FIRST FINANCIAL CORP /IN/ Form 10-Q August 07, 2006

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For The Quarterly Period Ended June 30, 2006

Commission File Number 0-16759

FIRST FINANCIAL CORPORATION (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

INDIANA
(State or other jurisdiction incorporation or organization)

35-1546989 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

One First Financial Plaza, Terre Haute, IN (Address of principal executive office)

47807 (Zip Code)

(812)238-6000

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes x No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes No x.

As of August 1, 2006, the Registrant had outstanding 13,268,021 shares of common stock, without par value.

FIRST FINANCIAL CORPORATION

FORM 10-Q

INDEX

			Page No.
PART I.	Fina	ancial Information	
Item	1.	Financial Statements:	
		Consolidated Balance Sheets	3
		Consolidated Statements of Income	4
		Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity	5
		Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	7
		Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	8
Item	2.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	9
Item	3.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk	11
Item	4.	Controls and Procedures	12
PART II	. Otl	her Information:	
Item	1.	Legal Proceedings	13
Item	1A.	Risk Factors	13
Item	2.	Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	13
Item	3.	Defaults upon Senior Securities	13
Item	4.	Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders	13
Item	5.	Other Information	14
Item	6.	Exhibits	14
Signa	atur	es	15

2

Item 1. Financial Statements

FIRST FINANCIAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

	June 30, 2006	December 31, 2005
	(Unaudited)	
ASSETS		
Cash and due from banks	\$ 102,847	\$ 78,201
Federal funds sold and short-term investments		2,982
Securities available-for-sale		536,291
Loans:		
Commercial, financial and agricultural	406,007	
Real estate - construction	27 , 767	
Real estate - mortgage	687 , 522	707,008
Installment	262,194	272,062
Lease financing	2,917	2,845
		1,396,047
Less: Unearned income	(270)	(306)
Allowance for loan losses	(16,145)	
	1,369,992	
Accrued interest receivable		12,537
Premises and equipment, net	31,808	31,270
Bank-owned life insurance	56,835	55,832
Goodwill	7,102	7,102
Other intangible assets	•	2,860
Other real estate owned	3,800	4,115
Other assets	21,766	26,029
TOTAL ASSETS	\$2,177,763	
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	=======	=======
Deposits:		
Noninterest-bearing	\$ 253,656	\$ 182,416
Interest-bearing:	¥ 200 , 000	Ψ 102 , 110
Certificates of deposit of \$100 or more	196.939	189,493
Other interest-bearing deposits	•	1,093,009
	1,499,474	1,464,918
Short-term borrowings	38,939	26,224
Other borrowings	343,569	343,866
Other liabilities	28 , 705	32,587
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,910,687	1,867,595
Shareholders' equity Common stock, \$.125 stated value per share; Authorized shares40,000,000 Issued shares-14,450,966		
Outstanding shares13,268,021 in 2006 and 13,373,570 in 2005	1,806	1,806
Additional paid-in capital	67 , 670	67,670
Retained earnings	230,071	223,710

Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) Treasury shares at cost 1,182,945 in 2006 and 1,077,396 in 2005	(3,632) (28,839)	1,903 (25,766)
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	267,076	269,323
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$2,177,763 =======	\$2,136,918

See accompanying notes.

3

FIRST FINANCIAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

	Ended June 30,		Three Months Six Month Ended June 30, June	
		2005		
		dited)		dited)
INTEREST INCOME:				
Loans, including related fees	\$24,707	\$23 , 931	\$48,813	\$47,225
Securities:				
Taxable		3,990		
Tax-exempt		1,518		
Other	730	337		
TOTAL INTEREST INCOME		29 , 776	64,200	
INTEREST EXPENSE:				
Deposits	9,360	6,492	17,558	12,445
Short-term borrowings		93		
Other borrowings		4,913		
TOTAL INTEREST EXPENSE		11,498	27,293	22,520
NET INTEREST INCOME				
Provision for loan losses		18,278 3,783		
NET INTEREST INCOME AFTER PROVISION				
FOR LOAN LOSSES	17,866	14,495	34,059	30,615
NON-INTEREST INCOME:				
Trust and financial services	1,003	881	1,917	1,856
Service charges and fees on deposit accounts	3,099	2,974	5,836	5 , 579
Other service charges and fees	1,280	1,403	2,627	3,020
Securities gains/ (losses), net	1	1,403 19 1,538	9	25
Insurance commissions	1,479	1,538	2,853	2,877
Gain on sale of mortgage loans	23	436	154	623
Other		556		
TOTAL NON-INTEREST INCOME	7,215	7,807		

