrowing are sufficient to finance its working capital and other capital requirements for the near and long-term future. Management further believes that alternative sources of financing are available to finance the existing facilities beyond July 1, 2003, which the Company is currently pursuing. As more fully described in Note 3, the Company did not meet a minimum operating income covenant or a tangible net worth covenant for the quarter ended March 31, 2003; accordingly, amounts outstanding under certain loan obligations have become payable on demand. The Banks (as defined in Note 3) have granted a waiver of these covenant violations for the quarter ended March 31, 2003. If the Company does not obtain alternative financing prior to the July 1, 2003 maturity date, management will be required to take additional actions. These actions may include reducing operating expenses or selling assets in an effort to meet liquidity needs. There can be no assurances, however, that such actions will be sufficient to meet liquidity needs in the event a demand for immediate payment is made by the lenders.

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Baldwin and its subsidiaries and have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for interim financial information and in compliance with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for complete financial statements. These financial statements reflect all adjustments, which are in the opinion of management, necessary to present a fair statement of the results for the interim periods. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and related notes included in the Company's latest Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002. Operating results for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2003 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2003. All significant intercompany transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

NOTE 2 - RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS:

In December 2002, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 148 "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation - Transition and Disclosure, an amendment of FASB Statement No. 123" ("SFAS 148"). SFAS 148 amends FASB Statement No. 123 "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation"

7

("SFAS 123"), to provide alternative methods of transition for an entity that

voluntarily changes to the fair value based method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation prescribed by SFAS 123. SFAS 148 also amends the disclosure provisions of SFAS 123 to require prominent disclosure in both annual and interim financial statements about the effects on reported net income of an entity's accounting policy decisions with respect to stock-based employee compensation. The amendment relating to the additional disclosure requirements in the interim financial statements are effective for interim periods beginning after December 15, 2002. SFAS 148 is not expected to have a material impact on the operations or cash flows of the Company. However, additional disclosures have been incorporated into the Company's interim consolidated financial statements beginning with this quarter ended March 31, 2003.

In November 2002, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 45 "Guarantor's Accounting and Disclosure Requirements for Guarantees, Including Indirect Guarantees of Indebtedness of Others, (an interpretation of FASB Statements No. 5, 57, and 107 and rescission of FASB interpretation No. 34)" ("FIN 45"). FIN 45 elaborates on the disclosures to be made by a guarantor in its interim and annual financial statements about its obligations under certain guarantees that it has issued. FIN 45 also clarifies that a guarantor is required to recognize, at the inception of a guarantee, a liability for the fair value of the obligation undertaken in issuing the guarantee. The initial recognition and initial measurement provisions of FIN 45 are applicable on a prospective basis to guarantees issued or modified after December 31, 2002. The disclosure requirements of FIN 45 were effective for interim and annual financial statements for periods ending after December 15, 2002. The initial recognition and initial measurement provisions did not have a material impact on the operations or cash flows of the Company. See Note 16 regarding disclosures about the Company's warranty costs.

RECLASSIFICATIONS:

Certain prior year items have been reclassified to conform to the current period's presentation.

NOTE 3 - REVOLVING CREDIT FACILITY:

On October 31, 2000, the Company entered into a \$35,000,000 revolving credit facility (the "Credit Facility") with Fleet National Bank and First Union National Bank (collectively the "Banks"), which had an original scheduled maturity date of October 31, 2003. The Credit Facility consisted of a \$25,000,000 revolving credit line (the "Revolver") and a \$10,000,000 credit line to be utilized for acquisitions, (the "Acquisition Line"). On January 28, 2002, the Credit Facility was amended (the "Amended Credit Facility"), to among other things, remove the Acquisition Line, reduce the Revolver to \$21,000,000 (subject to a borrowing base), and change the maturity date to October 1, 2002. In addition, \$4,000,000 of the existing Revolver was converted into a term loan (the "Term Loan"), which matured on June 28, 2002, resulting in available borrowings under the Revolver from July 1, 2002 to October 1, 2002 of \$17,000,000. The Amended Credit Facility required the Company to maintain certain financial covenants including minimum operating income covenants. The Revolver has associated commitment fees, which are calculated quarterly, at a rate of one-half of one percent per annum of the unused portion of the Revolver.

During the quarters ended March 31, 2002 and June 30, 2002, the Company did not meet its minimum operating income covenants contained in the Amended Credit Facility, and further the Company did not make the required \$4,000,000 principal payment on the Term Loan on June 28, 2002. The Banks granted a forbearance of the collection of the indebtedness until October 1, 2002 and on October 30, 2002, the Company and the Banks entered into an amendment to further amend and extend the Amended Credit Facility and waive the covenant violations and Term Loan default (the "Extended Credit Facility"). The Extended Credit Facility, totaling \$20,900,000, consists of a \$17,000,000 revolving credit line

(the "Extended Revolver") and a \$3,900,000 term loan each due July 1, 2003 (the "Extended Term Loan"). The Extended

8

Credit Facility required the Company to utilize the net proceeds of \$3,736,000 from the sale of certain assets of its wholly-owned subsidiary Baldwin Kansa Corporation ("BKA") (see Note 10) to reduce outstanding borrowings under the Extended Revolver before October 30, 2002, of which \$2,700,000 permanently reduced the Extended Revolver and \$1,036,000 became available for future borrowings, subject to a borrowing base calculation. At March 31, 2003, the Company had outstanding borrowings of \$12,528,000 under the Extended Revolver and Extended Term Loan, plus outstanding letters of credit of \$3,270,000. Additionally, beginning in December 2002 and extending through June 2003, the Company is required to permanently reduce the Extended Revolver by making monthly principal payments of \$125,000. The Company was also required to permanently reduce the Extended Revolver by \$5,000,000 on December 30, 2002 and by \$5,000,000 on March 30, 2003, but only if the Company generated non-operating alternative sources of financing. As the Company did not generate any alternative sources of financing since entering into the Extended Credit Facility on October 30, 2002, the Company was not required to make, and did not make, the \$5,000,000 payment on December 30, 2002 or the \$5,000,000 payment on March 30, 2003. The entire outstanding balance of \$12,528,000 due under the Extended Revolver and Extended Term Loan has been classified as current as of March 31, 2003 (of which \$250,000 was paid through May 15, 2003).

Interest on the Extended Revolver and the Extended Term Loan is charged at prime plus 2.00% per annum. The Extended Credit Facility is collateralized by a pledge of the capital stock and certain domestic assets, of the Company's subsidiaries. The Extended Credit Facility includes certain restrictions, which limit the incurrence of debt and prohibit dividend payments among other things, and requires the Company to satisfy certain financial covenants. These financial covenants, as defined in the Extended Credit Facility, require the Company to achieve minimum operating income of \$945,000 for the quarter ended December 31, 2002, \$844,000 for the quarter ended March 31, 2003 and \$732,000 for the quarter ending June 30, 2003. The Company did not meet the minimum operating income covenant of \$844,000 and the tangible net worth covenant (as defined in the Amended Credit Facility) for the quarter ended March 31, 2003, accordingly, amounts outstanding under the Extended Credit Facility have become payable on demand. The Banks have granted a waiver of these covenant violations for the quarter ended March 31, 2003. The ability to satisfy future covenants depends in part on management's successful execution of the restructuring plans discussed in Note 9 and other business factors outside of the control of management. There can be no guarantee that such future covenants will be met. Management believes that alternative sources of financing are available to finance the existing facilities on a long-term basis, which the Company is currently pursuing. If the Company does not obtain alternative financing prior to the July 1, 2003 maturity date, management will be required to take additional actions. These actions may include reducing operating expenses or selling assets in an effort to meet liquidity needs. There can be no assurances, however, that such actions will be sufficient to meet liquidity needs in the event demand for immediate payment is made by the Banks.

The Company maintains relationships with both foreign and domestic banks, which combined have extended credit facilities to the Company totaling \$20,338,000, including amounts available under the Extended Revolver and the Extended Term Loan. As of March 31, 2003, the Company had \$17,511,000 outstanding under these credit facilities including \$12,528,000 under the Extended Revolver and the Extended Term Loan. Total debt levels as reported on the balance sheet at March 31, 2003 are \$493,000 higher than they would have been if June 30, 2002 exchange rates had been used.

