

UROPLASTY INC  
Form 10QSB  
August 13, 2007

**Table of Contents**

**UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549  
FORM 10-QSB**

**Quarterly Report Under section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934  
For the Quarterly Period Ended June 30, 2007  
Commission File No. 000-20989  
UROPLASTY, INC.  
(Name of Small Business Issuer in its Charter)**

**Minnesota, U.S.A.**  
(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

**41-1719250**  
I.R.S. Employer  
(Identification No.)

**5420 Feltl Road  
Minnetonka, Minnesota, 55343**  
(Address of principal executive offices)

**(912) 426-6140**  
(Issuer's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered under Section 12(g) of the Exchange Act: Common Stock, \$.01 par value (Title of class)  
Check whether the issuer (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Company was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

YES  NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act):

YES  NO

The number of shares outstanding of the issuer's only class of common stock on July 31, 2007 was 13,264,640.

Transitional Small Business Disclosure Format:

YES  NO

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**TABLE OF CONTENTS**

**PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

**ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

**ITEM 3. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES**

**PART II. OTHER INFORMATION**

**ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS**

**ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS**

**SIGNATURES**

**Certifications by the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302**

**Certifications by the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906**

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**Table of Contents**

## PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

**ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**UROPLASTY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	<b>June 30, 2007</b>	<b>March 31,</b>
	<b>(unaudited)</b>	<b>2007</b>
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,204,684	\$ 3,763,702
Short-term investments	2,400,000	3,000,000
Accounts receivable, net	1,775,607	1,240,141
Income tax receivable	34,099	113,304
Inventories	821,577	823,601
Other	354,814	272,035
Total current assets	8,590,781	9,212,783
Property, plant, and equipment, net	1,459,165	1,431,749
Intangible assets, net	4,845,177	308,093
Deferred tax assets	94,234	93,819
Total assets	\$ 14,989,357	\$ 11,046,444

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

Page 2

**Table of Contents**

UROPLASTY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	<b>June 30, 2007</b>	<b>March 31,</b>
	<b>(unaudited)</b>	<b>2007</b>
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity		
Current liabilities:		
Current maturities - long-term debt	\$ 161,696	\$ 78,431
Deferred rent - current	35,000	35,000
Accounts payable	449,635	544,507
Accrued liabilities	882,940	1,347,670
Total current liabilities	1,529,271	2,005,608
Long-term debt - less current maturities	411,935	427,382
Deferred rent - less current portion	206,030	214,381
Accrued pension liability	458,937	596,026
Total liabilities	2,606,173	3,243,397
Shareholders' equity:		
Common stock \$.01 par value; 40,000,000 shares authorized, 13,262,140 and 11,614,330 shares issued and outstanding at June 30 and March 31, 2007, respectively	132,621	116,143
Additional paid-in capital	29,382,285	23,996,818
Accumulated deficit	(16,851,625)	(16,010,990)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(280,097)	(298,924)
Total shareholders' equity	12,383,184	7,803,047
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 14,989,357	\$ 11,046,444

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

**Table of Contents**

UROPLASTY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS  
(Unaudited)

	<b>Three Months Ended</b>	
	<b>June 30,</b>	
	<b>2007</b>	<b>2006</b>
Net sales	\$ 2,948,674	\$ 1,764,210
Cost of goods sold	594,212	555,516
Gross profit	2,354,462	1,208,694
Operating expenses		
General and administrative	808,374	857,572
Research and development	506,125	674,954
Selling and marketing	1,632,789	1,232,587
Amortization of intangibles	216,521	26,537
	3,163,809	2,791,650
Operating loss	(809,347)	(1,582,956)
Other income (expense)		
Interest income	76,383	19,507
Interest expense	(11,365)	(5,982)
Warrant benefit		327,732
Foreign currency exchange gain (loss)	(2,029)	26,411
Other, net	1,879	4,800
	64,868	372,468
Loss before income taxes	(744,479)	(1,210,488)
Income tax expense	96,156	30,751
Net loss	\$ (840,635)	\$ (1,241,239)
Basic and diluted loss per common share	\$ (0.06)	\$ (0.18)
Weighted average common shares outstanding:		
Basic and diluted	12,981,466	6,952,167

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements.



**Table of Contents**

UROPLASTY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY AND COMPREHENSIVE  
 LOSS  
 Three months ended June 30, 2007  
 (Unaudited)

	Common Stock Shares	Common Stock Amount	Additional Paid-in Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Total Shareholders Equity
Balance at March 31, 2007	11,614,330	\$ 116,143	\$ 23,996,818	\$ (16,010,990)	\$ (298,924)	\$ 7,803,047
Issuance of common stock in connection with the purchase of intellectual property	1,417,144	14,171	4,644,690			4,658,861
Proceeds from exercise of warrants	50,000	500	149,500			150,000
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	180,666	1,807	424,191			425,998
Share-Based Consulting and Compensation			167,086			167,086
Comprehensive Loss				(840,635)	18,827	(821,808)
Balance at June 30, 2007	13,262,140	\$ 132,621	\$ 29,382,285	\$ (16,851,625)	(\$280,097)	\$ 12,383,184

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

Page 5

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**Table of Contents**

UROPLASTY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS  
Three Months Ended June 30, 2007 and 2006  
(Unaudited)

	<b>Three Months Ended June 30,</b>	
	<b>2007</b>	<b>2006</b>
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net loss	\$ (840,635)	\$ (1,241,239)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	274,189	72,462
Gain on disposal of equipment	(2,771)	(4,800)
Warrant benefit		(327,732)
Stock-based consulting expense	14,067	11,007
Stock-based compensation expense	153,019	299,595
Deferred income taxes	572	(21,495)
Deferred rent	(8,750)	(5,833)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(524,327)	(178,338)
Inventories	10,651	76,937
Other current assets and income tax receivable	(926)	59,400
Accounts payable	(97,291)	35,354
Accrued liabilities	(472,737)	(207,646)
Accrued pension liability, net	(145,556)	27,025
Net cash used in operating activities	(1,640,495)	(1,405,303)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Proceeds from sale of short-term investments	600,000	1,137,647
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(89,287)	(91,825)
Proceeds from sale of equipment	9,952	4,800
Payments for intangible assets	(89,725)	
Net cash provided by investing activities	430,940	1,050,622
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from long-term obligations	178,374	210,999
Repayment of long-term obligations	(115,067)	(36,374)
Proceeds from issuance of common stock, warrants and option exercise	575,998	12,798
Net cash provided by financing activities	639,305	187,423
Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents	11,232	(1,869)

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Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	559,018	(169,127)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	3,763,702	1,563,433
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 3,204,684	\$ 1,394,306
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:		
Cash paid during the period for interest	\$ 9,099	\$ 7,081
Cash paid during the period for income taxes	15,573	23,121
Supplemental disclosure of non-cash financing and investing activities:		
Employee retirement savings plan contribution issued in common shares		\$ 44,408
Property, plant and equipment additions funded by lessor allowance and classified as deferred rent		280,000
Purchase of intellectual property funded by issuance of stock	\$ 4,658,861	
See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements.		