NON-INTEREST EXPENSES:				
Salaries and employee benefits	10,304	9,620	20,563	18,884
Occupancy expense	944	923	1,885	1,912
Equipment expense	1,125	921	2,168	1,839
Other	3,838	4,313	7,811	8,483
TOTAL NON-INTEREST EXPENSE	•	15,777	34,427	31,118
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES			16,260	15 , 036
Provision for income taxes	•	1,533	4,326	•
NET INCOME			\$11 , 934	
EARNINGS PER SHARE:	======	======	======	======
Basic and Diluted	\$ 0.48	\$ 0.37	\$ 0.90	\$ 0.84
	======			
Dividends per share	\$ 0.42	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.42	\$ 0.40
	======	======	======	
Weighted average number				
of shares outstanding (in thousands)	13,295	13,456	13,323	13,488
	======	======	======	======

See accompanying notes

4

FIRST FINANCIAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Three Months Ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 (Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data) (Unaudited)

	Additional				
				Comprehensive	Treasury Stock
Balance, April 1, 2006 Comprehensive income:	\$1,806	\$67,670	\$229 , 219	\$ 594	\$ (27,456)
Net income Change in net unrealized gains/ (losses) on securities available-for-sale			6 , 425	(4,226)	
Total comprehensive income Cash dividends, \$.42 per share Treasury stock purchase			(5,573)	(1,220)	(1,383)
Balance, June 30, 2006	\$1,806			\$ (3,632)	\$ (28,839)
Balance, April 1, 2005 Comprehensive income:	\$1,806		\$217 , 934	\$ 5,252	\$ (22,337)
Net income			4,992		

Change in net unrealized gains/ (losses) on securities

available-for-sale 1,161

	======	======	=======	======	=======
Balance, June 30, 2005	\$1,806	\$67,519	\$217,562	\$ 6,413	\$(24,755)
Treasury stock purchase					(2,418)
Cash dividends, \$.40 per share			(5 , 364)		
Total comprehensive income/(loss)					

See accompanying notes.

5

FIRST FINANCIAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Six Months Ended June 30, 2006, and 2005 (Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data) (Unaudited)

	Additional Accumulated Other		ılated Other			
		Paid-in Capital		Comprehensive Income/(Loss)	Treasury Stock	
Balance, January 1, 2006 Comprehensive income: Net income Change in net unrealized gains/ (losses) on securities	\$1,806	\$67,670	\$223,710 11,934	\$ 1,903	\$ (25,766)	\$2
available-for-sale				(5,535)		
Total comprehensive income Cash dividends, \$.42 per share Treasury stock purchase			(5,573)		(3,073)	
Balance, June 30, 2006		\$67 , 670		\$ (3,632)		
Balance, January 1, 2005 Comprehensive income		\$67 , 519		\$ 8,357	\$ (20,970)	\$2
Net income Change in net unrealized gains/ (losses) on securities			11,303			
available-for-sale				(1,944)		
Total comprehensive income Cash dividends, \$.40 per share Treasury stock purchase			(5,364)		(3,785)	
Balance, June 30, 2005		\$67,519 ======	\$217 , 562	\$ 6,413 ======	\$(24,755) ======	\$2 ==
	=====	======	======	======	======	==

See accompanying notes.