NOTE 4 - NET INCOME (LOSS) PER SHARE:

Basic net income (loss) per share includes no dilution and is computed by dividing net income (loss) available to common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted net income (loss) per share reflects the potential dilution of securities that could share in the earnings of an entity. The weighted average shares

9

outstanding used to compute diluted net income (loss) per share include zero additional shares for each of the three and nine months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002, which represent potentially dilutive securities. Outstanding options to purchase 1,400,000 and 1,516,000 shares of the Company's common stock for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively, are not included in the above calculation to compute diluted net income (loss) per share as they have an anti-dilutive effect.

NOTE 5 -OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS):

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) ("AOCI") is comprised of various items, which affect equity that result from recognized transactions and other economic events other than transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. AOCI is included in stockholders' equity in the consolidated balance sheets and consists of cumulative translation adjustments, unrealized gains and losses on available-for-sale securities and unrealized gains and losses on derivative instruments. AOCI consists of the following:

	March 33	1, 2003	June 30, 200)2
		(Unaudited	1)	
Cumulative translation adjustments Unrealized loss on investments, net of deferred taxes of \$68,000	\$ (10	01,000)	\$ (1,959,000))
(\$19,000 at June 30, 2002) Unrealized gain (loss) on derivatives, net of deferred taxes of \$9,000	(9	94,000)	(26,000))
(\$10,000 at June 30, 2002)		18,000	(32,000)
	\$ (1	77,000)	\$ (2,017,000	Э)
	=======	======	=========	

NOTE 6 - INVENTORIES:

Inventories consist of the following:

	March 31, 2003	June 30, 2002
	(Una	udited)
Raw materials In process	\$ 10,937,000 6,980,000	\$ 12,690,000 6,081,000
Finished goods	5,350,000	6,157,000

\$ 23,267,000

\$ 24,928,000

Foreign currency translation effects increased inventories by \$1,125,000 from June 30, 2002 to March 31, 2003.

NOTE 7 - DERIVATIVES:

During the nine months ended March 31, 2003, the Company had currency futures contracts and an interest rate swap agreement that qualified as cash flow hedges; accordingly, the gain or loss on these cash flow hedges was recorded in AOCI and will be recognized when the hedged items affect earnings. On April 27, 2001, the Company entered into an interest rate swap agreement (the "Swap") with Fleet National Bank. The effect of this agreement was to convert \$15,000,000 of the Company's variable rate debt into fixed rate debt with an interest rate of 4.98% with the maturity the same as the then existing credit facility. Included in interest expense was \$137,000 and \$386,000, respectively, for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2003 and \$112,000 and \$263,000, respectively, for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2002 associated with this Swap.

10

As a result of entering into the Extended Credit Facility on October 30, 2002, as defined in Note 3, which changed various provisions of the Amended Credit Agreement, also defined in Note 3, including the maturity date, the Swap no longer qualified as an effective cash flow hedge. Future changes in the fair value of the Swap have and will be recorded in earnings through its maturity date of October 30, 2003. The adjustment to the fair value of this portion of the Swap at March 31, 2003 resulted in a gain for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2003 of \$122,000 and \$57,000, respectively, which was recorded in "Other income and expense" in the accompanying consolidated statement of income.

Except for the Swap, hedge ineffectiveness had no material impact on earnings for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002.

Unrealized net gains (losses) included in AOCI are as follows:

	March 31, 2003	March 31, 200		
Balance at beginning of period	\$ (32,000)	\$ (299,000)		
Additional gains (losses), net	28,000	(201,000)		
Amounts reclassified to earnings, net	22,000	343,000		
Balance at end of period	\$ 18,000	\$ (157,000)		
barance at end of period	========	========		

The unrealized net gain of \$18,000 at March 31, 2003 is comprised of net gains on currency futures contracts, which expire at various times through April 29, 2003, and are expected to be reclassified to earnings during that period.

NOTE 8 -- GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS:

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the nine months ended

March 31, 2003 are as follows (in thousands):

	Accessories and Controls								
	1		Accumulated Amortization		Net Book Value				
Balance as of July 1, 2002 Effects of currency translation	\$	12 , 760 469	\$	3 , 142	\$	9,618 391			
Balance as of March 31, 2003	\$ ===	13,229	\$	3,220		10,009			

Intangible assets subject to amortization are comprised of the following:

	As of Mar	ch 31, 2003	As of June 30, 2002				
Intangible Assets:	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Carrying Amount	Gross Accumulated Amortization			
Patents and trademarks Other	\$5,698,000 686,000	\$3,652,000 465,000	\$5,493,000 1,021,000	\$3,432,000 746,000			
Total	\$6,384,000 ======	\$4,117,000	\$6,514,000	\$4,178,000			

Amortization expense associated with these intangible assets was \$174,000 and \$571,000, respectively, for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2003 and \$228,000 and \$592,000, respectively, for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2002. The other category is included in "Other assets" on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

11

NOTE 9 -- RESTRUCTURING CHARGES AND RELATED RESERVES:

During March 2000, the Company initiated a restructuring plan (the "March 2000 Plan") that included the consolidation of production into certain facilities, and a reduction in total employment, primarily in the United States. The March 2000 Plan was expanded during the fourth quarter of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001. The Company recorded restructuring charges in the amounts of \$94,000 and \$795,000 for the nine months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively, related to the March 2000 Plan. These charges relate primarily to additional exit costs, which are expensed as incurred. The March 2000 Plan reduced the Company's worldwide cost base and strengthened its competitive position as a leading global supplier of auxiliary equipment to the printing and publishing industry. Prior to the March 2000 Plan, the Company was managed in a decentralized manner through geographically dispersed autonomous business units. Given that many of the Company's significant customers have been reorganizing on a global basis, management decided to restructure the Company along functional

lines on a global basis. Rather than have sales, product development and production activities at each decentralized business unit, the restructuring plan included the centralization of these activities.

Activity in the nine months ended March 31, 2003 under the March 2000 Plan was as follows:

	Remaining Reserve June 30, 2002		Additional Restructuring Charges		Charges Against Reserve		Remaining Reserve March 31, 20	
	(in thousa					nds)		
Severance	\$	557 1,678 0	\$	25 62 7		(199) (625) (7)	\$	384 1,114 0
Total program	\$ ====	2,235 ======	 \$ ===	94	 \$	(831)	 \$ ===	1,498

Severance costs will be paid through the balance of the current fiscal year ending June 30, 2003. Facility lease termination costs will be paid through April 2006. As of March 31, 2003, \$749,000 is included in "Other accounts payable and accrued liabilities" and \$749,000 is included in "Other long-term liabilities."

In August 2002, the Company announced additional restructuring activities (the "August 2002 Plan") primarily in response to weak market conditions. The August 2002 Plan includes a reduction in employment by approximately 90 people worldwide as well as plant consolidations. As a result, the Company recorded an initial restructuring charge of \$3,241,000 during the nine months ended March 31, 2003. The initial charge for the August 2002 Plan was recorded to account for the estimated employee severance and benefit costs of approximately \$2,757,000, lease termination costs of approximately \$437,000 and approximately \$47,000 in incremental costs associated with product discontinuance. The additional charges of \$69,000 recorded during the nine months ended March 31, 2003 related primarily to product transfer and other costs, which are being expensed as incurred.

Activity in the nine months ended March 31, 2003 under the August 2002 Plan was as follows:

	Initial Reserve		Additional Restructuring Charges		Charges Against Reserve		Re	emaining eserve n 31, 2003	
	(in thousands)								
Severance	\$	2,757 437 47	\$	0 0 69	\$	(1,719) (68) (69)	\$	1,038 369 47	
Total program	 \$ ===	3,241	 \$ ====	69 ======	 \$ ===	(1,856)	\$ ====	1,454	

Severance and other costs will be paid through September 2003, and facility lease termination costs will be paid through December 2004. As of March 31, 2003, \$1,276,000 is included in "Other accounts payable and accrued liabilities" and \$178,000 is included in "Other long-term liabilities."