Page 6

**Table of Contents**

UROPLASTY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements  
(Unaudited)

**1. Basis of Presentation**

We have prepared our condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Form 10-QSB, without audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in the consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been condensed or omitted, pursuant to such rules and regulations. The consolidated results of operations for any interim period are not necessarily indicative of results for a full year. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and related notes included in our Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended March 31, 2007.

The condensed consolidated financial statements presented herein as of June 30, 2007 and for the three-month periods ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 reflect, in the opinion of management, all material adjustments consisting only of normal recurring adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the consolidated financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the interim periods.

We have identified certain accounting policies that we consider particularly important for the portrayal of our results of operations and financial position and which may require the application of a higher level of judgment by our management, and as a result are subject to an inherent level of uncertainty. These are characterized as critical accounting policies and address revenue recognition, accounts receivable, inventories, foreign currency translation and transactions, impairment of long-lived assets, share-based compensation and income taxes, each of which is more fully described in our Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended March 31, 2007. Based upon our review, we have determined that these policies remain our most critical accounting policies for the three month period ended June 30, 2007, and we have made no changes to these policies during fiscal 2008.

**2. Nature of Business, Sales of Common Stock and Corporate Liquidity**

We are a medical device company that develops, manufactures and markets innovative, proprietary products for the treatment of voiding dysfunctions. We offer minimally invasive products to treat urinary and fecal incontinence and overactive bladder symptoms. In addition, we market soft tissue bulking material for additional indications, including the treatment of vocal cord rehabilitation, fecal incontinence and soft tissue facial augmentation. We sell our products in and outside of the United States. In fiscal 2007, we expanded our sales, marketing and reimbursement organizations in the U.S. to market the products directly to the customers.

In October 2006, we received from the FDA pre-market approval for Macroplastique<sup>®</sup>, a minimally invasive, implantable soft tissue bulking agent for the treatment of urinary incontinence, sold in over 40 countries outside the United States since 1991. We began marketing this product in the United States in early 2007.

The majority of our revenue is from products sold outside of the United States. We have established a sales force in the United States to commercialize these products and anticipate increasing our sales and marketing organization. We expect our sales in the U.S. to grow faster than the overall sales growth in the next few years.

Our future liquidity and capital requirements will depend on numerous factors including: acceptance of our products, and the timing and cost involved in manufacturing scale-up and in expanding our sales, marketing and distribution capabilities, in the United States markets; the cost and effectiveness of our marketing and sales efforts with respect to our existing products in international markets; the effect of competing technologies and market and regulatory developments; and the cost involved in protecting our proprietary rights. Because we have yet to achieve profitability and generate positive cash flows, we will need to raise additional debt or equity financing to continue funding for product development, to continue expansion of our sales and marketing activities and for planned growth activities beyond fiscal 2008. There can be no guarantee that we will be successful, as we currently have no committed sources of, or other arrangements with respect to, additional equity or debt financing, aside from the recently established credit lines. We therefore cannot ensure that we will obtain additional financing on acceptable terms, or at all. Ultimately, we will need to achieve profitability and generate positive cash flow from operations to fund our operations and grow our business.



**Table of Contents**

In May 2007, we amended our business loan agreement with Venture Bank. The agreement, expiring in May 2008, provides for a credit line of up to \$1 million secured by our assets. We may borrow up to 50% (to a maximum of \$500,000) of the value of our eligible inventories on hand in the U.S. and 80% of our eligible U.S. accounts receivable value. To borrow any amount, we must maintain consolidated net equity of at least equal to \$3.5 million as well as maintain certain other financial covenants on a quarterly basis. The bank charges interest on the loan at a per annum rate of the greater of 7.5% or one percentage point over the prime rate (8.25% on June 30, 2007). In addition, Uroplasty BV, our subsidiary, entered into an agreement with Rabobank of The Netherlands for a 500,000 (approximately \$667,000) credit line. The bank charges interest on the loan at the rate of one percentage point over the Rabobank base interest rate (5.25% on June 30, 2007), subject to a minimum interest rate of 3.5% per annum. At June 30, 2007, we had no borrowings outstanding under any of our credit lines.

**3. Short-term Investments**

At June 30, 2007, short-term investments consisted of certificates of deposit of which \$1,200,000 will mature in the second quarter of fiscal 2008 and \$1,200,000 will mature in the third quarter of fiscal 2008.

**4. Inventories**

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out method) or market (net realizable value) and consist of the following:

	<b>June 30, 2007</b>	<b>March 31, 2007</b>
Raw materials	\$ 239,026	\$ 254,988
Work-in-process	26,249	20,773
Finished goods	556,302	547,840
	<b>\$ 821,577</b>	<b>\$ 823,601</b>

**5. Intangible Assets**

Intangible assets are comprised of patents, trademarks and licensed technology which are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives or contractual terms, whichever is less. In April 2007, we acquired from CystoMedix, Inc. certain intellectual property assets related to the Urgent PC<sup>®</sup> neuromodulation system, which was previously licensed to us. In consideration, we issued CystoMedix 1,417,144 shares of our common stock. We have capitalized \$4.7 million of the acquisition costs as patents and inventions.

The following is a summary of intangible assets at June 30, 2007 and March 31, 2007:

	<b>Estimated Useful Lives (Years)</b>	<b>Gross Carrying Amount</b>	<b>June 30, 2007</b>	
			<b>Accumulated Amortization</b>	<b>Net value</b>
Licensed technology	5	\$ 26,290	\$ 26,290	\$
Patents and inventions	6	5,461,486	616,309	4,845,177
<b>Totals</b>		<b>\$ 5,487,776</b>	<b>\$ 642,599</b>	<b>\$ 4,845,177</b>
			<b>March 31, 2007</b>	
Licensed technology	5	\$ 26,290	\$ 26,290	\$
Patents and inventions	6	712,900	404,807	308,093

<b>Totals</b>	\$ 739,190	\$ 431,097	\$ 308,093
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**Table of Contents**

Estimated annual amortization for these assets for the fiscal years ended March 31 is as follows:

Remainder of fiscal 2008	\$ 634,505
2009	845,903
2010	843,619
2011 +	2,521,150
	<b>\$ 4,845,177</b>

**6. Deferred Rent**

We entered into an 8-year operating lease agreement, effective May 2006, for our corporate facility. As part of the agreement, the landlord provided an incentive of \$280,000 for leasehold improvements. This incentive was recorded as deferred rent and is being amortized as reduction in lease expense over the lease term in accordance to SFAS 13,

Accounting for Leases and FASB Technical Bulletin 88-1, Issues Relating to Accounting for Leases. The leasehold improvements are amortized and charged to expense over the shorter of asset life or the lease term.