6

FIRST FINANCIAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2006	2005
	(Unauc	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net Income	\$ 11,934	\$ 11,303
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash		
provided by operating activities:		
Net amortization (accretion) of premiums and discounts on investments	(1,246)	(362)
Provision for loan losses	2,848	6,006 (25)
Securities (gains), net	(9)	(25)
Depreciation and amortization	1,771	
Other, net	5 , 878	(1,154)
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		17,440
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Sales of securities available-for-sale	737	2,234
Maturities and principal reductions on securities available-for-sale	87,485	66,756
Purchases of securities available-for-sale	(122,300)	(60,820)
Loans made to customers, net of repayments	5,004	(6,025) (902)
Net change in federal funds sold	(3,708)	(902)
Additions to premises and equipment		(836)
NET CASH FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(34,828)	407
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Net change in deposits	34,556	46.487
Net change in short-term borrowings	12,715	46,487 (67,719)
Dividends paid		(5,414)
Purchase of treasury stock		(3,785)
Repayments on other borrowings	(297)	(330)
NET CASH FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(30,761)
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	24,646	(12,914)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD	78,201	94,928
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD	\$ 102,847	\$ 82,014
	=======	======

See accompanying notes.

FIRST FINANCIAL CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying June 30, 2006 and 2005 consolidated financial statements are unaudited. The December 31, 2005 consolidated financial statements are as reported in the First Financial Corporation (the "Corporation") 2005 annual report. The information presented does not include all information and footnotes required by U.S. generally accepted accounting procedures for complete financial statements. The following notes should be read together with notes to the consolidated financial statements included in the 2005 annual report filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an exhibit to Form 10-K.

- 1. The significant accounting policies followed by the Corporation and its subsidiaries for interim financial reporting are consistent with the accounting policies followed for annual financial reporting. All adjustments which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair statement of the results for the periods reported have been included in the accompanying consolidated financial statements and are of a normal recurring nature. The Corporation reports financial information for only one segment, banking. Some items in the prior year financials were reclassified to conform to the current presentation.
- 2. A loan is considered to be impaired when, based upon current information and events, it is probable that the Corporation will be unable to collect all amounts due according to the contractual terms of the loan. Impairment is primarily measured based on the fair value of the loan's collateral. The following table summarizes impaired loan information:

	(000's)		
	June 30, 2006	December 31, 2005	
Impaired loans with related allowance for loan losses calculated under SFAS No. 114 Impaired loans with no related allowance for loan losses	\$1,898 500	\$3 , 622 500	
impaired round wrom no rotated directance for roun rosses	 \$2 , 398	\$4,122	
	======	======	

Interest payments on impaired loans are typically applied to principal unless collection of the principal amount is deemed to be fully assured, in which case interest is recognized on a cash basis.

3. Securities

The amortized cost and fair value of the Corporation's investments are shown below. All securities are classified as available-for-sale.

	(000 ' s June 30,	*	(000's) December 31, 200	
	Amortized Cost	Fair Value	Amortized Cost	Fair V
United States Government entity mortgage- backed securities	\$341,938	\$329 , 677	\$306 , 697	\$301 ,

	=======	=======	=======	
	\$568,445	\$562 , 399	\$533 , 120	\$536 ,
Equity Securities	4,480	8,378	4,410	8,
Corporate Obligations	89 , 473	89,847	89,740	90,
State and Municipal Obligations	132,445	134,371	129,916	134,
Collateralized Mortgage Obligations	119	126	2,357	2,

4. Short-Term Borrowings

Period-end short-term borrowings were comprised of the following:

	((000's)
	June 30, 2006	December 31, 2005
Federal Funds Purchased	\$32 , 559	\$19 , 032
Repurchase Agreements	4,949	5 , 579
Note Payable - U.S. Government	1,431	1,613
	\$38,939	\$26,224
	======	======

3

5. Other Borrowings

Other borrowings at period-end are summarized as follows:

	((000 ' s)
	June 30, 2006	December 31, 2005
FHLB advances City of Terre Haute, Indiana economic	\$336 , 969	\$337,266
development revenue bonds	6,600	6,600
	\$343 , 569	\$343 , 866
		=======

6. Components of Net Periodic Benefit Cost

THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30 SIX MONTHS ENDE
(000's) (000's

Post-Retirement

	Pension E		Health E			Benefits
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005
Service cost	\$ 749	\$ 701	\$ 29	\$ 35	\$ 1,499	\$ 1,403
Interest cost	591	622	75	80	1,182	1,245
Expected return on plan assets	(698)	(821)			(1,397)	(1,642)
Amortization of transition obligation			15	15		
Amortization of prior service cost	14	14			28	28
Amortization of net (gain) loss	191	62	60	63	381	123
Net Periodic Benefit Cost	\$ 847	\$ 578	\$179	\$193	\$ 1,693	\$ 1,157
	=====	=====	====	====	======	======