NOTE 10 - SALE OF BUSINESSES:

During the first quarter of fiscal 2003, the Company committed to a plan to dispose of substantially all of the assets of BKA; the transaction closed on October 10, 2002. Under SFAS No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets," ("SFAS 144") BKA qualified as a component and therefore the results of BKA's operations are required to be reported as discontinued operations in the accompanying consolidated statements of income. Accordingly, BKA's results for each of the nine months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002 have been aggregated and reported as a single amount in each quarter (2002 amounts have been reclassified to conform to the 2003 presentation). BKA's net sales were zero and \$978,000, respectively for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2003 and \$1,054,000 and \$4,076,000, respectively, for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2002. The consideration received for the transaction, after certain post-closing adjustments, was approximately \$3,736,000 and resulted in a gain on the sale of discontinued operations of approximately \$543,000 (net of \$80,000 in transaction costs), which was recognized in the second quarter of the fiscal year ending June 30, 2003. During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2002, the Company recorded an impairment charge of \$5,434,000 as a result of a write-off of goodwill associated with this business.

Net assets sold on October 10, 2002 and net assets held for disposal related to BKA at June 30, 2002 are included in the following categories:

	Octob	per 10, 2002	ne 30, 2002
Accounts receivable, net of allowance of \$5,000	\$	394,000 1,863,000 29,000 1,236,000 (169,000) (61,000) (145,000)	\$ 635,000 2,107,000 37,000 1,334,000 (200,000 (135,000 (24,000
Accrued and withheld taxes	 \$	(34,000) 3,113,000	 \$ (2,000 (14,000 3,738,000

On September 26, 2001, the Company sold substantially all of the assets of its Roll Handling Group ("RHG") business. The consideration received for the transaction, subject to certain post-closing adjustments, was approximately \$6,800,000. The Company received \$1,808,000 at closing and \$4,992,000 in October 2001. Accordingly, during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2001, the Company recorded an impairment charge of approximately \$14,831,000 relating primarily to goodwill and certain assets of the RHG, including \$961,000 of cumulative translation adjustments related to the foreign operations of the RHG, which were reclassified and reflected as part of the impairment charge. During the fourth quarter of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002, the Company recognized an additional \$250,000 loss on the sale of the RHG, and in the six months ended December 31, 2002 recognized a further loss of approximately \$211,000 upon

finalization of adjustments with the purchaser. The losses are recorded in other expense.

Also during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2001, the Company decided to exit its Print on Demand ("POD") business, which resulted in the write-off of \$687,000 of goodwill during the fourth quarter of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001. The remaining assets of the POD business were not material.

1.3

NOTE 11 - BUSINESS SEGMENT INFORMATION:

Operating segments are defined as material components of an enterprise about which separate information is available that is evaluated regularly by the chief operating decision maker, or decision-making group, in deciding how to allocate resources and assess performance.

On October 10, 2002, the Company sold substantially all of the assets of BKA. BKA is accounted for as a discontinued operation in accordance with SFAS 144.

On September 26, 2001, the Company sold substantially all of the assets of the RHG. The Company also completed the sale of the POD business in November 2001. Together the RHG and the POD businesses are included in divested operations.

The accounting policies of the segments are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002. An operating segment's financial performance is primarily evaluated based on operating profit.

The tables below present information about reported segments for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002 (in thousands). All prior periods have been restated to conform to the current period's presentation. The results for BKA are reported as discontinued operations for all periods and therefore are excluded from segment operating results.

		Three months ended March 31, (Unaudited)				Nine months ender March 31, (Unaudited)			
		2003		2002		2003		2002	
Net Sales: Accessories and Controls Divested operations	\$	31 , 061	\$	37 , 867 0	\$	99 , 153 0	\$	104,768 4,791	
Total Net Sales	 \$ ===	31,061 ======	 \$ ===	37,867	 \$ ===	99,153	 \$ ===	109,559	

Foreign currency translation effects increased net sales by \$6,869,000 (\$0 related to the divested operations) for the nine months ended March 31, 2003.

Three months ended March 31,

Nine months ended March 31,

	(Unaudited)				(Unaudited)			
	2003		2002		2003			2002
Operating (loss) income:								
Accessories and Controls	\$		\$	2,540	\$, ,	\$	•
Corporate		(2 , 137)		(1 , 777)		(6 , 511)		(6 , 092)
Divested operations		0		(24)		0		(778)
Total operating (loss) income		(2,311)		739		(7,031)		(1,104)
Interest expense, net		(441)		(352)		(1,618)		(1,065)
Royalty income, net		1,310		1,106		2,468		3,122
Other income (expense), net		(62)		94		(494)		(292)
(Loss) income from continuing operations								
before income taxes	\$	(1,504)	\$	1,587	\$	(6,675)	\$	661
		======	===		===	======	===	

14

Included in operating income (loss) are restructuring charges of \$67,000 and \$2,729,000, respectively, for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2003 and \$287,000 and \$647,000, respectively, for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2002 related to accessories and controls and zero and \$675,000, respectively, for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2003 and \$2,000 and \$148,000, respectively, for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2002 related to corporate.

	March 31, 2003	June 30, 2002
	(Unaudited)	
Identifiable assets:		
Accessories and Controls	\$ 92,895	\$ 94,079
Corporate	4,011	14,016
Divested operations	20	393
Total identifiable assets	\$ 96,926	\$108,488

NOTE 12 - COMMON STOCK:

On August 13, 2002, the Compensation and Stock Option Committee of the Board of Directors granted non-qualified options to purchase 154,500 shares of the Company's Class A Common Stock ("Class A") to certain executives and key personnel under the Company's 1996 Stock Option Plan (the "1996 Plan") at an exercise price of \$0.82 per share, the fair market value on the date of the grant.

In August 2002, the Board of Directors approved an amendment to the 1996 Plan to: (a) increase the total number of shares of Class A that may be issued pursuant to Options (as defined in the 1996 Plan) from 875,000 shares to 1,875,000 shares; (b) prohibit the granting of Options to purchase any shares of the Company's Class B Common Stock ("Class B") under the 1996 Plan after the date of the next annual meeting of the Company's stockholders, (c) provide that

Non-Employee Directors shall be eligible to receive Options under the 1996 Plan and (d) make certain other technical and clarifying amendments. The stockholders approved the amendment to the 1996 Plan on November 21, 2002.

Also in August 2002, the Board of Directors authorized the grant under the 1996 Plan, on the day after the next annual meeting of the Company's stockholders and on the day after each succeeding annual meeting of the Company's stockholders, to each Non-Employee Director, of an Option to purchase 5,000 shares of Class A of the Company at an exercise price per share equal to 100% of the fair market value of a share of Class A on the date such Option is granted.

In August 2002, the Board of Directors also amended, subject to stockholder approval of the amendments to the 1996 Plan set forth above, the 1998 Non-Employee Directors' Stock Option Plan to prohibit the granting of any further options thereunder.

On November 22, 2002, the Compensation and Stock Option Committee of the Board of Directors granted non-qualified options to purchase 25,000 shares of Class A under the 1996 Plan at an exercise of price of \$0.58 per share, the fair market value on the date of the grant.

NOTE 13 - STOCK OPTIONS:

On January 1, 2003, the Company adopted the disclosure provisions of Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Statement No. 148, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation - transition and disclosure" ("SFAS 148"), which amended FASB Statement No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation" ("SFAS 123") to provide alternative methods of transition for an entity that voluntarily changes to the fair value based method of accounting

15

for stock-based employee compensation, effective as of the beginning of the fiscal year. Baldwin continues to apply the provisions of Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees," ("APB 25") in accounting for stock-based compensation. In accordance with APB No. 25, compensation costs for stock options is recognized in income based on the excess, if any, of the quoted market price over the exercise price of the stock on the date of grant. The exercise price for all stock option grants equals the fair market value on the date of grant, therefore no compensation expense is

The pro forma net (loss) income and (loss) earnings per share information have been determined for employee stock plans under the fair value method using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model at the date of grant. The following table illustrates the effect on net (loss) income and (loss) earnings per share if the Company had applied the fair value recognition provisions of SFAS 123 for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002 (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31,					Nine Months Ended March 31,				
		(Unaud:	ited)	2002	(Unaudited			 ed) 2002		
Net (loss) income, as reported	\$	(1,117)	\$	1,038	\$	(6,620)	\$	81		

Deduct: Total stock-based employee compensation expense determined under fair value based method for all awards, net of related tax

	====		====		====		====	
Diluted - pro forma	\$	(0.08)	\$	0.06	\$	(0.45)	\$	(0.01)
Diluted - as reported	\$	(0.07)	\$	0.07	\$	(0.44)	\$	0.01
	====	======	====	======	====	======	====	======
Basic - pro forma	\$	(0.08)	\$	0.06	\$	(0.45)	\$	(0.01)
(Loss) earnings per share: Basic - as reported	\$	(0.07)	\$	0.07	\$	(0.44)	\$	0.01
Pro forma net (loss) income	\$	(1,157)	\$ ====	965	\$	(6,741)	\$	(139)
effects		(40)		(73)		(121)		(220)