**7. Comprehensive Loss**

Comprehensive loss consists of net loss, translation adjustments and additional pension liability as follows:

	<b>Three Months Ended</b>	
	<b>June 30,</b>	
	<b>2007</b>	<b>2006</b>
Net loss	\$ (840,635)	\$ (1,241,239)
Items of other comprehensive income (loss):		
Translation adjustment	22,127	96,589
Pension related	(3,300)	(11,403)
Comprehensive loss	<b>\$ (821,808)</b>	<b>\$ (1,156,053)</b>

**8. Net Loss per Common Share**

The following options and warrants outstanding at June 30, 2007 and 2006, to purchase shares of common stock, were excluded from diluted loss per common share because of their anti-dilutive effect:

	<b>Number of</b>	<b>Range of</b>
	<b>Options/Warrants</b>	<b>Exercise</b>
		<b>Prices</b>
For the three months ended:		
June 30, 2007	4,131,178	\$1.10 to \$5.30
June 30, 2006	4,038,460	\$0.90 to \$10.50

**9. Warrants**

As of June 30, 2007, we had issued and outstanding warrants to purchase an aggregate of 2,166,478 common shares, at a weighted average exercise price of \$3.81.

In connection with our equity offerings of April 2005 private placement, August 2006 private placement and December 2006 follow-on public offering, we issued five-year warrants to purchase 1,180,928, 764,500 and 121,050 common shares, respectively, at exercise prices of \$4.75, \$2.50 and \$2.40 per share, respectively.

**Table of Contents**

As part of a consulting agreement, we have outstanding five-year warrants, issued in November 2003 to CCRI Corporation, to purchase 50,000 shares of common stock at a per share price of \$5.00.

Proceeds from the exercise of warrants were \$150,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2007.

**10. Share-based Compensation**

As of December 31, 2006, we had one active plan (2006 Stock and Incentive Plan) for share-based compensation awards. Under the plan, if we have a change in control, all outstanding awards, including those subject to vesting or other performance targets, fully vest immediately. We have reserved 1,200,000 shares of our common stock for stock-based awards under this plan, and as of June 30, 2007, we had granted awards for 401,000 options. We generally grant option awards with an exercise price equal to the closing market price of our stock at the date of the grant.

We account for share-based compensation costs under Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123(R),

Share-Based Payment Revised 2004. We incurred a total of approximately \$153,000 and \$300,000 in compensation expense for the three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

Proceeds from the exercise of stock options were \$426,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2007.

We determined the fair value of our option awards using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. We used the following weighted-average assumptions to value the options granted during the three months ended June 30, 2007:

	<b>Three Months Ended June 30, 2007</b>	<b>Three Months Ended June 30, 2006</b>
Expected life in years	4.35	8.97
Risk-free interest rate	4.67%	5.06%
Expected volatility	108.28%	100.26%
Expected dividend yield	0	0
Weighted-average fair value	3.34	2.18

The expected life selected for options granted during the quarter represents the period of time that we expect our options to be outstanding based on historical data of option holder exercise and termination behavior for similar grants. The risk-free interest rate for periods within the contractual life of the option is based on the U.S. Treasury rate over the expected life at the time of grant. Expected volatilities are based upon historical volatility of our stock. We estimate the forfeiture rate for stock awards of up to 10.9% in 2008 based on the historical employee turnover rates. The expected life of the options is based on the historical life of previously granted options, which are generally held to maturity.

As of June 30, 2007, we had approximately \$639,000 of unrecognized compensation cost related to share-based payments that we expect to recognize over a weighted-average period of 1.64 years.

The following table summarizes the activity related to our stock options during the three months ended June 30, 2007:

	<b>Number of Shares</b>	<b>Weighted Avg. Exercise Price</b>	<b>Weighted Avg. Remaining Contractual Life (Years)</b>	<b>Aggregate Intrinsic Value</b>
Options outstanding at beginning of period	2,169,866	\$ 3.62	4.93	



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Options granted	35,000		4.40	4.87	
Options exercised	(180,666)		2.36		
Options surrendered	(9,500)		2.49		
Options outstanding at end of period	2,014,700	\$	3.75	5.05	\$ 1,969,850
Exercisable at end of period	1,638,199	\$	4.01	4.86	\$ 1,347,916

Page 10

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**Table of Contents****11. Savings and Retirement Plans**

We sponsor various plans for eligible employees in the United States, the United Kingdom (UK), and The Netherlands. Our retirement savings plan in the United States conforms to Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code and participation is available to substantially all employees. We made no discretionary contributions in association with these plans in the United States for the quarter ended June 30, 2007. For the quarter ended June 30, 2006, we made a contribution of \$44,408 in the form of our fully vested common stock.

Our international subsidiaries have defined benefit retirement plans for eligible employees. These plans provide benefits based on the employee's years of service and compensation during the years immediately preceding retirement, termination, disability, or death, as defined in the plans. We froze the UK subsidiary's defined benefit plan on December 31, 2004 and established a defined contribution plan on March 10, 2005. Effective April 1, 2005, we closed The Netherlands subsidiary's defined benefit retirement plan for new participants and established a defined contribution plan for new employees.

The cost for our defined benefit retirement plans in The Netherlands and the United Kingdom includes the following components for the three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006:

	<b>Three Months Ended June 30,</b>	
	<b>2007</b>	<b>2006</b>
Gross service cost	\$ 21,258	\$ 50,542
Interest cost	22,485	30,413
Expected return on assets	(16,578)	(17,444)
Amortization	1,590	10,431
Net periodic retirement cost	\$ 28,755	\$ 73,942

Major assumptions used in the above calculations include:

	<b>Three Months Ended June 30,</b>	
	<b>2007</b>	<b>2006</b>
Discount rate	4.90-5.30%	4.25-5.50%
Expected return on assets	4.90-5.00%	4.00-5.00%
Expected rate of increase in future compensation:		
General	3%	3%
Individual	0%-3%	0%-3%

**12. Foreign Currency Translation**

We translate all assets and liabilities using period-end exchange rates. We translate statements of operations items using average exchange rates for the period. We record the resulting translation adjustment within accumulated other comprehensive loss, a separate component of shareholders' equity. We recognize foreign currency transaction gains and losses in our consolidated statements of operations, including unrealized gains and losses on short-term intercompany obligations using period-end exchange rates. We recognize unrealized gains and losses on long-term intercompany obligations within accumulated other comprehensive loss, a separate component of shareholders' equity. We recognize exchange gains and losses primarily as a result of fluctuations in currency rates between the U.S. dollar (the functional reporting currency) and the Euro and British pound (currencies of our subsidiaries), as well as their effect on the dollar denominated intercompany obligations between us and our foreign subsidiaries. All intercompany balances are revolving in nature and we do not deem them to be long-term balances. For the three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, we recognized foreign currency gain (loss) of \$(2,029) and \$26,411, respectively.