Employer Contributions

First Financial Corporation previously disclosed in its financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2005 that it expected to contribute \$1.5 and \$1.2 million respectively to its Pension Plan and ESOP and \$294,000 to the Post Retirement Health Benefits Plan in 2006. First Financial Corporation anticipates contributing \$1.5 and \$1.2 million respectively to its Pension Plan and ESOP in 2006. Contributions of \$189,000 have been made through the second quarter of 2006 for the Post Retirement Health Benefits plan. First Financial Corporation anticipates contributing an additional \$138,000 to the Post Retirement Health Benefits plan in 2006.

7. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

FASB Interpretation No. 48 - In June 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued FASB Interpretation No. 48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes - an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109" (FIN 48), which prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. FIN 48 also provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure and transition. FIN 48 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006. We are still evaluating the impact, if any, the adoption of FIN 48 will have on our financial statements.

ITEMS 2. and 3. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

The purpose of this discussion is to point out key factors in the Corporation's recent performance compared with earlier periods. The discussion should be read in conjunction with the financial statements beginning on page three of this report. All figures are for the consolidated entities. It is presumed the readers of these financial statements and of the following narrative have previously read the Corporation's annual report for 2005.

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements provide current expectations or forecasts of future events and are not guarantees of future performance, nor should they be relied upon as representing management's views as of any subsequent date. The forward-looking statements are based on management's expectations and are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties. Although management believes that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied in such statements. Risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially include, without limitation, the Corporation's ability to

effectively execute its business plans; changes in general economic and financial market conditions; changes in interest rates; changes in the competitive environment; continuing consolidation in the financial services industry; new litigation or changes in existing litigation; losses, customer bankruptcy, claims and assessments; changes in banking regulations or other regulatory or

9

legislative requirements affecting the Corporation's business; and changes in accounting policies or procedures as may be required by the Financial Accounting Standards Board or other regulatory agencies. Additional information concerning factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in the forward-looking statements is available in the Corporation's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005, and subsequent filings with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). Copies of these filings are available at no cost on the SEC's Web site at www.sec.gov or on the Corporation's Web site at www.first-online.com. Management may elect to update forward-looking statements at some future point; however, it specifically disclaims any obligation to do so.

Critical Accounting Policies

Certain of the Corporation's accounting policies are important to the portrayal of the Corporation's financial condition and results of operations, since they require management to make difficult, complex or subjective judgments, some of which may relate to matters that are inherently uncertain. Estimates associated with these policies are susceptible to material changes as a result of changes in facts and circumstances. Facts and circumstances which could affect these judgments include, but without limitation, changes in interest rates, in the performance of the economy or in the financial condition of borrowers. Management believes that its critical accounting policies include determining the allowance for loan losses and the valuation of goodwill. See further discussion of these critical accounting policies in the 2005 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Summary of Operating Results

Net income for the three months ended June 30, 2006 was \$6.4 million compared to \$5.0 million in the same period in 2005. Basic earnings per share increased to \$0.48 for the second quarter of 2006 compared to \$0.37 for 2005, a 29.7% increase.

The primary components of income and expense affecting net income are discussed in the following analysis.

Net Interest Income

The Corporation's primary source of earnings is net interest income, which is the difference between the interest earned on loans and other investments and the interest paid for deposits and other sources of funds. Net interest income increased to \$36.9 million in the first six months of 2006 from \$36.6 million in the same period in 2005, a 0.8% increase. The net interest margin decreased to 3.92% in 2006 from 3.95% in 2005, a 0.8% decrease, driven by an increase in the proportion interest—earning assets in the investment portfolio compared to the loan portfolio. Investments provide a lower level of risk and with that a lower return.

Non-Interest Income

Non-interest income for the quarter was \$7.2 million. The strategy of holding more mortgage loans in the portfolio has the effect of reducing non-interest income as loan fees are deferred. This was the primary difference between these results and the \$7.8 million of non-interest income for the same period in 2005 when loans were being sold which requires immediate recognition of fees into income. Deposit fee income, however increased due to the higher level of deposits in 2006.