NOTE 14 - RELATED PARTIES:

On October 25, 2002, John T. Heald, Jr. resigned as President, Chief Executive Officer and a Director of the Company. Mr. Heald was employed by the Company from March 21, 2001 to November 21, 2002. In accordance with Mr. Heald's employment agreement, the Company sold 375,000 shares of Class B to Mr. Heald in October 2001 at \$1.80 per share in exchange for a recourse demand promissory note in the amount of \$675,000. The promissory note bears interest, payable annually, at a rate of 5% per annum. Of the 375,000 shares issued, 189,117 shares were treasury shares and the balance of 185,883 shares were newly issued shares. The promissory note is collateralized by the shares, pursuant to a loan and pledge agreement between Mr. Heald and the Company dated October 17, 2001. If at any time, Mr. Heald sells any of these shares, he is to pay the Company \$1.80 times the number of shares sold within five days of receipt of the funds from such sale. In November 2002, the Company amended the loan and pledge agreement, and the promissory note, to evidence a reduction of the outstanding principal due from Mr. Heald on the loan by \$225,000 in exchange for a reduction in deferred compensation payments to be made by the Company to Mr. Heald and further, the Company will not demand payment of the promissory note for a period of two years following Mr. Heald's termination. The reduction represented the then present value of Mr. Heald's

16

deferred compensation benefit that accrued to Mr. Heald. The balance of the loan, including interest, was \$495,000 and \$699,000 at March 31, 2003 and June 30, 2002, respectively.

In accordance with the terms of the employment agreement between the Company and Gerald A. Nathe, Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, the Company loaned Mr. Nathe \$1,817,000 to enable Mr. Nathe to purchase 315,144 shares of Class B from a non-employee shareholder in November 1993 in exchange for a recourse demand promissory note for said amount. The note bore interest, payable on the anniversary dates of the loan, at LIBOR rates plus 1.25%, reset on the first day of each succeeding January, April, July and October. The note, was collateralized by the shares pursuant to a loan and pledge agreement between Mr. Nathe and the Company dated November 30, 1993, as amended and restated on November 25, 1997. Upon termination of Mr. Nathe's employment, the Company has agreed not to demand payment for a period of six

months following termination, or twelve months following termination if Mr. Nathe's employment terminates by reason of death. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if at any time Mr. Nathe sells any of these shares, he is to pay the Company \$5.77 times the number of shares sold within five days of receipt of the funds from such sale. The Board of Directors of the Company forgave the interest payment due on the loan from Mr. Nathe during the second quarter of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002 in the amount of \$112,000. Such amount was recorded as compensation expense to Mr. Nathe, and included in "General and administrative expenses."

In February 2002, the Company amended Mr. Nathe's employment agreement and loan and pledge agreement, reflecting a repayment by Mr. Nathe of a portion of the principal on the loan. Mr. Nathe issued a substitute recourse demand promissory note for \$1,500,000, the outstanding principal balance on the date thereof, with interest payable annually at an annual rate of 5%.

In August 2002, the Company amended Mr. Nathe's employment agreement, the loan and pledge agreement, and the promissory note, to evidence a reduction of the outstanding principal due from Mr. Nathe on the loan by \$750,000 in exchange for a reduction in deferred compensation payments to be made by the Company to Mr. Nathe. The reduction represented the then present value of a portion of Mr. Nathe's deferred compensation benefit that had accrued to Mr. Nathe. The balance of the loan, including interest, was \$827,000 and \$1,544,000 at March 31, 2003 and June 30, 2002, respectively.

NOTE 15 - CUSTOMERS:

During the nine months ended March 31, 2003, two customers each accounted for more than 10% of the Company's net sales. Koenig and Bauer Aktiengesellschaft ("KBA") accounted for approximately 14.4% and 12.1%, of the Company's net sales for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2003, respectively and Mitsubishi accounted for approximately 8.5% and 10.0%, respectively for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2003.

On September 10, 2001, one large OEM customer, Goss Graphic Systems, Inc. ("Goss") filed for bankruptcy protection under a prearranged Chapter 11 proceeding in the U.S. Bankruptcy Court. Goss' European and Asian subsidiaries are not included in this proceeding. The Company received timely payments, on a post petition basis, from the foreign subsidiaries of Goss, and continues to monitor the status of all Goss payments. At March 31, 2003, the Company's consolidated balance sheet included approximately \$1,632,000 of trade receivables from Goss, of which approximately \$911,000 relates to Goss' European and Asian subsidiaries, which are not included in the bankruptcy proceeding. The balance of \$721,000 is fully reserved. As a result of this bankruptcy filing, the Company increased its bad debt reserve related to Goss by \$0 and \$634,000 during the nine months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively.

17

NOTE: 16 - WARRANTY COSTS:

The Company's standard contractual warranty provisions are to repair or replace, at the Company's option, product that is proven to be defective. The Company estimates its warranty costs as a percentage of revenues on a product by product basis, based on actual historical experience within the Company. Hence, the Company accrues estimated warranty costs at the time of sale. In addition, should the Company become aware of a specific potential warranty claim, a specific charge is recorded and accounted for separate from the percent of revenue discussed above.

	Warranty Amount
Warranty reserve at June 30, 2002	\$ 1,516,000
Additional warranty expense accruals	3,112,000
Payments against reserve	(3,159,000)
Effects of currency rate fluctuations	121,000
Warranty reserve at March 31, 2003	\$ 1,590,000
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NOTE 17 - LEGAL PROCEEDINGS:

On November 14, 2002, the Dusseldorf Higher Regional Court ("DHRC") announced its judgment in favor of Baldwin in the patent infringement dispute against its competitor, technotrans AG ("Technotrans"). Based on the DHRC ruling, the Company is determining the amount of compensation to which it is entitled. Technotrans has filed an appeal of the DHRC ruling with the German Supreme Court in Karlsruhe. Technotrans has also filed to invalidate the Company's patent with the German Patent Court in Munich. No amounts have been recorded in the consolidated financial statements with regard to the contingent gain from the DHRC judgment.

In February 2002, Epic Products International ("EPIC"), a licensee of one of the Company's subsidiaries, filed a demand for arbitration with the American Arbitration Association in Dallas, Texas claiming breach of the license agreement and demanding, among other things, damages in an unspecified amount alleging that Baldwin failed to make royalty payments to EPIC as and when due. In October 2002, EPIC amended its arbitration claim to add additional damages and allegations. In February 2003, EPIC and the Company agreed to settle their dispute for a net payment of \$737,000, representing the settlement of all existing claims and an amendment to the license agreement on a prospective basis. This settlement amount was to be paid by the Company over a five-month period ending May 31, 2003; \$650,000 has been paid through May 14, 2003. As a result of this settlement, the Company included \$250,000 in additional royalty income for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2003. The consolidated financial statements at March 31, 2003 include an accrual for the unpaid balance of this settlement amount.

18

BALDWIN TECHNOLOGY COMPANY, INC.

ITEM 2: MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following is management's discussion and analysis of certain factors, which have affected the consolidated financial statements of Baldwin Technology Company, Inc. ("Baldwin" or the "Company").

During the first quarter of the fiscal year ending June 30, 2003, the Company committed to a plan to dispose of certain assets of its wholly-owned subsidiary, Baldwin Kansa Corporation ("BKA"); the transaction closed on October 10, 2002. The consideration received for the transaction, after certain post-closing adjustments, was approximately \$3,736,000, which resulted in the recognition of a gain on the sale of discontinued operations of approximately \$543,000 in the second quarter of the fiscal year ending June 30, 2003. During the fourth quarter of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002, the Company recorded

an impairment charge of \$5,434,000 related to the goodwill associated with this business as the recorded value of this goodwill exceeded the assessment of its fair value made by the Company. For a further discussion, see Note 10 to the consolidated financial statements. The effects of this transaction on the consolidated financial statements are discussed below where significant.