**Table of Contents****13. Income Tax Expense**

During the three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, our Dutch subsidiaries recorded income tax expense of \$95,856 and \$30,751, respectively. During the three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, our U.S. organization recorded income tax expense of \$300 and \$0, respectively. We cannot use our U.S. net operating loss carry forwards to offset taxable income in foreign jurisdictions. Effective January 1, 2007, the maximum Dutch income tax rate is 25.5% for taxable income in excess of 60,000.

Effective April 1, 2007, we adopted FASB Interpretation No. 48 (FIN 48), Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes an Interpretation of FASB Statement 109, which prescribes a recognition threshold and a measurement attribute for financial statement recognition of tax positions taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. It is management's responsibility to determine whether it is more-likely than-not that a tax position will be sustained upon examination, including resolution of any related appeals or litigation processes, based on the technical merits of the position. At the adoption date of April 1, 2007, we had no unrecognized tax benefits which needed to be adjusted for. As of June 30, 2007, we reviewed all income tax positions taken or expected to be taken for all open tax years and determined that our income tax positions are appropriately stated and supported for all open years and that the adoption of FIN 48 did not have a material effect on the our financial statements for the three months ended June 30, 2007.

We would recognize interest and penalties accrued on unrecognized tax benefits as well as interest received from favorable tax settlements within income tax expense. At the adoption date of April 1, 2007, we recognized no interest or penalties related to uncertain tax positions. As of June 30, 2007, we recorded no accrued interest or penalties related to uncertain tax positions.

The fiscal tax years 2004 through 2007 remain open to examination by the Internal Revenue Service and various state taxing jurisdictions to which we are subject. In addition, we are subject to examination by certain foreign taxing authorities for which the fiscal years 2005 through 2007 remain open for examination.

We expect no significant change in the amount of unrecognized tax benefit, accrued interest or penalties within the next 12 months.

**14. Business Segment and Geographic Information**

We are a medical device company that develops, manufactures and markets innovative, proprietary products for the treatment of voiding dysfunctions. We offer minimally invasive products to treat urinary incontinence and overactive bladder symptoms, as well as products to treat fecal incontinence. We market our soft tissue bulking material for additional indications, including the treatment of vocal cord rehabilitation and soft tissue facial augmentation. In addition, we distribute specialized wound care products in The Netherlands and United Kingdom. We sell our products in and outside of the United States. We recently expanded our sales, marketing and reimbursement organizations in the U.S.

Based upon the above, we operate in only one reportable segment consisting of medical products, primarily for the voiding dysfunctions market served by urologists, urogynecologists, gynecologists and colorectal surgeons.

Information regarding operations in different geographies for the three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 is as follows:

	<b>United States</b>	<b>The Netherlands</b>	<b>United Kingdom</b>	<b>Eliminations *</b>	<b>Consolidated</b>
<b>Fiscal 2008</b>					
Sales, three months ended June 30, 2007	\$ 1,350,794	\$1,736,778	\$515,653	\$(654,551)	\$2,948,674
Income tax expense, three months ended June 30, 2007	300	95,856			96,156

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Net income (loss), three months ended June 30, 2007	(1,197,344)	290,366	(62,735)	129,078	(840,635)
Long-lived assets At June 30, 2007	5,562,951	734,575	6,816		6,304,342

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Page 12

**Table of Contents**

	<b>United</b>	<b>The</b>	<b>United</b>	<b>Eliminations</b>	
	<b>States</b>	<b>Netherlands</b>	<b>Kingdom</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>Consolidated</b>
<b>Fiscal 2007</b>					
Sales, three months ended June 30, 2006	\$ 298,300	\$1,163,129	\$529,437	\$(226,656)	\$ 1,764,210
Income tax expense, three months ended June 30, 2006		30,751			30,751
Net income (loss), three months ended June 30, 2006	(1,347,945)	107,927	(57,675)	56,454	(1,241,239)
Long-lived assets At June 30, 2006	1,079,198	747,365	4,282		1,830,845

\* The information in the column entitled Eliminations represents intercompany transactions.

**15. Recently Issued Accounting Standards**

In September 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board, or FASB, issued SFAS No. 157, Fair Value Measurements (SFAS No. 157). SFAS No. 157 establishes a common definition for fair value to be applied to US GAAP guidance requiring use of fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosure about such fair value measurements. SFAS No. 157 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. We are currently assessing the impact of SFAS No. 157 but do not believe the adoption will have a significant impact on our financial position and results of operations.

On February 15, 2007, the FASB, issued SFAS No. 159, The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities. Under SFAS No. 159, we may elect to report financial instruments and certain other items at fair value on a contract-by-contract basis with changes in value reported in earnings. This election is irrevocable. SFAS No. 159 provides an opportunity to mitigate volatility in reported earnings that is caused by measuring hedged assets and liabilities that were previously required to use a different accounting method than the related hedging contracts when the complex hedge accounting provisions of SFAS No. 133, Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities, are not met. SFAS No. 159 is effective for years beginning after November 15, 2007. If we adopt this standard, it does not expect to have a material effect on our financial statements.

**Table of Contents**

**ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

We recommend that you read this Report on Form 10-QSB in conjunction with our Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended March 31, 2007.

**Forward-looking Statements**

We may from time to time make written or oral forward-looking statements, including our statements contained in this filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission and in our reports to stockholders, as well as elsewhere.

Forward-looking statements are statements such as those contained in projections, plans, objectives, estimates, statements of future economic performance, and assumptions related to any of the foregoing, and may be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology, such as may, expect, anticipate, estimate, goal, continue, or other similar terminology. By their very nature, forward-looking statements are subject to known and unknown risks and uncertainties relating to our future performance that may cause our actual results, performance, or achievements, or industry results, to differ materially from those expressed or implied in any such forward-looking statements. Any such statement is qualified by reference to the following cautionary statements.

Our business operates in highly competitive markets and is subject to changes in general economic conditions, competition, customer and market preferences, government regulation, the impact of tax regulation, foreign exchange rate fluctuations, the degree of market acceptance of products, the uncertainties of potential litigation, as well as other risks and uncertainties detailed elsewhere herein and from time to time in our Securities and Exchange Commission filings.