Non-Interest Expenses

The Corporation's non-interest expense for the quarter ended June 30, 2006 compared to the same period in 2005 increased by \$434 thousand or 2.7%. Equipment expenses and personnel costs were higher during the second quarter of 2006 compared to the same period of 2005. Cost increases included merit increases in salaries and higher benefit costs, as well as the new banking center in Vincennes, Indiana opened early in 2006. The effective tax rate for 2006 has increased to 26.6% compared to 24.8% for 2005.

Provision for Loan Losses

The Corporation's provision for loan losses decreased \$3.1 million for the second quarter of 2006 compared to the same period of 2005. Net charge-offs for the three months ended June 30, 2006 were \$1.3 million compared to \$6.1 million for the same period in 2005.

Non-performing Loans

Non-performing loans consist of (1) non-accrual loans on which the ultimate collectability of the full amount of interest is uncertain, (2) loans which have been renegotiated to provide for a reduction or deferral of interest or principal because of a deterioration in the financial position of the borrower, and (3) loans past due ninety days or more as to principal or interest. A summary of non-performing loans at June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005 follows:

10

	(000's)	
	June 30, 2006	December 31, 2005
Non-accrual loans Restructured loans	\$ 7,157 175	\$ 8,464 57
Accruing loans past due over 90 days	7,332 6,298	8,521 6,354
	\$13,630 =====	\$14,875 ======
Ratio of the allowance for loan losses as a percentage of non-performing loans	118%	108%

The following loan categories comprise significant components of the nonperforming loans:

	(000's)		
	June 30, 2006	December 31, 2005	
Non-Accrual Loans:			
1-4 family residential	\$ 997	\$1,118	
Commercial loans	4,436	5,888	
Installment loans	1,724	1,458	
	\$7 , 157	\$8,464	
	=====	=====	
Past due 90 days or more:			
1-4 family residential	\$3,000	\$3 , 197	
Commercial loans	2,795	1,554	
Installment loans	503	1,603	
	\$6,298	\$6 , 354	
	=====	=====	

Interest Rate Sensitivity and Liquidity

First Financial Corporation has established risk measures, limits and policy guidelines for managing interest rate risk and liquidity. Responsibility for management of these functions resides with the Asset Liability Committee. The primary goal of the Asset Liability Committee is to maximize net interest income within the interest rate risk limits approved by the Board of Directors.

Interest Rate Risk

Management considers interest rate risk to be the Corporation's most significant market risk. Interest rate risk is the exposure to changes in net interest income as a result of changes in interest rates. Consistency in the Corporation's net interest income is largely dependent on the effective management of this risk.

The Asset Liability position is measured using sophisticated risk management tools, including earning simulation and market value of equity sensitivity analysis. These tools allow management to quantify and monitor both short-term and long-term exposure to interest rate risk. Simulation modeling measures the effects of changes in interest rates, changes in the shape of the yield curve and the effects of embedded options on net interest income. This measure projects earnings in the various environments over the next three years. It is important to note that measures of interest rate risk have limitations and are dependent on various assumptions. These assumptions are inherently uncertain and, as a result, the model cannot precisely predict the impact of interest rate fluctuations on net interest income. Actual results will differ from simulated results due to timing, frequency and amount of interest rate changes as well as overall market conditions. The Committee has performed a thorough analysis of these assumptions and believes them to be valid and theoretically sound. These assumptions are continuously monitored for behavioral changes.

The Corporation from time to time utilizes derivatives to manage interest rate risk. Management continuously evaluates the merits of such interest rate risk products but does not anticipate the use of such products to become a major part of the Corporation's risk management strategy.

The table below shows the Corporation's estimated sensitivity profile as of June 30, 2006. The change in interest rates assumes a parallel shift in interest rates of 100 and 200 basis points. Given a 100 basis point increase in rates,

net interest income would decrease .79% over the next 12 months and increase ..71% over the following 12 months. Given a 100 basis point decrease in rates, net interest income would decrease 2.17% over the next 12 months and decrease 4.18% over the following 12 months. These estimates assume all rate changes occur overnight and management takes no action as a result of this change.