On September 26, 2001, the Company sold substantially all of the assets of its Roll Handling Group ("RHG"). The Company recorded an impairment charge during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001 of approximately \$14,831,000 as a result of the write-off of assets, primarily patents and goodwill, associated with this business. The Company recorded a similar write-off of goodwill of approximately \$687,000 in the fourth quarter of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001, associated with the Company's Print on Demand ("POD") business as the Company also exited this business. As a result, the revenues and corresponding expenses attributable to the RHG and the POD businesses are included in these consolidated financial statements only for the periods owned by the Company. The effects of these transactions on the consolidated financial statements are discussed below where significant.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Except for the historical information contained herein, the following statements and certain other statements contained herein are based on current expectations. Such statements are forward-looking statements that involve a number of risks and uncertainties. The Company cautions investors that any such forward-looking statements made by the Company are not guarantees of future performance and that actual results may differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements. Some of the factors that could cause actual results to differ materially include, but are not limited to the following: (i) the ability to obtain, maintain and defend challenges against valid patent protection on certain technology, primarily as it relates to the Company's cleaning systems, (ii) material changes in foreign currency exchange rates versus the U.S. Dollar, (iii) changes in the mix of products and services comprising revenues, (iv) a decline in the rate of growth of the installed base of printing press units and the timing of new press orders, (v) general economic conditions, either domestically or in foreign locations, (vi) the ultimate realization of certain trade receivables and the status of ongoing business levels with the Company's large OEM customers, (vii) competitive market influences and (viii) the ability to successfully implement the Company's restructuring initiatives. Additional factors are set forth in Exhibit 99 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002 which should be read in conjunction herewith.

19

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

In December 2002, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 148, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation - Transition and Disclosure, an amendment of FASB Statement No. 123" ("SFAS 148"). SFAS 148 amends FASB Statement No. 123 "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation" ("SFAS 123"), to provide alternative methods of transition for an entity that voluntarily changes to the fair value based method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation prescribed by SFAS 123. SFAS 148 also amends the disclosure provisions of SFAS 123 to require prominent disclosure in both annual and interim financial statements about the effects on reported net income of an entity's accounting policy decisions with respect to stock-based employee compensation. The amendment relating to the additional disclosure requirements in the interim financial statements are effective for interim periods beginning after December 14, 2002. SFAS 148 is not

expected to have a material impact on the operations or cash flows of the Company. However, additional disclosures have been incorporated into the Company's interim consolidated financial statements beginning with this quarter ended March 31, 2003.

In August 2001, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets" ("SFAS 144"). SFAS 144 provides new guidance on the recognition of impairment losses on long-lived assets, excluding goodwill, to be held and used or to be disposed of and also broadens the definition of what constitutes a discontinued operation and how the results of a discontinued operation are to be measured and presented. SFAS 144 also requires long-lived assets that are to be abandoned, be treated as held for use and depreciated over their remaining expected lives and broadens the presentation of discontinued operations in the income statement to a component of an entity rather than a segment of a business. SFAS 144 was effective for the Company beginning July 1, 2002 and has not materially changed the methods used by the Company to measure impairment losses on long-lived assets, but as a result of the adoption of SFAS 144, BKA has been included as a discontinued operation in the consolidated statements of income for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2003 and the corresponding amounts relating to BKA for the prior periods ended March 31, 2002 have been reclassified to conform to this presentation.

For further information regarding the Company's critical accounting policies, please refer to the Management's Discussion and Analysis section of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002.

NINE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2003 VS. NINE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2002

CONSOLIDATED RESULTS

Net sales for the nine months ended March 31, 2003 decreased by \$10,406,000 or 9.5% to \$99,153,000 from \$109,559,000 for the nine months ended March 31, 2002. Currency rate fluctuations attributable to the Company's overseas operations increased net sales by \$6,869,000 in the current period, while the previously noted divestitures of the RHG and the POD businesses decreased net sales by \$4,791,000. Excluding the effects of currency rate fluctuations and the previously noted divestitures of the RHG and the POD businesses, net sales would have decreased by \$12,484,000. This decrease is associated with a slowness in the global printing equipment marketplace and was primarily the result of decreased product volumes, principally spray dampening equipment, and sheeters.

Gross profit for the nine months ended March 31, 2003 was \$28,774,000 (29.0% of net sales) as compared to \$33,873,000 (30.9% of net sales) for the nine months ended March 31, 2002, a decrease of \$5,099,000 or 15.1%. Currency rate fluctuations attributable to the Company's overseas operations increased gross profit by \$2,220,000 in the current period,

20

while the previously noted divestitures of the RHG and the POD businesses decreased gross profit by \$1,048,000. Excluding the effects of currency rate fluctuations and the divestitures of the RHG and the POD businesses, gross profit would have decreased by \$6,271,000. Gross profit as a percentage of net sales decreased primarily due to lower sales levels in the current period and to additional warranty costs associated with two customers and higher freight costs in the current period.

Selling, general and administrative expenses amounted to \$19,956,000

(20.1% of net sales) for the nine months ended March 31, 2003 as compared to \$23,178,000 (21.2% of net sales) for the same period in the prior fiscal year, a decrease of \$3,222,000 or 13.9%. Currency rate fluctuations increased these expenses by \$1,000,000 in the current period while the previously noted divestitures of the RHG and the POD businesses decreased selling, general and administrative expenses by \$1,167,000. Excluding the effects of currency rate fluctuations and the divestitures of the RHG and the POD businesses, selling, general and administrative expenses would have decreased by \$3,055,000. Selling expenses decreased by \$1,119,000, which primarily relates to decreased compensation and travel costs associated with the Company's restructuring efforts, partially offset by increased subcontracting and advertising costs. General and administrative expenses decreased by \$1,936,000 primarily due to decreased compensation costs primarily as a result of the Company's restructuring efforts. The prior year period included a \$439,000 bad debt charge related to accounts receivable from a major OEM customer, interest forgiveness of \$112,000 related to a loan to an officer of the Company partially offset by a reversal of approximately \$300,000 of previous accruals associated with the Company's profit-sharing contribution.

Engineering and development expenses increased by \$1,355,000 over the same period in the prior fiscal year to \$12,445,000 for the nine months ended March 31, 2003 from \$11,090,000 for the nine months ended March 31, 2002. Currency rate fluctuations increased these expenses by \$1,046,000 in the current period, while the previously noted divestitures of the RHG and the POD businesses further reduced these expenses by \$659,000. Excluding the effects of currency rate fluctuations and the previously noted divestitures of the RHG and the POD businesses, engineering and development expenses would have increased by \$968,000 in the current period. This increase relates primarily to increased research and development, labor and project costs and to increased travel and subcontracting costs. As a percentage of net sales, engineering and development expenses increased by 2.2% to 12.6% for the nine months ended March 31, 2003 compared to 10.1% for the same period in the prior fiscal year.

The Company recorded a restructuring charge of \$3,404,000 for the nine months ended March 31, 2003. This restructuring charge is comprised of \$3,310,000 related to the restructuring plan initiated in August 2002 (the "August 2002 Plan") and \$94,000 in additional exit costs, which are expensed as incurred and related to the restructuring plan announced in March 2000 (the "March 2000 Plan"). The initial charge for the August 2002 Plan of \$3,241,000 was recorded to account for the estimated costs of employee severance and benefit costs of approximately \$2,757,000, approximately \$437,000 in lease termination costs and approximately \$47,000 in incremental costs associated with product discontinuance. The additional charges of \$69,000 recorded during the nine months ended March 31, 2003, relate primarily to product transfer costs, which are being expensed as incurred. The August 2002 Plan includes the closing of one domestic facility, with the related production being shifted to another domestic facility, which was completed in January 2003. The workforce reduction consists of approximately 160 employees in various employee groups worldwide, including production, sales, engineering and administration. The August 2002 Plan is expected to reduce operating costs by approximately \$6,900,000 annually after full implementation, which is expected to occur by the end of the current fiscal year ending June 30, 2003.

Interest expense for the nine months ended March 31, 2003 was \$1,817,000 as compared to \$1,279,000 for the nine months ended March 31, 2002. Currency rate

21

fluctuations increased interest expense by \$104,000 in the current period while the previously noted divestitures of the RHG and the POD businesses further

reduced interest expense by \$40,000. Excluding the effects of currency rate fluctuations and the divestitures of the RHG and the POD businesses, interest expense would have increased by \$474,000. This increase was primarily due to both higher interest rates in effect for the nine months ended March 31, 2003, primarily as a result of the October 30, 2002 credit facility amendment and deferred debt financing cost amortization during the period. Interest income amounted to \$199,000 and \$214,000 for the nine months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively. Currency rate fluctuations increased interest income by \$24,000 in the current period.