In this filing, the section entitled Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations contains forward-looking statements. Various factors and risks (not all of which are identifiable at this time) could cause our results, performance, or achievements to differ materially from that contained in our forward-looking statements, and investors are cautioned that any forward-looking statement contained herein or elsewhere is qualified by and subject to the warnings and cautionary statements contained above and in our other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

We do not undertake, nor assume obligation, to update any forward-looking statement that we may make from time to time.

**Overview**

We are a medical device company that develops, manufactures and markets innovative, products for the treatment of voiding dysfunctions. Our minimally invasive products treat urinary and fecal incontinence and overactive bladder symptoms. We believe that our company is uniquely positioned because we offer a broad and diverse set of products to address the various preferences of doctors and patients, as well as the quality of life issues presented by voiding dysfunctions. We currently offer three medical devices for the treatment of incontinence and overactive bladder symptoms.

**Strategy**

Our goal is to gain market share in the voiding dysfunction market by expanding our portfolio of minimally invasive products for the treatment of voiding dysfunctions, with a particular focus on products and applications for outpatient and office-based procedures. We believe that, with a suite of innovative products, we can increasingly garner the attention of key physicians, our independent sales representatives and distributors to enhance market acceptance of our products. The key elements of our strategy are to:

*Focus on office-based solutions for physicians.* We believe that our company is uniquely positioned to provide a broad product offering of office-based solutions for physicians. By continuing to expand our U.S. presence, we intend to develop long-standing relationships with leading physicians treating incontinence and overactive bladder symptoms. These relationships will provide us with a source of new product ideas and a conduit through which to introduce new products. We also intend to develop marketing programs to assist physicians in marketing their practices and to provide innovative programs focused on helping physicians attract patients and develop referral networks. Building these relationships is an important part of our growth strategy, particularly for the development and introduction of new products.

*Grow our U.S. sales and international distribution.* We believe that in addition to international markets, the U.S. is a significant opportunity for future sales of our products. In order to grow our U.S. business, we have expanded our sales organization (consisting of direct field personnel and independent sales representatives) and marketing organization, and reimbursement department to market our products directly to our customers. We anticipate further increasing, as needed, our sales and marketing organization in the United States to support our sales growth. In addition, we intend to expand our European presence by creating new distribution partnerships.



## **Table of Contents**

*Educate physicians and patients about the benefits of our Urgent PC neuromodulation system.* We believe education of physicians and patients regarding the benefits of our Urgent PC is critical to the successful adoption of this product. To this end, we have initiated a clinical trial, which is a U.S. multi-center randomized prospective study comparing the Urgent PC device to the most commonly prescribed pharmaceutical treatment for OAB symptoms. We believe the results of this and other studies, if successful, will allow us to expand our marketing and sales efforts. These sales and marketing efforts may include physician training and education programs which will emphasize the clinical efficacy and ease of use of our Urgent PC product as well as patient-oriented marketing materials for physicians to use to inform patients of the availability and potential benefits of our Urgent PC product.

*Provide patient-driven alternatives.* Patients often weigh the quality of life benefits of electing to undergo a surgical procedure against the invasiveness of the procedure. We intend to continue to expand our marketing efforts to build patient awareness of these treatment alternatives and encourage patients to see physicians. We believe this will help physicians build their practices and simultaneously increase sales of our products.

*Develop, license or acquire products.* We believe that our broad and diverse product offering is an important competitive advantage because it allows us to address the various preferences of doctors and patients, as well as the quality of life issues presented by voiding dysfunctions. An important part of our growth strategy is to broaden our product line further to meet customer needs by developing new products internally, licensing or acquiring new products through acquisitions.

### **Our Products**

Macroplastique Implants is a minimally invasive, implantable soft tissue bulking agent for the treatment of urinary incontinence. When Macroplastique is injected into tissue around the urethra, it stabilizes and bulks tissues close to the urethra, thereby providing the surrounding muscles with increased capability to control the release of urine. Macroplastique has been sold for urological indications in over 40 countries outside the United States since 1991. In October 2006, we received from the FDA pre-market approval for Macroplastique. We began marketing this product in the United States in early calendar 2007. We cannot assure that we can market Macroplastique profitability in the U.S. Our other proprietary, implantable soft tissue bulking agents that we sell outside the United States include PTQ Implants for fecal incontinence, VOX Implants for vocal cord rehabilitation and Bioplastique Implants for dermal augmentation.

The Urgent PC neuromodulation system is a minimally invasive device designed for office-based treatment of overactive bladder symptoms of urinary urge incontinence, urinary urgency and urinary frequency. This product uses percutaneous tibial nerve stimulation to deliver an electrical pulse that travels to the sacral nerve plexus, a control center for bladder function. We received regulatory approvals for the sale of Urgent PC in the United States and Canada in October 2005 and in Europe in November 2005. Subsequently, we launched the product for sale in those markets. We launched our second generation Urgent PC product in calendar 2006.

I-Stop™ is a minimally invasive biocompatible, polypropylene, tension-free sling for the treatment of female urinary incontinence. Our I-Stop sling can correct stress urinary incontinence by providing tension-free hammock-type support for the urethra to prevent its downward movement and the associated leakage of urine. We stopped selling this product in the U.S. in March 2007, but continue selling it in the United Kingdom.

### **Sales and Marketing**

We are focusing our sales and marketing efforts primarily on office-based and outpatient surgery-based urologists, urogynecologists and gynecologists with significant patient volume. We believe the United States is a significant opportunity for future sales of our products. In order to grow our United States business, we recently established a sales organization (consisting of direct field sales personnel and independent sales representatives), a marketing organization and a reimbursement department to market our products directly to our customers. By continuing to expand our United States presence, we intend to develop long-standing relationships with leading physicians treating incontinence and overactive bladder symptoms. Outside of the United States, we sell our products primarily through a

direct sales organization in the United Kingdom and primarily through distributors in other markets.

**Table of Contents****Critical Accounting Policies**

We prepare our consolidated financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, which require us to make estimates and assumptions in certain circumstances that affect amounts reported. In preparing these consolidated financial statements, we have made our best estimates and judgments of certain amounts, giving due consideration to materiality. We believe that of our significant accounting policies, the following are particularly important to the portrayal of our results of operations and financial position. They may require the application of a higher level of judgment by Uroplasty management, and as a result are subject to an inherent degree of uncertainty.