11

Percentage Change in Net Interest Income

Basis Point			
Interest Rate Change	12 months	24 months	36 months
Down 200	-4.95	-9.20	-13.81
Down 100	-2.17	-4.18	-6.55
Up 100	79	.71	3.45
Up 200	-2.58	25	4.99

Typical rate shock analysis does not reflect management's ability to react and thereby reduce the effect of rate changes, and represents a worst-case scenario.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity is measured by each bank's ability to raise funds to meet the obligations of its customers, including deposit withdrawals and credit needs. This is accomplished primarily by maintaining sufficient liquid assets in the form of investment securities and core deposits. The Corporation has \$12.8 million of investments that mature throughout the coming 12 months. The Corporation also anticipates \$62.3 million of principal payments from mortgage-backed securities. Given the current rate environment, the Corporation anticipates \$12.4 million in securities to be called within the next 12 months. With these sources of funds, the Corporation currently anticipates adequate liquidity to meet the expected obligations of its customers.

Financial Condition

Comparing the first six months of 2006 to the same period of 2005, average loans are down \$67.5 million. Average deposits are up \$28.5 million. Average investments increased \$79.8 million. Average borrowings decreased \$28.6 million. The average allowance for loan and lease losses declined from 1.36% at June 30, 2005 to 1.23% at June 30, 2006. A reduction in classified assets, lower net charge-offs and improved overall credit quality allowed the Corporation to reduce its allowance percentage of loans outstanding.

Capital Adequacy

As of June 30, 2006, the most recent notification from the respective regulatory agencies categorized the subsidiary banks as well capitalized under the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action regulations. To be categorized as well capitalized the banks must maintain minimum total risk-based, Tier I risk-based and Tier I leverage ratios as set forth in the table. There are no conditions or events since that notification that management believes have changed the bank's category.

	June 30, 2006	December 31, 2005	To Be Well Capitalized
Total risk-based capital ratio			
Corporation	17.21%	16.99%	N/A
First Financial Bank	17.33%	17.09%	10.00%
Tier I risk-based capital ratio Corporation	16.21%	15.99%	N/A
First Financial Bank	16.47%	16.20%	6.00%
Tier I leverage capital ratio			
Corporation	12.12%	11.89%	N/A
First Financial Bank	11.99%	11.94%	5.00%

ITEM 4. Controls and Procedures

First Financial Corporation's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective disclosure controls and procedures, as defined under Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. As of June 30, 2006, an evaluation was performed under the supervision and with the participation of management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Corporation's disclosure controls and procedures. Based on that evaluation, management including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, concluded that disclosure controls and procedures as of June 30, 2006 were effective in ensuring information required to be disclosed in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q was recorded, processed, summarized, and reported on a timely basis. Additionally, there was no change in the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended June 30, 2006 that have materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting.

12

PART II - Other Information

ITEM 1. Legal Proceedings.

There are no material pending legal proceedings, other than routine litigation incidental to the business of the Corporation or its subsidiaries, to which the Corporation or any of the subsidiaries is a party or of which any of their respective property is subject. Further, there is no material legal proceeding in which any director, officer, principal shareholder, or affiliate of the Corporation or any of its subsidiaries, or any associate of such director, officer, principal shareholder or affiliate is a party, or has a material interest, adverse to the Corporation or any of its subsidiaries.

ITEM 1A. Risk Factors.

There have been no material changes in the risk factors from those disclosed in the Corporation's 2005 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

ITEM 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

(a) None.

- (b) Not applicable.
- (c) Purchases of Equity Securities

The Corporation periodically acquires shares of its common stock directly from shareholders in individually negotiated transactions. The Corporation has not adopted a formal policy or adopted a formal program for repurchases of shares of its common stock. Following is certain information regarding shares of common stock purchased by the Corporation during the quarter covered by this report.

			(c)	
	(a)	(b)	Total Number Of	(d)
	Total	Average	Shares Purchased	Maximum Number
	Number	Price	As Part Of Publicly	Of Shares That
	Of Shares	Paid Per	Announced Plans	May Yet Be
	Purchased	Share	Or Programs *	Purchased *
April 1 - 30 2006			N/A	N/A
May 1 - 31, 2006	25,764	30.79	N/A	N/A
June 1 - 30, 2006	20,000	29.49	N/A	N/A
Total	45,764	30.22	N/A	N/A
	======	=====	===	===

^{*} The Corporation has not adopted a formal policy or program regarding repurchases of its shares of stock.