Net royalty income for the nine months ended March 31, 2003 was \$2,468,000 as compared to \$3,122,000 for the nine months ended March 31, 2002. The decrease in royalty income is primarily due to a decrease in the number of units sold in the current period by two of the Company's licensees, which was offset by a \$250,000 credit relating to a settlement associated with one of the Company's licensees.

Other income (expense), net amounted to an expense of \$494,000 for the nine months ended March 31, 2003 compared to \$292,000 for the nine months ended March 31, 2002. Other income (expense), net includes net foreign currency transaction losses of \$294,000 and gains of \$32,000 for the nine months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively, of which losses of \$5,000 and \$77,000, respectively, resulted from the ineffective portions of derivative financial instruments, which qualify as cash flow hedges. Net foreign currency transaction losses in the prior year period included losses of \$206,000 associated with certain derivative financial instruments which ceased to qualify as hedges pursuant to SFAS No. 133 "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities ("SFAS 133") and as a result of the RHG divestiture. Other expense, net for the nine months ended March 31, 2003 includes an additional loss on the sale of the RHG of approximately \$211,000 as a result of finalizing certain adjustments with the buyer and a credit of \$60,000 for an interest rate swap, which no longer qualified as a hedge pursuant to SFAS 133. Other income and expense in the prior year period included a \$133,000 charge for an interest rate swap which no longer qualified as a hedge pursuant to SFAS 133 and a \$255,000 write-down of deferred financing costs; both were recorded as a result of the renegotiation of the Amended Credit Facility (as defined below under "Liquidity and Capital Resources at March 31, 2003"). Currency rate fluctuations decreased other expenses by \$5,000 in the current fiscal year period.

The Company recorded income tax expense of \$235,000 for the nine months ended March 31, 2003 as compared to \$317,000 for the nine months ended March 31, 2002. The effective tax rate for the nine months ended March 31, 2003 differs from the statutory rate as no benefit was recognized for losses incurred in certain countries as the realization of such benefits was not more likely than not. Currency rate fluctuations increased the provision for income taxes by \$54,000 in the current period.

Loss from operations of discontinued operations for the nine months ended March 31, 2003 was \$253,000 as compared to \$263,000 for the nine months ended March 31, 2002 and relates to BKA. The decrease in the loss is primarily the result of reduced revenues and gross profit margins, being more than offset by decreased operating expenses in the current period, as the business is included only for three months in the current year period. A gain on the sale of BKA of \$543,000 was recorded in the quarter ended December 31, 2002 as a result of the sale of the entity being completed on October 10, 2002.

The Company's net loss amounted to \$6,620,000 for the nine months ended March 31, 2003, compared to net income of \$81,000 for the nine months ended March 31, 2002. Currency rate fluctuations increased the net loss by \$11,000 in the current period. Net loss per share amounted to \$0.44 basic and diluted for the nine months ended March 31, 2003, as

22

compared to net income per share of \$0.01 basic and diluted for the nine months ended March 31, 2002.

SEGMENT RESULTS

ACCESSORIES AND CONTROLS GROUP

Net sales for the nine months ended March 31, 2003 decreased by \$5,615,000, or 5.4%, to \$99,153,000 from \$104,768,000 for the nine months ended March 31, 2002. Currency rate fluctuations attributable to the Company's overseas operations increased net sales for the current period by \$6,869,000; otherwise, net sales would have decreased by \$12,484,000 in the current period.

Operating loss amounted to \$520,000 (0.1% of net sales) for the nine months ended March 31, 2003, as compared to operating income of \$5,766,000 (5.5% of net sales) for the same period in the prior fiscal year, a decrease of \$6,286,000. Currency rate fluctuations increased the current fiscal year's operating income by \$118,000. Otherwise, operating income would have decreased by \$6,404,000 in the current period. This decrease is primarily the result of the overall decrease in sales discussed above, and to increased restructuring charges, consulting costs, and engineering and development project costs in the current fiscal year period offset by a \$251,000 bad debt charge related to a major OEM customer in the prior fiscal year period. Operating income for the nine months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002, includes restructuring charges of \$2,729,000 and \$647,000, respectively, associated with both the March 2000 Plan and the August 2002 Plan.

THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2003 VS. THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2002

CONSOLIDATED RESULTS

Net sales for the three months ended March 31, 2003 decreased by \$6,806,000, or 18.0%, to \$31,061,000 from \$37,867,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2002. Currency rate fluctuations attributable to the Company's overseas operations increased net sales by \$3,733,000 in the current period, otherwise, net sales would have decreased by \$10,539,000. This decrease is associated with a slowness in the global printing equipment marketplace and was primarily the result of decreased product volumes, principally spray dampening equipment, and sheeters.

Gross profit for the three months ended March 31, 2003 was \$8,104,000 (26.1% of net sales) as compared to \$11,983,000 (31.6% of net sales) for the three months ended March 31, 2002, a decrease of \$3,879,000 or 32.4%. Currency rate fluctuations increased gross profit by \$1,114,000 in the current period. Excluding the effects of currency rate fluctuation, gross profit would have decreased by \$4,993,000. Gross profit as a percentage of net sales decreased primarily due to lower sales levels in the current period and to increased material and freight costs.

Selling, general and administrative expenses amounted to \$6,411,000 (20.6% of net sales) for the three months ended March 31, 2003 as compared to \$7,348,000 (19.4% of net sales) for the same period in the prior fiscal year, a decrease of \$937,000 or 12.8%. Currency rate fluctuations increased these expenses by \$526,000 in the current period, while the previously noted divestures of the RHG and the POD businesses decreased these expenses by \$24,000. Otherwise, selling, general and administrative expenses would have decreased by \$1,439,000. Selling expenses decreased by \$302,000, which primarily relates to decreased compensation and travel costs associated with reduced employment levels. General and

23

administrative expenses decreased by \$1,137,000 primarily due to reduced compensation, travel and other employee related costs primarily as a result of the Company's restructuring efforts offset slightly by increased subcontracting costs in the current year period.

Engineering and development expenses increased by \$330,000 over the same period in the prior fiscal year. Currency rate fluctuations increased these expenses by \$489,000 in the current period. Excluding the effects of currency rate fluctuations, engineering and development expenses would have decreased by \$159,000 in the current period. This decrease relates primarily to decreased research and development project and subcontracting costs due primarily to the Company's restructuring efforts. As a percentage of net sales, engineering and development expenses increased by 3.2% to 12.7% for the three months ended March 31, 2003 compared to 9.5% for the same period in the prior fiscal year.

The Company recorded a restructuring charge of \$67,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2003. This restructuring charge represents \$39,000 in additional exit costs, which were related to the March 2000 Plan and \$28,000 in product transfer costs related to the August 2002 Plan as these costs are expensed as incurred.

Interest expense for the three months ended March 31, 2003 was \$499,000 as compared to \$419,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2002. Currency rate fluctuations increased interest expense by \$49,000 in the current period. Otherwise, interest expense would have increased by \$31,000. This increase was primarily due to both higher interest rates in effect for the three months ended March 31, 2003 as a result of the October 30, 2002 credit facility amendment and deferred debt financing cost amortization during the period. Interest income amounted to \$58,000 and \$67,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively. This decrease in interest income is primarily due to decreased funds available for investment. Currency rate fluctuations increased interest income by \$14,000 in the current period.

Net royalty income for the three months ended March 31, 2003 was \$1,310,000 as compared to \$1,106,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2002. The increase in royalty income is primarily due to a \$250,000 credit relating to a settlement associated with one of the Company's licensees.

Other income (expense), net amounted to expense of \$62,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2003 compared to income of \$94,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2002. Other income (expense), net includes net foreign currency transaction losses of \$111,000 and gains of \$88,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively. Currency rate fluctuations increased other expenses by \$14,000 in the current fiscal year period. Other income and expense in the prior year period also included a \$151,000 charge for an interest rate swap which no longer qualified as a hedge pursuant to SFAS 133 and a \$255,000 write-down of deferred financing costs; both were recorded as a result of the renegotiation of the Amended Credit Facility. Other expense, net for the three months ended March 31, 2003 includes a \$122,000 gain related to an adjustment in a portion of the fair value of the Swap which no longer qualified as a hedge.