*Revenue Recognition.* The Securities and Exchange Commission's Staff Accounting Bulletin (SAB) No. 104, Revenue Recognition in Financial Statements, provides guidance on the application of generally accepted accounting principles to selected revenue recognition issues. We believe our revenue recognition policies comply with SAB 104. We recognize revenue upon shipment of product to our distributors and direct customers. We have no customer acceptance provisions or installation obligations. Our sales terms to our distributors and customers provide no right of return outside of our standard warranty, and payment terms consistent with industry standards apply. Sales terms and pricing to our distributors are governed by the respective distribution agreements. Our distributors purchase our products to meet the sales demand of their end-user customers as well as to fulfill their internal requirements associated with the sales process and, if applicable, contractual purchase requirements under the respective distribution agreements. Internal and other requirements include purchases of products for training, demonstration and evaluation purposes, clinical evaluations, product support, establishing inventories, and meeting minimum purchase commitments. As a result, the level of our net sales during any period is not necessarily indicative of our distributors sales to end-user customers during that period, which we estimate are not substantially different than our sales to those distributors in each of the three-month periods ended June 30, 2007 and 2006. Our distributors' level of inventories of our products, their sales to end-user customers and their internal product requirements may impact our future revenue growth.

*Accounts Receivable.* We carry our accounts receivable at the original invoice amount less an estimate made for doubtful receivables based on a periodic review of all outstanding amounts. We determine the allowance for doubtful accounts based on customer health, and both historical and expected credit loss experience. We write off our accounts receivable when we deem them uncollectible. We record recoveries of accounts receivable previously written off when received.

*Inventories.* We state inventories at the lower of cost or market using the first-in, first-out method. We provide lower of cost or market reserves for slow moving and obsolete inventories based upon current and expected future product sales and the expected impact of product transitions or modifications. While we expect our sales to grow, a reduction in sales could reduce the demand for our products and may require additional inventory reserves.

*Foreign Currency Translation/Transactions.* We translate the financial statements of our foreign subsidiaries in accordance with the provisions of SFAS No. 52 Foreign Currency Translation. Under this Statement, we translate all assets and liabilities using period-end exchange rates, and we translate statements of operations items using average exchange rates for the period. We record the resulting translation adjustment within accumulated other comprehensive loss, a separate component of shareholders' equity. We recognize foreign currency transaction gains and losses in the statement of operations, including unrealized gains and losses on short-term intercompany obligations using period-end exchange rates, resulting in an increase in the volatility of our consolidated statements of operations. We recognize unrealized gains and losses on long-term intercompany obligations within accumulated other comprehensive loss, a separate component of shareholders' equity.

*Impairment of Long-Lived Assets.* Long-lived assets at June 30, 2007 consist of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets. We review our long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or business circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. We measure the recoverability of assets to be held and used by a comparison of the carrying amount of an asset to future undiscounted net cash flows expected to be generated by the asset. If we consider such assets impaired, we measure the impairment to be recognized by the amount by which the carrying amount of the assets exceeds the fair value of the assets. We report assets to be disposed of at the lower of the carrying amount or fair value, less costs to sell.

*Share-Based Compensation.* FASB published Statement No. 123 (revised 2004), *Share-Based Payment*, or SFAS 123(R). SFAS 123(R) requires that we recognize the compensation cost relating to share-based payment transactions, including grants of employee stock options, in our financial statements. We measure that cost based on the fair value of the equity or liability instruments issued. SFAS 123(R) covers a wide range of share-based compensation arrangements including stock options, restricted share plans, performance-based awards, share appreciation rights, and employee share purchase plans.

**Table of Contents**

This Statement requires us to measure the cost of employee services received in exchange for stock options based on the grant-date fair value of the award, and to recognize the cost over the period we require our employee to provide services for the award.

*Defined Benefit Pension Plans.* We have a liability attributed to defined benefit pension plans we offered to certain former and current employees prior to April 2005. We pay premiums to an insurance company to fund annuities and are responsible for funding additional annuities based on continued service and future salary increases for these employees' pension benefit. The liability is dependent upon numerous factors, assumptions and estimates, and the continued benefit costs we incur may be significantly affected by changes in key actuarial assumptions such as the discount rate, compensation rates, or retirement dates used to determine the projected benefit obligation. Additionally, changes made to the provisions of the plans may impact current and future benefit costs. In accordance with accounting rules, changes in benefit obligations associated with these factors may not be immediately recognized as costs on the income statement, but are recognized in future years over the remaining average service period of plan participants.

*Income Taxes.* We recognize deferred tax assets and liabilities for future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. We measure deferred tax assets and liabilities using enacted tax rates we expect to apply to taxable income in the years in which we expect to recover or settle those temporary differences. As of March 31, 2007, we have generated approximately \$18 million in U.S. net operating loss carryforwards that we cannot use to offset taxable income in foreign jurisdictions. We recognize a valuation allowance when we determine it is more likely than not that we will not realize a portion of the deferred tax asset. We have established a valuation allowance for U.S. and certain foreign deferred tax assets due to the uncertainty that we will generate enough income in those taxing jurisdictions to utilize the assets. In addition, future utilization of NOL carryforwards are subject to certain limitations under Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code. This section generally relates to a 50 percent change in ownership of a company over a three-year period. We believe that the issuance of our common stock in the December 2006 follow-on public offering resulted in an ownership change under Section 382. Accordingly, our ability to use NOL tax attributes generated prior to December 2006 may be limited.

Set forth below is management's discussion and analysis of the financial condition and results of operations for the three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006. See Note 14 to our condensed consolidated financial statements for business segment information.

**Results of Operations****Three months ended June 30, 2007 compared to three months ended June 30, 2006**

**Net Sales:** During the three months ended June 30, 2007, net sales were \$2.9 million, representing a \$1.2 million or a 67% increase compared to net sales of \$1.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2006. Excluding the impact of fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates, sales increased by approximately 62%. We attribute approximately three-fourths of the \$1.2 million increase to the growth in sales to our customers in the U.S.

We attribute the increase in sales primarily to our U.S. sales organization, and the continued growth in sales of our Urgent PC product. Also, in the first quarter of fiscal 2008, sales outside of the U.S. of our Macroplastique product increased, which we attribute to our increased marketing focus.

Sales to customers in the U.S. for the first quarter of fiscal 2008 increased to \$1.0 million from \$103,000 in the first quarter of fiscal 2007. Sales for the three months ended June 30, 2007, represent a sequential, quarter-to-quarter increase from \$705,000 in the previous quarter. We attribute this growth primarily to the Urgent PC product and the fully established sales organization. During the first quarter of fiscal 2008, we had minimal sales of our Macroplastique product in the U.S., which we launched in early 2007, and the I-Stop product, which we discontinued.