ITEM 3. Defaults upon Senior Securities.

Not applicable.

ITEM 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

- (a) The Annual Meeting of the shareholders of the Corporation was held on April 19, 2006.
- (b) The following were elected Directors of the Corporation for a three year term as follows:

	Votes for	Votes Against
Thomas T. Dinkel	11,199,793	81,410
Norman L. Lowery	11,240,101	41,102
Patrick O'Leary	11,149,585	131,618

The following was elected Director of the Corporation for a one year term:

Votes for	Votes Against

Ronald K. Rich. 11,239,927 41,275

The following individual's terms as directors continued after the meeting: W. Curtis Brighton, B. Guille Cox, Jr., Anton H. George, Gregory Gibson, Donald E. Smith and Virginia L. Smith.

(c) At the annual meeting, the only item for consideration was the election of the four directors. The vote tabulation for the election of such Directors is set forth above.

13

ITEM 5. Other Information.

Not applicable.

ITEM 6. Exhibits.

Exhibit No:	Description	of	Exhibit:

- 3.1 Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of First Financial Corporation, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3(i) of the Corporation's Form 10-Q filed for the quarter ended September 30, 2002.
- 3.2 Code of By-Laws of First Financial Corporation, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3(ii) of the Corporation's Form 10-Q filed for the quarter ended September 30, 2002.
- 10.1 Employment Agreement for Norman L. Lowery, dated March 29, 2006 and effective January 1, 2006, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Corporation's Form 8-K filed on March 31, 2006.
- 10.2 2001 Long-Term Incentive Plan of First Financial Corporation, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 of the Corporation's Form 10-Q filed for the quarter ended September 30, 2002.
- 10.3 2006 Schedule of Director Compensation, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 of the Corporation's Form 10-K filed for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005.
- 10.4 2006 Schedule of Named Executive Officer Compensation, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 of the Corporation's Form 10-K filed for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005.
- 31.1 Sarbanes-Oxley Act 302 Certification for Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2006 by Principal Executive Officer, dated August 4, 2006
- 31.2 Sarbanes-Oxley Act 302 Certification for Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2006 by Principal Financial Officer, dated August 4, 2006.
- 32.1 Certification, dated August 4, 2006, of Principal Executive

Officer and Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2005 on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2006.

14

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

FIRST FINANCIAL CORPORATION (Registrant)

Date: August 4, 2006 By /s/ Donald E. Smith

Donald E. Smith, Chairman

Date: August 4, 2006 By /s/ Norman L. Lowery

Norman L. Lowery, Vice Chairman

and CEO

Date: August 4, 2006 By /s/ Michael A. Carty

Michael A. Carty, Treasurer and CFO

15

Exhibit Index

Exhibit No:	Description of Exhibit:
3.1	Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of First Financial Corporation, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3(i) of the Corporation's Form 10-Q filed for the quarter ended September 30, 2002.
3.2	Code of By-Laws of First Financial Corporation, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3(ii) of the Corporation's Form 10-Q filed for the quarter ended September 30, 2002.
10.1	Employment Agreement for Norman L. Lowery, dated March 29, 2006 and effective January 1, 2006, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Corporation's Form 8-K filed on March 31, 2006.
10.2	2001 Long-Term Incentive Plan of First Financial Corporation,

incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 of the Corporation's Form 10-Q filed for the quarter ended September 30, 2002.

- 10.3 2006 Schedule of Director Compensation, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 of the Corporation's Form 10-K filed for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005.
- 10.4 2006 Schedule of Named Executive Officer Compensation, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 of the Corporation's Form 10-K filed for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005.
- 31.1 Sarbanes-Oxley Act 302 Certification for Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2006 by Principal Executive Officer, dated August 4, 2006
- 31.2 Sarbanes-Oxley Act 302 Certification for Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2006 by Principal Financial Officer, dated August 4, 2006.
- 32.1 Certification, dated August 4, 2006, of Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2005 on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2006.

16