The Company recorded an income tax benefit of \$387,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2003 as compared to income tax expense of \$513,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2002. The effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2003 differs from the statutory rate as no benefit was recognized for losses incurred in certain countries as the realization of such benefits was not more likely than not. Currency rate fluctuations decreased the

benefit for income taxes by \$23,000 in the current period.

Loss from operations of discontinued operations for the three months ended March 31, 2003 was zero as compared to \$36,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2002.

2.4

The Company's net loss amounted to \$1,117,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2003, compared to net income of \$1,038,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2002. Currency rate fluctuations increased the net loss by \$18,000 in the current period. Net loss per share amounted to \$0.07 basic and diluted for the three months ended March 31, 2003, as compared to net income per share of \$0.07 basic and diluted for the three months ended March 31, 2002.

SEGMENT RESULTS

ACCESSORIES AND CONTROLS GROUP

Net sales for the three months ended March 31, 2003 decreased by 6,806,000, or 18.0%, to \$31,061,000 from \$37,867,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2002. Currency rate fluctuations attributable to the Company's overseas operations increased net sales for the current period by \$3,733,000; otherwise, net sales would have decreased by \$10,539,000 in the current period.

Operating loss amounted to \$174,000 (0.1% of net sales) for the three months ended March 31, 2003, as compared to income of \$2,540,000 (6.7% of net sales) for the same period in the prior fiscal year, a decrease of \$2,714,000. Currency rate fluctuations decreased the current fiscal year's operating income by \$61,000. Otherwise, operating income would have decreased by \$2,775,000 in the current period. This decrease is primarily the result of the overall decrease in sales discussed above, and to increased restructuring charges and consulting costs in the current fiscal year period. Operating income for the three months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002, includes restructuring charges of \$67,000 and \$287,000, respectively, associated with both the March 2000 Plan and the August 2002 Plan.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES AT MARCH 31, 2003 LIQUIDITY AND WORKING CAPITAL

On October 31, 2000, the Company entered into a \$35,000,000 revolving credit facility (the "Credit Facility") with Fleet National Bank and First Union National Bank (collectively the "Banks"), which had an original scheduled maturity date of October 31, 2003. The Credit Facility consisted of a \$25,000,000 revolving credit line (the "Revolver") and a \$10,000,000 credit line to be utilized for acquisitions, (the "Acquisition Line"). On January 28, 2002, the Credit Facility was amended (the "Amended Credit Facility"), to among other things, remove the Acquisition Line, reduce the Revolver to \$21,000,000 (subject to a borrowing base), and change the maturity date to October 1, 2002. In addition, \$4,000,000 of the existing Revolver was converted into a term loan (the "Term Loan"), which matured on June 28, 2002, resulting in available borrowings under the Revolver from July 1, 2002 to October 1, 2002 of \$17,000,000. The Amended Credit Facility required the Company to maintain certain financial covenants including minimum operating income covenants. The Revolver has associated commitment fees, which are calculated quarterly, at a rate of one-half of one percent per annum of the unused portion of the Revolver.

During the quarters ended March 31, 2002 and June 30, 2002, the Company did not meet its minimum operating income covenants contained in the Amended Credit Facility, and further the Company did not make the required \$4,000,000

principal payment on the Term Loan on June 28, 2002. The Banks granted a forbearance of the collection of the indebtedness until October 1, 2002 and on October 30, 2002, the Company and the Banks entered into an amendment to extend the Amended Credit Facility, waive the covenant violations and Term Loan default and extend the forbearance period through July 1, 2003 (the "Extended Credit Facility"). The Extended Credit Facility, totaling \$20,900,000, consists of a \$17,000,000 revolving credit line

25

(the "Extended Revolver") and a \$3,900,000 term loan each due July 1, 2003 (the "Extended Term Loan"). The Extended Credit Facility required the Company to utilize the net proceeds of \$3,736,000 from the sale of certain assets of its wholly-owned subsidiary Baldwin Kansa Corporation ("BKA") to reduce outstanding borrowings under the Extended Revolver before October 30, 2002, of which \$2,700,000 permanently reduced the Extended Revolver and \$1,036,000 became available for future borrowings. At December 31, 2002, the Company had outstanding borrowings of \$12,689,000 under the Extended Revolver and Extended Term Loan, plus outstanding letters of credit of \$3,150,000. Additionally, beginning in December 2002, and extending through June 2003, the Company is required to permanently reduce the Extended Revolver by making monthly principal payments of \$125,000. The Company was also required to permanently reduce the Extended Revolver by \$5,000,000 on December 30, 2002 and further is required to permanently reduce the Extended Revolver by \$5,000,000 on March 30, 2003, but only if the company generates non-operating alternative sources of financing. As the Company did not generate any alternative sources of financing since entering into the Extended Credit Facility on October 30, 2002, the Company was not required to make, and did not make, the \$5,000,000 payment on December 30, 2002. The entire outstanding balance of \$12,528,000 due under the Extended Revolver and Extended Term Loan has been classified as current as of March 31, 2003 (of which \$250,000 was paid through May 15, 2003).

Interest on the Extended Revolver and the Extended Term Loan is charged at prime plus 2.00% per annum. The Extended Credit Facility is collateralized by a pledge of the capital stock and certain assets, of the Company's domestic subsidiaries. The Extended Credit Facility includes certain restrictions, which limit the incurrence of debt and prohibit dividend payments among other things, and require the Company to satisfy certain financial covenants. These financial covenants, as defined in the Extended Credit Facility, require the Company to achieve minimum operating income of \$945,000 for the quarter ended December 31, 2002, \$844,000 for the quarter ending March 31, 2003 and \$732,000 for the quarter ending June 30, 2003. The Company did not meet the above minimum operating income covenant of \$844,000 and the tangible net worth covenant (as defined in the Amended Credit Facility) for the quarter ended March 31, 2003, accordingly, amounts outstanding under the Extended Credit Facility have become payable on demand. The Banks have granted a waiver of these covenant violations for the quarter ended March 31, 2003. The ability to satisfy future covenants depends in part on management's successful execution of the restructuring plans discussed in Note 9 to the consolidated financial statements, and other business factors outside of the control of management. There can be no guarantee that such covenants will be met. Management believes that alternative sources of financing are available to finance the existing facilities beyond July 1, 2003, which the Company is currently pursuing. However, if the Company does not obtain alternative financing prior to the July 1, 2003 maturity date, management will be required to take additional actions. These actions may include reducing operating expenses or selling assets in an effort to meet liquidity needs. There can be no assurances, however, that such actions will be sufficient to meet liquidity needs in the event the demand for immediate payment is made by the Banks.

The Company maintains relationships with both foreign and domestic banks,

which combined have extended credit facilities to the Company totaling \$20,338,000, including amounts available under the Extended Revolver and the Extended Term Loan. As of March 31, 2003, the Company had \$17,511,000 outstanding under these lines of credit including \$12,528,000 under the Extended Revolver and the Extended Term Loan. Total debt levels as reported on the balance sheet at March 31, 2003 are \$493,000 higher than they would have been if June 30, 2002 exchange rates had been used.

On April 27, 2001, the Company entered into an interest rate swap agreement with Fleet National Bank to fix the LIBOR portion of its interest rate at 4.98% for a principal amount of \$15,000,000 with the maturity the same as the Credit Facility. The effect of this interest rate swap added \$137,000 and \$386,000 to interest expense for the three and nine months ended

26

March 31, 2003, respectively, and \$112,000 and \$263,000 to interest expense for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2003, respectively.

The Company's working capital decreased by \$15,804,000 or 70.8% from \$22,319,000 at June 30, 2002, to \$6,515,000 at March 31, 2003. Foreign currency rate fluctuations accounted for an increase of \$1,307,000; otherwise, working capital would have decreased by \$17,111,000. Working capital decreased primarily due to a portion of long-term debt being reclassified to short-term and to the additional reserve recorded as a result of the Company's restructuring plan initiated in August 2002. Excluding the effects of currency translation, the impacts of the sale of BKA and the portion of long-term debt being reclassified as short-term, working capital would have decreased by \$4,157,000 from June 30, 2002 to March 31, 2003. This decrease was primarily the result of reductions in accounts and notes receivable, inventories and prepaid expenses and other current assets, offset partially by reductions in other accrued liabilities due primarily to the active managing of working capital by the Company.