**Gross Profit:** Gross profit was \$2.4 million and \$1.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively, or 80% and 69% of net sales in the respective periods. We attribute the lower gross profit percentage in the first quarter of fiscal 2007 primarily to lower manufacturing capacity utilization due to decline in Macroplastique sales, duplicate manufacturing facilities in the U.S. pending completion of our relocation to our new corporate headquarters, higher costs for our new facility, write-off of our first generation UPC products and an increase in personnel-related costs. We attribute the higher gross profit percentage in the first quarter of fiscal 2008 primarily to a

favorable impact of approximately 3 percentage point due to increased manufacturing capacity utilization as a result of increased sales, savings of

**Table of Contents**

approximately \$90,000 due to the closing of our Eindhoven, The Netherlands manufacturing facility, and an increase in average selling price for our UPC product group. We expect the gross profit percentage to be in the range of 73% to 78%, excluding any unusual charges, in the remaining quarters of the current fiscal year, though change in the product mix we sell can shift the overall gross margin.

**General and Administrative Expenses (G&A):** G&A expenses decreased from \$858,000 during the three months ended June 30, 2006 to \$808,000 during the same period in 2007. Included in the first quarter of fiscal 2007 is a \$266,000 non-cash, SFAS 123(R) charge for share-based employee compensation, compared with a charge of \$93,000 in the first quarter of fiscal 2008. Excluding share based compensation charges, G&A expenses increased by \$123,000, primarily because of an increase in personnel-related costs and professional fees, offset by a reduction in rent expense for our leased facilities in the United Kingdom and the U.S.

**Research and Development Expenses (R&D):** R&D expenses decreased from \$675,000 during the three months ended June 30, 2006 to \$506,000 during the same period in 2007. We attribute the decrease primarily to reduced consulting expense of \$110,000. During the three months ended June 30, 2006, we incurred consulting expense associated with introducing our second generation Urgent PC product and regulatory expenses related to the relocation of our facility in Minnesota.

**Selling and Marketing Expenses (S&M):** S&M expenses increased from \$1.2 million during the three months ended June 30, 2006 to \$1.6 million during the same period in 2007. We attribute the increase to a \$100,000 increase in compensation-related costs, primarily as a result of increased salaries and bonuses, and a \$230,000 increase in commissions for sales agents and independent sales representatives.

**Amortization of Intangibles:** Amortization of intangibles increased from \$27,000 during the three months ended June 30, 2006 to \$217,000 during the same period in 2007. In April 2007, we acquired from CystoMedix, Inc., certain intellectual property assets related to the Urgent PC neuromodulation system for \$4.7 million. We are amortizing the intellectual property assets acquired over six years starting in April 2007.

**Other Income (Expense):** Other income (expense) includes interest income, interest expense, warrant benefit, foreign currency exchange gains and losses and other non-operating costs when incurred. Other income was \$65,000 and \$372,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively, with \$328,000 of the change resulting from no warrant benefit in the three months ended June 30, 2007.

In May 2002, we conducted a public rights offering. In the rights offering, we issued to those shareholders who exercised their rights three shares of our common stock and a warrant, exercisable through July 2004, to purchase an additional share of our common stock. We registered with the SEC the issuance of the shares, the warrants and the shares underlying the warrants. In July 2004, we suspended the right to exercise the warrants shortly before their scheduled expiration date because we announced a planned restatement of our fiscal 2004 financial statements. In November 2004, we became current with our SEC filings. In April 2005, we chose to issue like-kind replacement warrants to the holders of the expired warrants. The terms for the replacement warrants required that we issue shares covered by a registration statement and maintain the effectiveness of the registration (by making timely SEC filings) for the warrant holders to receive registered shares upon exercise of the warrants. In April 2005, we recognized a liability and equity charge of \$1.4 million associated with the grant of these warrants, and subsequently recognized in other income (expense) the change in fair value of the warrants due to the change in the value of our common stock issuable upon exercise of these warrants. We determined the fair value of the warrants using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. The period to exercise the warrants ended in March 2007. We recognized a net warrant benefit of \$328,000 in the first quarter of fiscal 2007.

We recognize exchange gains and losses primarily as a result of fluctuations in currency rates between the U.S. dollar (the functional reporting currency) and the Euro and British pound (currencies of our subsidiaries), as well as their effect on the dollar denominated short-term intercompany obligations between us and our foreign subsidiaries. We recognized foreign currency gains (losses) of \$(2,000) and \$26,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

**Income Tax Expense:** During the three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, our Dutch subsidiaries recorded income tax expense of \$95,856 and \$30,751, respectively. During the three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, our U.S. organization recorded income tax expense of \$300 and \$0, respectively. We cannot use our U.S. net operating

loss carry forwards to offset taxable income in foreign jurisdictions. Effective January 1, 2007, the maximum Dutch income tax rate is 25.5% for taxable income in excess of 60,000.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures. In addition to disclosing the financial results for the three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, calculated in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), our discussion of the results of operations above contains non-GAAP



**Table of Contents**

financial measures that exclude the effects of share-based employee compensation under the requirements of FAS 123(R). The non-GAAP financial measures used by management and disclosed by us exclude the income statement effects of share-based employee compensation under the requirements of FAS 123(R). The non-GAAP financial measures disclosed by us should not be considered a substitute for, or superior to, financial measures calculated in accordance with GAAP, and the consolidated financial results calculated in accordance with GAAP and reconciliations to those financial statements should be carefully evaluated. We may calculate our non-GAAP financial measures differently from similarly titled measures used by other companies. Therefore, our non-GAAP financial measures may not be comparable to those used by other companies. We have described the reconciliations of each of our non-GAAP financial measures above to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures.

Because we excluded FAS 123(R) share-based employee compensation expense in some of our discussion above, these financial measures are treated as a non-GAAP financial measure under Securities and Exchange Commission rules. Management uses our non-GAAP financial measures for internal managerial purposes, including as a means to compare period-to-period results on a consolidated basis and as a means to evaluate our results on a consolidated basis compared to those of other companies.

We disclose this information to the public to enable investors who wish to more easily assess our performance on the same basis applied by management and to ease comparison on both a GAAP and non-GAAP basis among peer companies.

**Liquidity and Capital Resources***Cash Flows.*

As of June 30, 2007, our cash and cash equivalents balances totaled \$3.2 million and our short-term investments totaled \$2.4 million.

At June 30, 2007, we had working capital of approximately \$7.1 million. For the three months ended June 30, 2007, we used \$1.6 million of cash in operating activities, compared to \$1.4 million of cash used in the same period a year ago. We attribute the increase in the use of cash for operating activities primarily to the increase in receivables due to our sales growth and to other investments in working capital.

*Sources of Liquidity.*

In August 2006, we entered into a securities purchase agreement with certain investors pursuant to which we sold approximately 1.4 million shares of our common stock for \$1.50 per share, together with warrants to purchase 695,000 shares of our common stock, for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$2.1 million. After offset for our estimated costs of \$183,000, we received net proceeds of approximately \$1.9 million. The warrants are exercisable for five years (but commencing 181 days after closing) at an exercise price of \$2.50 per share.