The Company generated \$2,772,000 and \$5,085,000 from investing activities for the nine months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively. The decrease in cash generated by investing activities is primarily the result of the proceeds from the sale of the RHG and the POD businesses in the prior fiscal year period offset by the proceeds from the sale of BKA in the current fiscal year period. Capital expenditures for the nine months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002 were \$964,000 and \$1,743,000, respectively.

Net cash used by financing activities was \$5,454,000 for the nine months ended March 31, 2003 as compared to \$908,000 for the nine months ended March 31, 2002. The difference was primarily due to higher net debt repayments in the current fiscal year period primarily sourced with the proceeds from the sale of BKA.

On September 10, 2001, one large OEM customer, Goss Graphic Systems, Inc. ("Goss") filed for bankruptcy protection under a prearranged Chapter 11 proceeding in the U.S. Bankruptcy Court. Goss' European and Asian subsidiaries are not included in this proceeding. The Company has received timely payments, on a post petition basis, from the foreign subsidiaries of Goss, and continues to monitor the status of all Goss payments. At March 31, 2003, the Company's consolidated balance sheet included approximately \$1,039,000 of trade receivables from Goss, of which approximately \$911,000 relates to Goss' European and Asian subsidiaries, which are not included in the bankruptcy proceeding. The balance of \$721,000 is fully reserved. As a result of this bankruptcy filing, the Company increased its bad debt reserve related to Goss by \$0 and \$634,000 during the nine months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively.

During March 2000, the Company initiated a restructuring plan (the "March

2000 Plan") that included the consolidation of production into certain facilities, and a reduction in total employment. This plan was expanded during the fourth quarter of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001. The Company recorded restructuring charges in the amounts of \$94,000 and \$795,000 for the nine months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively, related to the March 2000 Plan. These charges relate primarily to additional exit costs, which were expensed as incurred. The restructuring plan is expected to reduce the Company's worldwide cost base and strengthen its competitive position as a leading global supplier of auxiliary equipment to the printing and publishing industry. Prior to the restructuring, the Company was managed in a decentralized manner through geographically dispersed autonomous business units. Given that many of the Company's significant customers have been reorganizing on a global basis, management decided to restructure the Company along functional lines on a global basis. Rather than have sales, product development and production activities at each decentralized business unit, the restructuring plan included the centralization of these activities. Severance costs will be paid through the balance of the current fiscal year ending June 30, 2003. Facility lease termination costs will be paid through April 2006. As of March 31, 2003, \$749,000 of these restructuring

27

costs are included in "Other accounts payable and accrued liabilities" and \$749,000 is included in "Other long-term liabilities."

In August 2002, the Company announced additional restructuring activities (the "August 2002 Plan") primarily in response to weak market conditions. The August 2002 Plan includes a reduction in employment by approximately 90 people worldwide, as well as plant consolidations. As a result, the Company recorded an initial restructuring charge of \$3,241,000 during the nine months ended March 31, 2003. As of March 31, 2003, \$1,276,000 is included in "Other accounts payable and accrued liabilities" and \$178,000 is included in "Other long-term liabilities" related to the August 2002 Plan. The charge for the August 2002 Plan was recorded to account for the estimated employee severance and benefit costs of approximately \$2,757,000, lease termination costs of approximately \$437,000 and approximately \$47,000 in incremental costs associated with product discontinuance. The additional charges of \$69,000 recorded during the nine months ended March 31, 2003 related primarily to product transfer costs, which are being expensed as incurred. The August 2002 Plan is expected to reduce operating costs by approximately \$6,900,000 annually after full implementation, which is expected to occur by the end of the current fiscal year ending June 30, 2003. Remaining severance costs of approximately \$1,085,000 will be paid through September 2003 and remaining facility lease termination costs of approximately \$369,000 will be paid through December 2004.

Management believes that the nature and scope of the above restructuring activities will be sufficient to restore the Company's profitability and cash flows from operations; however, there can be no assurances.

The Company is currently negotiating alternative financing sources. Although these negotiations are ongoing, there can be no assurance that the Company will be successful in negotiating a replacement of the Extended Credit Facility beyond July 1, 2003. The Company believes however, that its cash flows from operations, along with the available bank lines of credit and alternative sources of borrowing are sufficient to finance its working capital and other capital requirements for the near and long-term future.

At March 31, 2003 and June 30, 2002, the Company did not have any relationships with unconsolidated entities or financial partnerships, such as entities often referred to as structured finance entities, special purpose entities or variable interest entities, which would have been established for

the purpose of facilitating off-balance sheet arrangements or other contractually narrow or limited purposes. As such, the Company is not exposed to any financing, liquidity, market or credit risk that could arise if the Company had engaged in such relationships.

The following summarizes the Company's contractual obligations at March 31, 2003 and the effect such obligations are expected to have on its liquidity and cash flow in future periods (in thousands):

Fiscal Years ending June 30,

	Total at March 31, 2003	2003*	2004	2005	2006	
Contractual Obligations:						
Loans payable	\$ 4,983	\$ 4,983	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$
Capital lease obligations	193	13	55	59	62	
Long-term debt	13,181	409	12,282	120	120	
Non-cancelable operating lease obligations	14,824	1,165	4,242	3,619	2,834	
Total contractual cash obligations	\$33,181	\$ 6,570	\$16 , 579	\$ 3,798	\$ 3,016	\$
	======	======	======	======	======	==

^{*}Includes only the remaining three months of the fiscal year ending June 30, 2003.

28

IMPACT OF INFLATION

The Company's results are affected by the impact of inflation on manufacturing and operating costs. Historically, the Company has used selling price adjustments, cost containment programs and improved operating efficiencies to offset the otherwise negative impact of inflation on its operations.

RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

See Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements for information concerning recently issued accounting standards.

ITEM 3: QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK:

A discussion of market risk exposures is included in Part II Item 7A, "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk" of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002. There have been no material changes during the nine months ended March 31, 2003.

ITEM 4: CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES:

The Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of the Company (its principal executive officer and principal financial officer, respectively) have concluded, based on their evaluation as of a date within 90 days prior to the date of the filing of this Report on Form 10-Q, that the Company's controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports filed by it under the Securities and Exchange Act

of 1934, as amended, are recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and include controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in such reports is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

There were no significant changes in the Company's internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect these controls subsequent to the date of such evaluation.

29

PART II: OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

- (a) Exhibits
 - 10.60 Employment Agreement dated February 14, 2003 and effective May 12, 2003 between Baldwin Technology Company, Inc. and Karl S. Puehringer (filed herewith).
 - 10.61 Employment Agreement dated February 14, 2003 and effective January 31, 2003 between Baldwin Technology Company, Inc. and Shaun J. Kilfoyle (filed herewith).
 - 99.1 Certification pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, 18 U.S.C. Section 1354 (filed herewith).
 - 99.2 Certification pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, 18 U.S.C. Section 1354 (filed herewith).
- (b) Reports on Form 8-K. There were no reports on Form 8-K filed for the three months ended March 31, 3003.

30

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

BALDWIN TECHNOLOGY COMPANY, INC.

BY /s/ Vijay C. Tharani
----Vice President, Chief Financial
Officer and Treasurer

Dated: May 15, 2003

31

CERTIFICATIONS

I, Gerald A. Nathe, certify that:

- I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Baldwin Technology Company, Inc. ("the registrant");
- Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared;
 - (b) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing date of this quarterly report (the "Evaluation Date"); and
 - (c) Presented in this quarterly report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures based on our evaluation as of the Evaluation Date;
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls which could adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data and have identified for the registrant's auditors any material weaknesses in internal controls; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls; and
- 6. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have indicated in this quarterly report whether there were significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of our most recent evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

/s/Gerald A. Nathe

Gerald A. Nathe

Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: May 15, 2003

32

CERTIFICATIONS

I, Vijay C. Tharani, certify that:

- I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Baldwin Technology Company, Inc. ("the registrant");
- Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared;
 - (b) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing date of this quarterly report (the "Evaluation Date"); and
 - (c) Presented in this quarterly report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures based on our evaluation as of the Evaluation Date;
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls which could adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data and have identified for the registrant's auditors any material weaknesses in internal controls; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management

or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls; and

6. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have indicated in this quarterly report whether there were significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of our most recent evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

/s/Vijay C. Tharani
-----Vijay C. Tharani
Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Date: May 15, 2003