In December 2006, we conducted a follow-on public offering in which we sold 2,430,000 shares of our common stock at a price per share of \$2.00, resulting in net proceeds of approximately \$4.3 million.

In May 2007, we amended our business loan agreement with Venture Bank. The agreement, expiring in May 2008, provides for a credit line of up to \$1 million secured by our assets. We may borrow up to 50% (to a maximum of \$500,000) of the value of our eligible inventory on hand in the U.S. and 80% of our eligible U.S. accounts receivable value. To borrow any amount, we must maintain consolidated net equity of at least equal to \$3.5 million as well as maintain certain other financial covenants on a quarterly basis. The bank charges interest on the loan at a per annum rate of the greater of 7.5% or one percentage point over the prime rate (8.25% on June 30, 2007). In addition, Uroplasty BV, our subsidiary, entered into an agreement with Rabobank of The Netherlands for a 500,000 (approximately \$667,000) credit line. The bank charges interest on the loan at the rate of one percentage point over the Rabobank base interest rate (5.25% on June 30, 2007), subject to a minimum interest rate of 3.5% per annum. At June 30, 2007, we had no borrowings outstanding under any of our credit lines.

Because we have yet to achieve profitability and generate positive cash flows, we will need to raise additional debt or equity financing to continue funding for product development, continued expansion of our sales and marketing activities and planned growth activities beyond fiscal 2008. There can be no guarantee that we will be successful, as we currently have no committed sources of, or other arrangements with respect to, additional equity or debt financing. We therefore cannot ensure that we will obtain additional financing on acceptable terms, or at all. If we are unable to raise the needed funds, we will need to curtail our operations including product development, clinical studies and sales

and marketing activities. This would adversely impact our future business and prospects. Ultimately, we will need to achieve profitability and generate positive cash flows from operations to fund our operations and grow our business.

**Table of Contents**

For the balance of fiscal 2008, we expect to incur additional research and development expenses, including those in connection with clinical trials for the Urgent PC and FDA-required post-approval studies to obtain market feedback on safety and effectiveness of Macroplastique. We also expect that during the balance of fiscal 2008, we will continue to incur significant expenses as we fund our selling and marketing organization in the U.S. to market our products. We have an exclusive distribution agreement effective May 2005 (a one-year agreement with automatic renewal for up to two years) with CL Medical, allowing us to market and sell the I-Stop urethral sling in the United Kingdom. Under the agreement, we are required to purchase a minimum of \$350,000 of units in the first 12-month period following January 1, 2007, increasing to \$674,000 of units in the fourth year of the agreement, for an aggregate commitment of approximately \$2 million of units over the remaining agreement period, subject to periodic adjustment based on the value of the euro.

Under a royalty agreement we pay royalties, in the aggregate, of three to five percent of net sales of Macroplastique, Bioplastique, and PTQ Implants subject to a monthly minimum of \$4,500. The royalties payable under this agreement will continue until the patent referenced in the agreement expires in 2010. Under a license agreement for the Macroplastique Implantation System, we pay a royalty of 10 British pounds for each unit sold during the life of the patent.

We have a pension plan covering eight employees in The Netherlands, reported as a defined benefit plan. We pay premiums to an insurance company to fund annuities for these employees. However, we are responsible for funding additional annuities based on continued service and future salary increases. We closed this defined benefit plan for new employees in April 2005. As of that date, the Dutch subsidiary established a defined contribution plan that now covers new employees. We also closed our UK subsidiary's defined benefit plan to further accrual for all employees effective December 31, 2004, and, effective March 2005, established a defined contribution plan that now covers new employees.

In January 2006, we entered into a long-term lease with Liberty Property Limited Partnership for an 18,258 square foot facility for our U.S. headquarters located at 5420 Felth Road, Minnetonka, Minnesota. The lease effective date was May 1, 2006, has a term of 96 months, requires average annual minimum rent payments of approximately \$140,000 and requires payments for operating expenses we estimated at approximately \$82,000 over 12 months. Repayments of our contractual obligations as of June 30, 2007, consisting of royalties, notes payable (inclusive of interest), and operating leases, are summarized below:

	<b>Total</b>	<b>Payments Due by Period</b>			
		<b>Remainder of Fiscal 2008</b>	<b>Fiscal 2009 and 2010</b>	<b>Fiscal 2011 and 2012</b>	<b>Fiscal 2013 and thereafter</b>
Minimum royalty payments	\$ 180,000	\$ 40,500	\$ 108,000	\$ 31,500	\$
Minimum purchase agreement	2,329,911	732,013	1,092,575	505,323	
Notes payable, including interest	600,403	77,420	161,230	103,606	258,147
Operating lease commitments	1,308,241	203,492	427,332	370,108	307,309
<b>Total contractual obligations</b>	<b>\$ 4,418,555</b>	<b>\$ 1,053,425</b>	<b>\$ 1,789,137</b>	<b>\$ 1,010,537</b>	<b>\$ 565,456</b>

**ITEM 3. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES.**

*Evaluation of Disclosure Controls Procedures.* Within the 90 days prior to the date of this report, our President and Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Rule 13a-15b under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Based on this evaluation, these officers concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this report, our disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports we file or submit under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including such officers, to allow timely decisions regarding disclosure, and is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within

the time periods specified in Securities and Exchange Commission rules and forms.

**Table of Contents**

*Internal Control Matters.* We also maintain a system of internal accounting controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that our books and records accurately reflect our transactions and that our policies and procedures are followed. There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the three months ended June 30, 2007, or thereafter, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Any control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. The design of a control system inherently has limitations, and the benefits of controls must be weighed against their costs. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people, or by management override of the control. Therefore, no evaluation of a cost-effective system of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, will be detected.

**Table of Contents**

**PART II. OTHER INFORMATION**

Except as indicated below, none of the items contained in PART II of Form 10-QSB are applicable to us for the three months ended June 30, 2007.

**ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS**

None.

**ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS**

None.

**ITEM 6. EXHIBITS.**

(a) Exhibits

31.1 Certifications by the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

32.1 Certifications by the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (this Exhibit is furnished pursuant to SEC rules, but is deemed not filed )

Page 22

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**Table of Contents**

**SIGNATURES**

In accordance with the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

UROPLASTY, INC.

Date: August 13, 2007

By: /s/ DAVID B. KAYSEN

David B. Kaysen  
President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: August 13, 2007

By: /s/ MAHEDI A. JIWANI

Mahedi A. Jiwani  
Chief Financial Officer  
Page 23